Now let's take a look at two species of frogs from different climates:

Directions: Read each statement carefully. Answer the question in the space provided or perform the requested task.

- 1. Look below at the Jumping Distance Performance Curves for a Tropical vs. Temperate frog. At what high temperature is the tropical frog's jumping performance zero? ______
 At what high temperature is the temperate frog's jumping performance zero? _____
 What does this indicate about the frog's health at this temperature? _____
- **2.** At 30°C, draw a straight vertical line that extends from the x-axis until it reaches the temperate frog performance curve. As you learned, the chytrid fungus cannot survive above 30°C. Shade the area of the frog's performance curve where it is too hot for the chytrid fungus to grow.
- 3. Can the tropical frog survive at a temperature outside of the upper limit for the chytrid fungus? _____
- **4.** What does this indicate about the tropical frog's ability to fight infection? ______

How might climate change affect the relationship between the frog and the fungus? _____

0.45 Nobella pygmaea (tropical) 0.4 0.35 (temperate) lumping distance (m) 0.3 0.25 0.2 0.15 0.1 0.05 2 6 -2 10 14 18 22 26 30 34 38 Temperature (°C)