

class12

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Install DESeq2: `install.packages("BiocManager") BiocManager::install("DESeq2")`

```
library(BiocManager)
```

```
library(DESeq2)
```

Loading required package: S4Vectors

Loading required package: stats4

Loading required package: BiocGenerics

Loading required package: generics

Attaching package: 'generics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

```
as.difftime, as.factor, as.ordered, intersect, is.element, setdiff,  
setequal, union
```

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

```
IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
```

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

```
anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,  
colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,  
get, grep, grepl, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget,  
order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank,  
rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, saveRDS, table, tapply, unique,  
unsplit, which.max, which.min
```

Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

The following object is masked from 'package:utils':

```
findMatches
```

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

```
expand.grid, I, unname
```

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: Seqinfo

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats

Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

```
colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgPerRowSet, colCollapse,
colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgPerColSet,
rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars
```

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

```
Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
```

Attaching package: 'Biobase'

The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':

```
rowMedians
```

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

```
anyMissing, rowMedians
```

Background

Today we will analyze some RNAseq data from Himes et al. on the effects of a common steroid (dexamethasone also called “dex”) on airway smooth muscle cells (ASMs). For this analysis we need two main inputs: 1. `countData`: a table of **counts** per gene (in rows) across experiments (in columns) 2. `colData`: **metadata** about the design of the experiments, the rows here must match the columns in `countData`

Data Import

```
counts <- read.csv("airway_scaledcounts.csv", row.names = 1)
metadata <- read.csv("airway_metadata.csv")
```

Let's have a wee peek at our `counts` data

```
head(counts)
```

	SRR1039508	SRR1039509	SRR1039512	SRR1039513	SRR1039516
ENSG000000000003	723	486	904	445	1170
ENSG000000000005	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG000000000419	467	523	616	371	582
ENSG000000000457	347	258	364	237	318
ENSG000000000460	96	81	73	66	118
ENSG000000000938	0	0	1	0	2
	SRR1039517	SRR1039520	SRR1039521		
ENSG000000000003	1097	806	604		
ENSG000000000005	0	0	0		
ENSG000000000419	781	417	509		
ENSG000000000457	447	330	324		
ENSG000000000460	94	102	74		
ENSG000000000938	0	0	0		

Add the metadata

```
metadata
```

	id	dex	celltype	geo_id
1	SRR1039508	control	N61311	GSM1275862
2	SRR1039509	treated	N61311	GSM1275863

```
3 SRR1039512 control N052611 GSM1275866
4 SRR1039513 treated N052611 GSM1275867
5 SRR1039516 control N080611 GSM1275870
6 SRR1039517 treated N080611 GSM1275871
7 SRR1039520 control N061011 GSM1275874
8 SRR1039521 treated N061011 GSM1275875
```

Q1. How many “genes” are in this dataset?

```
nrow(counts)
```

```
[1] 38694
```

Q2. How many experiments (i.e. columns in `counts` or rows in `metadata`) are there?

```
ncol(counts)
```

```
[1] 8
```

Q3. How many “control” experiments are there in the dataset?

```
sum(metadata$dex == "control")
```

```
[1] 4
```

Toy analysis example

1. Extract the “control” columns from `counts`
2. Calculate the mean value for each gene (rows) in these “control” columns 11/9/25, 11:25 PM 10/15/2025 - Posit Cloud <https://posit.cloud/spaces/707042/content/11139485> 4/7
- 3-4. Do the same for the “treated” columns
3. Compare these mean values for each gene

Step 1.

```
control.inds <- metadata$dex == "control"
control.counts <- counts[,control.inds]
head(control.counts)
```

	SRR1039508	SRR1039512	SRR1039516	SRR1039520
ENSG000000000003	723	904	1170	806
ENSG000000000005	0	0	0	0
ENSG000000000419	467	616	582	417
ENSG000000000457	347	364	318	330
ENSG000000000460	96	73	118	102
ENSG000000000938	0	1	2	0

Step 2.

```
control.mean <- rowMeans(control.counts)
```

Step 3 and 4.

```
treated.inds <- metadata$dex == "treated"
treated.counts <- counts[,treated.inds]
head(treated.counts)
```

	SRR1039509	SRR1039513	SRR1039517	SRR1039521
ENSG000000000003	486	445	1097	604
ENSG000000000005	0	0	0	0
ENSG000000000419	523	371	781	509
ENSG000000000457	258	237	447	324
ENSG000000000460	81	66	94	74
ENSG000000000938	0	0	0	0

```
treated.mean <- rowMeans(treated.counts)
```

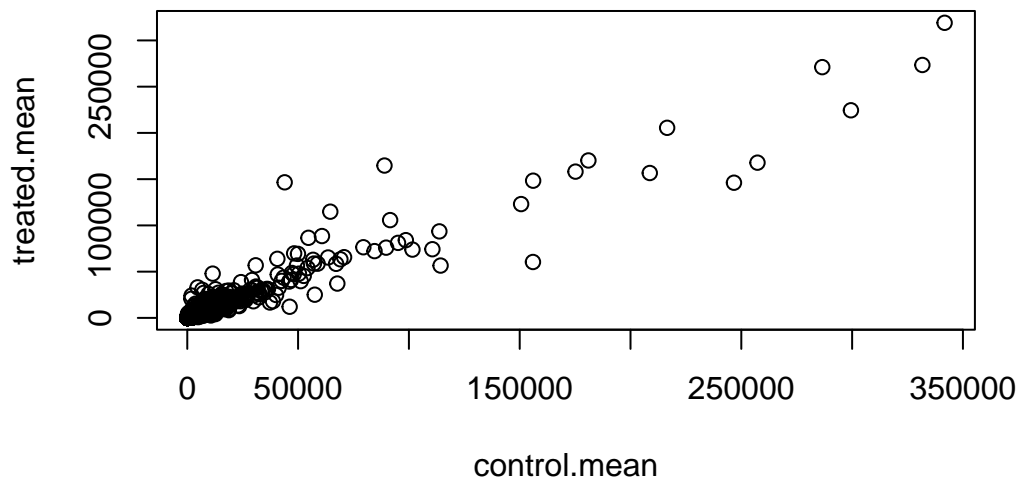
Step 5. For ease of book-keeping we can store these together in one data frame called `meancounts`

```
meancounts <- data.frame(control.mean, treated.mean)
head(meancounts)
```

	control.mean	treated.mean
ENSG000000000003	900.75	658.00
ENSG000000000005	0.00	0.00
ENSG000000000419	520.50	546.00
ENSG000000000457	339.75	316.50
ENSG000000000460	97.25	78.75
ENSG000000000938	0.75	0.00

Plot these against each other

```
plot(meancounts)
```

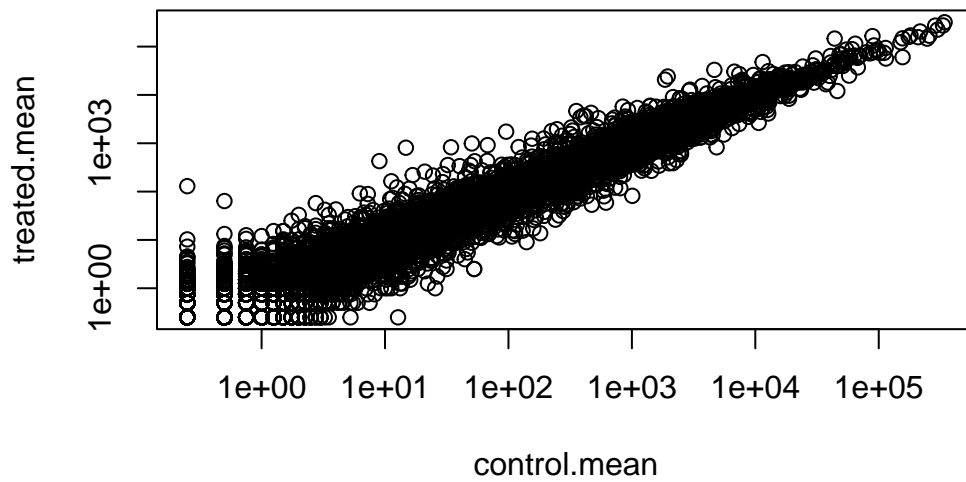


This is screaming at me to log transform!

```
plot(meancounts, log="xy")
```

```
Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15032 x values <= 0 omitted  
from logarithmic plot
```

```
Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15281 y values <= 0 omitted  
from logarithmic plot
```



We use log2 “fold-change” as a way to compare.

```
#treated/control  
log2(10/10)
```

```
[1] 0
```

```
log2(20/10)
```

```
[1] 1
```

```
log2(5/10)
```

```
[1] -1
```

```
log2(40/10)
```

```
[1] 2
```



```
meancounts$log2fc <- log2(meancounts$treated.mean/meancounts$control.mean)
head(meancounts)
```

	control.mean	treated.mean	log2fc
ENSG000000000003	900.75	658.00	-0.45303916
ENSG000000000005	0.00	0.00	NaN
ENSG0000000000419	520.50	546.00	0.06900279
ENSG0000000000457	339.75	316.50	-0.10226805
ENSG0000000000460	97.25	78.75	-0.30441833
ENSG0000000000938	0.75	0.00	-Inf

Alternate method find zero values

```
# 11/9/25, 11:25 PM 10/15/2025 - Posit Cloud
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x <- c(1,5,0,5)
which(x==0)
```

```
[1] 3
```

```
y <- data.frame(a=c(1,5,0,5), b=c(1,0,5,5))
y
```

	a	b
1	1	1
2	5	0
3	0	5
4	5	5

```
which(y==0, arr.ind = T)
```

	row	col
[1,]	3	1
[2,]	2	2

```
zero.inds <- which(meancounts[,1:2]==0, arr.ind=T)[,1]  
mygenes <- meancounts[-zero.inds,]
```

A common “rule-of-thumb” threshold for calling something “up” regulated is a log2-fold-change of +2 or greater. For down regulated -2 or less.

Q. How many genes are “up” regulated at the +2 log2FC threshold?

```
table(meancounts$log2fc>=2)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE  
23348  1910
```

```
sum(mygenes$log2fc>=2)
```

```
[1] 314
```

Q. How many genes are “down” regulated at the -2 log2FC threshold?

```
table(meancounts$log2fc<=-2)
```

```
FALSE  TRUE  
1846  23412
```

DESeq analysis

Let’s do this with DESeq2 and put some stats behind these numbers.

```
library(DESeq2)
```

DESeq wants 3 things for analysis, countData, colData, and design.

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = counts,  
                              colData = metadata,  
                              design = ~dex)
```

converting counts to integer mode

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

The main function in the DESeq package to run analysis is called DESeq().

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

Get the results out of this DESeq object with the function results().

```
res <- results(dds)
head(res)
```

log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control

Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control

DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns

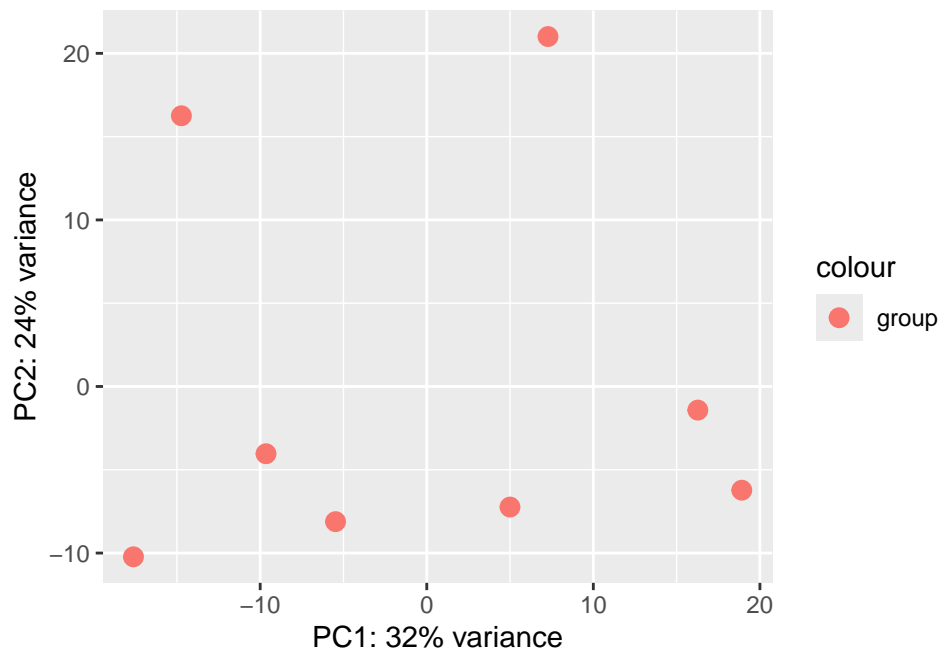
	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG000000000003	747.194195	-0.350703	0.168242	-2.084514	0.0371134
ENSG000000000005	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENSG0000000000419	520.134160	0.206107	0.101042	2.039828	0.0413675
ENSG0000000000457	322.664844	0.024527	0.145134	0.168996	0.8658000
ENSG0000000000460	87.682625	-0.147143	0.256995	-0.572550	0.5669497
ENSG0000000000938	0.319167	-1.732289	3.493601	-0.495846	0.6200029
	padj				
	<numeric>				

ENSG000000000003	0.163017
ENSG000000000005	NA
ENSG0000000000419	0.175937
ENSG0000000000457	0.961682
ENSG0000000000460	0.815805
ENSG0000000000938	NA

PCA

```
vsd <- vst(dds, blind = FALSE)
plotPCA(vsd, intgroup = c("dex"))
```

using ntop=500 top features by variance



```
pcaData <- plotPCA(vsd, intgroup=c("dex"), returnData=TRUE)
```

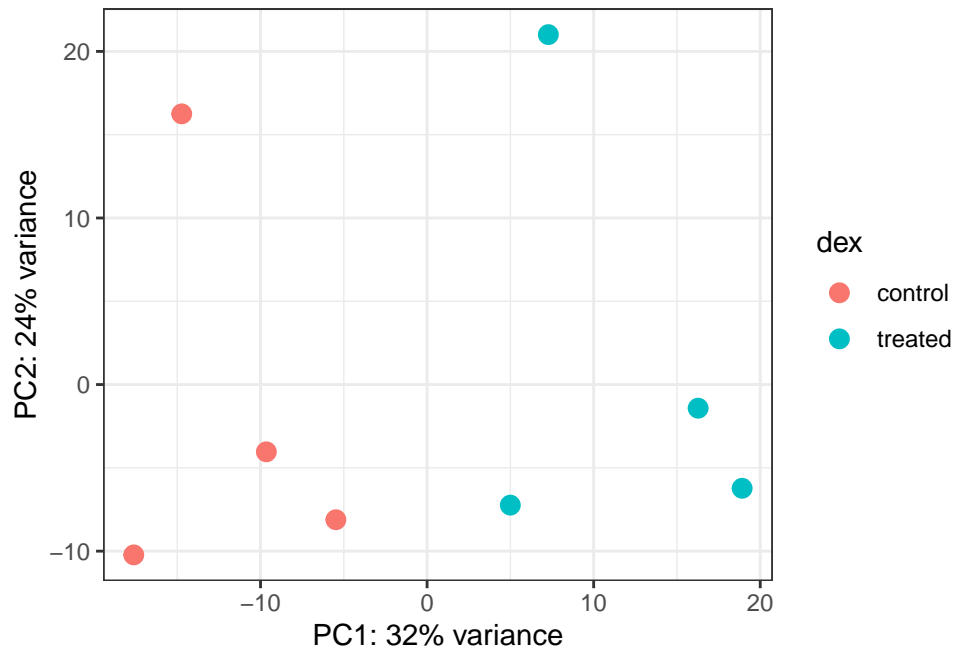
using ntop=500 top features by variance

```
head(pcaData)
```

	PC1	PC2	group	name	id	dex	celltype
SRR1039508	-17.607922	-10.225252	control	SRR1039508	SRR1039508	control	N61311
SRR1039509	4.996738	-7.238117	treated	SRR1039509	SRR1039509	treated	N61311
SRR1039512	-5.474456	-8.113993	control	SRR1039512	SRR1039512	control	N052611
SRR1039513	18.912974	-6.226041	treated	SRR1039513	SRR1039513	treated	N052611
SRR1039516	-14.729173	16.252000	control	SRR1039516	SRR1039516	control	N080611
SRR1039517	7.279863	21.008034	treated	SRR1039517	SRR1039517	treated	N080611
	geo_id	sizeFactor					
SRR1039508	GSM1275862	1.0193796					
SRR1039509	GSM1275863	0.9005653					
SRR1039512	GSM1275866	1.1784239					
SRR1039513	GSM1275867	0.6709854					
SRR1039516	GSM1275870	1.1731984					
SRR1039517	GSM1275871	1.3929361					

```
# Calculate percent variance per PC for the plot axis labels
percentVar <- round(100 * attr(pcaData, "percentVar"))
```

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(pcaData) +
  aes(x = PC1, y = PC2, color = dex) +
  geom_point(size = 3) +
  xlab(paste0("PC1: ", percentVar[1], "% variance")) +
  ylab(paste0("PC2: ", percentVar[2], "% variance")) +
  coord_fixed() +
  theme_bw()
```

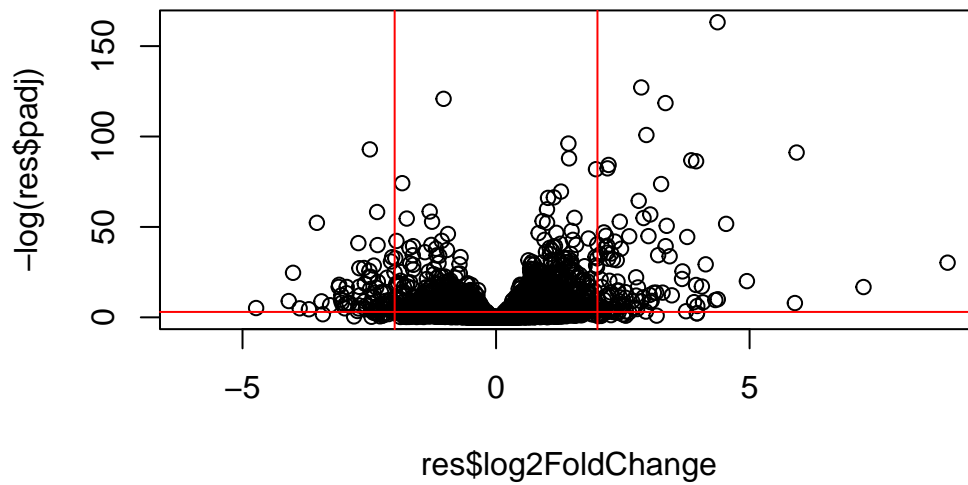


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Volcano Plot

This is a plot of \log_2FC vs adjusted p-value

```
plot(res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj))  
abline(v=c(-2,2), col="red")  
abline(h=-log(0.05), col="red")
```



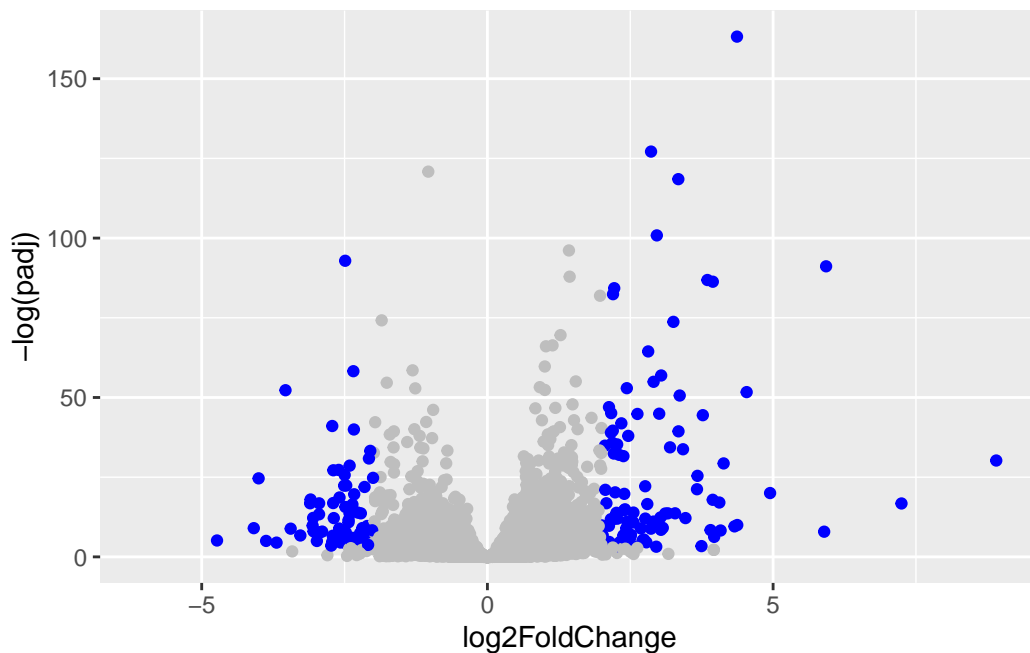
Save our results

```
write.csv(res, file="myresults.csv")
```

Make a nicer ggplot with color.

```
library(ggplot2)
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))
mycols[abs(res$log2FoldChange)>2] <- "blue"
mycols[res$padj>=0.05] <- "gray"
ggplot(res)+
  aes(log2FoldChange, -log(padj))+
  geom_point(col=mycols)
```

Warning: Removed 23549 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range (`geom_point()`).



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```
library(pathview)
```

```
#####
Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
```

```
The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG
license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).
```

```
#####
```

```
library(gage)
```



```
library(gageData)

data(kegg.sets.hs)

# Examine the first 2 pathways in this kegg set for humans
head(kegg.sets.hs, 2)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
[1] "10"    "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"

$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
[1] "10"      "1066"   "10720"  "10941"  "151531" "1548"   "1549"   "1551"
[9] "1553"    "1576"   "1577"   "1806"   "1807"   "1890"   "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251"    "3614"   "3615"   "3704"   "51733"  "54490"  "54575"  "54576"
[25] "54577"   "54578"  "54579"  "54600"  "54657"  "54658"  "54659"  "54963"
[33] "574537"  "64816"  "7083"   "7084"   "7172"   "7363"   "7364"   "7365"
[41] "7366"    "7367"   "7371"   "7372"   "7378"   "7498"   "79799"  "83549"
[49] "8824"    "8833"   "9"      "978"
```

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
[1] -0.35070296      NA  0.20610728  0.02452701 -0.14714263 -1.73228897
```

```
# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
```

```
attributes(keggres)
```

```
$names
[1] "greater" "less"    "stats"
```

```
# Look at the first three down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less, 3)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val	q.val
hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism	NA	NaN	NA	NA
hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes	NA	NaN	NA	NA

hsa01100 Metabolic pathways	NA	NaN	NA	NA
	set.size	exp1		
hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism	0	NA		
hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes	0	NA		
hsa01100 Metabolic pathways	0	NA		

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa05310")
```

Warning: None of the genes or compounds mapped to the pathway!
Argument gene.idtype or cpd.idtype may be wrong.

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/kelseyfierro/Desktop/UCSD/bggn 213 - bioinformatics fall25,

Info: Writing image file hsa05310.pathview.png