

## 10.1.2 Hash Function DRBG Using HMAC with Any Approved Hash (HMAC\_DRBG)

### 10.1.2.1 Discussion

This section discusses a new DRBG based on using any approved hash function in the HMAC construction for making a keyed hash function. Any application that has access to an approved hash function can implement HMAC, though dedicated implementations of HMAC will be considerably more efficient.

### 10.1.2.2 Interaction with HMAC\_DRBG

#### 10.1.2.2.1 Instantiating HMAC\_DRBG (...)

Prior to the first request for pseudorandom bits, the **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** shall be instantiated using the following call:

**status = Instantiate\_HMAC\_DRBG** (*usage\_class*, *requested\_strength*,  
*prediction\_resistance\_flag*)

as described in Section 9.6.1.

#### 10.1.2.2.2 Reseeding a HMAC\_DRBG (...) Instantiation

When a **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** instantiation requires reseeding, the DRBG shall be reseeded using the following call:

**status = Reseed\_HMAC\_DRBG\_Instantiation** (*usage\_class*)

as described in Section 9.7.2.

#### 10.1.2.2.3 Generating Pseudorandom Bits Using HMAC\_DRBG (...)

An application may request the generation of pseudorandom bits by **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** using the following call:

**(status, pseudorandom\_bits) = HMAC\_DRBG** (*usage\_class*, *requested\_no\_of\_bits*,  
*requested\_strength*, *additional\_input\_flag*)

as discussed in Section 9.8.2.

### 10.1.2.3 Specifications

#### 10.1.2.3.1 General

The instantiation of **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** consists of obtaining a *seed* with the appropriate amount of entropy, which is used to define the initial *state* of the DRBG. The *state* consists of:

1. The *usage\_class* for the DRBG instantiation (if the DRBG is used for multiple *usage\_classes*, requiring multiple instantiations, then the *usage\_class* parameter shall be present, and the implementation shall accommodate multiple *states* simultaneously; if the DRBG will be used for only one *usage\_class*, then the *usage\_class* parameter may be omitted).
2. The value *X*, which is updated each time another *N* bits of output are produced (where *N* is the number of output bits in the underlying hash).
3. The value *K*, which is updated at least once each time the DRBG generates pseudorandom bits.
4. The size of the hash function output, *N*.
5. A *prediction\_resistance\_flag* that indicates whether or not prediction resistance is

required by the DRBG. Note that if the DRBG is implemented to always or never support prediction resistance, then this parameter is not required in the state.

6. (Optional) The first output generated by the DRBG after the DRBG is either instantiated or reseeded. No information about the DRBG's working state after instantiation or reseeding can be recovered from this stored value.

The variables used in the description of **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** are:

|                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <i>additional_input</i>           | Additional input.  |
| <i>additional_input_flag</i>      | A flag that indicates whether or not additional input is to be requested (see Section 9.6.3); its values are as follows:<br>0 = Do not request <i>additional_input</i> . Set <i>additional_input</i> = 0.<br>1 = Request <i>additional_input</i> , but return 0 if no input is available.  |
| <b>Get_entropy</b> (128,160, 512) | A function that acquires a string of bits from an entropy source. 128 indicates the minimum amount of entropy to be provided in the returned bits; 160 indicates the minimum number of bits to be returned; 512 indicates the maximum number of bits to be returned. See Section 9.6.2.  |
| <b>Get_additional_input</b> ( )   | Returns a value for <i>additional_input</i> . This routine is left to the implementer. See Section 9.6.3.  |
| <b>HMAC</b> (K,X)                 | Apply the HMAC keyed hash function with key K to message input X.  |
| <i>old_transformed_seed</i>       | The <i>transformed_seed</i> from the previous seeding of the instantiation.  |
| <i>prediction_resistance_flag</i> | A flag indicating whether or not prediction resistance is required by the instantiation. 1 = yes; 0 = no.  |
| <i>pseudorandom_bits</i>          | The string of pseudorandom bits that are generated during a single "call" to the <b>HMAC_DRBG (...)</b> process.   |
| <i>requested_no_of_bits</i>       | The number of bits requested from the DRBG.  |
| <i>requested_strength</i>         | The requested security strength for the pseudorandom bits obtained from the DRBG.  |
| <i>N</i>                          | The number of bits in the hash function output.  |
| <i>Seed material</i>              | The seed material used to initialize or reseed this instance of the <b>HMAC_DRBG(...)</b> .  |
| <i>state</i>                      | The state of <b>HMAC_DRBG (...)</b> that is carried between calls to the DRBG. In the following specifications, the entire state is defined as { <i>usage_class</i> , <i>N</i> , <i>X</i> , <i>K</i> , <i>prediction_resistance_flag</i> , <i>transformed_seed</i> }. A particular element of the <i>state</i> is specified as <i>state.element</i> , e.g., <i>state.K</i> . |
| <i>status</i>                     | The <i>status</i> returned from a function call, where <i>status</i> = "Success" or an indication of a failure. Failure messages are:<br>1. Invalid <i>requested_strength</i> .  |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
|                         | 2. Failure indication returned by the entropy source.                               |
|                         | 3. State not available for the indicated <i>usage_class</i> .                       |
|                         | 4. Entropy source failure.  |
|                         | 5. Invalid <i>additional_input_flag</i> value.                                      |
|                         | 6. Failure from request for <i>additional_input</i> .                               |
|                         | 7. <i>additional_input</i> too large.   |
| <i>t</i>                | The initial value of the hash function. See Annex E.                                |
| <i>temp</i>             | A temporary value.  |
| <i>transformed_seed</i> | A one-way transformation of the <i>seed</i> for the <b>HMAC_DRBG(...)</b> instance. |
| <i>usage_class</i>      | The purpose(s) of a DRBG instance.  |

#### 10.1.2.3.2 Instantiation of HMAC\_DRBG(...)

The following process or its equivalent **shall** be used to initially instantiate the **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** process in Section 10.1.2.3.4:

**Instantiate HMAC\_DRBG (...):**

**Input:** integer (*usage\_class*, *requested\_strength*, *prediction\_resistance\_flag*)

**Output:** string *status*.

**Process:**

1. If *requested\_strength* > N, then Return("Invalid requested\_strength")
2. (status, seed) = Get\_entropy(N, N, 2<sup>32</sup>)
3. If (status = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure indication returned by the entropy source").
4. K = HMAC(0x0000...00, 0x0101..01||0x00||seed)
5. X = HMAC(K, X)
6. K = HMAC(K, X||0x01||seed)
7. *transformed\_seed* = X
8. X = HMAC(K, X)
9. Set up *t* for the indicated *usage\_class*. Comment: See Annex E.
10. state = {*usage\_class*, *prediction\_resistance\_flag*, N, K, X}
11. **Return** ("Success").

Note that multiple *state* storage is required if the DRBG is used for multiple *usage\_classes*.

If an implementation does not need the *usage\_class* as a calling parameter (i.e., the implementation does not handle multiple usage classes), then the *usage\_class* calling parameter may be omitted, step 7 must set *t* to the value to be used, and the *usage\_class* indication in the *state* (see step 10) must be omitted.

If an implementation will never require more than N bits of security, then the *requested\_strength* parameter and step 1 can be omitted.

If an implementation does not need the *prediction\_resistance\_flag* as a calling parameter (i.e., the **HMAC\_DRBG (...)** routine in Section 10.1.2.3.4 either always or never acquires new entropy in step 9), then the *prediction\_resistance\_flag* in the *state* (see step 10) must be omitted.

If an implementation will never be reseeded using the process specified in Section 10.1.2.3.3, then step 6 may be omitted, as well as the *transformed\_seed* in the *state* (see step 10). This does not preclude using the **Instantiate HMAC\_DRBG (...)** process to create a new instantiation.

#### 10.1.2.3.3 Reseeding a HMAC\_DRBG(...) Instantiation

The following or an equivalent process **shall** be used to explicitly reseed the HMAC\_DRBG (...) process:

##### Reseed HMAC\_DRBG Instantiation (...):

**Input:** integer (*usage\_class*).

**Output:** string *status*.

##### Process:

1. If a *state* is not available for an indicated *usage\_class*, then **Return** ("State not available for the indicated *usage\_class*").
2. Get the appropriate *state* values for the indicated *usage\_class*, e.g.,  $K = \text{state}.K$ ,  $N = \text{state}.N$ ,  $\text{transformed\_seed} = \text{state.transformed\_seed}$ .
3. Perform the following steps:
  - 3.1. (status,seed) = Get entropy( $N,N,2^{32}$ )
  - 3.2. If (*status* = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure indication returned by the entropy source").
  - 3.3.  $K = \text{HMAC}(K,X||0x00||\text{seed})$
5.  $X = \text{HMAC}(K,X)$
6.  $K = \text{HMAC}(K,X||0x01||\text{seed})$
7. if old *transformed\_seed* =  $X$  then **Return**("Entropy source failure")  
else *transformed\_seed* =  $X$
8.  $X = \text{HMAC}(K,X)$
8. Set up  $t$  for the indicated *usage\_class*. Comment: See Annex E.
9. *state.X* =  $X$
10. *state.K* =  $K$
11. **Return** ("Success").

If an implementation does not need the *usage\_class* as a calling parameter (i.e., the implementation does not handle multiple usage classes), then the *usage\_class* calling parameter and step 1 can be omitted and step 2 acquires the only *state* that is specified.

If an implementation will never request a strength greater than 80, then

If an implementation will never request *additional\_input*, then step 3.4 may be omitted.

#### 10.1.2.3.4 Generating Pseudorandom Bits Using HMAC\_DRBG(...)

The following process or an equivalent **shall** be used to generate pseudorandom bits:

##### HMAC\_DRBG(...):

**Input:** integer (*usage\_class*, *requested\_no\_of\_bits*, *requested\_strength*, *additional\_input\_flag*).

**Output:** string (*status*, *pseudorandom\_bits*).

##### Process:

1. If ( $(\text{requested\_strength} > N)$ ), then **Return** ("Invalid *requested\_strength*", Null).
2. If ( $(\text{additional\_input\_flag} < 0)$  or  $(\text{additional\_input\_flag} > 1)$ ), then **Return** ("Invalid *additional\_input\_flag* value", Null).
3. If a *state* for the indicated *usage\_class* is not available, then **Return** ("State not available for the indicated *usage\_class*", Null).
4. If  $\text{requested\_no\_of\_bits} > 2^{35}$  then **Return**("Too many bits requested.", Null)

5. Get the appropriate *state* values in accordance with the indicated *usage\_class*, e.g.,  $K = state.K$ ,  $t = state.t$ , etc..
6.  $seed = ""$
7. If ( $state.prediction\_resistance\_flag == 1$ ) then  $seed = Get\_entropy(N, N, 2^{\{32\}})$
8. If ( $additional\_input\_flag == 1$ ) then  $seed = seed \parallel Get\_input()$
9. If ( $additional\_input\_flag$  or  $state.prediction\_resistance$ ) then:
  - 9.1  $K = HMAC(K, X \parallel 0x00 \parallel seed)$
  - 9.2  $X = HMAC(K, X)$
10.  $temp = ""$
11. while ( $len(temp) < requested\_no\_of\_bits$ ) do:
  - 11.1  $X = HMAC(K, X)$
  - 11.2  $temp = temp \parallel X$
12.  $pseudorandom\_bits = \text{Leftmost}(requested\_no\_of\_bits) \text{ of } (temp)$ .
13.  $K = HMAC(K, X \parallel 0x01 \parallel seed)$
14.  $X = HMAC(K, X)$
15.  $state.X = X$
16.  $state.K = K$
17. Return("Success",  $pseudorandom\_bits$ )

If an implementation does not need the *usage\_class* as a calling parameter (i.e., the implementation does not handle multiple usage classes), then the *usage\_class* parameter and step 3 can be omitted, and step 4 acquires the only state available.

If an implementation will never require more than N bits of security, then the *requested\_strength* parameter and step 1 can be omitted.

If an implementation will never request additional input, then the *additional\_input\_flag* in the calling parameter may be omitted, and the *additional\_input* term may be removed.

If an implementation does not use the *prediction\_resistance\_flag* in the *state* (see Section 10.1.2.3.2), then the *prediction\_resistance\_flag* is not acquired, and the reference to the *prediction\_resistance\_flag* is omitted.

#### 10.1.2.4 Generator Strength and Attributes

The HMAC\_DRBG provides outputs indistinguishable from ideal random outputs and reseeds securely if HMAC provides a pseudorandom function. It is instantiated securely if HMAC with an arbitrary key distills entropy from the input seed material.

#### 10.1.2.5 Reseeding

Instantiation, reseeding, and generating pseudorandom bits with prediction resistance are all equivalent in security terms. Indeed, the mechanism for instantiating the HMAC\_DRBG is nothing more than setting K and X to constant bitstrings, and then doing operations equivalent to generating N bits of DRBG output with prediction resistance, and reseeding the DRBG is nothing more than generating N bits of DRBG output with prediction resistance.