AMETANK REPORT



The following report is subject to the disclaimer statement as stated in the Disclaimer and Special Notes section at the end.

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Project Design Data and Summary

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Project Data

Job: 2025-03-27-23-50 Date of Calcs.: 03-Apr-2025

Mfg. or Insp. Date: Designer: Melior

Project:

Tag ID: Q9192 GAL 20,000

Plant:

Plant Location:

Site:

Design Basis: API-650 13th Edition Errata 1, 2021

Annexes Used: E, J

Design Parameters and Operating Conditions Design Parameters

Design Internal Pressure = 0 psi or 0 inh2o Design External Pressure = -0 psi or -0 inh2o

D of Tank = 12 ftOD of Tank = 12 ft ID of Tank = 11.9583 ft $CL ext{ of } Tank = 11.9792 ext{ ft}$ Shell Height = 24 ft S.G of Contents = 1S.G of Hydrotest = 1Hydrotest Liquid Level = 24 ft Max Design Liq. Level = 24 ft Max Operating Liq. Level = 24 ft Min Liq. Level = 1 ft Design Temperature = 120 °F MDMT (Minimum Design Metal Temperature) = 20 °F Tank Joint Efficiency = 0.7 Ground Snow Load = 0 psf Roof Live Load = 20 psf Additional Roof Dead Load = 0 psf Wind Load Basis: ASCE 7-05

3 Second Gust Wind Speed (entered), Vg = 105 mph Wind Importance Factor, Iw = 1

Design Wind Speed, V = Vg * SQRT(Iw) = 105 mph

Seismic Method: API-650 - ASCE7 Mapped(Ss & S1) Seismic Use Group = II

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Site Class = C T_L (sec) = 12 Ss (g) = 0.24 S1 (g) = 0.093 Av (g) = 0.0896 Q = 0.6667 Importance Factor = 1.25

Design Remarks

Summary Results Shell

Shell #	Width (in)	Material	CA (in)	I I I I I I	Min Yield Strength (psi)	Tensile Strength (psi)	Sd (psi)	St (psi)	Weight (lbf)
1	96	A36	0	0.7000	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	3,070
2	96	A36	0	0.7000	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	3,070
3	95.75	A36	0	0.7000	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	3,062

(continued)

Shell #	Weight CA (lbf)	t-min Erection (in)	t-Des (in)	t-Test (in)	t-min Seismic (in)	t-min Ext- Pe (in)	t-min (in)	t-Actual (in)	Status
1	3,070	0.236	0.0488	0.0488	0.0343	NA	0.236	0.25	OK
2	3,070	0.236	0.0318	0.0318	0.023	NA	0.236	0.25	ОК
3	3,062	0.236	0.0149	0.0149	0.0117	NA	0.236	0.25	OK

Total Weight of Shell = 9,203.6403 lbf

Roof

Type = Self Supported Conical Roof Plates Material = A36 t.required = 0.1875 in t.actual = 0.25 in Roof corrosion allowance = 0 in Roof Joint Efficiency = 0.7 Plates Overlap Weight = 17.2234 lbf Plates Weight = 1,198.2583 lbf

Bottom

Type: Flat Bottom Non Annular
Bottom Material = A36
t.required = 0.236 in
t.actual = 0.25 in
Bottom corrosion allowance = 0 in
Bottom Joint Efficiency = 0.7
Total Weight of Bottom = 1,185.72 lbf

Top Member

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Type = Detail B Size = L3x3x3/8Material = A36 Weight = 270.7586 lbf

Anchors

Quantity = 4 Size = 1 in Material = A36 Bolt Hole Circle Radius = 6.177 ft

Nameplate Information

Pressure Combination Factor	0.4
Design Standard	API-650 13th Edition Errata 1, 2021
Appendices Used	E, J
Roof	A36 : 0.25 in
Shell (1)	A36 : 0.25 in
Shell (2)	A36 : 0.25 in
Shell (3)	A36 : 0.25 in
Bottom	A36 : 0.25 in

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Roof Design Details Back

Roof Type = Cone Structure Support Type = None (Self Supported)

Material Properties

Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy) = 36,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd) = 21,000 psi
Density (d) = 0.2833 lb/in^3
Modulus of Elasticity at Design Temperature (E) = 28,800,000 psi

Geometry

Rh = Horizontal Radius (in) slope = Slope (Rise / Run)

Rh = 72.884 in slope = 0.1667

Description	Variable	Equation	Value	Unit
Slope Angle	Theta	ARCTAN(slope)	9.4623	deg
Angle With Vertical Line	Alpha	90 - Theta	80.5377	deg
Height	h	Rh * TAN(Theta)	12.1473	in
Surface Area	А	(pi * (Rh^2)) / COS(Theta)	16,918.579	in^2
Center of Gravity from Base	CG	h/3	4.0491	in
Vertical Projected Area	Av	Rh * h	885.3462	in^2
Horizontal Projected Area	Ah	pi * (Rh^2)	16,688.3835	in^2
Volume	V	(pi * (Rh^2) * h) / 3	67,573.1191	in^3

Weights

d-ins = Insulation Density (lbf/ft^3)
DL-add = Added dead load (psf)
t = Plates Thickness (in)
t-ins = Insulation Thickness (in)
Wr-pl-add = Additional Weight (lb)

d-ins = 8 lbf/ft^3 DL-add = 0.0 psft = 0.25 int-ins = 0 inWr-pl-add = 0 lb

Description	Variable	Equation	Value	Unit
Plates Nominal Weight	Wr-pl	(A * d * t) + Wr-pl-add	1,198.2584	lb

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Plates Corroded Weight	Wr-pl-corr	(A * d * (t - CA)) + Wr-pl-add	1,198.2584	lb
New Plates Dead Load Pressure	DL-pl	Wr-pl / Ah	10.3395	psf
Corroded Plates Dead Load Pressure	DL-pl-corr	Wr-pl-corr / Ah	10.3395	psf
Insulation Weight	Wr-ins	t-ins * d-ins * A	0.0	lb
Insulation Dead Load Pressure	DL-ins	Wr-ins / Ah	0.0	psf
Dead Load	DL	DL-pl + DL-ins + DL-add	10.3395	psf
Total Nominal Dead Weight	Wr-DL	DL * Ah	1,198.2584	lb
Additional Dead Weight	Wr-DL-add	DL-add * Ah	0.0	lb

```
Loads
B = Maximum Gravity Load Combination Based on Balanced Snow Load (psf)
e.1b = Gravity Loads Combination 1 Based on Balanced Snow Load per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
e.1u = Gravity Loads Combination 1 Based on Unbalanced Snow Load per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
e.2b = Gravity Loads Combination 2 Based on Balanced Snow Load per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
e.2u = Gravity Loads Combination 2 Based on Unbalanced Snow Load per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
Fpe = External Pressure Combination Factor
Lr = Minimum Roof Live Load (psf)
max-gravity-load = Maximum Gravity Load (psf)
Pe = Design External Pressure (psf)
S = Ground Snow Load (psf)
Sb = Balanced Snow load per API 650 Section 5.2.1 (h) (psf)
Su = Unbalanced Snow load per API 650 Section 5.2.1 (h) (psf)
U = Maximum Gravity Load Combination Based on Unbalanced Snow Load (psf)
W-max-gravity-load = Maximum Gravity Load Weight (lb)
Fpe = 0.4
Lr = 20.0 psf
Pe = 0.0 psf
S = 0.0 psf
Sb = 0.84 * S
Sb = 0.84 * 0.0
Sb = 0.0 psf
Su = Sb
Su = 0.0
Su = 0.0 psf
e.1b = DL + MAX(Lr, Sb) + (Fpe * Pe)
e.1b = 10.3395 + MAX(20.0, 0.0) + (0.4 * 0.0)
e.1b = 30.3395 psf
e.2b = DL + Pe + (0.4 * MAX(Lr, Sb))
e.2b = 10.3395 + 0.0 + (0.4 * MAX(20.0, 0.0))
e.2b = 18.3395 psf
B = MAX(e.1b, e.2b)
B = MAX(30.3395, 18.3395)
B = 30.3395 psf
```

e.1u = DL + MAX(Lr, Su) + (Fpe * Pe)

```
e.1u = 10.3395 + MAX(20.0, 0.0) + (0.4 * 0.0)
e.1u = 30.3395 psf
e.2u = DL + Pe + (0.4 * MAX(Lr, Su))
e.2u = 10.3395 + 0.0 + (0.4 * MAX(20.0, 0.0))
e.2u = 18.3395 psf
U = MAX(e.1u, e.2u)
U = MAX(30.3395, 18.3395)
U = 30.3395 psf
max-gravity-load = MAX(B, U)
max-gravity-load = MAX(30.3395, 30.3395)
max-gravity-load = 30.3395 psf
W-max-gravity-load = max-gravity-load * Ah
W-max-gravity-load = 30.3395 * 115.8916
W-max-gravity-load = 3,516.0894 lb
Erection Requirements
t-erec-reg = Minimum Erection Thickness Including Corrosion Allowance (in)
As per API-650 5.10.2.2, Minimum Erection Thickness (t-erec) = 0.1875 in
t-erec-reg = t-erec + CA
t-erec-req = 0.1875 + 0
t-erec-req = 0.1875 in
Gravity Loads Thickness Calculation
B-max = Max Gravity Load Based on Roof Actual Thickness (Balanced Snow Load) (psf)
Pe-max-1 = MAWV Based on Gravity Loads Combination 1 per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
t-calc-1 = Calculated Thickness Based on Balanced Snow Load (in)
t-calc-1 = (((2 * 12 * D) / SIN(Theta)) * SQRT((B / (144 * E)))) + CA
t-calc-1 = (((2 * 12 * 12.0) / SIN(9.4623)) * SQRT((30.3395 / (144 * 28,800,000)))) + 0
t-calc-1 = 0.1498 in
B-max = (((t-actual - CA) * (SIN(Theta) / (2 * 12 * D)))^2) * 144 * E
B-max = (((0.25 - 0) * (SIN(9.4623) / (2 * 12 * 12.0)))^2) * 144 * 28.800,000
B-max = 84.4595 psf
Pe-max-1 = MAX(((L_max - DL - MAX(Lr, S)) / Fpe), 0)
Pe-max-1 = MAX(((84.4595 - 10.3395 - MAX(20.0, 0.0)) / 0.4), 0)
Pe-max-1 = 135.2999 psf
Pe-max-2 = MAWV Based on Gravity Loads Combination 1 per API 650 Section 5.2.2 (psf)
t-calc-2 = Calculated Thickness Based on Unbalanced Snow Load (in)
U-max = Max Gravity Load Based on Roof Actual Thickness (Unbalanced Snow Load) (psf)
t-calc-2 = (((2 * 12 * D) / SIN(Theta)) * SQRT((U / (1.33 * 144 * E)))) + CA
t-calc-2 = (((2 * 12 * 12.0) / SIN(9.4623)) * SQRT((30.3395 / (1.33 * 144 * 28,800,000)))) + 0
t-calc-2 = 0.1299 in
U-max = (((t-actual - CA) * (SIN(Theta) / (2 * 12 * D)))^2) * 1.33 * 144 * E
```

 $U-max = (((0.25 - 0) * (SIN(9.4623) / (2 * 12 * 12.0)))^2) * 1.33 * 144 * 28,800,000)$

```
U-max = 112.3311 psf

Pe-max-2 = MAX(((L_max - DL - MAX(Lr , S)) / Fpe) , 0)
Pe-max-2 = MAX(((112.3311 - 10.3395 - MAX(20.0 , 0.0)) / 0.4) , 0)
Pe-max-2 = 204.979 psf

Required Thickness
MAWV-Roof = Maximum Allowable Working Vacuum (psf)
t-act = Installed Thickness (in)
t-req = Required Thickness (in)
t-act = 0.25 in

t-req = MAX(t-erec-req , t-calc-1 , t-calc-2)
t-req = MAX(0.1875 , 0.1498 , 0.1299)
t-req = 0.1875 in

t >= t-req ==> PASS

MAWV-Roof = MIN(Pe-max-1 , Pe-max-2)
MAWV-Roof = MIN(135.2999 , 204.979)
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MAWV-Roof = 135.2999 psf

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Top Member Detail B Design Back

DLR = Nominal Weight of Roof Plates and Attached Structural (lbf) DLS = Nominal Weight of Shell Plates and Framing (lbf) DLS = Ws + W framing DLS = 9,203.6404 + 269.7491DLS = 9,473.3895 lbf DLR = Wr + W structural DLR = 1,198.2584 + 149.4112 DLR = 1,347.6695 lbf **Material Properties** Material = A36Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut) = 58,000 psi Minimum Yield Strength (Sy) = 36,000 psi **Compression Ring Detail b Properties** A detail = Detail Total Area (in^2) A roof = Contributing Roof Area (in^2) A_shell = Contributing Shell Area (in^2) $A_sum = Total area (in^2)$ c combined = Combined centroid (in) d shell = Shell centroid (in) d stiff = Stiffener centroid (in) e1 = Distance from neutral axis to edge 1 (inside) (in) e2 = Distance from neutral axis to edge 2 (outside) (in) $I_1 = moment of inertia of first body (in^4)$ I 2 = moment of inertia of second body (in^4) I_combined = Combined moment of inertia (in^4) I shell = Contributing Shell Moment Of Inertia (in^4) I sum = Sum of moments of inertia's (in^4) R2 = Length of Normal to Head (in) S = Combined stiffener shell section modulus (in^3) Wc = Maximum Width of Participating Shell per *API-650 Figure F-2* (in) Wh = Maximum Width of Participating Head per *API-650 Figure F-2* (in) R2 = (ID / 2) / SIN(Theta)R2 = (143.5 / 2) / SIN(9.4623)R2 = 436.4382 in Wh = 0.3 * SQRT((R2 * (th - CA-head)))Wh = 0.3 * SQRT((436.4382 * (0.25 - 0)))Wh = 3.1337 inWc = 0.6 * SQRT(((ID / 2) * (tc-nominal - CA-shell)))Wc = 0.6 * SQRT(((143.5 / 2) * (0.25 - 0)))Wc = 2.5412 in

Angle Size L3X3X3/8 Section Properties

Description	Variable	New	Corroded	Unit	
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Weight	W	7.2	7.2	lbf/ft
Cross Sectional Area	A	2.11	2.11	in^2
Moment Of Inertia About X Axis	lx	1.75	1.75	in^4
Moment Of Inertia About Y Axis	ly	1.75	1.75	in^4
Section Modulus About X Axis	Sx	0.825	0.825	in^3
Section Modulus About Y Axis	Sy	0.825	0.825	in^3
Centroid X Coords	сх	0.884	0.884	in
Centroid Y Coords	су	0.884	0.884	in
Angle Long Leg Length	L1-angle	3.0	3.0	in
Angle Short Leg Length	L2-angle	3.0	3.0	in
Angle Thickness	t-angle	0.375	0.375	in

 $I_shell = ((Wc - h) * ((tc-nominal - CA-shell)^3)) / 12$ $I_shell = ((2.5412 - 0.375) * ((0.25 - 0)^3)) / 12$

 $I_{shell} = 0.0028 \text{ in}^4$

A_shell = (Wc - h) * (tc-nominal - CA-shell)

 $A_{shell} = (2.5412 - 0.375) * (0.25 - 0)$

 $A_{shell} = 0.5415 \text{ in}^2$

A_roof = Wh * (th - CA-head) A_roof = 3.1337 * (0.25 - 0) A_roof = 0.7834 in^2

A_detail = A_shell + A_roof + A-corr A_detail = 0.5415 + 0.7834 + 2.11 A_detail = 3.435 in^2

Stiffener and Shell Combined Section Properties

Description	Variable	Equation	Value	Unit
Shell centroid	d_shell	(tc-nominal - CA-shell) / 2	0.125	in
Stiffener centroid	d_stiff	cy + (tc-nominal - CA-shell)	1.134	in
moment of inertia of first body	I_1	Ic + (Area * (Distance^2))	4.4634	in^4
moment of inertia of second body	I_2	Ic + (Area * (Distance^2))	0.0113	in^4
Total area	A_sum	A_1 + A_2	2.6515	in^2
Sum of moments of inertia's	I_sum	I_1 + I_2	4.4746	in^4
Combined centroid	c_combined	((Centroid-1 * Area-1) + (Centroid-2 * Area- 2)) / (Area-1 + Area-2)	0.9279	in
Combined moment of inertia	I_combined	Ic - (Area * (Distance^2))	2.1916	in^4
Distance from neutral axis to edge 1 (inside)	e1	c_combined	0.9279	in
Distance from neutral axis to edge 2 (outside)	e2	((tc-nominal - CA-shell) + L1-angle) - e1	2.3221	in

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Combined stiffener shell section	c	I / MAX(d-1 , d-2)	0.9438	in/2
modulus	S	17 WAX(u-1, u-2)	0.9436	111.2

```
d_shell = (tc-nominal - CA-shell) / 2
d_{shell} = (0.25 - 0) / 2
d shell = 0.125 in
d_stiff = cy + (tc-nominal - CA-shell)
d stiff = 0.884 + (0.25 - 0)
d stiff = 1.134 in
I_1 = Ic + (Area * (Distance^2))
I_1 = 1.75 + (2.11 * (1.134^2))
I_1 = 4.4634 \text{ in}^4
I_2 = Ic + (Area * (Distance^2))
1 \ 2 = 0.0028 + (0.5415 * (0.125^2))
1.2 = 0.0113 \text{ in}^4
A sum = A 1 + A 2
A_sum = 2.11 + 0.5415
A_sum = 2.6515 in^2
I_sum = I_1 + I_2
I sum = 4.4634 + 0.0113
I sum = 4.4746 \text{ in}^4
c combined = ((Centroid-1 * Area-1) + (Centroid-2 * Area-2)) / (Area-1 + Area-2)
c_{\text{combined}} = ((1.134 * 2.11) + (0.125 * 0.5415)) / (2.11 + 0.5415)
c_{combined} = 0.9279 in
I_combined = Ic - (Area * (Distance^2))
I_{combined} = 4.4746 - (2.6515 * (0.9279^2))
I combined = 2.1916 in<sup>4</sup>
e1 = c_combined
e1 = 0.9279
e1 = 0.9279 in
e2 = ((tc-nominal - CA-shell) + L1-angle) - e1
e2 = ((0.25 - 0) + 3.0) - 0.9279
e2 = 2.3221 in
S = I / MAX(d-1, d-2)
S = 2.1916 / MAX(0.9279, 2.3221)
S = 0.9438 \text{ in}^3
```

Design Requirements per API-650 Section 5

A_roof = Compression Region Required Area for Self Supported Cone Roof per *API-650 5.10.5.2* (in^2) Fa = Least Allowable Tensile Stress for the Materials in the Roof-To-Shell Joint (psi) Fy = Minimum Specified Yield Strength (psi)

Max-p = Maximum Allowable Load for the Actual Resisting Area per *API-650 5.10.5.2* (psf) p = Max Gravity Load per *API-650 5.2.2* e) (psf)

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```
Fy = 36,000 psi
p = 30.3395 psf
Fa = 0.6 * Fv
Fa = 0.6 * 36.000
Fa = 21,600 psi
A_{roof} = (p * (D^2)) / (8 * Fa * TAN(theta))
A_{roof} = (30.3395 * (12.0^2)) / (8 * 21,600 * TAN(9.4623))
A_{roof} = 0.1517 \text{ in}^2
A detail >= A roof ==> PASS
Max-p = (A \text{ detail } / (D^2)) * 8 * Fa * TAN(theta)
Max-p = (3.435 / (12.0^2)) * 8 * 21,600 * TAN(9.4623)
Max-p = 686.9913 psf
Internal Pressure - Appendix F Requirements
A actual = Area resisting compressive force (in^2)
D = Tank nominal diameter (ft)
DLR = Nominal weight of roof plates and attached structural (lbf)
DLS = Nominal weight of shell plates and framing (lbf)
Fp = Internal Pressure Combination Factor
Fy = Minimum specified yield-strength of the materials in the roof-to-shell junction (psi)
ID = Tank inside diameter (ft)
MDL = Moment About the Shell-to-Bottom Joint from the Nominal Weight of the Shell and Roof Structural
Supported by the Shell that is not Attached to the Roof Plate (ft.lbf)
MDLR = Moment About the Shell-to-Bottom Joint from the Nominal Weight of the Roof Plate Plus any
Structural Components Attached to the Roof (ft.lbf)
MF = Moment About the Shell-to-Bottom Joint from Liquid Weight (ft.lbf)
Mw = Wind Moment From Horizontal Plus Vertical Wind Pressures (ft.lbf)
Mws = Wind Moment From Horizontal Wind Pressure (ft.lbf)
P = Design pressure (psi)
P_uplift = Uplift due to internal pressure per API-650 F.1.2 (lbf)
Theta angle = Angle between the roof and a horizontal plane at the roof-to-shell junction (deg)
W add DL = Additional dead load weight (lbf)
W_framing = Weight of framing supported by the shell and roof (lbf)
Wr = Roof plates weight (lbf)
Ws = Shell plates weight (lbf)
W_structural = Weight of roof attached structural (lbf)
A actual = 3.435 in^2
D = 12.0 \text{ ft}
DLR = 1,347.6695 lbf
DLS = 9,473.3895 lbf
Fp = 0.4
Fy = 36,000 psi
ID = 11.9583 ft
MDL = 56.840.3371 ft.lbf
MDLR = 8.086.0171 \text{ ft.lbf}
MF = 29,314.8294 \text{ ft.lbf}
Mw = 65,719.2813 ft.lbf
Mws = 49,215.6 \text{ ft.lbf}
P = 0.0 psi
Theta angle = 9.4623 \deg
W add DL = 0.0 lbf
```

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```
W_{framing} = 269.7491 lbf
Wr = 1.198.2584 lbf
Ws = 9,203.6404 lbf
W_structural = 149.4112 lbf
P_{uplift} = P * pi * ((ID^2) / 4)
P_{\text{uplift}} = 0.0 * pi * ((143.5^2) / 4)
P_uplift = 0.0 lbf
P_uplift <= Wr , Tank design does not need to meet App. F requirements.
P_F51 = Maximum allowable internal pressure for the actual resisting area per API 650 F.5.1 (inH2O)
P_max_internal = Maximum allowable internal pressure (psi)
P_std = 2.5 psi
P_F51 = ((0.962 * Fy * TAN(Theta angle) * A_actual) / (D^2)) + ((0.245 * DLR) / (D^2))
P_F51 = ((0.962 * 36,000 * TAN(9.4623) * 3.435) / (12.0^2)) + ((0.245 * 1,347.6695) / (12.0^2))
P_F51 = 139.9774 \text{ inH2O}
P_max_internal = MIN(P_std , P_F51)
P_{max_internal} = MIN(2.5, 5.0569)
P_max_internal = 2.5 psi
```

Shell Design Back

Ac = Convective Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient Ai = Impulsive Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient Av = Vertical ground acceleration coefficient description CG-shell = Shell center of gravity (ft) D = Tank Nominal Diameter per API-650 5.6.1.1 Note 1 (ft) d-ins = Insulation Density (lbf/ft^3) G = Product Design Specific Gravity Gt = Hydrotest Specific Gravity H = Shell height (ft) H-Hydrotest-L = Max Hydrotest Liquid Level (ft) HL = Max Liquid Level (ft) h-min = Minimum Shell Course Height per API-650 5.6.1.2 (in) Pe = Design External Pressure (psf) Pi = Design Internal Pressure (psi) Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor t-ins = Insulation Thickness (in) V = Wind velocity (mile/hr) W-ins = Shell Insulation Weight (lbf) W-shell = Shell Nominal Weight (lb) W-shell-add = Shell Additional Weight (lb) W-shell-corr = Shell Corroded Weight (lb) Ac = 0.0494Ai = 0.06Av = 0.0896D = 12.0 ft $d-ins = 8 lbf/ft^3$ G = 1Gt = 1H = 24 ftH-Hydrotest-L = 24.0 ft HL = 24.0 fth-min = 72 inPe = 0.0 psfPi = 0.0 psiRwi = 4t-ins = 0 in V = 105.0 mile/hrW-shell-add = 0 lb

API-650 Design Method: One Foot (1ft)

Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor

Rwi = 4

Course # 1 (bottom course) Design

CA = Corrosion allowance per *API-650 5.3.2* (in)
D1 = Shell Course Centerline Diameter (in)
H = Design Liquid Level per *API-650 5.6.3.2* (ft)
H' = Effective Design Liquid Level per *API-650 Section F.2* (ft)
h1 = Course Height (ft)

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```
H-Hydrotest = Hydrotest Liquid Level per API-650 5.6.3.2 (ft)
H-max = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness (ft)
H-max-@-Pi = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness @ Design Internal Pressure (ft)
Ht' = Effective Hydrostatic Test Liquid Level per API-650 F.2 (ft)
JE = Joint efficiency
loc = Course Location (ft)
Ma = Course Material
Pi-max-@-H = Maximum Allowable Internal Pressure for the Installed Thickness @ Design Liquid Level
(inH2O)
Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor
t = Installed Thickness (in)
t d = Course Design Thickness per API-650 Sections J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
t-min = Minimum Required Thickness (in)
t t = Course Hydrostatic Test Thickness per J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
W-1 = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
W-1-corr = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
CA = 0 in
H = 24.0 \text{ ft}
h1 = 8.0 \text{ ft}
H-Hydrotest = 24.0 ft
JE = 0.7
loc = 0 ft
Ma = A36
Rwi = 4
t = 0.25 in
Shell Course Center of Gravity (CG-1) = 4.0 ft
D1 = OD - t
D1 = 144.0 - 0.25
D1 = 143.75 in
W-1 = pi * Dc * t * h1 * d
W-1 = pi * 143.75 * 0.25 * 96.0 * 0.2833
W-1 = 3,070.5455 lb
W-1-corr = pi * Dc * (t - CA) * h1 * d
W-1-corr = pi * 143.75 * (0.25 - 0) * 96.0 * 0.2833
W-1-corr = 3,070.5455 lb
Material Properties
Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy) = 36,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd) = 21,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1. Allowable Hydrostatic Test Stress (St) = 21.000 psi
Permissible Design Metal Temperature (MDMT-permissible) = -20 °F
Thickness Required by Erection
As per API-650 J.3.3.b, Thickness Required by Erection (t_erec) = 0.236 in
```

Thickness Required by Design

H' = H H' = 24.0 H' = 24.0 ft

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```
t d = ((2.6 * D * (H' - 1) * SG) / (JE * Sd)) + CA
t_d = ((2.6 * 12.0 * (24.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)) + 0
t d = 0.0488 in
Hydrostatic Test Required Thickness
Ht' = H-Hydrotest
Ht' = 24.0
Ht' = 24.0 ft
t t = (2.6 * D * (Ht' - 1) * SGt) / (JE * St)
t t = (2.6 * 12.0 * (24.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)
t t = 0.0488 in
Seismic Design Required Thickness
Nc = Convective Hoop Membrane Unit Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 (lbf/in)
Nh = Product Hydrostatic Membrane Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 and Section 5.6.3.2 (lbf/in)
Ni = Impulsive Hoop Membrane Unit Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 (lbf/in)
Sd-seismic = Maximum Allowable Hoop Tension Membrane Stress per API-650 E.6.2.4 (psi)
ts = Seismic Minimum Thickness per API 650 Section E.6.2.4 (in)
As per API 650 Section E.6.1.4, Shell Course Liquid Surface to Analysis Point Distance (Y) = 24.0 ft
Ni = 1.39 * Ai * G * (D^2)
Ni = 1.39 * 0.06 * 1 * (12.0^2)
Ni = 12.0096 lbf/in
Nc = (0.98 * Ac * G * (D^2) * COSH(((3.68 * (H - Y)) / D))) / COSH(((3.68 * H) / D))
Nc = (0.98 * 0.0494 * 1 * (12.0^2) * COSH(((3.68 * (24.0 - 24.0)) / 12.0))) / COSH(((3.68 * 24.0) / 12.0))
Nc = 0.0089 lbf/in
Nh = 2.6 * (H - H offset) * D * G
Nh = 2.6 * (24.0 - 0) * 12.0 * 1
Nh = 748.8 \, lbf/in
sigma T- = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6. Sections E.6.1.4. EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma_T+ = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6, Sections E.6.1.4, EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma T + = (Nh + SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA), 0.0001)
sigma_T + = (748.8 + SQRT(((12.0096^2) + (0.0089^2) + (((0.0896 * 748.8) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma_T + = 3,112.8064 psi
sigma T = (Nh - SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA), 0.0001)
sigma T = (748.8 - SQRT(((12.0096^2) + (0.0089^2) + (((0.0896 * 748.8) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma T = 2,877.5936 psi
Sd-seismic = MIN((1.33 * Sd), (0.9 * Fy * E))
Sd\text{-seismic} = MIN((1.33 * 21,000), (0.9 * 36,000 * 0.7))
Sd-seismic = 22,680 psi
```

ts = 0.0343 in

 $ts = ((sigma_T + * (tn - CA)) / S_membrane) + CA$ ts = ((3,112.8064 * (0.25 - 0)) / 22,680.0) + 0

```
Minimum Required Thickness
t-min = MAX(t erec, t d, t t, ts)
t-min = MAX(0.236, 0.0488, 0.0488, 0.0343)
t-min = 0.236 in
Rating of Installed Thickness
H-max = ((((t - CA) * Sd * JE) / (2.6 * D * SG)) + 1) + loc
H-max = ((((0.25 - 0) * 21,000 * 0.7) / (2.6 * 12.0 * 1)) + 1) + 0
H-max = 118.7885 ft
H-max-@-Pi = MAX(H-max , 0)
H-max-@-Pi = MAX(118.7885, 0)
H-max-@-Pi = 118.7885 ft
Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((H-max - (H + loc)) * (12 * SG)) + P), 0)
Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((118.7885 - (24.0 + 0)) * (12 * 1)) + 0.0), 0)
Pi-max-@-H = 1,137.4615 inH2O
Course # 2 Design
CA = Corrosion allowance per API-650 5.3.2 (in)
D2 = Shell Course Centerline Diameter (in)
H = Design Liquid Level per API-650 5.6.3.2 (ft)
H' = Effective Design Liquid Level per API-650 Section F.2 (ft)
h2 = Course Height (ft)
H-Hydrotest = Hydrotest Liquid Level per API-650 5.6.3.2 (ft)
H-max = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness (ft)
H-max-@-Pi = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness @ Design Internal Pressure (ft)
Ht' = Effective Hydrostatic Test Liquid Level per API-650 F.2 (ft)
JE = Joint efficiency
loc = Course Location (ft)
Ma = Course Material
Pi-max-@-H = Maximum Allowable Internal Pressure for the Installed Thickness @ Design Liquid Level
(inH2O)
Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor
t = Installed Thickness (in)
t d = Course Design Thickness per API-650 Sections J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
t-min = Minimum Required Thickness (in)
t t = Course Hydrostatic Test Thickness per J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
W-2 = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
W-2-corr = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
CA = 0 in
H = 16.0 \text{ ft}
h2 = 8.0 \text{ ft}
H-Hydrotest = 16.0 ft
JE = 0.7
loc = 8.0 ft
Ma = A36
Rwi = 4
t = 0.25 in
Shell Course Center of Gravity (CG-2) = 12.0 ft
D2 = OD - t
D2 = 144.0 - 0.25
D2 = 143.75 in
```

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```
W-2 = pi * Dc * t * h2 * d

W-2 = pi * 143.75 * 0.25 * 96.0 * 0.2833

W-2 = 3,070.5455 lb

W-2-corr = pi * Dc * (t - CA) * h2 * d

W-2-corr = pi * 143.75 * (0.25 - 0) * 96.0 * 0.2833

W-2-corr = 3,070.5455 lb
```

Material Properties

Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy) = 36,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd) = 21,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Hydrostatic Test Stress (St) = 21,000 psi
Permissible Design Metal Temperature (MDMT-permissible) = -20 °F

Thickness Required by Erection

As per API-650 J.3.3.b, Thickness Required by Erection (t_erec) = 0.236 in

Thickness Required by Design

```
\begin{aligned} &H' = H \\ &H' = 16.0 \\ &H' = 16.0 \text{ ft} \end{aligned} t_{\_d} = ((2.6 * D * (H' - 1) * SG) / (JE * Sd)) + CA \\ &t_{\_d} = ((2.6 * 12.0 * (16.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)) + 0 \\ &t_{\_d} = 0.0318 \text{ in} \end{aligned}
```

Hydrostatic Test Required Thickness

Ht' = H-Hydrotest

```
Ht' = 16.0

Ht' = 16.0 ft

t_t = (2.6 * D * (Ht' - 1) * SGt) / (JE * St)

t_t = (2.6 * 12.0 * (16.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)

t t = 0.0318 in
```

Seismic Design Required Thickness

Nc = Convective Hoop Membrane Unit Force per *API 650 Section E.6.1.4* (lbf/in)
Nh = Product Hydrostatic Membrane Force per *API 650 Section E.6.1.4* and *Section 5.6.3.2* (lbf/in)
Ni = Impulsive Hoop Membrane Unit Force per *API 650 Section E.6.1.4* (lbf/in)
Sd-seismic = Maximum Allowable Hoop Tension Membrane Stress per *API-650 E.6.2.4* (psi)
ts = Seismic Minimum Thickness per *API 650 Section E.6.2.4* (in)

As per API 650 Section E.6.1.4, Shell Course Liquid Surface to Analysis Point Distance (Y) = 16.0 ft

```
\begin{aligned} \text{Ni} &= 1.39 * \text{Ai} * \text{G} * (\text{D^2}) \\ \text{Ni} &= 1.39 * 0.06 * 1 * (12.0^2) \\ \text{Ni} &= 12.0096 \text{ lbf/in} \\ \\ \text{Nc} &= (0.98 * \text{Ac} * \text{G} * (\text{D^2}) * \text{COSH}(((3.68 * (\text{H - Y})) / \text{D}))) / \text{COSH}(((3.68 * \text{H}) / \text{D})) \\ \text{Nc} &= (0.98 * 0.0494 * 1 * (12.0^2) * \text{COSH}(((3.68 * (24.0 - 16.0)) / 12.0))) / \text{COSH}(((3.68 * 24.0) / 12.0))) \\ \text{Nc} &= 0.0519 \text{ lbf/in} \\ \\ \text{Nh} &= 2.6 * (\text{H - H} \text{ offset}) * \text{D} * \text{G} \end{aligned}
```

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```
Nh = 2.6 * (16.0 - 0) * 12.0 * 1
Nh = 499.2 \, lbf/in
sigma_T- = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6, Sections E.6.1.4, EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma T+ = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6, Sections E.6.1.4, EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma_T + = (Nh + SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA), 0.0001)
sigma_T + = (499.2 + SQRT(((12.0096^2) + (0.0519^2) + (((0.0896 * 499.2) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma_T + = 2,082.9935 psi
sigma T-= (Nh - SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA) , 0.0001)
sigma T = (499.2 - SQRT(((12.0096^2) + (0.0519^2) + (((0.0896 * 499.2) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma T = 1,910.6065 psi
Sd\text{-seismic} = MIN((1.33 * Sd), (0.9 * Fy * E))
Sd\text{-seismic} = MIN((1.33 * 21,000), (0.9 * 36,000 * 0.7))
Sd-seismic = 22,680 psi
ts = ((sigma_T+ * (tn - CA)) / S_membrane) + CA
ts = ((2,082.9935 * (0.25 - 0)) / 22,680.0) + 0
ts = 0.023 in
Minimum Required Thickness
t-min = MAX(t_erec , t_d , t_t , ts)
t-min = MAX(0.236, 0.0318, 0.0318, 0.023)
t-min = 0.236 in
Rating of Installed Thickness
H-max = ((((t - CA) * Sd * JE) / (2.6 * D * SG)) + 1) + loc
H-max = ((((0.25 - 0) * 21,000 * 0.7) / (2.6 * 12.0 * 1)) + 1) + 8.0
H-max = 126.7885 ft
H\text{-max-}@\text{-Pi} = MAX(H\text{-max}, 0)
H-max-@-Pi = MAX(126.7885.0)
H-max-@-Pi = 126.7885 ft
Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((H-max - (H + loc)) * (12 * SG)) + P), 0)
Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((126.7885 - (16.0 + 8.0)) * (12 * 1)) + 0.0), 0)
Pi-max-@-H = 1,233.4615 inH2O
Course # 3 Design
CA = Corrosion allowance per API-650 5.3.2 (in)
D3 = Shell Course Centerline Diameter (in)
H = Design Liquid Level per API-650 5.6.3.2 (ft)
H' = Effective Design Liquid Level per API-650 Section F.2 (ft)
h3 = Course Height (ft)
H-Hydrotest = Hydrotest Liquid Level per API-650 5.6.3.2 (ft)
H-max = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness (ft)
H-max-@-Pi = Maximum Liquid Level for the Installed Thickness @ Design Internal Pressure (ft)
Ht' = Effective Hydrostatic Test Liquid Level per API-650 F.2 (ft)
JE = Joint efficiency
loc = Course Location (ft)
Ma = Course Material
Pi-max-@-H = Maximum Allowable Internal Pressure for the Installed Thickness @ Design Liquid Level
```

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```
(inH2O)
Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor
t = Installed Thickness (in)
t_d = Course Design Thickness per API-650 Sections J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
t-min = Minimum Required Thickness (in)
t_t = Course Hydrostatic Test Thickness per J.3.3 and A.4.1 (in)
W-3 = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
W-3-corr = Shell Course Nominal Weight (lb)
CA = 0 in
H = 8.0 \text{ ft}
h3 = 7.9792 \text{ ft}
H-Hydrotest = 8.0 ft
JE = 0.7
loc = 16.0 ft
Ma = A36
Rwi = 4
t = 0.25 in
Shell Course Center of Gravity (CG-3) = 19.9896 ft
D3 = OD - t
D3 = 144.0 - 0.25
D3 = 143.75 in
W-3 = pi * Dc * t * h3 * d
W-3 = pi * 143.75 * 0.25 * 95.75 * 0.2833
W-3 = 3,062.5493 lb
W-3-corr = pi * Dc * (t - CA) * h3 * d
W-3-corr = pi * 143.75 * (0.25 - 0) * 95.75 * 0.2833
W-3-corr = 3,062.5493 lb
Material Properties
Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy) = 36,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd) = 21,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Hydrostatic Test Stress (St) = 21,000 psi
Permissible Design Metal Temperature (MDMT-permissible) = -20 °F
Thickness Required by Erection
As per API-650 J.3.3.b, Thickness Required by Erection (t_erec) = 0.236 in
Thickness Required by Design
H' = H
H' = 8.0
H' = 8.0 \text{ ft}
t d = ((2.6 * D * (H' - 1) * SG) / (JE * Sd)) + CA
t_d = ((2.6 * 12.0 * (8.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)) + 0
t_d = 0.0149 in
```

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Ht' = 8.0

Ht' = H-Hydrotest

Hydrostatic Test Required Thickness

```
Ht' = 8.0 ft
t_t = (2.6 * D * (Ht' - 1) * SGt) / (JE * St)
t_t = (2.6 * 12.0 * (8.0 - 1) * 1) / (0.7 * 21,000)
t t = 0.0149 in
Seismic Design Required Thickness
Nc = Convective Hoop Membrane Unit Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 (lbf/in)
Nh = Product Hydrostatic Membrane Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 and Section 5.6.3.2 (lbf/in)
Ni = Impulsive Hoop Membrane Unit Force per API 650 Section E.6.1.4 (lbf/in)
Sd-seismic = Maximum Allowable Hoop Tension Membrane Stress per API-650 E.6.2.4 (psi)
ts = Seismic Minimum Thickness per API 650 Section E.6.2.4 (in)
As per API 650 Section E.6.1.4, Shell Course Liquid Surface to Analysis Point Distance (Y) = 8.0 ft
Ni = 2.77 * Ai * G * (D^2) * ((Y / (0.75 * D)) - (0.5 * ((Y / (0.75 * D))^2)))
Ni = 2.77 * 0.06 * 1 * (12.0^2) * ((8.0 / (0.75 * 12.0)) - (0.5 * ((8.0 / (0.75 * 12.0))^2)))
Ni = 11.8187 lbf/in
Nc = (0.98 * Ac * G * (D^2) * COSH(((3.68 * (H - Y)) / D))) / COSH(((3.68 * H) / D)))
Nc = (0.98 * 0.0494 * 1 * (12.0^2) * COSH(((3.68 * (24.0 - 8.0)) / 12.0))) / COSH(((3.68 * 24.0) / 12.0))
Nc = 0.5996 lbf/in
Nh = 2.6 * (H - H offset) * D * G
Nh = 2.6 * (8.0 - 0) * 12.0 * 1
Nh = 249.6 \, lbf/in
sigma_T- = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6, Sections E.6.1.4, EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma T+ = Total Combined Hoop Stress per API 650 Eq E.6.1.4-6, Sections E.6.1.4, EC.6.1.3 (psi)
sigma_T + = (Nh + SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA), 0.0001)
sigma_T + = (249.6 + SQRT(((11.8187^2) + (0.5996^2) + (((0.0896 * 249.6) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma_T + = 1,057.7384 psi
sigma T = (Nh - SQRT(((Ni^2) + (Nc^2) + (((Av * Nh) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((t - CA), 0.0001)
sigma_T - = (249.6 - SQRT(((11.8187^2) + (0.5996^2) + (((0.0896 * 249.6) / 2.5)^2)))) / MAX((0.25 - 0))
0.0001)
sigma T = 939.0616 \text{ psi}
Sd\text{-seismic} = MIN((1.33 * Sd), (0.9 * Fy * E))
Sd\text{-seismic} = MIN((1.33 * 21,000), (0.9 * 36,000 * 0.7))
Sd-seismic = 22,680 psi
ts = ((sigma T+ * (tn - CA)) / S membrane) + CA
ts = ((1,057.7384 * (0.25 - 0)) / 22,680.0) + 0
ts = 0.0117 in
Minimum Required Thickness
t-min = MAX(t erec, t d, t t, ts)
t-min = MAX(0.236, 0.0149, 0.0149, 0.0117)
t-min = 0.236 in
Rating of Installed Thickness
```

H-max = ((((t - CA) * Sd * JE) / (2.6 * D * SG)) + 1) + loc H-max = ((((0.25 - 0) * 21,000 * 0.7) / (2.6 * 12.0 * 1)) + 1) + 16.0

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H-max = 134.7885 ft

H-max-@-Pi = MAX(H-max , 0)

H-max-@-Pi = MAX(134.7885, 0)

H-max-@-Pi = 134.7885 ft

Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((H-max - (H + loc)) * (12 * SG)) + P), 0)

Pi-max-@-H = MAX((((134.7885 - (8.0 + 16.0)) * (12 * 1)) + 0.0), 0)

Pi-max-@-H = 1,329.4615 inH2O

Shell Design Summary Results

W-ins = t-ins * d-ins * pi * (OD + t-ins) * H

W-ins = 0.0 * 8 * pi * (12.0 + 0.0) * 24

W-ins = 0.0 lbf

W-shell-corr = (W-1-corr + W-2-corr + W-3-corr) + W-shell-add

W-shell-corr = (3,070.5455 + 3,070.5455 + 3,062.5493) + 0

W-shell-corr = 9,203.6404 lb

W-shell = (W-1 + W-2 + W-3) + W-shell-add

W-shell = (3,070.5455 + 3,070.5455 + 3,062.5493) + 0

W-shell = 9,203.6404 lb

CG-shell = ((CG-1 * W-1) + (CG-2 * W-2) + (CG-3 * W-3)) / W-shell

CG-shell = ((4.0 * 3,070.5455) + (12.0 * 3,070.5455) + (19.9896 * 3,062.5493)) / 9,203.6404

CG-shell = 11.9896 ft

Shell Design Summary

Course	Height (ft)	Material	CA (in)	JE	Sy (psi)	Sut (psi)	Sd (psi)	St (psi)	t_erec (in)
3	7.9792	A36	0	0.7	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	0.236
2	8.0	A36	0	0.7	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	0.236
1	8.0	A36	0	0.7	36,000	58,000	21,000	21,000	0.236

Shell Design Summary (continued)

Course	t-design (in)	t-test (in)	t-seismic (in)	t-ext (in)	t-min (in)	t-installed (in)	Status	H-max-@-Pi (ft)	Pi-max-@-H (psi)
3	0.0149	0.0149	0.0117	N/A	0.236	0.25	PASS	134.7885	48.0285
2	0.0318	0.0318	0.023	N/A	0.236	0.25	PASS	126.7885	44.5604
1	0.0488	0.0488	0.0343	N/A	0.236	0.25	PASS	118.7885	41.0923

Intermediate Stiffeners Design Stiffeners Design For Wind Loading

D = Nominal Tank Diameter (ft)

H1 = Maximum Unstiffened Transformed Shell Height per API-650 5.9.6.1 (ft)

N = Actual Wind Girders Quantity

Ns = Required Number of Girders per API 650 5.9.6.3 and 5.9.6.4

Pwd = Design Wind Pressure Including Inward Drag per API-650 5.9.6.1 (psf)

Pwv = Wind Pressure where Design Wind Speed V is Used per API-650 5.9.6.1 (psf)

ts min = Thickness of the Thinnest Shell Course (in)

V = Wind velocity (mile/hr)

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D = 12.0 ft

N = 0

V = 105.0 mile/hr

Shell Courses Heights (W) = [8.0 8.0 7.9792] ft

 $ts_min = MIN(ts_1, ts_2, ts_3)$ $ts_min = MIN(0.25, 0.25, 0.25)$

 $ts_min = 0.25 in$

Stiffeners Required Quantity

HTS = Height of Transformed Shell per API 650 5.9.6.2 (ft)

Transformed shell courses heights

Variable	Equation	Value	Unit		
Wtr_1	W_1 * SQRT(((t_min / ts_1)^5))	8.0000	ft	N/A	N/A
Wtr_2	W_2 * SQRT(((t_min / ts_2)^5))	8.0000	ft	N/A	N/A
Wtr_3	W_3 * SQRT(((t_min / ts_3)^5))	7.9792	ft	N/A	N/A

 $HTS = Wtr_1 + Wtr_2 + Wtr_3$

HTS = 8.0 + 8.0 + 7.9792

HTS = 23.9792 ft

Pwv = 31 * ((V / 120)^2) Pwv = 31 * ((105.0 / 120)^2)

Pwv = 23.7344 psf

Pwd = Pwv + 5

Pwd = 23.7344 + 5

Pwd = 28.7344 psf

 $H1 = 600000 * ts_min * SQRT(((ts_min / D)^3)) * (36 / Pwd)$

 $H1 = 600000 * 0.25 * SQRT(((0.25 / 12.0)^3)) * (36 / 28.7344)$

H1 = 565.1063 ft

Ns = CEILING(((HTS / Hsafe) - 1))

Ns = CEILING(((23.9792 / 565.1063) - 1))

Ns = 0

N >= Ns ==> PASS

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Flat Bottom: non Annular Plate Design Back

```
Bottom Type = Flat
Bottom Support Type = Continuously Supported on Foundation
CA = Corrosion allowance (in)
CA 1 = Bottom Shell Course Corrosion Allowance (in)
chime = Outside Projection (Chime Distance) (in)
E = Joint efficiency
Ma 1 = Bottom Shell Course Material
Ma-bottom = Material
S = Bottom Shell Course Maximum Stress (psi)
S1 = Bottom Shell Course Product Stress per API-650 Table 5.1b Note b (psi)
S2 = Bottom Shell Course Hydrostatic Stress per API-650 Table 5.1b Note b (psi)
Sd_1 = Bottom Shell Course Allowable Design Stress (psi)
St 1 = Bottom Shell Course Allowable Hydrostatic Test Stress (psi)
tb = Installed Thickness (in)
tb-req = Bottom Required Thickness (in)
td 1 = Bottom Shell Course Design Thickness (in)
ts 1 = Bottom Shell Course Nominal Thickness (in)
tt_1 = Bottom Shell Course Hydrotest Thickness (in)
CA = 0 in
CA_{1} = 0 in
chime = 1 in
E = 0.7
Ma_1 = A36
Ma-bottom = A36
Sd_1 = 21,000 psi
St_1 = 21,000 psi
tb = 0.25 in
td 1 = 0.0488 in
ts 1 = 0.25 in
tt 1 = 0.0488 in
Bottom Plates Material Properties
Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut-btm) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy-btm) = 36,000 psi
Density (d-btm) = 0.2833 lb/in^3
Permissible Design Metal Temperature (MDMT-permissible-btm) = -20 °F
Calculation of Hydrostatic Test Stress & Product Stress per API-650 Section 5.5.1
S1 = ((td 1 - CA 1) / (ts 1 - CA 1)) * Sd 1
S1 = ((0.0488 - 0) / (0.25 - 0)) * 21,000
S1 = 4,100.5714 psi
As per API-650 5.5.1, first shell course material, A36, is in Group I; therefore, butt welded annular plates
are not required
S2 = (tt_1 / ts_1) * St_1
S2 = (0.0488 / 0.25) * 21,000
S2 = 4,100.5714 psi
```

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```
As per API-650 5.5.1, first shell course material, A36, is in Group I; therefore, butt welded annular plates are not required
```

```
S = MAX(S1, S2)
S = MAX(4,100.5714, 4,100.5714)
S = 4,100.5714 psi
Bottom Weight
A-btm = Bottom Surface Area (ft^2)
CA = Corrosion allowance (in)
chime = Outside Projection (Chime Distance) (in)
OD-btm = Bottom Outer Diameter (ft)
tb = Installed Thickness (in)
Wb-pl = Bottom Plates Weight (lb)
Wb-pl-add = Bottom Additional Weight (lb)
Wb-pl-corr = Bottom Corroded Plates Weight (lb)
Wb-pl-corroded-overlap = Bottom Weight Corroded Overlap (lb)
Wb-pl-overlap = Bottom Overlap Weight (lb)
CA = 0 in
chime = 1 in
tb = 0.25 in
Wb-pl-add = 0 lb
Wb-pl-corroded-overlap = 0.5378 lb
Wb-pl-overlap = 0.5378 lb
OD-btm = OD + (chime * 2)
OD-btm = 12.0 + (0.0833 * 2)
OD-btm = 12.1667 ft
A-btm = pi * ((OD-btm / 2)^2)
A-btm = pi * ((12.1667 / 2)^2)
A-btm = 116.2607 ft^2
Wb-pl = (A-btm * tb * d-btm) + Wb-pl-overlap + Wb-pl-add
Wb-pl = (16,741.5473 * 0.25 * 0.2833) + 0.5378 + 0
Wb-pl = 1,186.2579 lb
Wb-pl-corr = (A-btm * (tb - CA) * d-btm) + Wb-pl-corroded-overlap + Wb-pl-add
Wb-pl-corr = (16,741.5473 * (0.25 - 0) * 0.2833) + 0.5378 + 0
Wb-pl-corr = 1,186.2579 lb
Bottom Design due to External Pressure
P-btm = Downward Pressure (psi)
Liquid Height to Pressure Conversion Factor (f) = 0.4335
P-btm = (d-btm * (tb - CA-btm)) + (Lmin * f * SG)
P-btm = (0.2833 * (0.25 - 0)) + (1.0 * 0.4335 * 1)
P-btm = 0.5043 psi
P-btm >= Pv ==> There is no uplift due to external pressure
```

Bottom Required Thickness As per API-650 J 3 2 1 Requir

As per API-650 J.3.2.1, Required Thickness by Erection (tb-erec) = 0.236 in

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tb-req = tb-erec tb-req = 0.236tb-req = 0.236 in

tb >= tb-req ==> PASS

Bottom Outside ProjectionAs per API-650 J.3.2.3, Minimum Required Outside Projection (chime) = 1 in

chime >= chime ==> PASS

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Wind Moment (Per API-650 Section 5.11)

Back

Wind Pressures per API-650 & ASCE7-05

I = Wind Importance Factor per ASCE 7-05 Table 6-1

 $P_WR = Roof Design Wind Pressure per API-650 5.2.1.k$ (psf)

P_WS = Shell Design Wind Pressure per *API-650 5.2.1.k* (psf)

V = Design Wind Velocity (3-sec gust) per ASCE 7-05 (mph)

V_s = Adjusted Design Wind Velocity per API 650 Section 5.2.1.k (mph)

I = 1

V = 105.0 mph

Wind Velocity per API-650 and ASCE7-05

V s = V * SQRT(I)

 $V_s = 105.0 * SQRT(1)$

 $V_s = 105.0 \text{ mph}$

Roof Wind Pressure

 $P_WR = 31 * ((V_s / 120)^2)$

 $P_WR = 31 * ((105.0 / 120)^2)$

 $P_WR = 23.7344 psf$

Shell Wind Pressure

 $P_WS = 18.6 * ((V_s / 120)^2)$

 $P_WS = 18.6 * ((105.0 / 120)^2)$

P WS = 14.2406 psf

Wind Overturning and Sliding Stability

Ah = Roof Horizontal Projected Area (ft^2)

Ah-total = Roof Horizontal Projected Area Including Insulation (ft^2)

As = Shell Total Vertical Projected Area (ft^2)

Av-roof = Roof Vertical Projected Area (ft^2)

CA_1 = Bottom Shell Course Corrosion Allowance (in)

CA-btm = Corrosion Allowance of Bottom Plates Under the Shell (in)

CG-roof = Roof Center of Gravity (ft)

COF = Maximum Allowable Sliding Friction Coefficient per API 650, Section 5.11.4

DLR = Nominal Weight of Roof Plates and Attached Structural (lbf)

DLS = Nominal Weight of Shell Plates and Framing (lbf)

D-outer = Tank Max Outer Diameter (ft)

Fby = Yield Strength of Bottom Plates Under the Shell (psi)

F-friction = Friction Force per API 650, Section 5.11.4 (lbf)

F-wind = Sliding Force (lbf)

M DL = Moment About the Shell-To-Bottom Joint from the Nominal Weight of the Shell (ft.lbf)

M_DLR = Moment About the Shell-To-Bottom Joint from the Nominal Weight of the Roof Plate Plus any Attached Structural (ft.lbf)

M F = Moment About the Shell-To-Bottom Joint From Liquid Weight (ft.lbf)

M_Pi = Moment About the Shell-To-Bottom Joint From Design Internal Pressure per *API-650 5.11.2.2* (ft lbf)

M_w = Overturning Moment About the Shell-To-Bottom Joint from Wind Pressures per API-650 5.11.2.2

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(ft.lbf) M WR = Roof Wind Overturning Moment per API-650 5.11.2.2 (ft.lbf) M WS = Shell Wind Overturning Moment per *API-650 5.11.2.2* (ft.lbf) Rh = Roof Horizontal Radius (ft) tb = Thickness of Bottom Plates Under the Shell (in) tr-ins = Roof Insulation Thickness (in) ts 1 = Bottom Shell Course Nominal Thickness (in) ts-ins = Shell Insulation Thickness (in) W-access-corr = Access Corroded Weight (lbf) W-app-corr = Appurtenances Corroded Weight (lbf) Wb-pl-corr = Bottom Corroded Plates Weight (lbf) wind-uplift = Wind Uplift per *API-650 5.2.1.k* (psf) wL = Tank Content Resisting Weight per API-650 5.11.2.3 (lbf/ft) Wr-pl = Roof New Plates Weight (lbf) Wr-pl-corr = Roof Corroded Plates Weight (lbf) Ws-framing = Shell New Framing Weight (lbf) Ws-framing-corr = Shell Corroded Framing Weight (lbf) Ws-pl = Shell New Plates Weight (lbf) Ws-pl-corr = Shell Corroded Plates Weight (lbf) Ws-struct-corr = Roof Corroded Structure Weight Supported by Shell (lbf) W-stairs-corr = Stairways Corroded Weight (lbf) W-struct = Roof New Structure Weight (lbf) W-struct-corr = Roof Corroded Structure Weight (lbf) W-windgirder-corr = Wind Girder Corroded Weight (lbf) Xs = Moment Arm of Wind Force on Shell (ft) Xw = Moment Arm of Wind Force on Roof (ft)

 $Ah = 115.8916 \text{ ft}^2$ $Av-roof = 6.1482 ft^2$ CA 1 = 0 in CA-btm = 0 in CG-roof = 0.3374 ft COF = 0.4DLR = 1,347.6695 lbfDLS = 9,473.3895 lbf Fby = 36,000 psiRh = 6.0737 fttb = 0.25 intr-ins = 0 in $ts_1 = 0.25 in$ ts-ins = 0 inW-access-corr = 0 lbf W-app-corr = 340.3158 lbf Wb-pl-corr = 1,186.2579 lbf Wr-pl = 1,198.2584 lbfWr-pl-corr = 1,198.2584 lbfWs-framing = 269.7491 lbf Ws-framing-corr = 270.7586 lbf Ws-pl = 9,203.6404 lbfWs-pl-corr = 9.203.6404 lbfWs-struct-corr = 0.0 lbf W-stairs-corr = 0 lbf W-struct = 0.0 lbf W-struct-corr = 0.0 lbf W-windgirder-corr = 0 lbf

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Design Uplift Pressure per API-650 5.2.1.k

The internal pressure uplift force does not exceed the weight of roof plates, Annex F Section F.4.1 is not applicable. Therefore the wind uplift is not limited per API-650 Section 5.2.1.k.2.

```
wind-uplift = P_WR
wind-uplift = 23.7344
wind-uplift = 23.7344 psf
```

```
Overturning Moments
Xw = D/2
Xw = 12.0 / 2
Xw = 6.0 \text{ ft}
Ah-total = pi * ((Rh + tr-ins)^2)
Ah-total = pi * ((6.0737 + 0.0)^2)
Ah-total = 115.8916 ft<sup>2</sup>
M_Pi = Pg * Ah * Xw
M_Pi = 0.0 * 115.8916 * 6.0
M Pi = 0.0 ft.lbf
M_WR = wind-uplift * Ah-total * Xw
M WR = 23.7344 * 115.8916 * 6.0
M_WR = 16,503.6813 \text{ ft.lbf}
D-outer = OD + (2 * (ts-ins / 12))
D-outer = 12.0 + (2 * (0 / 12))
D-outer = 12.0 ft
As = D-outer * H
As = 12.0 * 24
As = 288.0 \text{ ft}^2
Xs = H/2
Xs = 24 / 2
Xs = 12 ft
MWS = PWS*As*Xs
M WS = 14.2406 * 288.0 * 12
M_WS = 49,215.6 \text{ ft.lbf}
M_w = M_WR + M_WS
M_w = 16,503.6813 + 49,215.6
```

Resistance to Overturning per API-650 5.11.2

```
M_DL = (D / 2) * DLS

M_DL = (12.0 / 2) * 9,473.3895

M_DL = 56,840.3371 ft.lbf

M_DLR = (D / 2) * DLR

M_DLR = (12.0 / 2) * 1,347.6695

M_DLR = 8,086.0171 ft.lbf

wL = MIN((0.45 * Lmax * D) , (4.67 * (tb-req - CA-btm) * SQRT((Fby * Lmax))))
```

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 $M_w = 65,719.2813 \text{ ft.lbf}$

```
\begin{split} &\text{wL} = \text{MIN}((0.45 * 24.0 * 12.0) \;,\; (4.67 * (0.236 - 0) * \text{SQRT}((36,000 * 24.0)))) \\ &\text{wL} = 129.6 \; |\text{bf/ft} \end{split} &\text{M_F} = (\text{D / 2}) * \text{wL * pi * D} \\ &\text{M_F} = (12.0 / 2) * 129.6 * \text{pi * 12.0} \\ &\text{M F} = 29,314.8294 \; \text{ft.lbf} \end{split}
```

An unanchored tank must meet the criteria from API-650 5.11.2.1 Criterion 1

```
((0.6 * M_w) + M_Pi) < ((M_DL / 1.5) + M_DLR)
((0.6 * 65,719.2813) + 0.0) < ((56,840.3371 / 1.5) + 8,086.0171)
39,431.5688 < 45,979.5752 ==> Tank is stable
```

Criterion 2

```
(M_w + (Fp * M_Pi)) < (((M_DL + M_F) / 2) + M_DLR)
(65,719.2813 + (0.4 * 0.0)) < (((56,840.3371 + 29,314.8294) / 2) + 8,086.0171)
Since 65,719.2813 >= 51,163.6004 ==> Tank must be anchored
```

Criterion 3

```
(M_WS + (Fp * M_Pi)) < ((M_DL / 1.5) + M_DLR)

(49,215.6 + (0.4 * 0.0)) < ((56,840.3371 / 1.5) + 8,086.0171)

Since 49,215.6 >= 45,979.5752 ==> Tank must be anchored
```

Resistance to Sliding per API-650 5.11.4

```
F-wind = P_WS * As
F-wind = 14.2406 * 288.0
F-wind = 4,101.3 lbf
```

```
F-friction = COF * (Wr-pl-corr + W-struct-corr + Ws-pl-corr + Ws-framing-corr + Wb-pl-corr + W-stairs-corr + W-access-corr + W-app-corr + W-windgirder-corr) 
F-friction = 0.4 * (1,198.2584 + 0.0 + 9,203.6404 + 270.7586 + 1,186.2579 + 0 + 0 + 340.3158 + 0) 
F-friction = 4,879.6924 lbf
```

F-friction >= F-wind ==> Tank is stable

Anchorage Requirement

Tank must be anchored per API-650 5.11 by Criterion 2 and Criterion 3

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Seismic Design Back

Site Ground Motion Design

Seismic Method = ASCE7-MAPPED-SS-AND-S1

Ac = Convective Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient per API 650 Sections E.4.6.1

Ac-min = Adjusted Convective Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient

Af = Acceleration Coefficient for Sloshing Wave Height per API 650 Sections E.7.2

Ai = per API 650 Sections E.4.6.1

Ai = Impulsive Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient per API 650 Sections E.4.6.1

Anchorage_System = Anchorage System

Av = Vertical Ground Acceleration Coefficient per API 650 Sections E.6.1.3 and E.2.2

D = Nominal Tank Diameter (ft)

Fa = Site Acceleration Coefficient

Fv = Site Velocity Coefficient

H = Maximum Design Product Level (ft)

I = Importance Factor

K = Spectral Acceleration Adjustment Coefficient

Ks = Sloshing Coefficient per API 650 Section E.4.5.2

Q = MCE to Design Level Scale Factor

rho_product = Product Mass Density (lbf/ft^3)

Rwc = Convective Force Reduction Factor

Rwi = Impulsive Force Reduction Factor

S1 = Spectral Response Acceleration at a Period of One Second

SD1 = Design Spectral Response Acceleration at a Period of One Second per API 650 Sections E.4.6.1 and E.2.2

SDS = Design Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Period per *API 650 Sections E.4.6.1 and E.2.2* Seismic Site Class = Seismic Site Class

Seismic_Use_Group = Seismic Use Group

shell-course-modulus-of-elasticity-information-list = Shell Course Modulus of Elasticity Information List (psi)

shell-course-thickness-information-list = Shell Course Thickness Information List (in)

Ss = Spectral Response Acceleration Short Period

Tc = Convective Natural Period per API 650 Section E.4.5.2 (sec)

TL = Regional Dependent Transistion Period for Longer Period Ground Motion (sec)

Anchorage_System = MECHANICALLY-ANCHORED

D = 12.0 ft

Fa = 1.2

Fv = 1.7

H = 24.0 ft

I = 1.25

K = 1.5

Q = 0.6667

rho product = $62.4279 \, lbf/ft^3$

Rwc = 2

Rwi = 4

S1 = 0.093

Seismic_Site_Class = SEISMIC-SITE-CLASS-C

Seismic_Use_Group = SEISMIC-USE-GROUP-II

shell-course-modulus-of-elasticity-information-list = [28,800,000 28,800,000 28,800,000.0] psi

shell-course-thickness-information-list = [0.25 0.25 0.25] in

Ss = 0.24

TL = 12 sec

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```
SDS = 0.192
SD1 = Q * Fv * S1
SD1 = 0.6667 * 1.7 * 0.093
SD1 = 0.1054
Ks = 0.578 / SQRT(TANH(((3.68 * H) / D)))
Ks = 0.578 / SQRT(TANH(((3.68 * 24.0) / 12.0)))
Ks = 0.578
Tc = Ks * SQRT(D)
Tc = 0.578 * SQRT(12.0)
Tc = 2.0023 sec
Ai = SDS * (I / Rwi)
Ai = 0.192 * (1.25 / 4)
Ai = 0.06
Ai = MAX(Ai, 0.007)
Ai = MAX(0.06, 0.007)
Ai = 0.06
Tc <= TL
Ac = K * SD1 * (1 / Tc) * (I / Rwc)
Ac = 1.5 * 0.1054 * (1 / 2.0023) * (1.25 / 2)
Ac = 0.0494
Ac-min = MIN(Ac, Ai)
Ac-min = MIN(0.0494, 0.06)
Ac-min = 0.0494
Av = (2/3) * 0.7 * SDS
Av = (2/3) * 0.7 * 0.192
Av = 0.0896
Af = K * SD1 * I * (1 / Tc)
Af = 1.5 * 0.1054 * 1.25 * (1 / 2.0023)
Af = 0.0987
Seismic Design
h bottom = Bottom Elevation (ft)
h_bottom-ground = Bottom Elevation from Ground (ft)
h bottom = 0.0 \text{ ft}
h_bottom-ground = 0.0 ft
A = Roof Surface Area (ft^2)
Ac = Convective Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient
Af = Acceleration Coefficient for Sloshing Wave Height
Ah-shell = Roof Horizontal Projected Area Supported by The Shell (ft^2)
Ai = Impulsive Design Response Spectrum Acceleration Coefficient
```

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SDS = Q * Fa * Ss SDS = 0.6667 * 1.2 * 0.24 Anchorage_System = Anchorage System

A-rs = Roof Area Supported by The Shell (ft^2)

Av = Vertical Ground Acceleration Coefficient

ca1 = Bottom Shell Course Corrosion Allowance (in)

ca_bottom = Bottom Corrosion Allowance (in)

D = Nominal Tank Diameter (ft)

DELTAs = Sloshing Wave Height Above Product Design Height per API 650 Section E.7.2 (ft)

Event Type = Event Type

Fa = Site Acceleration Coefficient

F_c = Allowable Longitudinal Shell Compression Stress per *API 650 Section E.6.2.2.3, Eq E.6.2.2.3-2b* (lbf/in^2)

Freeboard = Actual Freeboard (ft)

Freeboard recommended = Minimum Recommended Freeboard per API-650 Table E.7 (ft)

Fv = Site Velocity Coefficient

Fy = Yield Strength (lb/in^2)

G = Specific Gravity

Ge = Effective Specific Gravity per API 650 Section E.2.2

H = Maximum Design Product Level (ft)

Hrcg = Top of Shell to Roof and roof appurtenances Center of Gravity (ft)

hs = Additional Shell Height Required Above Sloshing Height (ft)

H_shell = Shell height (ft)

I = Importance Factor

J = Anchorage Ratio per API 650 Section E.6.2.1.1.1

K = Spectral Acceleration Adjustment Coefficient

Ks = Sloshing Coefficient

Min_Anchor_Quantity = Minimum Anchor Quantity per API-650 5.12.2

Min_Anchor_Spacing = Minimum Anchor Spacing per API-650 5.12.3 (ft)

Mrw = Ringwall Overturning Moment per API 650 Section E.6.1.5 (ft.lb)

Ms = Slab Overturning Moment per API 650 Section E.6.1.5 (ft.lb)

mu = Friction Coefficient per API 650, Section E.7.6

Overturn_Stability_Ratio = Overturning Stability Ratio per API 650 Section E.6.2.3

P = Design Pressure (lbf/in^2)

Q = MCE to Design Level Scale Factor

S1 = Spectral Response Acceleration at a Period of One Second

Sb = Roof Balanced Snow Load (psf)

SD1 = Design Spectral Response Acceleration at a Period of 1 Second

SDS = Design Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Period

Seismic_Site_Class = Seismic Site Class

Seismic Use Group = Seismic Use Group

sigma_c = Mechanically Anchored Maximum Longitudinal Shell Compression Stress per *API 650 Section E.6.2.2.2, Eq E.6.2.2.2-1b* (lbf/in^2)

Ss = Spectral Response Acceleration Short Period

ta = Thickness, excluding corrosion allowance, of the bottom annulus under the shell required to provide the resisting force for self anchorage per *API-650 E.2.2* (in)

tb-corr = Bottom Plates Corroded Thickness (in)

t_bottom = Bottom Plate Thickness (in)

Tc = Convective Natural Period (sec)

TL = Regional Dependent Transistion Period for Longer Period Ground Motion (sec)

ts1 = Bottom Shell Course Thickness (in)

ts1 c = Shell Course 1 Corroded Thickness (in)

V = Total Design Base Shear per *API 650 Section E.6.1* (lbf)

Vc = Design Base Shear for Convective Component per API 650 Section E.6.1 (lbf)

Vi = Design Base Shear for Impulsive Component per *API 650 Section E.6.1* (lbf)

Vmax = Local Shear Transfer per *API 650 Section E.7.7* (lbf/ft)

Vs = Self Anchored Sliding Resistance Maximum Allowable Base Shear per API 650 Section E.7.6 (lbf)

w_a = Force Resisting Uplift - Self Anchored per API 650 Section E.6.2.1.1 (lbf/ft)

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 $w_a = (lbf/ft)$

wa_limit = Self Anchored Force Resisting Uplift Max Limit per *API 650 Section E.6.2.1.1, Eq E.6.2.1.1-1b* (lbf/ft)

w_a_self-anchored = Self Anchored Force Resisting Uplift per *API 650 Section E.6.2.1.1, Eq E.6.2.1.1-1b* (lbf/ft)

Wb-attachments = Bottom Attachments Weight (lb)

Wb-pl = Bottom Plates Weight (lb)

Wc = Convective Effective Weight per API 650 Section E.6.1.1 (lbf)

Weff = Total Effective Weight per API 650 Section E.6.1.1 (lbf)

Wf = Tank Bottom Total Weight (lbf)

Wfd = Tank Foundation Weight (lbf)

Wg = Soil Weight (lbf)

Wi = Impulsive Effective Weight per *API 650 Section E.6.1.1* (lbf)

wint = Calculated Design Uplift Due to Product Pressure (lbf/ft)

Wp = Tank Contents Total Weight (lbf)

Wr = Total Weight of Fixed Tank Roof including Framing, Knuckles, any Permanent Attachments and 10

% of the Roof Balanced Design Snow Load (lbf) Wr-attachments = Roof Attachments Weight (lb)

Wr-DL-add = Roof Additional Dead Weight (lb)

Wr-pl = Roof Plates Nominal Weight (lb)

wrs = Specified Tank Roof Load Acting on Tank Shell (lbf/ft)

Wrs = Roof Load Acting on The Tank Shell Including 10 % of the Roof Balanced Design Snow Load (lbf)

Ws = Total Weight of Tank Shell and Appurtenances (lbf)

Ws-attachments = Shell Attachments Weight (lb)

Ws-framing = Shell Framing Weight (lb)

Ws-pl = Shell Plates Nominal Weight (lb)

Wss = Roof Structure Weight Supported by The Tank Shell (lb)

W-struct = Roof Structure Weight (lb)

W T = Total Weight of Tank Shell, Roof, Framing, Knuckles, Product, Bottom, Attachments,

Appurtenances, Participating Balanced Snow Load per API-650 Eq E.6.2.3-1 (lbf)

wt = Tank and Roof Weight Acting at base of Shell per API 650 Section E.6.2.1.1.1 (lbf/ft)

Xc = Height from tank shell bottom to the center of action of convective lateral force for computing ringwall overturning moment per *API 650 Section E.6.1.2.1* (ft)

Xcs = Height from tank shell bottom to the center of action of convective lateral force for computing slab overturning moment per *API 650 Section E.6.1.2.2* (ft)

Xi = Height from tank shell bottom to the center of action of impulsive lateral force for computing ringwall overturning moment per *API 650 Section E.6.1.2.1* (ft)

Xis = Height from tank shell bottom to the center of action of impulsive lateral force for computing slab overturning moment per *API 650 Section E.6.1.2.2* (ft)

Xr = Height from tank shell bottom to the center of gravity of roof and roof appurtenances per *API 650* Section E.6.1.2 (ft)

Xs = Height from tank shell bottom to shell's center of gravity (ft)

 $A = 117.4901 \text{ ft}^2$

Ac = 0.0494

Af = 0.0987

Ah-shell = 115.8916 ft^2

Ai = 0.06

Anchorage_System = MECHANICALLY-ANCHORED

 $A-rs = 117.4901 \text{ ft}^2$

Av = 0.0896

ca1 = 0 in

 $ca_bottom = 0 in$

D = 12.0 ft

Event_Type = MAXIMUM-CONSIDERED-EARTHQUAKE-MCE

Fa = 1.2

```
Fv = 1.7
Fy = 36,000.0 \text{ lb/in}^2
G = 1
H = 24.0 \text{ ft}
Hrcg = 0.3374 ft
hs = 0 ft
H_shell = 24 ft
I = 1.25
K = 1.5
Ks = 0.578
Min_Anchor_Quantity = 4
Min_Anchor_Spacing = 10 ft
mu = 0.4
P = 0.0 lbf/in^2
Q = 0.6667
S1 = 0.093
Sb = 0.0 psf
SD1 = 0.1054
SDS = 0.192
Seismic_Site_Class = SEISMIC-SITE-CLASS-C
Seismic_Use_Group = SEISMIC-USE-GROUP-II
Ss = 0.24
t bottom = 0.25 in
Tc = 2.0023 sec
TL = 12 sec
ts1 = 0.25 in
Wb-attachments = 0 \text{ lb}
Wb-pl = 1,186.2579 lb
Wfd = 0 lbf
Wg = 0 lbf
Wp = 168,275.6044 lbf
Wr-attachments = 149.4112 lb
Wr-DL-add = 0.0 lb
Wr-pl = 1,198.2584 lb
Ws-attachments = 281.9047 lb
Ws-framing = 269.7491 lb
Ws-pl = 9,203.6404 lb
Wss = 0 lb
W-struct = 0 lb
Xs = 11.9896 \text{ ft}
Seismic Method (seismic-method) = ASCE7-MAPPED-SS-AND-S1
Weights
Wf = Wb-pI
Wf = 1,186.2579
Wf = 1,186.2579 lbf
Wr = (Wr-pl + Wr-attachments + W-struct + Wr-DL-add) + (0.1 * Sb * Ah)
Wr = (1,198.2584 + 149.4112 + 0.0 + 0.0) + (0.1 * 0.0 * 115.8916)
Wr = 1,347.6695 lbf
Wrs = ((Wr-pl + Wr-attachments + Wr-DL-add) * (A-rs / A)) + Wss + (0.1 * Sb * Ah-shell)
Wrs = ((1,198.2584 + 149.4112 + 0.0) * (117.4901 / 117.4901)) + 0.0 + (0.1 * 0.0 * 115.8916)
Wrs = 1,347.6695 lbf
```

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```
Ws = Ws-pl + Ws-framing + Ws-attachments
Ws = 9.203.6404 + 269.7491 + 281.9047
Ws = 9.755.2942 lbf
W T = Ws + Wr + Wp + Wf
W_T = 9,755.2942 + 1,347.6695 + 168,275.6044 + 1,186.2579
W_T = 180,564.826 lbf
Effective Weight of Product
Wi = (1.0 - (0.218 * (D / H))) * Wp
Wi = (1.0 - (0.218 * (12.0 / 24.0))) * 168,275.6044
Wi = 149,933.5635 lbf
Wc = 0.23 * (D / H) * TANH(((3.67 * H) / D)) * Wp
Wc = 0.23 * (12.0 / 24.0) * TANH(((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0)) * 168,275.6044
Wc = 19,351.6782 lbf
Weff = Wi + Wc
Weff = 149,933.5635 + 19,351.6782
Weff = 169,285.2417 lbf
Design Loads
Vi = Ai * (Ws + Wr + Wf + Wi)
Vi = 0.06 * (9,755.2942 + 1,347.6695 + 1,186.2579 + 149,933.5635)
Vi = 9.733.3671 lbf
Vc = Ac * Wc
Vc = 0.0494 * 19,351.6782
Vc = 955.9729 lbf
V = SQRT(((Vi^2) + (Vc^2)))
V = SQRT(((9,733.3671^2) + (955.9729^2)))
V = 9,780.2004 lbf
Center of Action for Effective Lateral Forces
Xr = H \text{ shell} + Hrcg
Xr = 24 + 0.3374
Xr = 24.3374 ft
Xi = (0.5 - (0.094 * (D / H))) * H
Xi = (0.5 - (0.094 * (12.0 / 24.0))) * 24.0
Xi = 10.872 ft
Xc = (1.0 - ((COSH(((3.67 * H) / D)) - 1) / (((3.67 * H) / D) * SINH(((3.67 * H) / D))))) * H
Xc = (1.0 - ((COSH(((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0)) - 1) / (((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0) * SINH(((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0))))) *
24.0
Xc = 20.7345 ft
Xis = (0.5 + (0.06 * (D / H))) * H
Xis = (0.5 + (0.06 * (12.0 / 24.0))) * 24.0
Xis = 12.72 ft
Xcs = (1.0 - ((COSH(((3.67 * H) / D)) - 1.937) / (((3.67 * H) / D) * SINH(((3.67 * H) / D))))) * H)
Xcs = (1.0 - ((COSH(((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0)) - 1.937) / (((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0) * SINH(((3.67 * 24.0) / 12.0)))))
* 24.0
Xcs = 20.7385 ft
```

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```
Overturning Moment
Mrw = SQRT((((Ai * ((Wi * Xi) + (Ws * Xs) + (Wr * Xr)))^2) + ((Ac * (Wc * Xc))^2)))
Mrw = SQRT((((0.06 * ((149,933.5635 * 10.872) + (9,755.2942 * 11.9896) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374)))^2) +
((0.0494 * (19,351.6782 * 20.7345))^2)))
Mrw = 108,614.2967 \text{ ft.lb}
Ms = SQRT((((Ai * ((Wi * Xis) + (Ws * Xs) + (Wr * Xr)))^2) + ((Ac * (Wc * Xcs))^2)))
Ms = SQRT((((0.06 * ((149,933.5635 * 12.72) + (9,755.2942 * 11.9896) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374)))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374))^{2}) + (1,347.6695 * 24.3374)
((0.0494 * (19,351.6782 * 20.7385))^2)))
Ms = 124,997.176 \text{ ft.lb}
Resistance to Design Loads
Ge = G * (1 - (0.4 * Av))
Ge = 1 * (1 - (0.4 * 0.0896))
Ge = 0.9642
wrs = Wrs / (pi * D)
wrs = 1,347.6695 / (pi * 12.0)
wrs = 35.748 lbf/ft
wt = (Ws / (pi * D)) + wrs
wt = (9,755.2942 / (pi * 12.0)) + 35.748
wt = 294.5153 lbf/ft
wint = P * 144 * ((pi * ((D^2) / 4)) / (pi * D))
wint = 0.0 * 144 * ((pi * ((12.0^2) / 4)) / (pi * 12.0))
wint = 0.0 \frac{\text{lbf/ft}}{}
Bottom Annular Plates Requirements
tb-corr = t_bottom - ca_bottom
tb-corr = 0.25 - 0
tb-corr = 0.25 in
ts1 c = ts1 - ca1
ts1 c = 0.25 - 0
ts1_c = 0.25 in
ta = MIN(tb-corr, ts1_c)
ta = MIN(0.25, 0.25)
ta = 0.25 in
wa_limit = 1.28 * H * D * Ge
wa_limit = 1.28 * 24.0 * 12.0 * 0.9642
wa limit = 355.4279 lbf/ft
w_a_self-anchored = 7.9 * ta * SQRT((Fy * H * Ge))
w_a_self-anchored = 7.9 * 0.25 * SQRT((36,000.0 * 24.0 * 0.9642))
w_a_self-anchored = 1,802.5965 lbf/ft
w_a = MIN(w_a_self-anchored, wa_limit)
w_a = MIN(1,802.5965, 355.4279)
w_a = 355.4279 lbf/ft
w_a = w_a
w a = 355.4279
```

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```
Tank Stability
J = Mrw / ((D^2) * (((wt * (1 - (0.4 * Av))) + wa) - (Fp * wint)))
J = 108,614.2967 / ((12.0^2) * (((294.5153 * (1 - (0.4 * 0.0896))) + 355.4279) - (0.4 * 0.0)))
J = 1.1797
J <= 1.54 ==> Tank is stable, anchoring is not required
Seismic Method (seismic-method) = ASCE7-MAPPED-SS-AND-S1
sigma_c = ((wt * (1 + (0.4 * Av))) + ((1.273 * Mrw) / (D^2))) * (1 / (12 * ts))
sigma_c = ((294.5153 * (1 + (0.4 * 0.0896))) + ((1.273 * 108,614.2967) / (12.0^2))) * (1 / (12 * 0.25))
sigma c = 421.7504 lbf/in^2
F_c = (1.0E6 * (ts / (2.5 * D))) + (600 * SQRT((G * H)))
F_c = (1.0E6 * (0.25 / (2.5 * 12.0))) + (600 * SQRT((1 * 24.0)))
F_c = 11,272.721 \text{ lbf/in}^2
sigma_c < F_c
Overturn_Stability_Ratio = (0.5 * D * (W_T + Wfd + Wg)) / Ms
Overturn Stability Ratio = (0.5 * 12.0 * (180,564.826 + 0 + 0)) / 124,997.176
Overturn Stability Ratio = 8.6673
Overturn_Stability_Ratio >= 2.0 ==> PASS
Freeboard
DELTAs = 0.42 * D * Af
DELTAs = 0.42 * 12.0 * 0.0987
DELTAs = 0.4974 ft
Freeboard = H_shell - Lmax-operating
Freeboard = 24 - 24.0
Freeboard = 0.0 \text{ ft } [0.0 \text{ in}]
Freeboard_recommended = 0.7 * DELTAs
Freeboard recommended = 0.7 * 0.4974
Freeboard recommended = 0.3482 ft [4.1786 in]
As per API-650 E.7.2 and Table E.7, freeboard is recommended but not required
Sliding Resistance
Vs = MU * (Ws + Wr + Wf + Wp) * (1.0 - (0.4 * Av))
Vs = 0.4 * (9,755.2942 + 1,347.6695 + 1,186.2579 + 168,275.6044) * (1.0 - (0.4 * 0.0896))
Vs = 69,637.3531 lbf
V \le Vs
Local Shear Transfer
Vmax = (2 * V) / (pi * D)
Vmax = (2 * 9,780.2004) / (pi * 12.0)
Vmax = 518.8557 lbf/ft
```

Anchor Bolt Design Back

A-s = Installed Bolt Nominal Root Area (in^2) A-s-r = Anchor Required Root Area (in^2) Av = Seismic Vertical Earthquake Acceleration Coefficient (g) Ca-anchor = Anchor Corrosion Allowance (in) d = Anchor Bolt Diameter (in) D = Tank nominal diameter (ft) Dac = Bolt Circle Diameter (ft) d-reg = Bolt Required Diameter per ANSI B1.1 (in) Fp = Design Pressure Operating Ratio Fty = Minimum Yield Strength of the Bottom Shell Course (psi) Fy = Anchor Yield Strength per *API-650 Table 5.21b* (psi) Fy-ambient = Anchor Yield Strength at Ambient Temperature per API-650 Table 5.21b (psi) H = Tank Height (ft) Ma-anchor = Anchor Material Mrw = Seismic Overturning Moment (ft.lbf) MWS = Shell Wind Overturning Moment (ft.lbf) N = Anchors Quantity n = Number of threads per unit length (in) N-min = Minimum Required Number of Anchors per API-650 5.12.3 OD = Tank Outer diameter (ft) P = Internal Pressure (inH2O) p = Bolt Thread Pitch P attachment = Anchor Attachment Design Load per API-650 Section 5.12.13 and Steel Plate Engineering Data-Volume 2 Part V (lbf) position_angles = Anchors Position Angles (deg) Pt = Test Pressure (inH2O) PWR = Roof Wind Pressure (inH2O) S_d = Allowable Anchor Stress per API-650 Table 5.20b (psi) S d shell = Allowable Shell Stress at Anchor Attachment per API-650 Table 5.20b (psi) T b = Load per Anchor per API-650 5.12.2 (lbf) U = Net Uplift Load per API-650 Section 5.12.2 and Table 5.20b (lbf) W1 = Corroded Weight of the Roof Plates Plus the Corroded Weight of the Shell and any Other Corroded Permanent Attachments Acting on the Shell (lbf) W2 = Corroded Weight of the Shell and any Corroded Permanent Attachments Acting on the Shell Including the Portion of the Roof Plates and Framing Acting on The Shell (lbf) W3 = Nominal Weight of the Roof Plates Plus the Nominal Weight of the Shell and any Other Permanent Attachments Acting on the Shell (lbf) Wr-pl = Roof Plates Nominal Weight (lb) Wr-pl-corr = Roof Corroded Plates Weight (lb) Wrs-pl-corr = Roof Plates Corroded Weight Acting on The Shell (lb) Ws-framing = Shell New Framing Weight (stiffeners) (lbf) Ws-framing-corr = Shell Corroded Framing Weight (stiffeners) (lbf) Ws-pl = Shell Plates Nominal Weight (lb) Ws-pl-corr = Shell Corroded Plates Weight (lb) Wss = Roof Structure Nominal Weight Acting on The Shell (lb) Wss-corr = Roof Structure Corroded Weight Acting on The Shell (lb) Y-bolt = Anchor Yield Load (lbf)

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Av = 0.0896 gCa-anchor = 0 in D = 12.0 ft d = 1 in

```
Dac = 12.3542 ft
Fp = 0.4
Fty = 36,000 psi
H = 24 \text{ ft}
Ma-anchor = A36
Mrw = 108.614.2967 \text{ ft.lbf}
MWS = 49,215.6 \text{ ft.lbf}
n = 8 in
N = 4
OD = 12.0 \text{ ft}
p = 0.13
P = 0.0 \text{ in} H2O
position_angles = [45 135 225 315 ] deg
Pt = 0.0 inH2O
PWR = 4.5624 inH2O
Wr-pl = 1,198.2584 lb
Wr-pl-corr = 1,198.2584 lb
Wrs-pl-corr = 1,198.2584 lb
Ws-framing = 269.7491 lbf
Ws-framing-corr = 270.7586 lbf
Ws-pl = 9,203.6404 lb
Ws-pl-corr = 9,203.6404 lb
Wss = 0 lb
Wss-corr = 0 lb
```

Anchors Spacing Requirements

Max Allowable Spacing Between Anchors at Shell Outer Diameter per API-650 5.12.3

Max Allowable Spacing (max_allowable_spacing) = 10 ft Actual Spacing (actual_spacing) = 9.4248 ft

actual_spacing <= max_allowable_spacing ==> PASS

N-min = CEILING(((pi * OD) / 10)) N-min = CEILING(((pi * 12.0) / 10)) N-min = 4

N >= N-min ==> PASS

Anchors meet spacing requirements.

Anchors Average Spacing (half the span on each side of the anchor) at Bolt Circle

Anchors are equally spaced.

Average Spacing (average_spacing) = 9.7 ft

Bolt loads will be based on equally spaced anchors.

Anchor Material Properties

Material = A36

Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut-anchor) = 58,000 psi

Minimum Yield Strength at Ambient Temperature (Sy-ambient-anchor) = 36,000 psi

Minimum Yield Strength (Sy-anchor) = 36,000 psi

Fy = MIN(Sy-anchor, 55000)Fy = MIN(36,000, 55000)

Fy = 36,000 psi

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```
Fy-ambient = MIN(Sy-ambient-anchor, 55000)
Fv-ambient = MIN(36,000, 55000)
Fy-ambient = 36,000 psi
Uplift Load Cases per API-650 Table 5.20b
W1 = Ws-pl-corr + Ws-framing-corr + Wr-pl-corr
W1 = 9,203.6404 + 270.7586 + 1,198.2584
W1 = 10,672.6574 lbf
W2 = Ws-pl-corr + Ws-framing-corr + Wrs-pl-corr + Wss-corr
W2 = 9,203.6404 + 270.7586 + 1,198.2584 + 0
W2 = 10,672.6574 lbf
W3 = Ws-pl + Ws-framing + Wr-pl + Wss
W3 = 9,203.6404 + 269.7491 + 1,198.2584 + 0
W3 = 10,671.6479 lbf
As per API-650 Section 5.12.13, Seismic Attachment Load Multiplier (f_seismic) = 1.5
Seismic anchoring is not required and API-650 Section 5.12.13 does not apply.
Uplift Case 1: Design Pressure Only
U = (P * (D^2) * 4.08) - W1
U = (0.0 * (12.0^2) * 4.08) - 10,672.6574
U = -10,672.6574 (Set to 0 lbf since it cannot be less than 0)
T b = U/N
T b = 0/4
T_b = 0 lbf
S d = (5/12) * Fy
S d = (5/12) * 36,000
S_d = 15,000 \text{ psi}
A-s-r = T_b / S_d
A-s-r = 0 / 15,000
A-s-r = 0.0 \text{ in}^2
P_attachment = 1.5 * T_b
P_attachment = 1.5 * 0
P_attachment = 0.0 lbf
S d shell = (2/3) * Fty
S_d_{shell} = (2/3) * 36,000
S d shell = 24,000 \text{ psi}
Uplift Case 2: Test Pressure Only
U = (Pt * (D^2) * 4.08) - W3
U = (0.0 * (12.0^2) * 4.08) - 10,671.6479
U = -10,671.6479 (Set to 0 lbf since it cannot be less than 0)
T_b = U/N
T b = 0/4
T b = 0 lbf
S_d = (5/9) * Fy-ambient
S_d = (5/9) * 36,000
```

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```
S_d = 20,000 \text{ psi}
A-s-r = T_b / S_d
A-s-r = 0 / 20,000
A-s-r = 0.0 \text{ in}^2
P_attachment = 1.5 * T_b
P_attachment = 1.5 * 0
P_attachment = 0.0 lbf
S_d_{shell} = (5/6) * Fty
S_d_shell = (5/6) * 36,000
S_d_{shell} = 30,000 \text{ psi}
Uplift Case 3: Wind Load Only
U = ((PWR * (D^2) * 4.08) + ((4 * MWS) / D)) - W2
U = ((4.5624 * (12.0^2) * 4.08) + ((4 * 49,215.6) / 12.0)) - 10,672.6574
U = 8,413.0352 lbf
T_b = U/N
T_b = 8,413.0352/4
T_b = 2,103.2588 lbf
S d = 0.8 * Fy
S_d = 0.8 * 36,000
S_d = 28,800 \text{ psi}
A-s-r = T_b / S_d
A-s-r = 2,103.2588 / 28,800
A-s-r = 0.073 in^2
P_attachment = 1.5 * T_b
P_attachment = 1.5 * 2,103.2588
P_attachment = 3,154.8882 lbf
S d shell = (5/6) * Fty
S_d_shell = (5/6) * 36,000
S_d_{shell} = 30,000 \text{ psi}
Uplift Case 4: Seismic Load Only
U = ((4 * Mrw) / D) - (W2 * (1 - (0.4 * Av)))
U = ((4 * 108,614.2967) / 12.0) - (10,672.6574 * (1 - (0.4 * 0.0896)))
U = 25,914.6163 lbf
T b = U/N
T_b = 25,914.6163 / 4
T b = 6,478.6541 lbf
S_d = 0.8 * Fy
S d = 0.8 * 36,000
S_d = 28,800 \text{ psi}
A-s-r = T_b / S_d
A-s-r = 6,478.6541 / 28,800
A-s-r = 0.225 in^2
```

```
P_attachment = f_seismic * T_b
P attachment = 1.5 * 6,478.6541
P attachment = 9,717.9811 lbf
S d shell = (5/6) * Fty
S_d_shell = (5/6) * 36,000
S_d_{shell} = 30,000 \text{ psi}
Uplift Case 5: Design Pressure + Wind Load
U = ((((Fp * P) + PWR) * (D^2) * 4.08) + ((4 * MWS) / D)) - W1
U = ((((0.4 * 0.0) + 4.5624) * (12.0^{2}) * 4.08) + ((4 * 49,215.6) / 12.0)) - 10,672.6574
U = 8,413.0352 lbf
T b = U/N
T b = 8,413.0352/4
T_b = 2,103.2588 lbf
S_d = (5/9) * Fy
S_d = (5/9) * 36,000
S_d = 20,000 \text{ psi}
A-s-r = T_b / S_d
A-s-r = 2,103.2588 / 20,000
A-s-r = 0.1052 in^2
P_attachment = 1.5 * T_b
P attachment = 1.5 * 2,103.2588
P_attachment = 3,154.8882 lbf
S d shell = (5/6) * Fty
S_d_shell = (5 / 6) * 36,000
S_d_{shell} = 30,000 \text{ psi}
Uplift Case 6: Design Pressure + Seismic Load
U = ((Fp * P * (D^2) * 4.08) + ((4 * Mrw) / D)) - (W1 * (1 - (0.4 * Av)))
U = ((0.4 * 0.0 * (12.0^{\circ}2) * 4.08) + ((4 * 108,614.2967) / 12.0)) - (10,672.6574 * (1 - (0.4 * 0.0896)))
U = 25,914.6163 lbf
T b = U/N
T_b = 25,914.6163 / 4
T_b = 6,478.6541 lbf
S_d = 0.8 * Fy
S_d = 0.8 * 36,000
S_d = 28,800 \text{ psi}
A-s-r=T b/S d
A-s-r = 6,478.6541 / 28,800
A-s-r = 0.225 in^2
P_attachment = f_seismic * T_b
P_attachment = 1.5 * 6,478.6541
P_attachment = 9,717.9811 lbf
S_d_{shell} = (5/6) * Fty
S d shell = (5/6) * 36,000
```

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 $S_d_{shell} = 30,000 \text{ psi}$

Uplift Case 7: Frangibility Pressure

Not applicable. It is applied if the roof to shell joint is frangible.

Summary of Uplift Cases

Uplift Cases	Total Uplift Load (lbf)	Load per Anchor (lbf)	Anchor Allowable Stress (psi)	Anchor Required Area (in^2)	Anchor Bolt Required Diameter (in)	Attachment Design Load (lbf)	Allowable Shell Stress at Anchor Attachment (psi)
Design Pressure	О	0	15,000	0.0	0.1625	0.0	24,000
Test Pressure	О	0	20,000	0.0	0.1625	0.0	30,000
Wind Load	8,413.0352	2,103.2588	28,800	0.073	0.4674	3,154.8882	30,000
Seismic Load	25,914.6163	6,478.6541	28,800	0.225	0.6977	9,717.9811	30,000
Design Pressure + Wind	8,413.0352	2,103.2588	20,000	0.1052	0.5284	3,154.8882	30,000
Design Pressure + Seismic	25,914.6163	6,478.6541	28,800	0.225	0.6977	9,717.9811	30,000

- Anchor Bolt Required Diameter = SQRT((A-s-r * (4 / pi))) + (1.3 / n) + (Ca-anchor * 2)
- Governing Uplift Case = Seismic Load
- Anchor Bolt Minimum Required Area = 0.225 in^2

Bolt Required Diameter per ANSI B1.1

d-req = SQRT((A * (4 / pi))) + (1.3 / n) + (Ca * 2)

d-req = SQRT((0.225 * (4 / pi))) + (1.3 / 8) + (0 * 2)

d-req = 0.6977 in

d >= d-req ==> PASS

 $A-s = (pi / 4) * ((d - (1.3 / n))^2)$

A-s = $(pi/4) * ((1 - (1.3/8))^2)$

 $A-s = 0.5509 \text{ in}^2$

Y-bolt = A-s * Sy-ambient-anchor

Y-bolt = 0.5509 * 36,000

Y-bolt = 19,831.7945 lbf

Anchorage Summary

Required Number of Anchors = 4 Actual Number of Anchors = 4 Bolt Hole Circle Radius = 6.1771 ft

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Required Bolt Diameter = 0.6977 in Actual Bolt Diameter = 1 in Bolt Thread Pitch = 0.13

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Anchor Chair Design Back

Anchor Chair Design per AISI T-192 Part V

a = Top Plate Width Along Shell (in) b = Top Plate Length (in) bmin = Top Plate Minimum Length (in) c = Top Plate Thickness (in)CA = Chair Corrosion Allowance (in) c_corr = Top Plate Corroded Thickness (in) D = Tank Nominal Diameter (ft) d = Anchor Bolt Diameter (in) e = Anchor Bolt Eccentricity (in) Earthquakes-Considered = Earthquakes Considered emin = Minimum Calculated Eccentricity (in) emin-btm = Minimum Eccentricity Based on Bolt Clearance From Bottom Plates per API-650 5.12.4 (in) emin-req = Minimum Required Eccentricity (in) Et = Bottom Plates Thermal Expansion Coefficient per API-650 Table P.1b (in/in.fdeg) f = Top Plate Outside To Hole Edge Distance (in) f_min = Distance from Outside of Top Plate to Edge of Hole per AISI T-192 Part V, Notation g = Vertical Plates Distance (in) g min = Minimum Distance Between Vertical Plates per AISI T-192, PartV, Notation (in) h = Chair Height (in) h-eff = Effective Chair Height (in) hmax = Chair Maximum Height (in) j = Vertical Plate Thickness (in) i corr = Vertical Plate Corroded Thickness (in) i_min = Vertical Plate Minimum Thickness per AISI T-192 Part V, Vertical Side Plates (in) k = Vertical Plates Average Width (in) m = Base or Bottom Plate Thickness (in) Ma-chair = Chair Material outside-projection = Bottom Outside Projection (in) R = Nominal Shell Radius (in) Ssw-chair = Chair Allowable Stress for Seismic or Wind Design per API-650 5.12.9 (psi) T = Difference between ambient and design temperature per API 650 5.12.4 (°F) t = Shell Thickness (in)T ambient = Ambient Temperature ($^{\circ}$ F) T_design = Design Temperature (°F) V = Wind Velocity (mph) Y-bolt = Anchor Bolt Yield Load (lbf) a = 8 inb = 8 in

c = 0.5 in

```
CA = 0 in
d = 1 in
D = 12.0 \text{ ft}
e = 2.125 in
Earthquakes-Considered = ASCE7-MAPPED-SS-AND-S1
Et = 6.67E-6 \text{ in/in.fdeg}
f = 3.875 in
g = 4.5 \text{ in}
h = 12 in
j = 0.5 \text{ in}
k = 4.4306 in
m = 0.25 in
Ma-chair = A36
outside-projection = 1 in
R = 72.0 \text{ in}
t = 0.25 \text{ in}
T_ambient = 70 \, ^{\circ}F
T_design = 120 \, ^{\circ}F
V = 105.0 \text{ mph}
Y-bolt = 19,831.7945 lbf
```

Anchor Chair Material Properties

Material = A36
Minimum Tensile Strength (Sut-chair) = 58,000 psi
Minimum Yield Strength (Sy-chair) = 36,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-chair) = 21,000 psi
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Hydrostatic Test Stress (St-chair) = 21,000 psi

Ssw-chair = 1.33 * Sd-chair Ssw-chair = 1.33 * 21,000 Ssw-chair = 27,930 psi

Size Requirements

c_corr = c - (2 * CA) c_corr = 0.5 - (2 * 0) c_corr = 0.5 in

j_corr = j - (2 * CA) j_corr = 0.5 - (2 * 0) j_corr = 0.5 in

Chair Minimum Height (hmin) = 12 in

h >= hmin ==> PASS

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```
hmax = 3 * a
hmax = 3 * 8
hmax = 24 in
h-eff = MIN(hmax, h)
h-eff = MIN(24, 12)
h-eff = 12 in
emin = (0.886 * d) + 0.572
emin = (0.886 * 1) + 0.572
emin = 1.458 in
T = T_design - T_ambient
T = 120 - 70
T = 50 \, ^{\circ}F
emin-btm = (d/2) + outside-projection + 0.125 + (6 * Et * D * T)
emin-btm = (1/2) + 1 + 0.125 + (6 * 6.67E-6 * 12.0 * 50)
emin-btm = 1.649 in
emin-req = MAX(emin , emin-btm)
emin-reg = MAX(1.458, 1.649)
emin-reg = 1.649 in
e >= emin-req ==> PASS
g_min = d + 1
g_min = 1 + 1
g_min = 2 in
g >= g_min ==> PASS
f_{min} = (d/2) + 0.125
f_{min} = (1 / 2) + 0.125
f_{min} = 0.625 in
f >= f_min ==> PASS
j_min = MAX(0.5, (0.04 * (h-eff - c_corr)), ((P-design / (25000 * k)) + (2 * CA)))
j_min = MAX(0.5, (0.04 * (12 - 0.5)), ((9,717.9811 / (25000 * 4.4306)) + (2 * 0)))
j_{min} = 0.5 in
j >= j_min ==> PASS
bmin = emin + d + 0.25
bmin = 1.458 + 1 + 0.25
bmin = 2.708 in
b >= bmin ==> PASS
```

Top Plate Minimum Required Thickness

Uplift Cases	P-chair (lbf)	P-design (lbf)	Sd-chair (psi)	c_min (in)	Status
--------------	---------------	----------------	----------------	------------	--------

Design Pressure	0.0	0.0	21,000	0.0	PASS
Test Pressure	0.0	0.0	21,000	0.0	PASS
Wind Load	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	27,930	0.2068	PASS
Seismic Load	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	27,930	0.363	PASS
Design Pressure + Wind	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	27,930	0.2068	PASS
Design Pressure + Seismic	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	27,930	0.363	PASS

- P-chair = Anchor Chair Uplift Load
- P-design = Anchor Chair Design Load = min(P-chair, Y-bolt)
- Sd-chair = Anchor Chair Allowable Stress
- c_min = Top Plate Minimum Required Thickness
- c_min = SQRT(((P-design / (Sd-chair * f)) * ((0.375 * g) (0.22 * d)))) + (2 * CA)
- Governing Uplift Case = Seismic Load
- Governing Thickness (c_min) = 0.363 in

Top Plate Stress

Uplift Cases	P-chair (lbf)	P-design (lbf)	S_top-plate (psi)	Sd-chair (psi)	Stress Ratio	Status
Design Pressure	0.0	0.0	0.0	21,000	0.0%	PASS
Test Pressure	0.0	0.0	0.0	21,000	0.0%	PASS
Wind Load	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	4,779.1468	27,930	17.11%	PASS
Seismic Load	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	14,721.1739	27,930	52.71%	PASS
Design Pressure + Wind	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	4,779.1468	27,930	17.11%	PASS
Design Pressure + Seismic	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	14,721.1739	27,930	52.71%	PASS

- P-chair = Anchor Chair Uplift Load
- P-design = Anchor Chair Design Load = min(P-chair, Y-bolt)
- S_top-plate = Top Plate Stress
- S_top-plate = (P-design / (f * (c_corr^2))) * ((0.375 * g) (0.22 * d))
- Sd-chair = Anchor Chair Allowable Stress
- Governing Uplift Case = Seismic Load
- Governing Stress (S_top-plate) = 14,721.1739 psi

Z = Chair Reduction Factor per AISI T-192 Part V, Eq 5-4

Shell Stress at Anchor Attachment

 $Z = 1 / ((((0.177 * a * m) / SQRT((R * t))) * ((m / t)^2)) + 1)$

 $Z = 1 / ((((0.177 * 8 * 0.25) / SQRT((72.0 * 0.25)))) * ((0.25 / 0.25)^2)) + 1)$

Z = 0.923

Uplift Cases	P-chair (lbf)	P-design (lbf)	S_Shell (psi)	Sd-shell (psi)	Stress Ratio	Status
Design Pressure	0.0	0.0	0.0	24,000	0.0%	PASS

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Test Pressure	0.0	0.0	0.0	30,000	0.0%	PASS
Wind Load	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	1,992.5593	30,000	6.64%	PASS
Seismic Load	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	6,137.6671	30,000	20.46%	PASS
Design Pressure + Wind	3,154.8882	3,154.8882	1,992.5593	30,000	6.64%	PASS
Design Pressure + Seismic	9,717.9811	9,717.9811	6,137.6671	30,000	20.46%	PASS

- P-chair = Anchor Chair Uplift Load
- P-design = Anchor Chair Design Load = min(P-chair, Y-bolt)
- S_Shell = Stress at Attachment
- S_Shell = ((P-design * e) / (t^2)) * (((1.32 * Z) / (((1.43 * a * (h^2)) / (R * t)) + ((4 * a * (h^2))^0.333))) + (0.031 / SQRT((R * t))))
- Sd-shell = Allowable Stress at Anchor Attachment
- Governing Uplift Case = Seismic Load
- Governing Stress (S_Shell) = 6,137.6671 psi
- Governing Allowable Stress (Sd-Shell) = 30,000 psi

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Appurtenances Design Back

Plan View

LABEL	MARK	CUST. MARK	DESCRIPTION	OUTSIDE PROJ (in)	INSIDE PROJ (in)	ORIENT	RADIUS (in)	REMARKS	REF DWG
Circular- Manway- 0001	RM01A		24" ROOF MANWAY	10"	1"	180 '	2'-6"		
Coupling- 0001	RCP01A		2" 3000# ROOF HALF-THR COUPLING		0"	0 '	4'-2"		
Coupling- 0002	RCP01A		2" 3000# ROOF HALF-THR COUPLING		0"	90 '	4'-2"		

Elevation View

LABEL	MARK	CUST. MARK	DESCRIPTION	OUTSIDE PROJ (in)	INSIDE PROJ (in)	ORIENT	ELEVATION (in)	REMARKS	REF DWG
А	SN01A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	0 '	10 1/4"		
Anchor- Chair- Bolts	AC01A		ANCHOR CHAIRS			SEE TABLE			
В	SN01A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	90 '	10 1/4"		
С	SN01A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	180 '	10 1/4"		
D	SN01A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	270 '	10 1/4"		
Е	SN01A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	0 '	22'-11"		Ì
F	SN02A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	45 '	22'-11"	W/ BLIND	
G	SN02A		4" SHELL NOZZLE	7"	1"	75 '	11"	W/ BLIND	
Name- Plate	NP01A		STD API			0 '	3'-4"		

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Shell Nozzle: A

Repad Design

```
NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO
Material: A53-B
t_rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)
t_n = (Thickness of Neck)
Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)
Sd s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)
CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)
MOUNTED ON SHELL 1: Elevation = 0.8542 ft
COURSE PARAMETERS:
t-calc = 0.0488 in
t_cr = 0.0488 in (Course t-calc less C.A)
t c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)
t_{Basis} = 0.0488 \text{ in}
(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)
Required Area = t_Basis * D
Required Area = 0.0488 * 4.5
Required Area = 0.2197 in2
Available Shell Area = (t c - t Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0488) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 0.9053 in2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.2197 - 0.9053 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
No Reinforcement Pad required.
t_shell_PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)
Nozzle Neck Material Properties
```

As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi

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Material = A53-B

```
t_shell_PWHT = t-plate
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25
t shell PWHT = 0.25 in
```

Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements

D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in) Group = Shell Material Group t_shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)

D = 4 in Group = I t shell = 0.25 in

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 12 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (t_PWHT) = 1 in/hr

Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).

Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: B

Repad Design

NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO

Material: A53-B

t_rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)

t n = (Thickness of Neck)

Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)

Sd_s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)

CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)

MOUNTED ON SHELL 1: Elevation = 0.8542 ft

COURSE PARAMETERS:

t-calc = 0.0488 in

t cr = 0.0488 in (Course t-calc less C.A)

t c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)

t Basis = 0.0488 in

(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)

Required Area = t_Basis * D Required Area = 0.0488 * 4.5

Required Area = 0.0466 4.3

Required Area = 0.2197 in2

Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0488) * 4.5

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```
Available Shell Area = 0.9053 in2
```

```
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)

Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)

Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in2

A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)

A-rpr = 0.2197 - 0.9053 - 0.7693

A-rpr = 0 in2

Since A-rpr <= 0, t rpr = 0
```

No Reinforcement Pad required.

t shell PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)

Nozzle Neck Material Properties

Material = A53-B

As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi

```
t_shell_PWHT = t-plate
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25
t shell PWHT = 0.25 in
```

Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements

D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in) Group = Shell Material Group t shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)

D = 4 in Group = I t shell = 0.25 in

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (D_PWHT) = 12 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (T_ratio_PWHT) = 1 in/hr

Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).

Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: C

Repad Design

NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO

Material: A53-B

t_rpr = (Repad Required Thickness) t_n = (Thickness of Neck) Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)

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```
Sd_s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)
CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)
MOUNTED ON SHELL 1: Elevation = 0.8542 ft
COURSE PARAMETERS:
t-calc = 0.0488 in
t cr = 0.0488 in (Course t-calc less C.A)
t c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)
t_Basis = 0.0488 in
(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)
Required Area = t_Basis * D
Required Area = 0.0488 * 4.5
Required Area = 0.2197 in2
Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0488) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 0.9053 in2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.2197 - 0.9053 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
No Reinforcement Pad required.
t shell PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)
Nozzle Neck Material Properties
Material = A53-B
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi
t_shell_PWHT = t-plate
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25
t shell PWHT = 0.25 in
Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements
D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in)
Group = Shell Material Group
t_shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)
D = 4 in
Group = I
t_shell = 0.25 in
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in
```

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (D PWHT) = 12 in

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As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (T_ratio_PWHT) = 1 in/hr
Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).
Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: D

Repad Design

```
NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO
Material: A53-B
t rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)
t_n = (Thickness of Neck)
Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)
Sd s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)
CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)
MOUNTED ON SHELL 1: Elevation = 0.8542 ft
COURSE PARAMETERS:
t-calc = 0.0488 in
t_cr = 0.0488 in (Course t-calc less C.A)
t c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)
t Basis = 0.0488 in
(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)
Required Area = t Basis * D
Required Area = 0.0488 * 4.5
Required Area = 0.2197 in2
Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0488) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 0.9053 in 2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1) Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in 2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.2197 - 0.9053 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
No Reinforcement Pad required.
t_shell_PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)
```

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Nozzle Neck Material Properties

Material = A53-B

As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi

t_shell_PWHT = t-plate t_shell_PWHT = 0.25 t shell PWHT = 0.25 in

Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements

D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in) Group = Shell Material Group t shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)

D = 4 in Group = I t shell = 0.25 in

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 12 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (t_PWHT) = 1 in/hr

Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).

Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: E

Repad Design

NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO

Material: A53-B

t rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)

t_n = (Thickness of Neck)

Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)

Sd_s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)

CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)

MOUNTED ON SHELL 3: Elevation = 22.9167 ft

COURSE PARAMETERS:

t-calc = 0.0149 in

 $t_cr = 0.0149$ in (Course t-calc less C.A)

 $t_c = 0.25$ in (Course t less C.A.)

t Basis = 0.0149 in

(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)

Required Area = t_Basis * D Required Area = 0.0149 * 4.5

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```
Required Area = 0.0669 in2
Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0149) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 1.0581 in2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.0669 - 1.0581 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
No Reinforcement Pad required.
t shell PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)
Nozzle Neck Material Properties
Material = A53-B
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi
t_shell_PWHT = t-plate
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25 in
Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements
D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in)
Group = Shell Material Group
t shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)
D = 4 in
Group = I
t shell = 0.25 in
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t PWHT) = 1 in
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (D_PWHT) = 12 in
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness
(T ratio PWHT) = 1 in/hr
Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).
Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).
```

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: F

Repad Design

NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO

Material: A53-B

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```
t rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)
t n = (Thickness of Neck)
Sd_n = (Stress of Neck Material)
Sd s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)
CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)
MOUNTED ON SHELL 3: Elevation = 22.9167 ft
COURSE PARAMETERS:
t-calc = 0.0149 in
t cr = 0.0149 in (Course t-calc less C.A)
t_c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)
t Basis = 0.0149 in
(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)
Required Area = t_Basis * D
Required Area = 0.0149 * 4.5
Required Area = 0.0669 in2
Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0149) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 1.0581 in2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in 2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.0669 - 1.0581 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
No Reinforcement Pad required.
t_shell_PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)
Nozzle Neck Material Properties
Material = A53-B
As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi
t_shell_PWHT = t_plate
t shell PWHT = 0.25
t_shell_PWHT = 0.25 in
Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements
D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in)
Group = Shell Material Group
t shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)
D = 4 in
```

Group = I

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```
t_shell = 0.25 in
```

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (D_PWHT) = 12 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (T_ratio_PWHT) = 1 in/hr
Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).
Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).
As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Shell Nozzle: G

Repad Design

```
NOZZLE Description: 4 in SCH 80 TYPE RFSO
Material: A53-B
t_rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)
t_n = (Thickness of Neck)
Sd n = (Stress of Neck Material)
Sd_s = (Stress of Shell Course Material)
CA = (Corrosion Allowance of Neck)
MOUNTED ON SHELL 1: Elevation = 0.9167 ft
COURSE PARAMETERS:
t-calc = 0.0488 in
t_cr = 0.0488 in (Course t-calc less C.A)
t c = 0.25 in (Course t less C.A.)
t Basis = 0.0488 in
(SHELL NOZZLE REF. API-650 TABLE 5.6B, AND FOOTNOTE A OF TABLE 5-7)
Required Area = t Basis * D
Required Area = 0.0488 * 4.5
Required Area = 0.2197 in 2
Available Shell Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D
Available Shell Area = (0.25 - 0.0488) * 4.5
Available Shell Area = 0.9053 in 2
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - CA) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.337 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.337 - 0) * MIN((15,000/21,000) 1)
Available Nozzle Neck Area = 0.7693 in2
A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Shell Area - Available Nozzle Neck Area)
A-rpr = 0.2197 - 0.9053 - 0.7693
A-rpr = 0 in2
Since A-rpr \leq 0, t_rpr = 0
```

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No Reinforcement Pad required.

t_shell_PWHT = Thickness of the shell plate, insert plate, or thickened insert plate for PWHT (in)

Nozzle Neck Material Properties

Material = A53-B

As per API-650 J.3.3 and A.4.1, Allowable Design Stress (Sd-neck) = 21,000 psi

t_shell_PWHT = t-plate t_shell_PWHT = 0.25 t_shell_PWHT = 0.25 in

Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) Requirements

D = Nozzle Nominal Diameter (NPS) (in) Group = Shell Material Group t shell = Shell Plate Thickness (in)

D = 4 in Group = I $t_shell = 0.25 \text{ in}$

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Plate Thickness Limit for PWHT (t_PWHT) = 1 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Lower Nozzle Diameter Limit for PWHT (D_PWHT) = 12 in As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Time Required for PWHT for incremental thickness (T_ratio_PWHT) = 1 in/hr

Shell thickness (0.25 in) is less than or equal to specified lower limit (1 in).

Diameter (4 in) is less than specified lower limit (12 in).

As per API 650, 13th Ed, Section 5.7.4.2, Thermal Stress Relief (PWHT) is not required.

Roof Manway: Circular-Manway-0001

Repad Design

(Per API-650 Section 5.8.4 and other references below) MANWAY Description : 24 in Neck Thickness 0.25

Material: A36

t_rpr = (Repad Required Thickness)

MOUNTED ON ROOF: Elevation = 24.648 ft

ROOF PARAMETERS:

t-calc = 0.1875 in

 $t_cr = 0.25$ in (Roof t-act less C.A)

t c = 0.25 in

t Basis = 0.1875 in

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(FOR ROOF MANWAY, REF. API-650 FIG 5-16, TABLE 5-13)

Required Area = t_Basis * D Required Area = 0.1875 * 24 Required Area = 4.5 in2

Available Roof Area = (t_c - t_Basis) * D Available Roof Area = (0.25 - 0.1875) * 24 Available Roof Area = 1.5 in2

Available Manway Neck Area = $2 * [(4 * (t_n - CA)) + t_c] * (t_n - ca) * MIN((Sd_n/Sd_s) 1)$ Available Manway Neck Area = 2 * [(4 * (0.25 - 0)) + 0.25] * (0.25 - 0) * MIN((23,200/21,000) 1)Available Manway Neck Area = 0.625 in2

A-rpr = (Required Area - Available Roof Area - Available Manway Neck Area) A-rpr = 4.5 - 1.5 - 0.625 A-rpr = 2.375 in2

As per API-650 J.3.6.3, since roof loads does not exceed 25 psf, t_rpr = 0

No Reinforcement Pad required.

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Normal and Emergency Venting (API-2000 7th Edition) Back

Normal Venting

insulation_type = Insulation type

latitude = Latitude zone

R i = Reduction factor for insulation per API-2000 Sections 3.3.2.3.2 and 3.3.2.3.3

T = Product storage temperature (°F)

vapor-pressure-type = Vapor pressure type

Vi = Total required in-breathing volumetric flow rate (ft^3/hr)

V_ip = Required in-breathing flow rate due to liquid movement per *API-2000 Section 3.3.2.2, Eq 6* (ft^3/hr)

V_IT = Required in-breathing flow rate due to thermal effects per *API-2000 Section 3.3.2.3.3, Eq 10* (ft^3/hr)

Vo = Total required out-breathing volumetric flow rate (ft^3/hr)

V_op = Required out-breathing flow rate due to liquid movement per *API-2000 Section 3.3.2.2.1-a, Eq 2* (ft^3/hr)

V_OT = Required out-breathing flow rate due to thermal effects per *API-2000 Section 3.3.2.3.2, Eq 8* (ft^3/hr)

V_pe = Maximum emptying rate (gpm)

V_pf = Maximum filling rate (gpm)

V_tk = Tank capacity (gal)

insulation_type = NO-INSULATION

latitude = BETWEEN-42-AND-58

T = 100 °F

vapor-pressure-type = HEXANE-OR-SIMILAR

V pe = 100 qpm

V pf = 100 gpm

 $V_{tk} = 20,456.4083 \text{ gal}$

Ri=1

Ri=1

 $R^{-}i = 1$

In-breathing

V_ip = 8.02 * V_pe

 $V_{ip} = 8.02 * 100$

 $V_{ip} = 802.0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}$

 $V_{ip} = 802 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr of air}$

As per API-2000 Section 3.3.2.3.3, Table 2, Vapor Pressure Factor (C) = 5

 $V_{IT} = 3.08 * C * (V_{tk} - 0.7) * R_{i}$

 $V_{IT} = 3.08 * 5 * (2,734.624^{0.7}) * 1$

 $V IT = 3,920.5686 ft^3/hr$

 $V IT = 3.920.5686 ft^3/hr of air$

 $Vi = V_ip + V_IT$

Vi = 802.0 + 3,920.5686

 $Vi = 4.722.5686 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}$

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```
Vi = 4,722.5686 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr of air}
Out-breathing
V \text{ op} = 8.02 * V \text{ pf}
V_{op} = 8.02 * 100
V_{op} = 802.0 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}
V_{op} = 802 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr of air}
As per API-2000 Section 3.3.2.3.2, Table 1, Latitude Factor (Y) = 0.25
V_OT = 1.51 * Y * (V_tk^0.9) * R_i
V OT = 1.51 * 0.25 * (2,734.624^0.9) * 1
V_OT = 467.8696 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr}
V_OT = 467.8695 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr of air}
Vo = V_op + V_OT
Vo = 802.0 + 467.8696
Vo = 1,269.8696 ft^3/hr
Vo = 1,269.8695 \text{ ft}^3/\text{hr of air}
Emergency Venting
ATWS = Wetted surface area (ft^2)
D = Tank diameter (ft)
F = Environmental factor per API-2000 Section 3.3.3.3.4
H = Tank height (ft)
insulation_type = Insulation type
P_g = Design pressure (psi)
q = Required emergency venting capacity per API-2000 Section 3.3.3.3.4, Table 6 (ft^3/hr)
vapor-pressure-type = Vapor pressure type
D = 12.0 \text{ ft}
H = 24 \text{ ft}
insulation_type = NO-INSULATION
P g = 0.0 psi
vapor-pressure-type = HEXANE-OR-SIMILAR
As per API-2000 Table 9, Environmental factor for insulation (F_ins) = 1.0
As per API-2000 Table 9, Environmental factor for drainage (F_drain) = 1.0
F = MIN(F_ins , F_drain)
F = MIN(1.0, 1.0)
F = 1.0
ATWS = pi * D * MIN(H, 30)
ATWS = pi * 12.0 * MIN(24, 30)
ATWS = 904.7787 \text{ ft}^2
```

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q = 494481.3921 * F q = 494481.3921 * 1.0 q = 494,481.3921 ft^3/hr

Capacities and Weights Back

Capacity to Top of Shell (to Tank Height): 20,163 gal

Capacity to Design Liquid Level: 20,163 gal Capacity to Maximum Liquid Level: 20,163 gal Working Capacity (to Normal Working Level): 0 gal

Net working Capacity (Working Capacity - Min Capacity): -840 gal

Minimum Capacity (to Min Liq Level): 840 gal

Component	New Condition (lbf)	Corroded (lbf)
SHELL	9,204	9,204
ROOF	1,216	1,216
RAFTERS	0	0
GIRDERS	0	0
FRAMING	0	0
COLUMNS	0	0
TRUSS	0	0
STRUCTURE COMPONENTS	0	0
воттом	1,187	1,187
STAIRWAYS	0	0
ACCESS	0	0
STIFFENERS	271	271
WIND GIRDERS	0	0
ANCHOR CHAIRS	91	91
SHELL APPURTENANCES	190	190
ROOF APPURTENANCES	149	149
BOTTOM APPURTENANCES	0	0
INSULATION	0	0
FLOATING ROOF	0	0
TOTAL	12,309.3158	12,309.3158

Weight of Tank, Empty: 12,309.3158 lbf

Weight of Tank, Full of Product (Design SG = 1): 181,759.3158 lbf

Weight of Tank, Full of Water: 181,759.6155 lbf

Net Working Weight, Full of Product (Design SG = 1): 174,699.1863 lbf

Net Working Weight Full of Water: 174,699.1863 lbf

Foundation Area Req'd: 116.2607 ft2

Foundation Loading, Empty: 105.8768 lbf/ft2

Foundation Loading, Full of Product Design: 1,563.3764 lbf/ft2

Foundation Loading, Full of Water: 1,563.379 lbf/ft2

SURFACE AREAS Roof: 117.4901 ft2 Shell: 901.637 ft2 Bottom: 116.2607 ft2

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Internal Pressure Moment : 0 lbf-ft Wind Moment : 65,719.2813 lbf-ft

Seismic Moment (Ringwall): 108,614.2967 lbf-ft Seismic Moment (Slab): 124,997.176 lbf-ft

MISCELLANEOUS ATTACHED ROOF ITEMS MISCELLANEOUS ATTACHED SHELL ITEMS

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Reactions on Foundation Back

A rss = Area of Tank Roof Supported by the Tank Shell (ft^2) A v = Vertical Earthquake Acceleration Coefficient (g) D = Tank Nominal Diameter (ft) F-wind = Wind Horizontal Force (lbf) gamma b = Bottom Plate Density (lbf/in^3) gamma w = Water Density (lb/ft^3) Hs = Tank Height (Shell Only) (ft) L dead bottom = Dead Load on Bottom per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (psf) L dead shell = Dead Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) L_hydrostatic_bottom = Hydrostatic Load on Bottom per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (psf) L internal-pressure bottom = Internal Pressure Load on Bottom per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 Lmax = Maximum Liquid Level (ft) L minimum-roof-live-load shell = Minimum Roof Live Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) L_pressure-test_bottom = Pressure Test Load on Bottom per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (psf) Lr = Minimum Roof Live Load (psf) L seismic bottom = Seismic Load on Bottom per API 650. Section 5.13. Table 5.21 (psf) L_seismic_shell = Seismic Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) L snow shell = Snow Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) L_stored-liquid_bottom = Stored Liquid Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (psf) L_vacuum_shell = Vacuum Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) L wind shell = Wind Load on Shell per API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21 (lbf/ft) M_rw = Ringwall Foundation Seismic Overturning Moment (ft.lbf) M_s = Slab Foundation Seismic Overturning Moment (ft.lbf) P = Design Internal Pressure (psi) Pt = Test pressure (psi) Pv = Design External Pressure (psi) P WS = Shell Wind Pressure (psi) S = Design Snow Load (psf) SG = Product Specific Gravity tb = Bottom Plate Thickness (in) Wr-attachments = Roof Attachments Weight (lb) Wr-ins = Roof Insulation Weight (lb) Wr-pl = Roof Plates Nominal Weight (lb) Ws-attachments = Shell Attachments Weight (lb) Ws-framing = Shell Framing Weight (lb) Ws-ins = Shell Insulation Weight (lb) Ws-pl = Shell Plates Nominal Weight (lb) W-wind = Wind Overturning Moment (ft.lbf) A rss = 117.4901 ft² A v = 0.0896 qD = 12.0 ftF-wind = 4,101.3 lbf $gamma_b = 0.2833 lbf/in^3 [489.5424 lbf/ft^3]$ gamma $w = 62.4279 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ Hs = 24 ftLmax = 24.0 ftLr = 20.0 psf

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 $M_rw = 108,614.2967 \text{ ft.lbf}$ $M_s = 124,997.176 \text{ ft.lbf}$

P = 0.0 psiPt = 0.0 psiPv = 0.0 psi $P_WS = 0.0989 \text{ psi}$ S = 0.0 psfSG = 1tb = 0.25 in [0.0208 ft]Wr-attachments = 149.4112 lb Wr-ins = 0.0 lbWr-pl = 1,198.2584 lbWs-attachments = 281.9047 lb Ws-framing = 269.7491 lb Ws-ins = 0.0 lbWs-pl = 9,203.6404 lbW-wind = 65,719.2813 ft.lbf

W_rss = Wr-pl + Wr-ins + Wr-attachments $W_rss = 1,198.2584 + 0.0 + 149.4112$

 $W_rss = 1,347.6695$ lbf

Ws = Ws-pl + Ws-ins + Ws-attachments + Ws-framing

Ws = 9,203.6404 + 0.0 + 281.9047 + 269.7491

Ws = 9,755.2942 lbf

Unfactored (Working Stress) Downward Reactions on Foundations

Load Case	Location	Equation	Value	Unit
Dead Load	Shell	(Ws + W_rss) / (pi * D)	294.5153	lbf/ft
Dead Load	Bottom	tb * gamma_b	10.1988	psf
Internal Pressure	Bottom	P	0.0	psf
Vacuum	Shell	(Pv * A_rss) / (pi * D)	0.0	lbf/ft
Hydrostatic Test	bottom	Lmax * gamma_w	1,498.2696	psf
Minimum Roof Live Load	Shell	(Lr * A_rss) / (pi * D)	62.3305	lbf/ft
Seismic	Shell	((4 * (M_rw / D)) + (0.4 * (Ws + W_rss) * A_v)) / (pi * D)	970.9167	lbf/ft
Seismic	Bottom	(32 * M_s) / (pi * (D^3))	736.8118	psf
Snow	Shell	(S * A_rss) / (pi * D)	0.0	lbf/ft
Stored Liquid	Bottom	SG * Lmax * gamma_w	1,498.2696	psf
Pressure Test	Bottom	Pt	0.0	psf
Wind	Shell	(2 * (Hs^2) * P_WS) / (pi * D)	435.1614	lbf/ft

- Seismic bottom reaction varies linearly from 32*Ms/(PI*D^3) at the tank shell to zero at the center of the tank
- API 650, Section 5.13, Table 5.21

L dead shell = (Ws + W rss) / (pi * D) $L_dead_shell = (9,755.2942 + 1,347.6695) / (pi * 12.0)$ L_dead_shell = 294.5153 lbf/ft

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```
L_dead_bottom = tb * gamma_b
L dead bottom = 0.0208 * 489.5424
L dead bottom = 10.1988 psf
L internal-pressure bottom = P
L internal-pressure bottom = 0.0
L_internal-pressure_bottom = 0.0 psf
L_vacuum_shell = (Pv * A_rss) / (pi * D)
L_vacuum_shell = (0.0 * 117.4901) / (pi * 12.0)
L vacuum shell = 0.0 lbf/ft
L hydrostatic_bottom = Lmax * gamma_w
L hydrostatic bottom = 24.0 * 62.4279
L_hydrostatic_bottom = 1,498.2696 psf
L_minimum-roof-live-load_shell = (Lr * A_rss) / (pi * D)
L_minimum-roof-live-load_shell = (20.0 * 117.4901) / (pi * 12.0)
L_minimum-roof-live-load_shell = 62.3305 lbf/ft
L_seismic_shell = ((4 * (M_rw / D)) + (0.4 * (Ws + W_rss) * A_v)) / (pi * D)
L_{seismic\_shell} = ((4 * (108,614.2967 / 12.0)) + (0.4 * (9,755.2942 + 1,347.6695) * 0.0896)) / (pi * 12.0)
L seismic shell = 970.9167 lbf/ft
L_seismic_bottom = (32 * M_s) / (pi * (D^3))
L_seismic_bottom = (32 * 124,997.176) / (pi * (12.0^3))
L_seismic_bottom = 736.8118 psf
L_snow_shell = (S * A_rss) / (pi * D)
L_snow_shell = (0.0 * 117.4901) / (pi * 12.0)
L_snow_shell = 0.0 lbf/ft
L_stored-liquid_bottom = SG * Lmax * gamma_w
L_stored-liquid_bottom = 1 * 24.0 * 62.4279
L stored-liquid bottom = 1,498.2696 psf
L_pressure-test_bottom = Pt
L pressure-test bottom = 0.0
L_pressure-test_bottom = 0.0 psf
L_wind_shell = (2 * (Hs^2) * P_WS) / (pi * D)
L_wind_shell = (2 * (24^2) * 14.2406) / (pi * 12.0)
L_wind_shell = 435.1614 lbf/ft
```

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