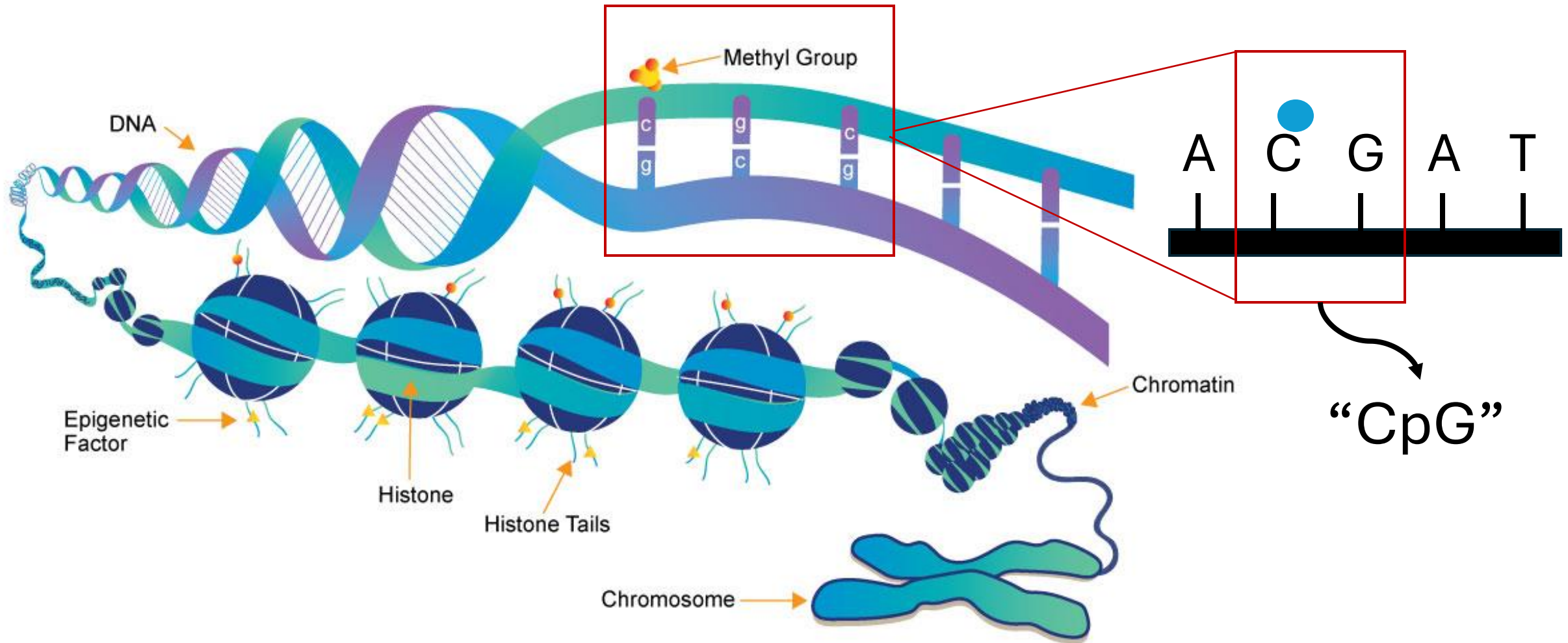


Breakout: DNA Methylation

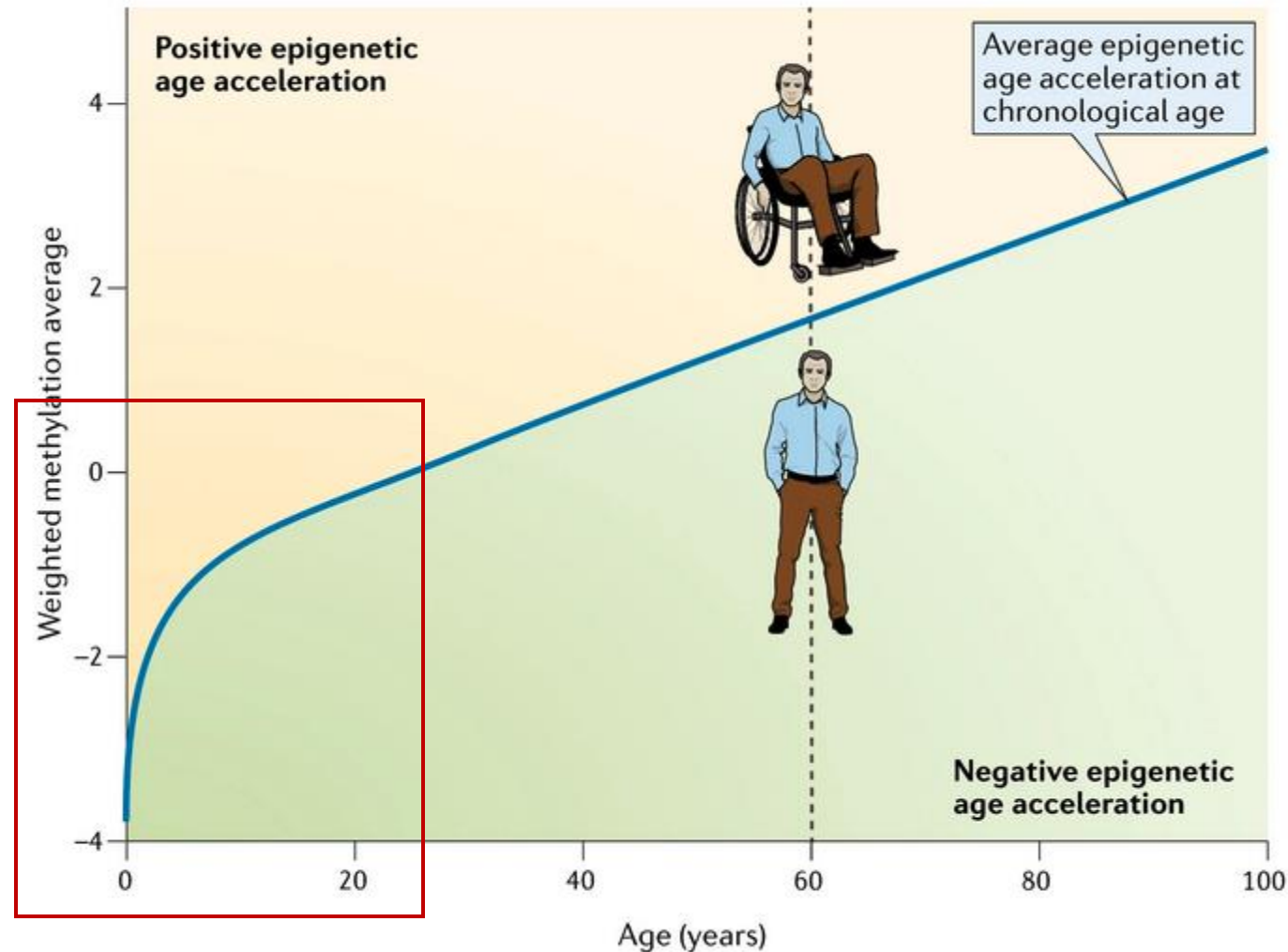
2024-10-17

Background

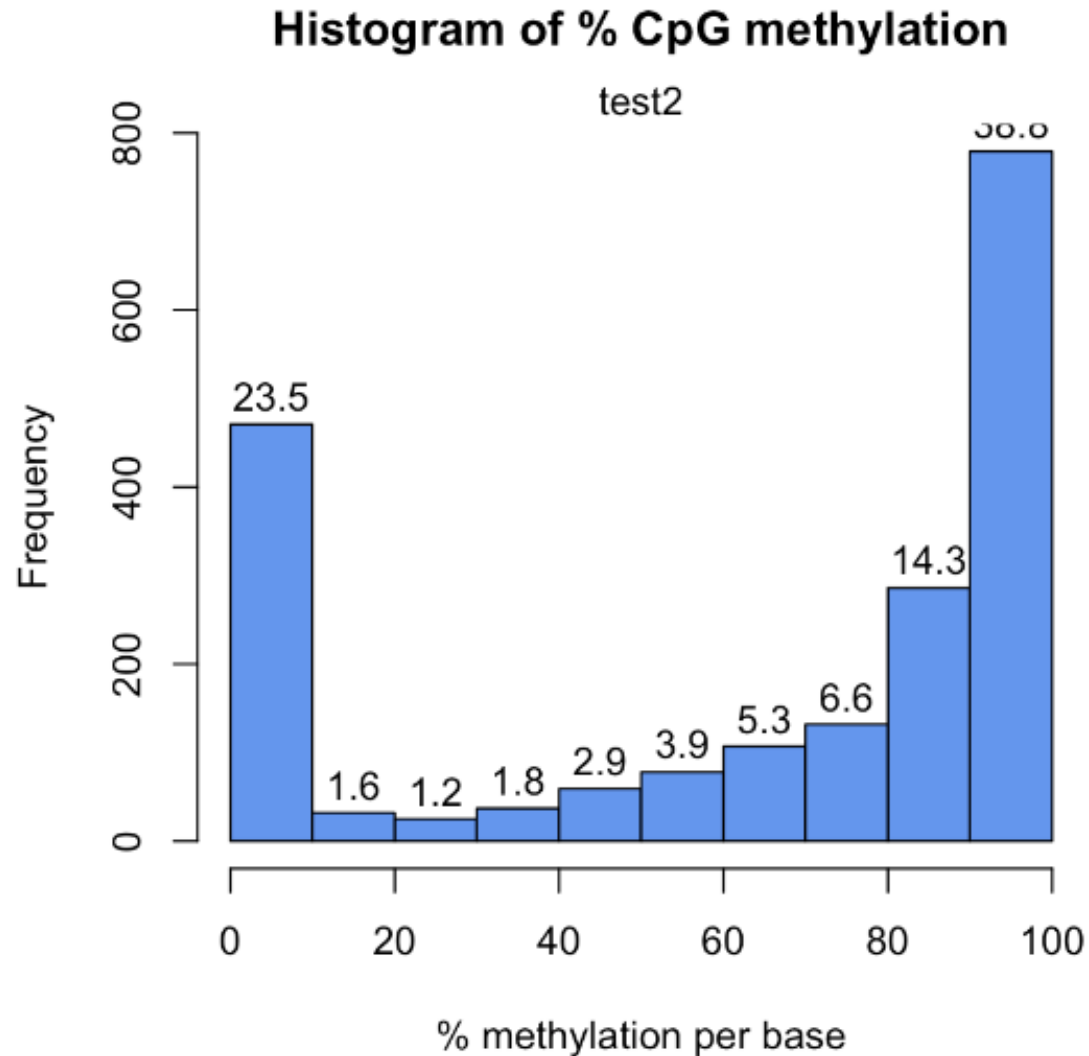
DNA Methylation



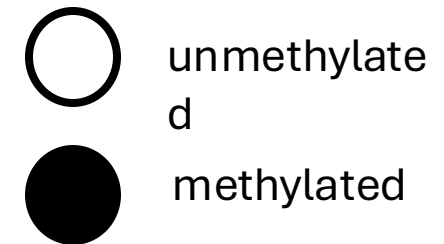
Aging and DNA Methylation



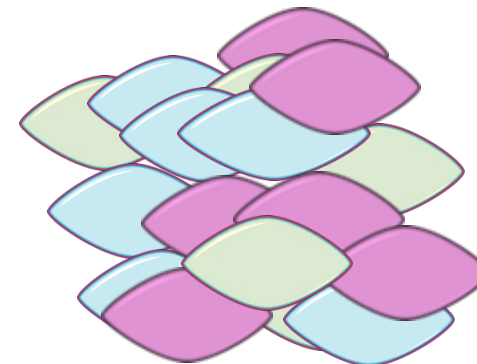
Methylation is Reported as a Percentage



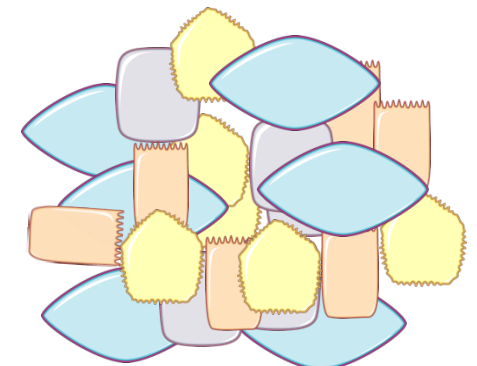
Methylation
is binary



Some variation b/t
cells of the same type

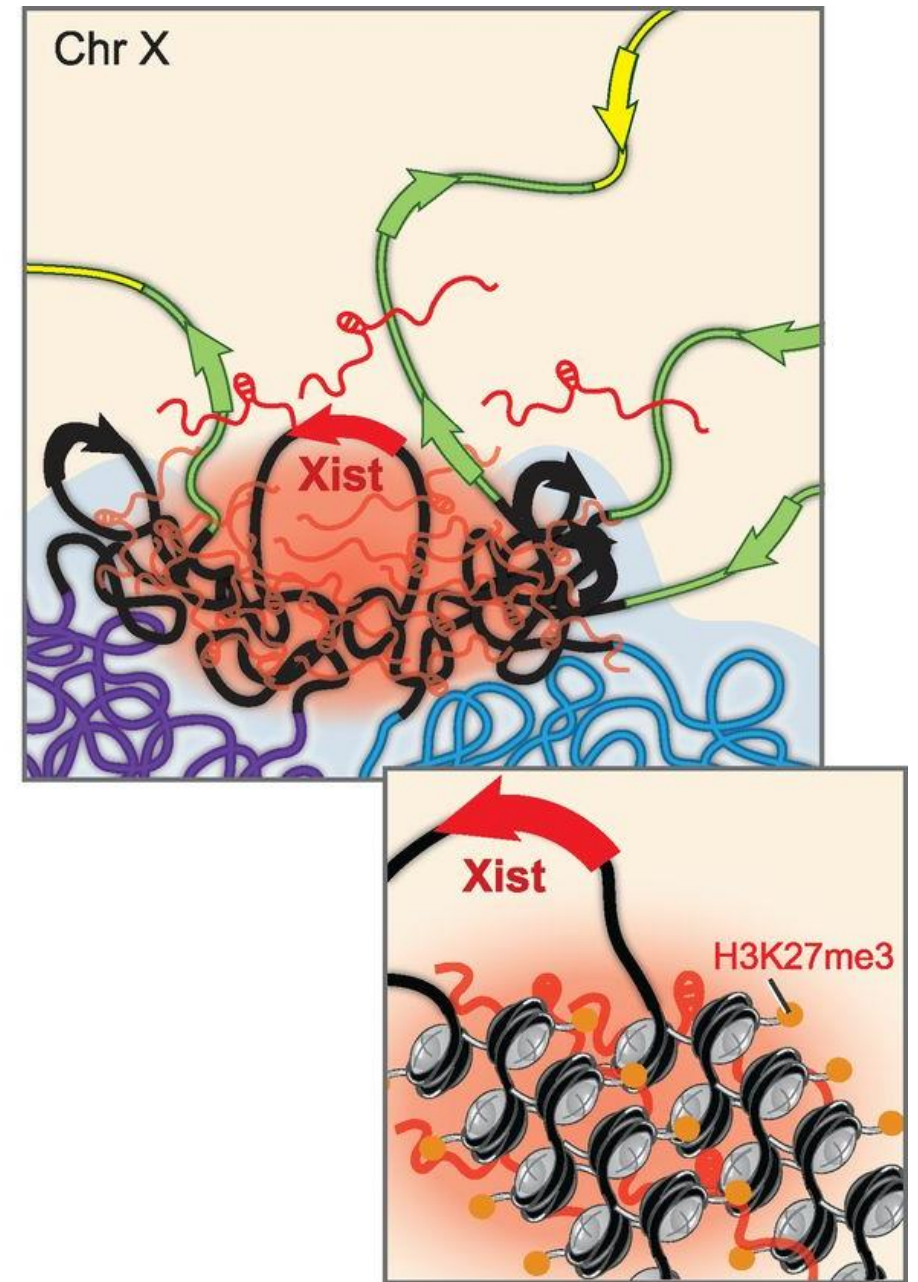


Population of different
cells from the same tissue



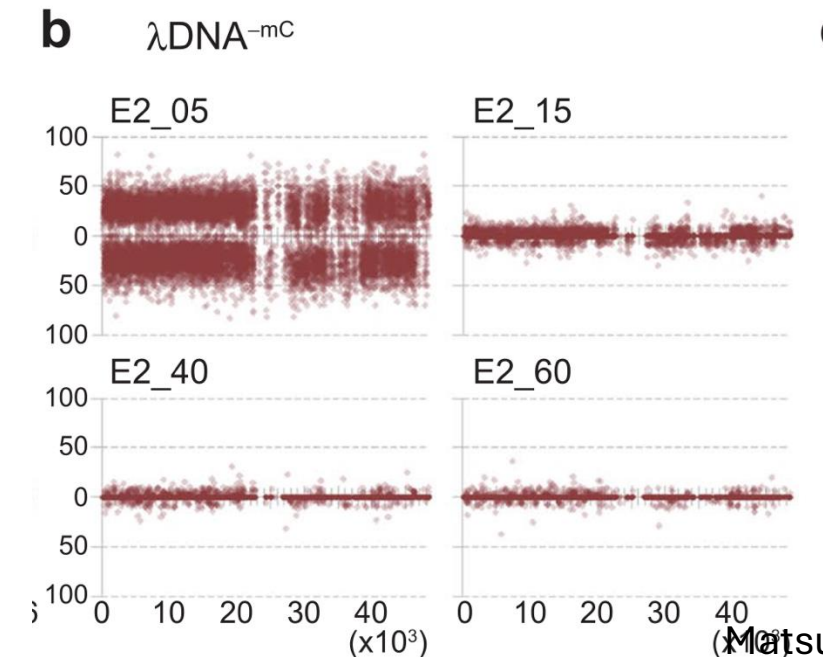
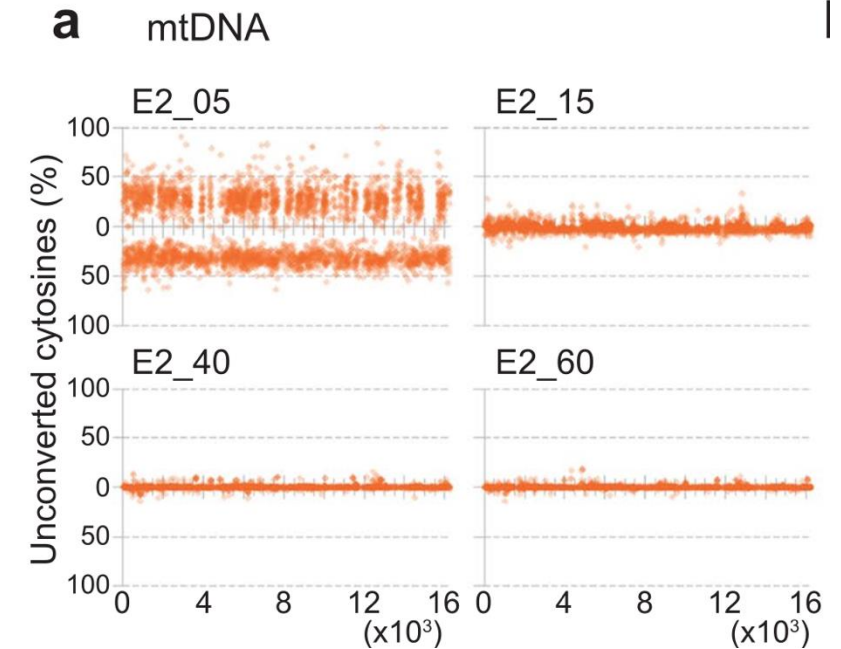
Sex Differences in Methylation: The X chromosome is the problem child

- XX vs XY
- X chromosome inactivation
 1. Xist inactivates X chromosome
 2. DNA methylation
 3. Histone acetylation
- XX samples have methylation ranging from 50-100%
- Separate autosomes and sex chromosomes

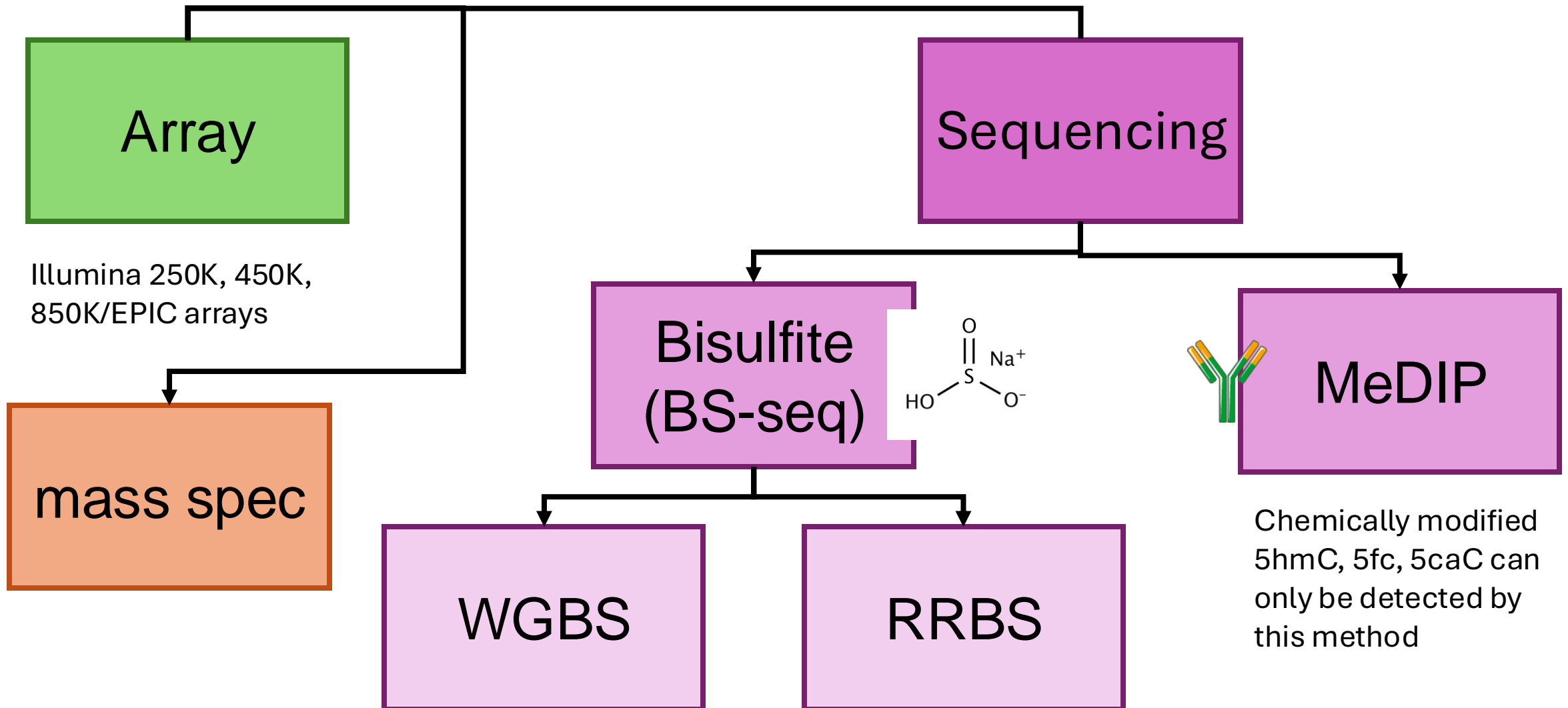


Mitochondrial DNA Methylation

- Matsuda 2018 exhaustively looked for mitochondrial methylation using biological mtDNA, synthetic mtDNA, and standard unmethylated control λ phage DNA
 - Bisulfite sequencing
 - Methylation specific endonuclease
 - Mass spectrometry
- Many sources of error
 - Cytosine bias towards the light strand of mitochondrial DNA
 - Difficulty linearizing and denaturing mitochondrial DNA for bisulfite treatment which isn't included in standard protocols
 - Insufficient controls in antibody-based methods
- DNMTs and TETs have been observed in the mitochondria

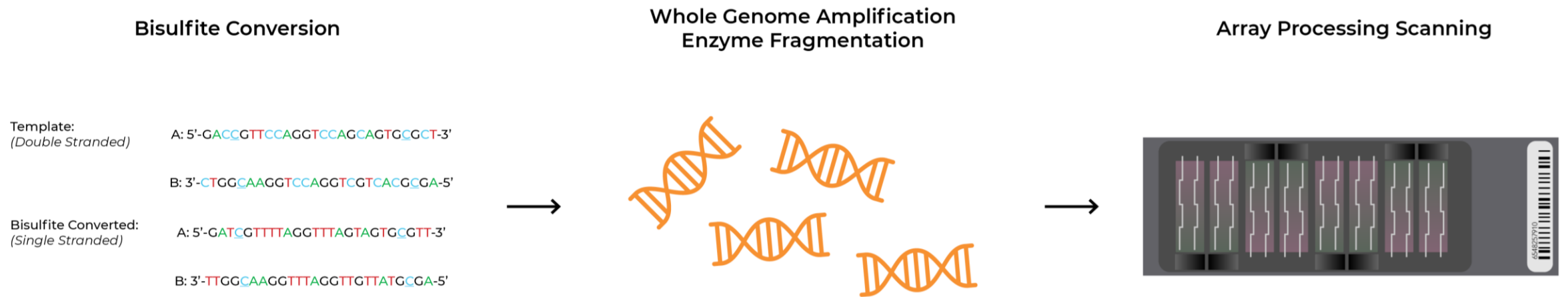


Methods of Detecting Methylation



Illumina Methylation Arrays

Illumina Methylation Arrays: Function



Illumina® Methylation Arrays Workflow (Wetlab)

- Measures methylation through the ratio of red/green fluorescence
- Measure specific loci, primarily around genes

Illumina Methylation Arrays: Processing

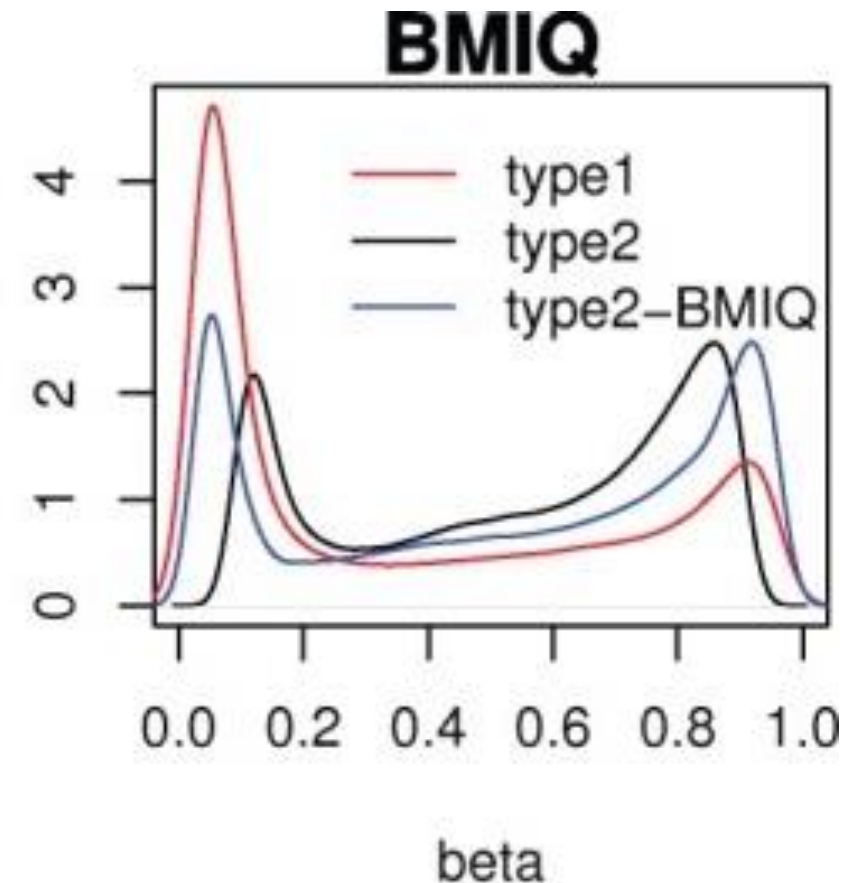
1. Filter

- **Bad quality probes** (array provides a detection p-value for the probability of a false result)
- **There are multiple beads per site, filter out the site if its detected by too few beads**
- **Filter probes at known SNPs that cause false results**
- Filter out chrX , chrY, chrMT

2. Check for batch effects or other associations with unwanted covariates

3. Probe normalization (type I vs type II)

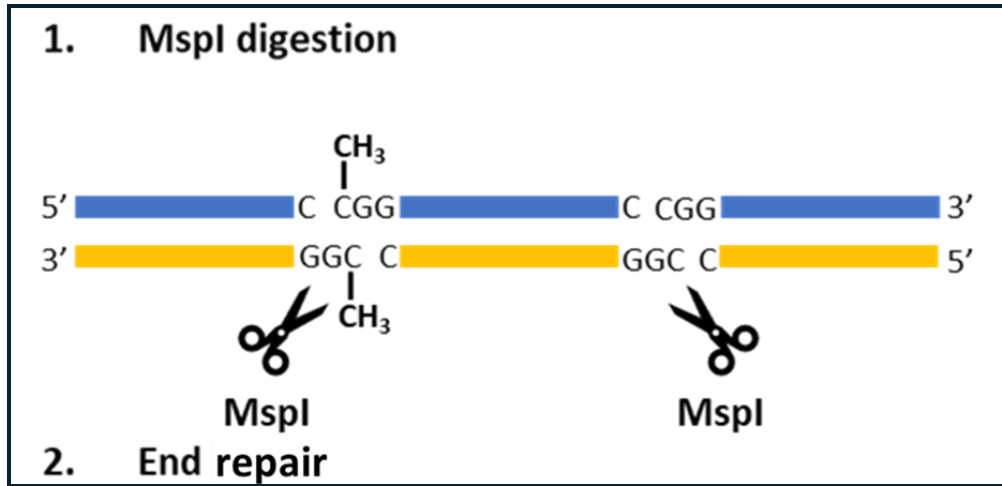
4. Calculate differential methylation



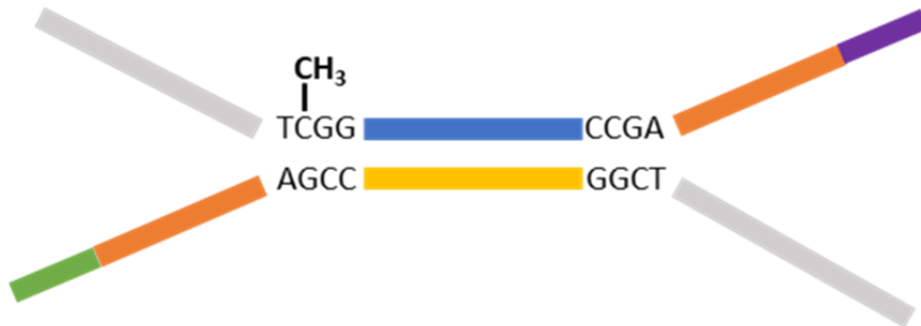
Bisulfite Sequencing

Constructing Bisulfite Sequencing Libraries

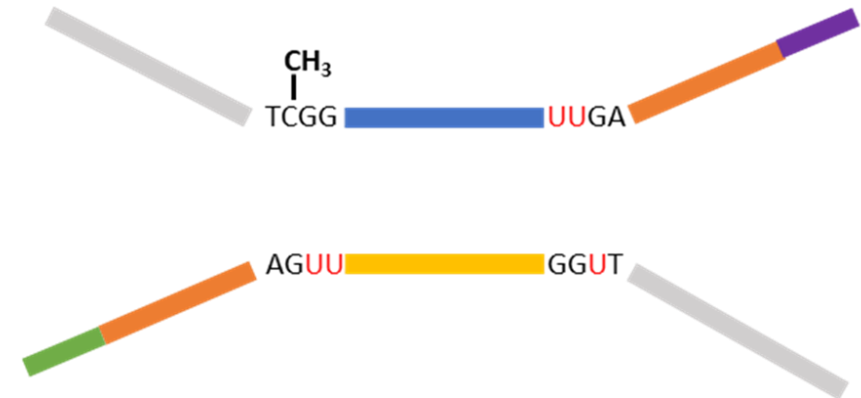
Reduced Representation



3. **Adaptor Ligation and size selection**



4. **Bisulfite conversion**



5. **PCR amplification**

6. **Library preparation & sequencing**

Bisulfite Sequencing

1. Quality Check

```
fastqc *.fq.gz
```

2. Trim

```
trim_galore --rrbs --paired --fastqc -q 30 --illumina  
--output ../01_trim file_R1.fq.gz file_R2.fq.gz
```

3. Align

```
bismark --bowtie2 /path/to/bismark/index --output  
../02_align -1 file_R1.fq.gz -2 file_R2.fq.gz
```

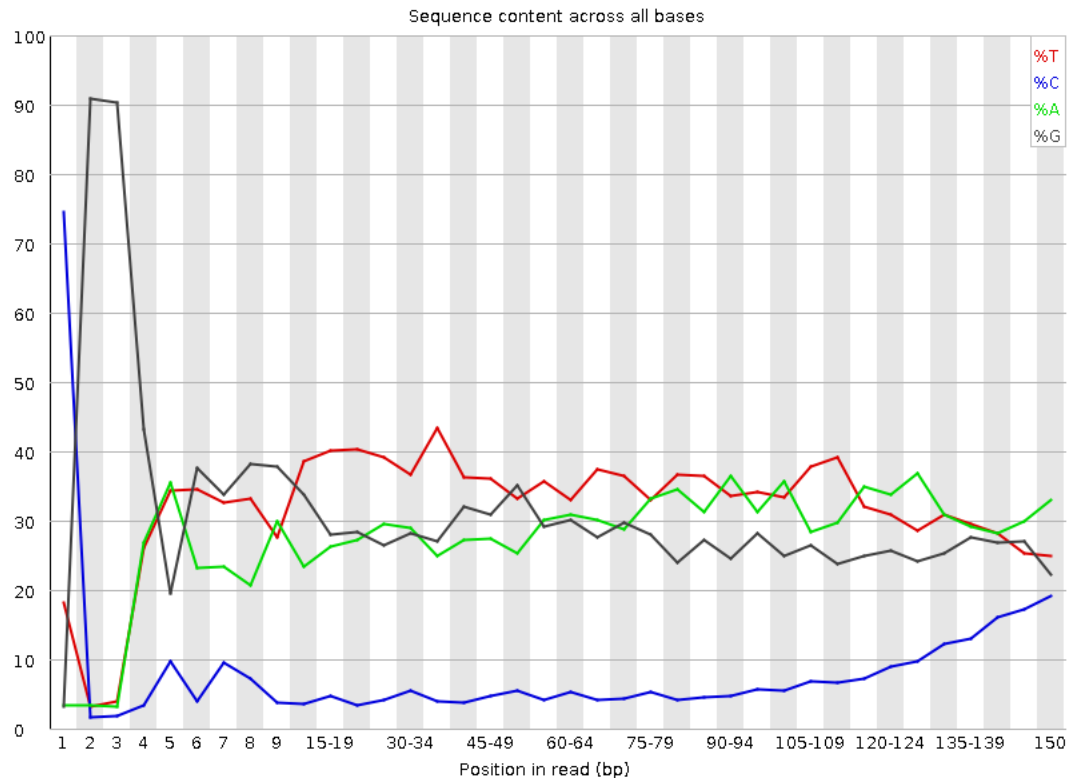
4. Count



FastQC: Per base sequence content

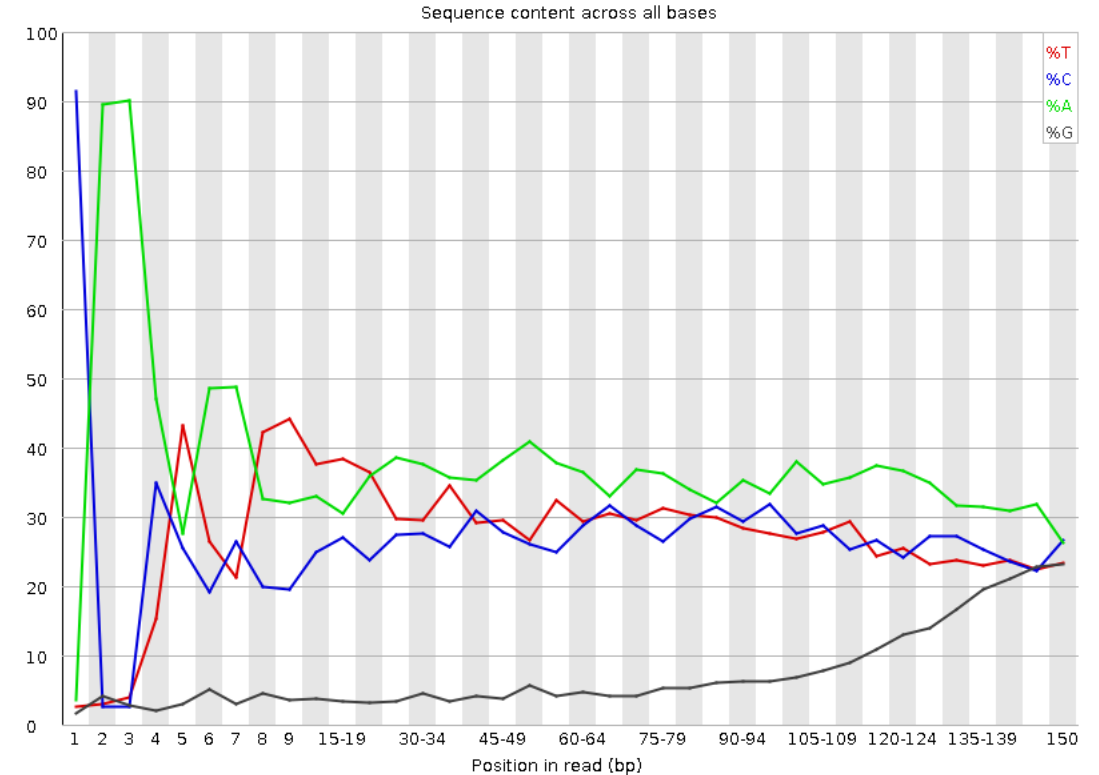
Read 1

✖ Per base sequence content



Read 2

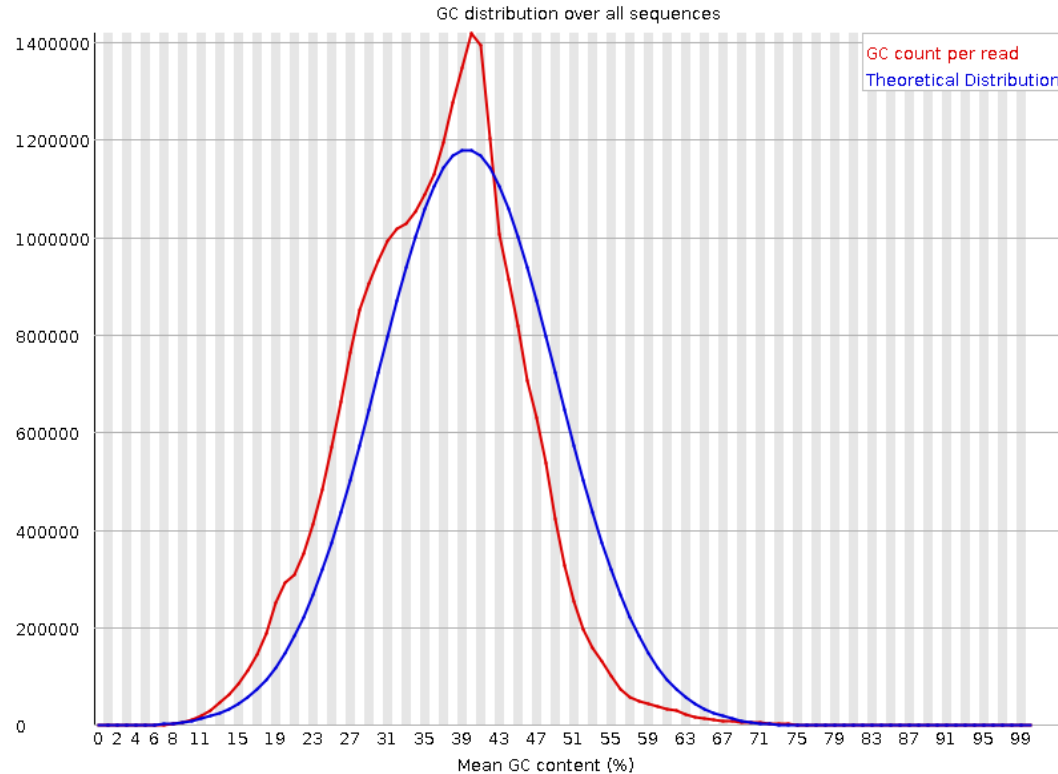
✖ Per base sequence content



FastQC: Per sequence GC content

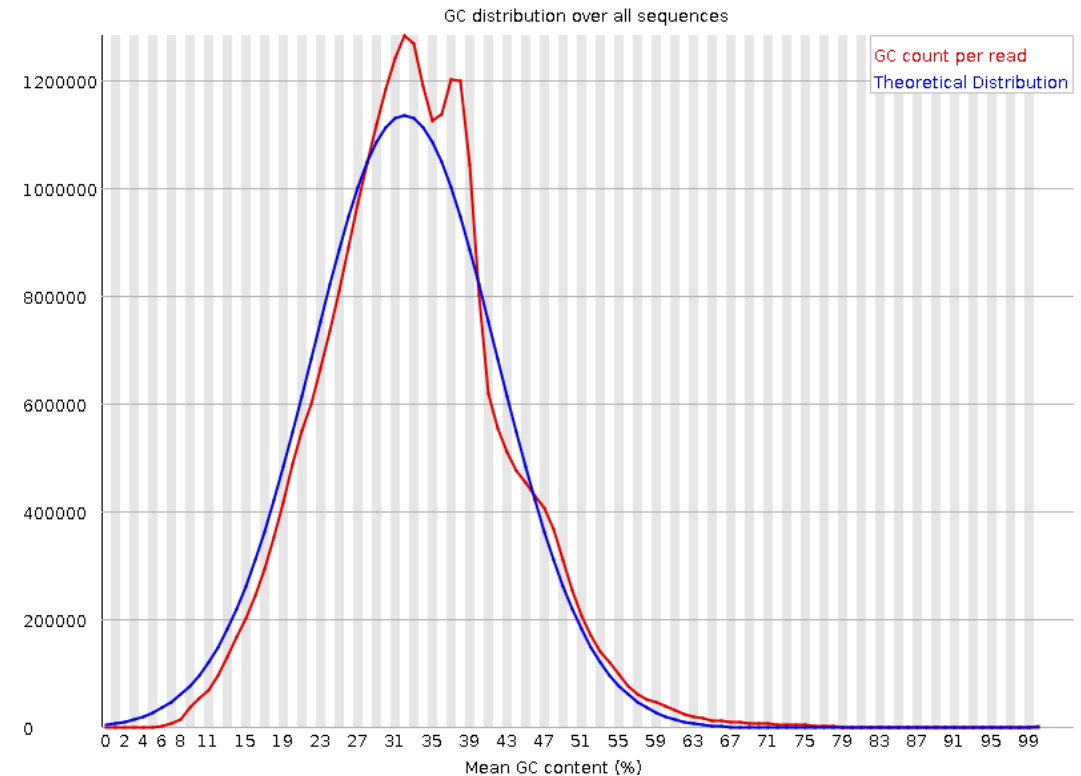
Read 1

⚠ Per sequence GC content



Read 2

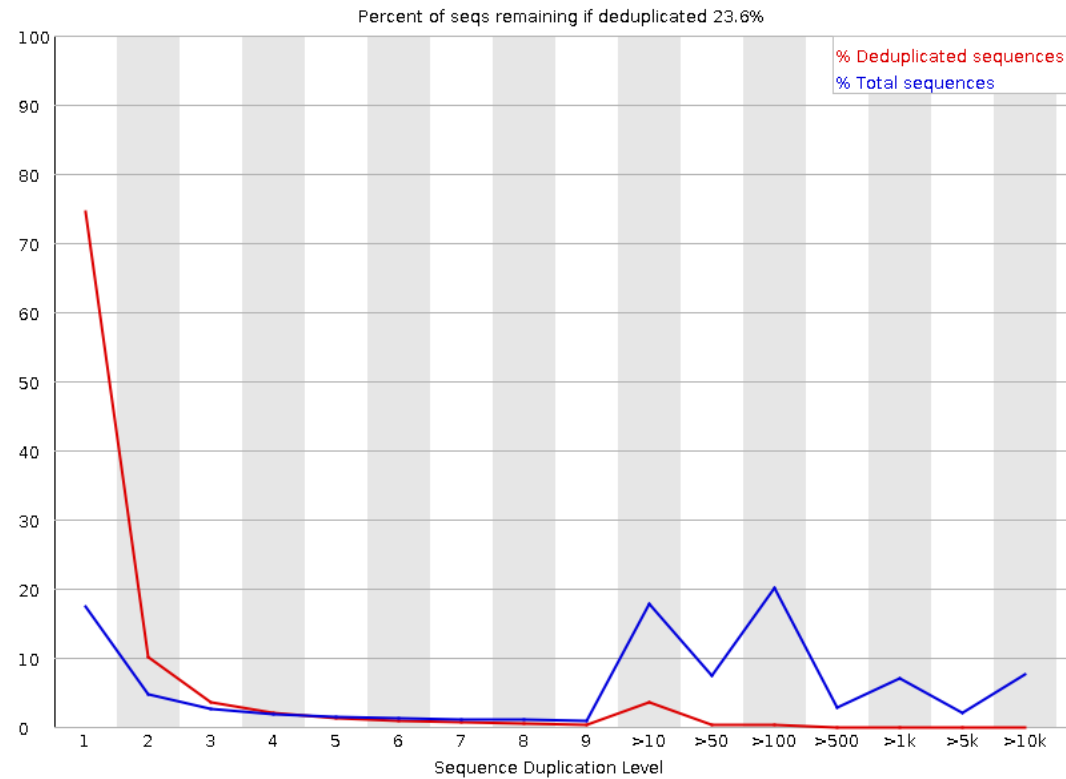
✅ Per sequence GC content



FastQC: Per sequence GC content

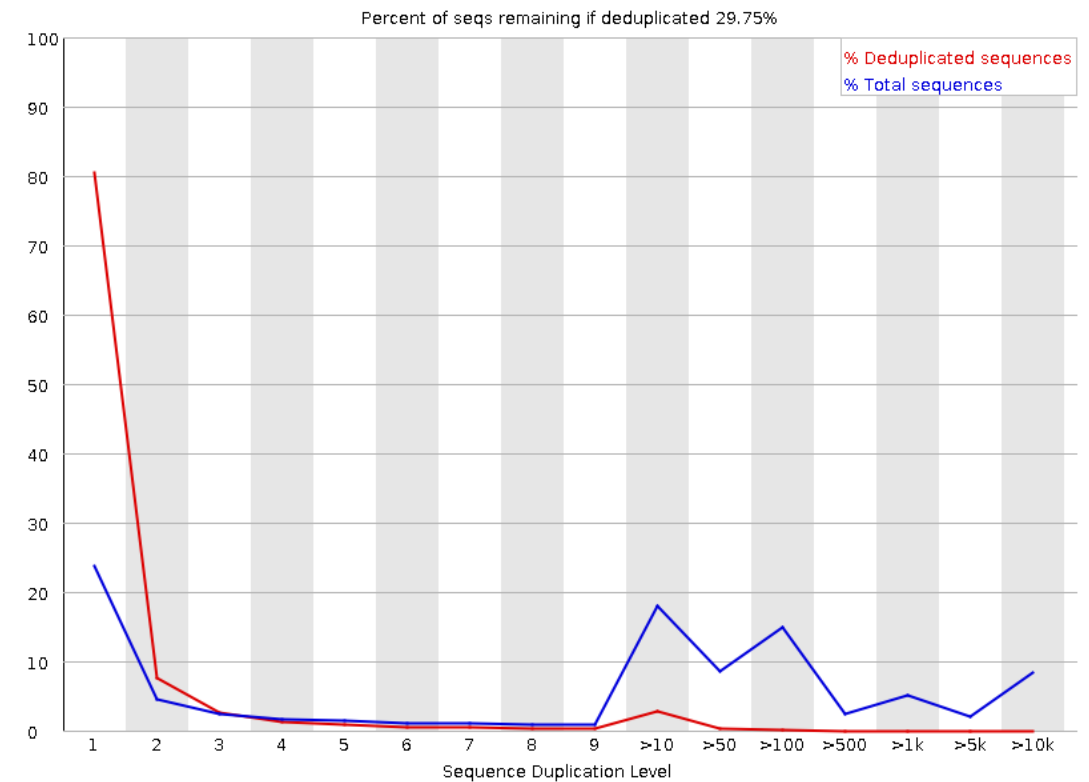
Read 1

Sequence Duplication Levels



Read 2

Sequence Duplication Levels



FastQC: Overrepresented sequences

Read 1

❌ Overrepresented sequences

Sequence	Count	Percentage	Possible Source
CGGAATAGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAACGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAA	285907	1.008042814151108	No Hit
CGGGCGCGGTGGTTTACGTTTGTAATTTTAGTATTTTGGGAGGTCGAGGC	207030	0.7299405184682567	No Hit
CGGGTGGAGTGGAATGGAATGTAATGGAGTGGAATGTAATGGAATTTAGT	96288	0.3394895070389388	No Hit
CGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAA	93849	0.3308901498223804	No Hit
CGGAATAGAATGGAATGTAATGGAATGGAACGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAA	81960	0.2889722498848395	No Hit
CGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATTAAT	70703	0.2492826376721304	No Hit
CGGAACGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATTAATTCGATTGTAATGGAA	65183	0.22982037779701675	No Hit
CGGTGGATTTTTCGGTTTAAGTTTGGTAATACGGTGAAATTCGTTTTTA	61728	0.2176388365164882	No Hit
CGGAATAGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAA	53744	0.18948907513190352	No Hit
CGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGAAATGTAATGGATTTAAT	49586	0.17482891633467118	No Hit
CGGGCGCGGTGGTTTACGTTTGTAATTTTAGTATTTTGGGAGGTCGAGGT	47280	0.16669848675640814	No Hit
CGGGAGGCGGAGTTTGTAAGTGAAGTCGAGATCGCGTTATTGTTATTTAGTT	41059	0.1447646609080237	No Hit
CGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATTAATTTTATTGTAATGGAATGGAA	31979	0.11275065372214838	No Hit
CGGGAGGCGGAGTTTGTAAGTGAAGTCGAGATTCGTTATTGTTATTTAGTT	31331	0.11046595364985244	No Hit
CGGAATAGAATGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAACGGAATGGAATGGAATGGAA	29976	0.10568853297398667	No Hit
CGGAATGGATTGGATTGGAATAAACGGATTGGAATGTAAGTATTGTAA	28528	0.10058321552848587	No Hit

Read 2

❌ Overrepresented sequences

Sequence	Count	Percentage	Possible Source
CAATAATTCATTCCATTACATTCCATTCCATTCCCTTACACTC	627432	2.2121819996308516	No Hit
CAATAATTCATTCCATTACATTCCGTTCCATTACATTCCCTTACACTC	120581	0.42514107934802137	No Hit
CAACTAATTTTTATATTTTTAATAAAAAACGAAATTCACCGTATTAACC	112378	0.3962191739575218	No Hit
CAAAAAATTCATTCCATTACATTCCATTCCATTCCCTTACACTC	96550	0.3404132592286634	No Hit
CAACCTATTATCTATTTATTAACTTAAATCCAAATATAAAACCAATT	85170	0.300289977094824	No Hit
CAACTAATTTTTATATTTTTAATAAAAAACGAAATTCACCTTATTAACC	68317	0.24087014635654683	No Hit
CAATAATTCATTCCATTAAATTCATTCCATTCCATTCCCTTACACTT	56942	0.20076449308129002	No Hit
CAACGCGATAACTCAGCCTATAATCCCAACACTTTAAAAACCGAAAC	50011	0.17632736931418627	No Hit
CAATTCACGCCATTCTCTACCTCAACCTCCCGAATAACTAAACTACA	45832	0.1615931693109073	No Hit
CAAAAAATTCATTCCATTACATTCCATTCCATTCCATTCCATTCCATTCC	39358	0.13876732321824686	No Hit
CAACTAATTTTTATATTTTTAATAAAAAACGAAATTCACCATATTAACC	36925	0.13018912063198754	No Hit
CAATAATTCATTCCATTACATTCCATTCCATTCCCTTACACTC	34825	0.12278500002732473	No Hit
CAATAATCAATACTATATCCGACAATATTCGTATTTTATTTCTTCCTA	32826	0.11573698236602904	No Hit
CAATTAATATTACTATCCTTCATCATACATCTTATTTCTAAAAATCC	32734	0.11541261136811048	No Hit
CAAACTATAAACTTTTTCTTTAACTTTTACTATTTCTTCTTTTCT	28468	0.1003716692254955	No Hit

Bisulfite Sequencing: Other Considerations

- Alignment efficiency will be bad
 - 50-60%
 - Any lower probably need to repeat sample
- lambda bisulfite conversion efficiency
- bisulfite conversion kits

LIVE DEMO

Other things you can do

- Analyze data as differentially methylation regions (DMRs)
<https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/DMRcate.html>
- Pathway analysis – use
- Estimate age/“biological” age
<https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/methylclock.html>
- Cell type deconvolution
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC9947552/>
- DNA methylation entropy
 - Shannon entropy most commonly used <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/shannon/shannon.pdf>
 - Example paper <https://academic.oup.com/nar/article/51/5/2046/7033790>

References

- Biology/Sequencing Methodology
 - mtDNA is not methylated <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-018-24251-z>
 - IgG controls in MeDiP (and other antibody-based assays) <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41592-018-0038-7>
- arrays <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2001037024001624>
 - minfi <https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/minfi.html>
 - limma <https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/limma.html>
 - **ChAMP** <https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/ChAMP.html>
- Bisulfite sequencing
 - bisulfite sequencing
 - Trim Galore https://www.bioinformatics.babraham.ac.uk/projects/trim_galore/
 - Bismark aligner <https://felixkrueger.github.io/Bismark>
 - Analysis tools
 - **methyISig** <https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/methyISig.html>
 - methylKit <https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/methylKit.html>
 - edgeR <https://www.bioconductor.org/packages/devel/bioc/vignettes/edgeR/inst/doc/edgeRUsersGuide.pdf>