10.1.2 Hash Function DRBG using SHA-1 (SHA1 Hash DRBG)

10.1.2.1 Discussion

This DRBG was originally specified in ANSI X9.30, Part 1. A seed is used to initialize the instance of a generator. Note that *XKey* (from ANSI X9.30, Part 1) is called *V* in this specification, and *XSEED* is now *additional_input* in order to provide clarity and naming consistency.

The **SHA1_Hash_DRBG** (...) **shall not** be used in new applications. However, it may be used for compatibility with old applications.

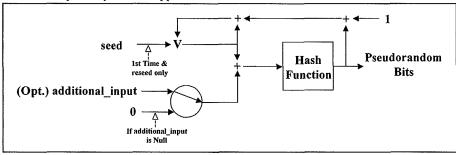


Figure 6: SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...)

Figure 6 depicts the SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...). SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) employs the SHA-1 hash function and produces a block of pseudorandom bits using a seed (seed) that determines the initial value of V during the first iteration of the algorithm; the seed's role is thereafter performed by a function of the hash function's output. Additional input (additional_input) may be provided during each iteration of SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...); the size in bits of this input should not exceed the length of the seed, as the extra bits will be ignored.

This DRBG may be used by applications requiring 80 bits of security, requiring 128 bits of entropy for instantiation. The length of the *seed* (*seedlen*) for this DRBG **shall** be between 160 and 512 bits.

Figure 7 depicts the insertion of test input for the *seed* and the *additional_input*. The tests **shall** be run on the output of the generator. Validation and operational testing are discussed in Section 11. Detected errors **shall** result in a transition to the error state.

Note that the specifications for SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) in the following sections do not specify a method for background reseeding (see Section 9.7) or the insertion of additional entropy during the generation process except when pseudorandom bits are requested (see Section 9.8). Since the use of this DRBG is not allowed for new applications, but only only for compatibility with existing applications, these features have not been included.

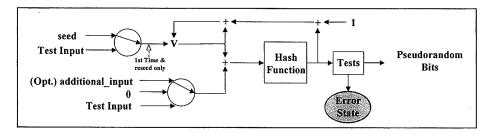


Figure 7: SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) with Tests

10.1.2.2 Interaction with SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...)

10.1.2.2.1 Instantiating SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...)

Prior to the first request for pseudorandom bits, the SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) shall be instantiated using the following call:

status = Instantiate_SHA1_Hash_DRBG ([usage_class], requested_strength, prediction_resistance_flag

as described in Section 9.6.1.

10.1.2.2.2 Reseeding a SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) Instantiation

When a SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) instantiation requires reseeding, the DRBG shall be reinstantiated (i.e., reseeded) using the following call:

status = Reseed_SHA1_Hash_DRBG_Instantiation ([usage_class]

as described in Section 9.7.2.

10.1.2.2.3 Generating Pseudorandom Bits Using SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...)

An application may request the generation of pseudorandom bits by **SHA1_Hash_DRBG** (...) using the following call:

(status, pseudorandom_bits) = SHA1_Hash_DRBG ([usage_class,] requested_no_of_bits, requested_strength, additional_input_flag)

as discussed in Section 9.8.2.

10.1.2.3 Specifications

10.1.2.3.1 General

The instantiation of **SHA1_Hash_DRBG** (...) consists of obtaining a *seed* with the appropriate amount of entropy, which is used to define the initial *state* of the DRBG. The *state* consists of:

 (Optional) The usage_class for the DRBG instantiation (if the DRBG is used for multiple usage_classes, requiring multiple instantiations, then the usage_class parameter shall be present, and the implementation shall accommodate multiple states simultaneously; if the DRBG will be used for only one usage class, then the usage_class parameter may be omitted),

- 2. The value (V) that is updated during each call to the DRBG,
- 3. The initial value (t) for the hash function for the indicated usage class,
- 4. The length of the seed (seedlen),
- 5. A prediction resistance flag that indicates whether or not prediction resistance is required by the DRBG,
- 6. A counter (ctr) that indicates the number of states that have been used by the DRBG instantiation, and
- 7. (Optional) A transformation of the seed using a one-way function for later comparison with a new seed when the DRBG is reseeded; this value shall be present if the DRBG will potentially be reseeded; it may be omitted if the DRBG will not be reseeded.

The variables used in the description of SHA1 Hash DRBG (...) are:

additional input

Optional additional input.

additional input flag

A flag that indicates whether or not additional input is to be requested (see Section 10.8.3); its values are as follows:

0 = Do not request additional input. Set additional input = 0.

1 = Request additional_input, but return 0 if no input is available.

ctr data A temporary counter value.

The data to be hashed.

Get entropy (128, 160, 512)

A function that acquires a string of bits from an entropy source. 128 indicates the minimum amount of entropy to be provided in the returned bits; 160 indicates the minimum number of bits to be returned; 512 indicates the maximum number of bits to be returned. See Section 9.6.2.

Get_additional_input()

Returns a value for additional input. This routine is left to

the implementer. See Section 9.8.3.

i

A temporary value used as a loop counter.

m

The number of iterations of the hash function that are required to generate the requested number of

pseudorandom bits.

M

The padded data to be hashed.

max updates old seedlen

The maximum number of updates of V for the DRBG.

The seedlen from the previous instantiation.

old transformed seed

The transformed seed from the previous instantiation

old V

The value of V from the previous instantiation.

prediction resistance flag

A flag indicating whether or not prediction resistance is required by the instantiation. prediction resistance flag =

1 = yes, 0 = no.

pseudorandom bits

requested no of bits requested_strength

returned bits

seed material seedlen state

status

temp

transformed seed

usage_class

The string of pseudorandom bits that are generated during a single "call" to the SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) process.

The number of bits requested from the DRBG.

The requested security strength for the pseudorandom bits obtained from the DRBG.

The 160-bit value that is generated at each iteration of the hash function.

The seed for this instance of the SHA1 Hash DRBG(...). The length of the seed.

The state of SHA1 Hash DRBG (...) that is carried between calls to the DRBG. In the following specifications, the entire state is defined as

{[usage_class,] V, t, seedlen, prediction_resistance_flag, ctr [, transformed seed]. A particular element of the state is specified as state.element, e.g., state.V.

The status returned from a function call, where status = "Success" or an indication of a failure. Failure messages are:

- 1. Invalid requested strength.
- Failure indication returned by the entropy source.
- State not available for the indicated usage class.
- 4. Entropy source failure.
- 5. Invalid additional input flag value.
- 6. Failure from request for additional_input.
- 7. additional input too large.

The initial value of the hash function. See Annex E.

A temporary value.

A one-way transformation of the seed for the

SHA1_Hash_DRBG(...) instance. The purpose(s) of a DRBG instance.

A value that is initially derived from the seed, but assumes

new values during subsequent calls to the

SHA1 Hash DRBG (...) process, based on the current value of V and the output of the hash function. The last value of V from one call to the function is the new value for the next call to the function.

10.1.2.3.2 Instantiation of SHA1_Hash_DRBG(...)

The following process or its equivalent shall be used to initially instantiate the SHA1 Hash DRBG (...) process in Section 10.1.2.3.4:

Instantiate_SHA1 Hash_DRBG (...):

Input: integer ([usage_class], requested_strength, prediction_resistance_flag. Output: string status.

Process:

- 1. If (requested strength > 80), then Return ("Invalid requested_strength").
- 2. (status, seed_material) = **Get_entropy** (128, 160, 512).

- 3. If (status = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure indication returned by the entropy source").
- 4. seedlen = ||seed material||.
- 5. (Optional) Get additional input and combine with the seed_material.
 - 5.1 (status, additional input) = Get additional input().
 - 5.2 If (status = "Failure"), then Return ("Failure from request for additional input").
 - 5.3 $seed\ material = seed\ material \parallel additional\ input.$

Comment: Perform a one-way function on the *seed* for later comparison during reseeding.

- 6. (Optional) transformed_seed = SHA1 (seed_material).
- 7. Set up t for the indicated usage_class. Comment: See Annex E.
- 8. ctr = 1.
- 9. $V = SHA1_df$ (seed_material, seedlen). Comment: Ensure that the entropy in the seed material is distributed throughout V. See Section 9.6.3.2.
- 10. state = {[usage_class,] V, t, seedlen, prediction_resistance_flag, ctr [, transformed seed]}.
- 11. Return ("Success").

Note that multiple state storage is required if the DRBG is used for multiple usage_classes.

10.1.2.3.3 Reseeding a SHA1 Hash DRBG(...) Instantiation

The following or an equivalent process shall be used to explicitly reseed the

SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...) process:

Reseed SHA1 Hash DRBG Instantiation (...):

Input: integer ([usage_class].

Output: string status.

Process:

- 1. If a *state* is not available for an indicated *usage_class*, then **Return** ("State not available for the indicated *usage_class*").
- 2. Get the appropriate state values for the indicated usage_class, e.g., old_V = state.V, old_seedlen = state.seedlen, old_transformed_seed = state.transformed_seed.
- 3. Perform steps 1 to 8 of Instantiate_SHA1_Hash_DRBG (...).
 - 3.1 (status, seed material) = Get_entropy (128, 160, 512).
 - 3.2 If (status = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure indication returned by the entropy source").
 - 3.3 seedlen = ||seed material||.
 - 3.4 (Optional) Get additional input and combine with the seed material.
 - 3.4.1 (status, additional_input) = Get_additional_input().
 - 3.4.2 If (status = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure from request for additional input").
 - 3.4.3 seed material = seed material || additional input.

Comment: Perform a one-way function on the *seed* for later comparison during reseeding.

- 3.5 (Optional) transformed_seed = SHA1 (seed_material).
- 3.6 Set up t for the indicated usage class. Comment: See Annex E.
- $3.7 \quad ctr = 1.$
- If (old_transformed_seed = transformed_seed), then Return ("Entropy source failure").
- 5. seedlen = max (seedlen, old_seedlen). Determine the larger of the seed sizes so that entropy is not lost.

 Comment: Combine the new_seed with the current value of V to derive
 - with the current value of V to derive the new initial V (the new seed).
- 6. $V = SHA1_df((old_V \parallel seed_material), seedlen)$.
- 7. Update the appropriate state values for the usage_class.
 - 7.1 state.V = V.
 - 7.2 state.seedlen = seedlen.
 - 7.3 state.ctr = ctr.
 - 7.4 state.transformed_seed = transformed.seed.
- 8. Return ("Success").

10.1.2.3.4 Generating Pseudorandom Bits Using SHA1_Hash_DRBG(...)

The following process or an equivalent **shall** be used to generate pseudorandom bits: **SHA1 Hash DRBG(...):**

Input: integer ([usage_class], requested_no_of_bits, requested_strength, additional input flag).

Output: string (status, pseudorandom_bits).

Process:

- 1. If ((requested_strength >80), then Return ("Invalid requested_strength", Null).
- 2. If ((additional_input_flag < 0) or (additional_input_flag > 1)), then Return ("Invalid additional_input_flag value", Null).
- 3. If a *state* for the indicated *usage_class* is not available, then **Return** ("State not available for the indicated *usage_class*", Null).
- 4. Get the appropriate state values in accordance with the indicated usage_class, e.g., V = state.V, t = state.t, seedlen = state.seedlen, prediction_resistance_flag = state.prediction_resistance_flag, ctr = state.ctr.
- 5. $m = \left\lceil \frac{requested_no_of_bits}{160} \right\rceil$.

Comment: Determine the number of

loops needed to generate the requested number of bits.

- 6. temp = the Null string.
- 7. For i = 1 to m do:

Comment: Get additional input in accordance with the *additional input flag*.

- 7.1 If (additional_input_flag = 0), then additional_input = 0
 Else do
 - 7.1.1 (status, additional_input) = Get_additional_input ().

- 7.1.2 If (status = "Failure"), then **Return** ("Failure from request for additional_input", Null).
- 7.1.3 If (|| additional_input || > seedlen), then Return ("additional_input too large", Null).
- 7.2 $data = (V + additional_input) \mod 2^{seedlen}$
- 7.3 $M = data \parallel 0^{512\text{-}seedlen}$. Comment: $0^{512\text{-}seedlen}$ is a string of (512 seedlen) zero bits.
- 7.4 Execute the process specified in Section 6.1.2 of FIPS 180-2.
- 7.5 returned_bits = the result from step 7.4 (i.e., returned_bits = $H_0 \parallel H_1 \parallel H_2 \parallel H_3 \parallel H_4$).
- 7.6 $V = (1 + V + returned_bits) \mod 2^{seedlen}$
- 7.7 ctr = ctr + 1.
- 7.8 $temp = temp || returned_bits.$
- 8. pseudorandom_bits = Leftmost (requested_no_of_bits) of (temp).
- 9. If $((ctr \ge max_updates))$ or $(prediction_resistance_flag = 1)$, then
 - 9.1 status = Reseed_SHA1_Hash_DRBG_Instantiation ([usage class]).
 - 9.2 If (status ≠ "Success"), then Return (status, Null).

Else Update the changed values in the state.

- 9.3 state. V = V.
- 9.4 state.ctr = ctr.
- 10. Return ("Success", pseudorandom bits).

10.1.2.3.5 Implementation Considerations

[To be added later]

10.1.2.4 Generator Strength and Attributes

[To be determined]

10.1.2.5 Reseeding

A new *seed* **shall** be generated to reseed the generator [How often? This will determine the value for max_updates].

Comment [ebb1]: Page: 64
Is this OK, since the old version didn't count the number of states (i.e., updates)?

Comment [ebb2]: Page: 64
Does this make any sense for this DRBG?