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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{\sin x} - 1}{\ln(1+3x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{\sin x} - 1}{\sin x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\ln(1+3x)}$$

$$= \underbrace{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}}_{=1} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 \cdot x}{\ln(1+3x)}}_{=1/3} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{\sin x} - 1}{\sin x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{\sin x} - 1}{\sin x} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\sin x} = e^{\frac{t}{\ln 2}} \\ x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow t \rightarrow 0 \\ \sin x = \frac{t}{\ln 2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\frac{t}{\ln 2}} - 1}{\frac{t}{\ln 2}} = \frac{\ln 2}{3} \cdot \underbrace{\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^t - 1}{t}}_{=1} = \frac{\ln 2}{3}$$