

# Quiz for Week 7

⚠ This is a preview of the published version of the quiz

Started: 5 Oct at 23:25

## Quiz instructions

Quiz time is from 17.15 to 18.00 of October 04, 2023.

### Question 1

1 pts

Which of the following  $f(x, y)$  can **NOT** be the joint probability function of the independent random variables  $X$  and  $Y$ ?

**Note:** they are all legitimate joint probability functions.

☐  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-x-y}, & x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

☐  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{3}(x+1)(y+1), & 0 \leq x \leq 1; -1 \leq y \leq 0 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

☐  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{90}(x+1)(y+1), & x = 1, 2, 3; y = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

☒ All are probability function of independent random variables

### Question 2

1 pts

Let  $f_{X,Y}(x, y)$  be the joint probability function for the continuous random vector  $(X, Y)$ . Let  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$  be the marginal probability function for  $X$  and  $Y$ , and let  $f_{X|Y}(x|y)$  and  $f_{Y|X}(y|x)$  be the conditional probability functions. Which of the following statements is **WRONG**?

☐ If  $f_X(1) = 0$ , then for any real numbers  $a < b$ , we must have  $\int_a^b f_{X,Y}(1, y)dy = 0$ .

- ☐ If  $f_{Y|X}(y|x) = f_Y(y)$  for any  $x$  such that  $f_X(x) > 0$ , then  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent.
- ☐ If  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent, then  $f_{Y|X}(y|x) = f_Y(y)$  for any  $x$  such that  $f_X(x) > 0$ .
- ☒ We must have  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X|Y}(x|y)dy = 1$  for any real number  $x$ ; likewise,  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{Y|X}(y|x)dx = 1$  for any real number  $y$ .

**Question 3****1 pts**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be random variables. Which of the following is **IMPOSSIBLE**?

- ☐  $E(XY) = E(X)E(Y)$
- ☐  $E(XY) < E(X)E(Y)$
- ☒  $\frac{1}{2}V(X) + \frac{1}{2}V(Y) < Cov(X, Y)$
- ☐  $\frac{1}{2}V(X) + \frac{1}{2}V(Y) > Cov(X, Y)$

Saved at 23:26

Submit quiz