Bioinformatics Lessons Schedule

NOTE: It's already changed 3 times, so it will continue to change as we go forward.

| Date | Subject |
|-------|---|
| 10-22 | Terminus |
| 10-29 | Server Basics |
| 11-5 | Server Basics, continued |
| 11-12 | Server Basics, continued |
| 11-19 | How to run software on the server |
| 11-26 | No lesson, week of Thanksgiving |
| 12-03 | Basic Git |
| 12-10 | Start running through RRBS (or RNA-seq) |
| 12-17 | Continue from the previous week |
| 12-24 | Christmas break |
| 12-31 | Christmas break |
| 01-07 | Resume lessons |

How to Use the Server

Command-Line Basic Navigation (continued)

• * = match all characters

```
$ ls
f1.txt f1.log f2.txt f2.log f3.txt
f3.log f4.txt f4.log f5.txt f5.log
$ ls *.txt
f1.txt f2.txt f3.txt f4.txt f5.txt
```

```
* = match all characters
? = match a single character
$ 1s
f1.txt f1.log f2.txt f2.log f3.txt f3.log f4.txt f4.log f5.txt f5.log
$ 1s *.txt
f1.txt f2.txt f3.txt f4.txt f5.txt
$ 1s f?.log
```

f1.log f2.log f3.log f4.log f5.log

```
    * = match all characters
    ? = match a single character
    [] = match a range of values
    $ 1s
    f1.txt f1.log f2.txt f2.log f3.txt f3.log f4.txt f4.log f5.txt f5.log
    [] = match a range of values
    $ 1s *.txt
    f1.txt f2.txt f3.txt f4.txt f5.txt
    $ 1s f?.log
    f1.log f2.log f3.log f4.log f5.log
    $ 1s f[2-4]*
    f2.txt f2.log f3.txt f3.log f4.txt
```

f4.log

```
* = match all characters
? = match a single character
[] = match a range of values
! = NOT (just like R)
$ ls
$ ls</
```

- * = match all characters
- ? = match a single character
- [] = match a range of values
- ! = NOT (just like R)
- {} = match a list of values
- You can use as many wildcards as you can think of

```
$ ls
f1.txt f1.log f2.txt f2.log f3.txt
f3.log f4.txt f4.log f5.txt f5.log
$ ls f[!2-4]*
f1.txt f1.log f5.txt f5.log
$ ls *[1-3]?{txt,log}
f1.txt f1.log f2.txt f2.log f3.txt
f3.log
```

PRACTICE BREAK

• history = remembers (up to, on our system) the 1,000 previous commands

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- clear / ctrl + L = if you want a blank screen, type "clear" or hit ctrl + L to clear the screen
- There is tab completion (like in Rstudio) for command names and file paths (tab completion is your friend)

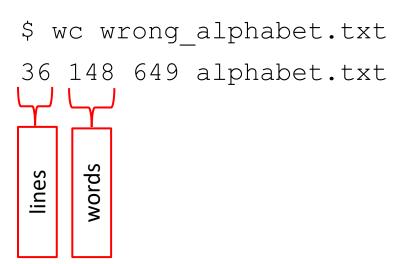
PRACTICE BREAK

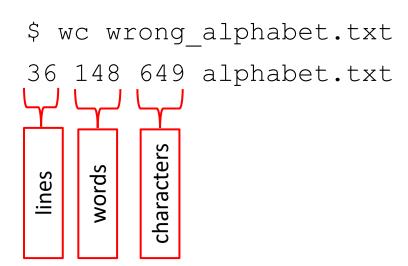
Input and Output (I/O)

```
$ cat wrong alphabet.txt
L is for llama
D is for donkey
O is for octopus
R is for raccoon
X is for x-ray tetra
T is for tarantula
N is for narwhal
V is for vicuna
Y is for yak
G is for Galapagos tortoise
P is for penguin
M is for mongoose
E is for elephant shrew
W is for warthog
H is for hippopotamus
J is for jackal
F is for flamingo
K is for kangaroo
A is for aardvark
C is for chihuahua
Z is for zebra
I is for iquana
Q is for quetzal
B is for bumblebee
U is for unicorn
S is for squirrel
Z is for zebra
K is for kangaroo
Y is for yak
A is for aardvark
Q is for quetzal
N is for narwhal
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G is for Galapagos tortoise
B is for bumblebee
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```

\$ wc wrong_alphabet.txt
36 148 649 alphabet.txt

```
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```





- wc = "word count"
 - -l = give line count only
 - -w = give word count only
 - -c = give character count only

```
$ wc wrong_alphabet.txt
36 148 649 alphabet.txt
$ wc -l wrong_alphabet.txt
36 file1.txt
```

- wc = "word count"
 - -l = give line count only
 - -w = give word count only
 - -c = give character count only
- sort (like arrange() in R)

```
$ wc wrong_alphabet.txt
36 148 649 alphabet.txt
$ wc -l wrong_alphabet.txt
36 file1.txt
$ sort wrong_alphabet.txt
A is for aardvark
A is for aardvark
B is for bumblebee
B is for bumblebee
C is for chihuahua
```

- wc = "word count"
 - -l = give line count only
 - -w = give word count only
 - -c = give character count only
- sort (like arrange() in R)
- cut = print selected parts of files
 - -f = select columns to print
 - -d = let cut know what the delimiter is

```
$ $ wc wrong alphabet.txt
36 148 649 alphabet.txt
$ wc -1 wrong alphabet.txt
36 file1.txt
$ sort wrong alphabet.txt
A is for aardvark
A is for aardvark
B is for bumblebee
B is for bumblebee
C is for chihuahua
$ cut -d ' ' -f 4 wrong alphabet.txt
ardvark
ardvark
umblebee
umblebee
Chihuahua
```

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 - -w = give word count only
 - -c = give character count only
- sort (like arrange() in R)
- cut = print selected parts of files
 - -f = select columns to print
 - -d = let cut know what the delimiter is
- uniq = "unique"
 - -c = count

```
$ uniq wrong_alphabet.txt
L is for llama
D is for donkey
O is for octopus
R is for raccoon
X is for x-ray tetra
```

- wc = "word count"
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- grep
 - -v = NOT

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- grep
 - -v = NOT

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$ uniq wrong alphabet.txt
L is for llama
D is for donkey
O is for octopus
R is for raccoon
X is for x-ray tetra
$ uniq -c wrong alphabet.txt
      1 L is for llama
      1 D is for donkey
      1 0 is for octopus
      1 R is for raccoon
      1 X is for x-ray tetra
$ grep 'yak' wrong alphabet.txt
Y is for yak
Y is for yak
```

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O is for octopus
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$ uniq -c wrong alphabet.txt
      1 L is for llama
      1 D is for donkey
      1 0 is for octopus
      1 R is for raccoon
      1 X is for x-ray tetra
$ grep 'yak' wrong alphabet.txt
Y is for yak
Y is for yak
 grep -v 'llama' wrong alphabet.txt
D is for donkey
O is for octopus
R is for raccoon
X is for x-ray tetra
T is for tarantula
```

PRACTICE BREAK