Project Title: System Verification and Validation Plan for Mechatronics

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2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

Term, Abbreviation, or Acronym	Description
ASL	Shorthand for American Sign Language. It is a form of sign language primarily used in the US and in parts of Canada
CFR	Shorthand for Camera Functional Requirement
CV	Shorthand for computer vision, computer vision is an interdisciplinary scientific field that deals with how computers can gain high-level understanding from digital images or videos
MLFR	Shorthand for Machine Learning Functional Requirement
NFR	Shorthand for Non-Functional Requirement
OpenCV	Shorthand for computer vision, computer vision is an interdisciplinary scientific field that deals with how computers can gain high-level understanding from digital images or videos
RDP	Shorthand for Real-time Data Processing
SRS	Shorthand for System Requirement Specification
TC	Shorthand for Test Case

Table 1: Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms

3 General Information

3.1 Summary

[Say what software is being tested. Give its name and a brief overview of its general functions. —SS]

3.2 Objectives

The objectives to be fulfilled by utilizing the VnV plan are as follows:

- Building confidence that the software was implemented correctly for the purpose of the project
- Ensuring that OpenASL displays adequate usability for its intended purpose. See **Problem Statement** documentation

3.3 Relevant Documentation

The relevant documentation used to formulate the VnV plan include:

- Problem Statement
- SRS
- Hazard Analysis
- Development Plan

4 Plan

[Introduce this section. You can provide a roadmap of the sections to come. —SS]

4.1 Verification and Validation Team

Name	Responsibility
Robert Zhu	White/Black Box Testing; Manual SRS Verification
Zifan Meng	OpenCV Verification; Manual code Verification
Jiahui Chen	End-to-End Testing; Manual SRS Verification
Kelvin Huynh	Machine Learning Verification; Manual code Verification
Runze Zhu	White/Black Box Testing; End-to-End Testing
Mirza Nafi Hasan	Performance Testing; Manual code Verification
Classmate Peer Review	Provide peer reviews for our project
Dr. Spencer Smith / TAs	Provide reviews and feedback for our project

Table 2: Verification and Validation Team Members and Roles

4.2 SRS Verification Plan

The approaches for the SRS verification plan can be peer reviews from other teams, reviews from our group and reviews from TAs.

4.3 Design Verification Plan

Similar to the SRS verification plan, the approaches involve peer reviews from teammates and other teams and the reviews from TAs.

4.4 Implementation Verification Plan

[You should at least point to the tests listed in this document and the unit testing plan.—SS]

[In this section you would also give any details of any plans for static verification of the implementation. Potential techniques include code walkthroughs, code inspection, static analyzers, etc. —SS]

4.5 Automated Testing and Verification Tools

[What tools are you using for automated testing. Likely a unit testing framework and maybe a profiling tool, like ValGrind. Other possible tools include a static analyzer, make, continuous integration tools, test coverage tools, etc. Explain your plans for summarizing code coverage metrics. Linters are another important class of tools. For the programming language you select, you should look at the available linters. There may also be tools that verify that coding standards have been respected, like flake9 for Python. —SS]

[The details of this section will likely evolve as you get closer to the implementation. —SS]

4.6 Software Validation Plan

The software will be validated through blackbox and white box testing. The whitebox testing is used to validate the inner working of the project such as coding. The only input for our device is the hand gestures from the users, so the blackbox testing can be adopted to ensure that the correct word is outputted. Various inputs are needed for the validation process and it can be achieved by having different users perform different hand gestures.

5 System Test Description

5.1 Tests for Functional Requirements

[Subsets of the tests may be in related, so this section is divided into different areas. If there are no identifiable subsets for the tests, this level of document structure can be removed. —SS]

[Include a blurb here to explain why the subsections below cover the requirements. References to the SRS would be good. —SS]

5.1.1 Area of Testing1

[It would be nice to have a blurb here to explain why the subsections below cover the requirements. References to the SRS would be good. If a section covers tests for input constraints, you should reference the data constraints table in the SRS.—SS]

Title for Test

1. test-id1

Control: Manual versus Automatic

Initial State:

Input:

Output: [The expected result for the given inputs—SS]

Test Case Derivation: [Justify the expected value given in the Output field —SS]

How test will be performed:

2. test-id2

Control: Manual versus Automatic

Initial State:

Input:

Output: [The expected result for the given inputs—SS]

Test Case Derivation: [Justify the expected value given in the Output field —SS]

How test will be performed:

5.1.2 Area of Testing2

...

5.2 Tests for Nonfunctional Requirements

[The nonfunctional requirements for accuracy will likely just reference the appropriate functional tests from above. The test cases should mention reporting the relative error for these tests. —SS]

[Tests related to usability could include conducting a usability test and survey. —SS]

5.2.1 Area of Testing1

Title for Test

1. test-id1

Type:

Initial State:

Input/Condition:

Output/Result:

How test will be performed:

2. test-id2

Type: Functional, Dynamic, Manual, Static etc.

Initial State:

Input:

Output:

How test will be performed:

5.2.2 Area of Testing2

...

5.3 Traceability Between Test Cases and Requirements

[Provide a table that shows which test cases are supporting which requirements. —SS]

References

6 Appendix

This is where you can place additional information.

6.1 Symbolic Parameters

The definition of the test cases will call for SYMBOLIC_CONSTANTS. Their values are defined in this section for easy maintenance.

6.2 Usability Survey Questions?

[This is a section that would be appropriate for some projects. —SS]