

# TLV62568 1-A High Efficiency Synchronous Buck Converter in SOT Package

## 1 Features

- Up to 95% Efficiency
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  Switches 150 m $\Omega$  / 100 m $\Omega$
- 2.5-V to 5.5-V Input Voltage Range
- Adjustable Output Voltage from 0.6 V to  $V_{IN}$
- Power Save Mode for Light Load Efficiency
- 100% Duty Cycle for Lowest Dropout
- 35- $\mu$ A Operating Quiescent Current
- 1.5-MHz Switching Frequency
- Power Good Output
- Over Current Protection
- Internal Soft Startup
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Available in SOT Package
- Pin-to-Pin Compatible with [TLV62569](#)
- Create a Custom Design Using the TLV62568 With the [WEBENCH® Power Designer](#)

## 2 Applications

- General Purpose POL Supply
- Network Video Camera
- Set Top Box
- Wireless Router

## 3 Description

The TLV62568 device is a synchronous step-down buck DC-DC converter optimized for high efficiency and compact solution size. The device integrates switches capable of delivering an output current up to 1 A.

At medium to heavy loads, the device operates in pulse width modulation (PWM) mode with 1.5-MHz switching frequency. At light load, the device automatically enters Power Save Mode (PSM) to maintain high efficiency over the entire load current range. In shutdown, the current consumption is reduced to less than 2  $\mu$ A.

The TLV62568 provides an adjustable output voltage via an external resistor divider. An internal soft start circuit limits the inrush current during startup. Other features like over current protection, thermal shutdown protection and power good are built-in. The device is available in a SOT23 and SOT563 package.

### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

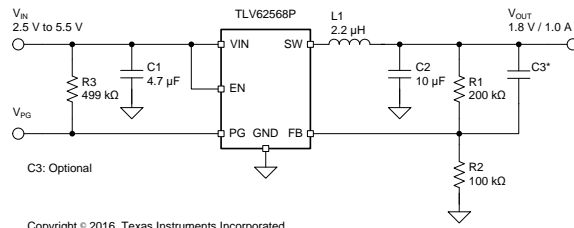
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TLV62568	SOT-23 (5)	2.90 mm x 2.80 mm
TLV62568P	SOT-23 (6)	
TLV62568	SOT563 (6)	1.60 mm x 1.60 mm
TLV62568P	SOT563 (6)	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

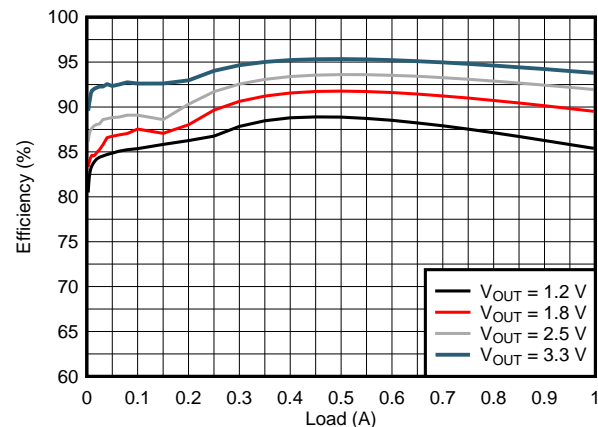
### Device Comparison

PART NUMBER	FUNCTION	PACKAGE MARKING
TLV62568DBV	-	14VF
TLV62568PDDC	Power Good	9X
TLV62568DRL	-	18L
TLV62568PDRL	Power Good	18N

### Simplified Schematic



### Efficiency at 5-V Input Voltage



D008



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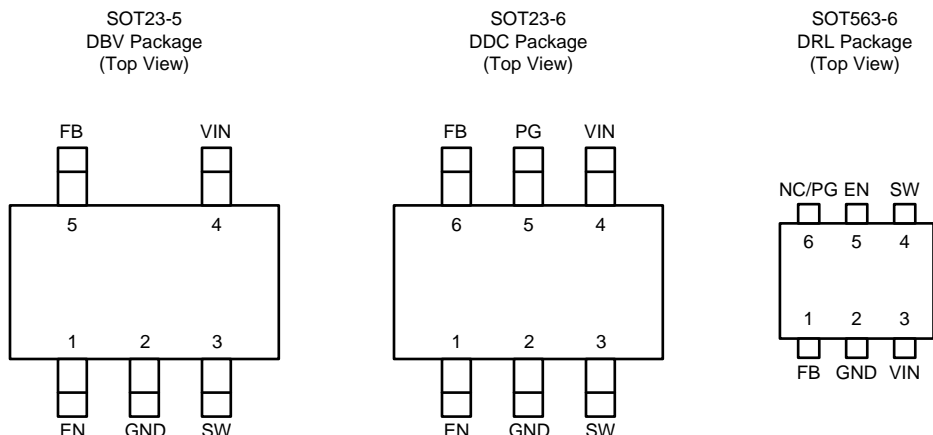
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## 4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (April 2017) to Revision B	Page
• Added WEBENCH links to data sheet	1
• Changed TLV62568PDDC to production status	1
• Added DDC package thermal information	4
• Changed 1.2 V From: MIN value To: MAX value for High-level threshold at EN pin	5

Changes from Original (November 2016) to Revision A	Page
• Changed TLV62568DRL and TLV62568PDRL to production status	1
• Moved Device Comparison table to page 1	1
• Added DRL package thermal information	4
• Added startup time of TLV62568DRL, TLV62568PDRL	5
• Added TLV62568PDRL layout	15

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



### Pin Functions

NAME	PIN NUMBER			I/O/PWR	DESCRIPTION
	SOT23-5	SOT23-6	SOT563-6		
EN	1	1	5	I	Device enable logic input. Logic high enables the device, logic low disables the device and turns it into shutdown. Do not leave floating.
GND	2	2	2	PWR	Ground pin.
SW	3	3	4	PWR	Switch pin connected to the internal FET switches and inductor terminal. Connect the inductor of the output filter to this pin.
VIN	4	4	3	PWR	Power supply voltage input.
PG	-	5	6	O	Power good open drain output pin for TLV62568P. The pull-up resistor should not be connected to any voltage higher than 5.5V. If it's not used, leave the pin floating.
FB	5	6	1	I	Feedback pin for the internal control loop. Connect this pin to an external feedback divider.
NC	-	-	6	O	No connection pin for TLV62568DRL. The pin can be connected to the output. Or leave it floating.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	VIN, EN, PG	−0.3	6	V
	SW (DC)	−0.3	VIN+0.3	V
	SW (AC, less than 10 ns) <sup>(3)</sup>	−3.0	9	V
	FB	−0.3	5.5	V
Operating junction temperature, TJ		−40	150	°C
Storage temperature, Tstg		−65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.
- (3) While switching.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000 V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±500 V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIN	Input voltage	2.5		5.5	V
VOU	Output voltage	0.6		VIN	V
IOUT	Output current			1	A
TJ	Operating junction temperature	−40		125	°C
ISINK_PG	Sink current at PG pin			1	mA

- (1) Refer to the [Application and Implementation](#) section for further information.

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		DBV (5 Pins)	DDC (6 pins)	DRL (6 pins)	UNIT
RθJA	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	191.6	121.6	149.8	°C/W
RθJC(top)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	141.4	69.1	45.7	°C/W
RθJB	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	44.5	45.5	31.1	°C/W
ψJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	34.5	22.3	1.3	°C/W
ψJB	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	43.9	46.0	31.7	°C/W
RθJC(bot)	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY						
I <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent current into VIN pin	Not switching	35			uA
I <sub>SD</sub>	Shutdown current into VIN pin	EN = 0 V	0.1	2		μA
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Under voltage lock out	V <sub>IN</sub> falling	2.3	2.45		V
	Under voltage lock out hysteresis		100			mV
T <sub>JSD</sub>	Thermal shutdown threshold	Junction temperature rising	150			°C
		Junction temperature falling	130			
LOGIC INTERFACE						
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level threshold at EN pin	2.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0.95	1.2		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level threshold at EN pin	2.5 V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	0.4	0.85		V
t <sub>SS</sub>	Soft startup time	TLV62568DBV	700			μs
		TLV62568DRL, TLV62568PDRL, TLV62568PDDC	900			
V <sub>PG</sub>	Power good threshold, TLV62568P	V <sub>FB</sub> rising, referenced to V <sub>FB</sub> nominal	95%			
		V <sub>FB</sub> falling, referenced to V <sub>FB</sub> nominal	90%			
V <sub>PG,OL</sub>	Power good low-level output voltage	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1 mA	0.4			V
I <sub>PG,LKG</sub>	Input leakage current into PG pin	V <sub>PG</sub> = 5 V	0.01			μA
t <sub>PG,DLY</sub>	Power good delay time	V <sub>FB</sub> falling	40			μs
OUTPUT						
V <sub>FB</sub>	Feedback regulation voltage		0.588	0.6	0.612	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	High-side FET on resistance		150			mΩ
	Low-side FET on resistance		100			
I <sub>LIM</sub>	High-side FET current limit		1.5			A
f <sub>SW</sub>	Switching frequency	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.8 V	1.5			MHz

## 6.6 Typical Characteristics

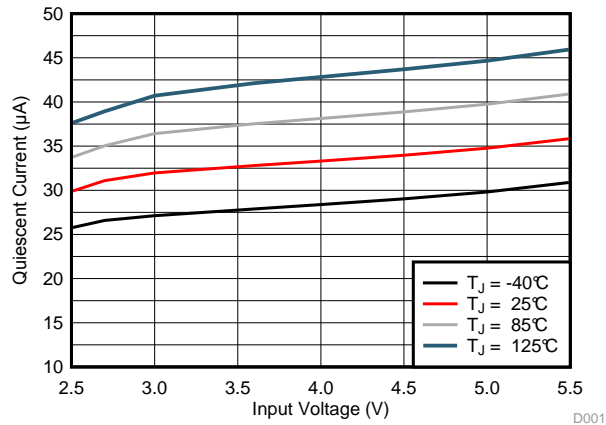


Figure 1. Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage

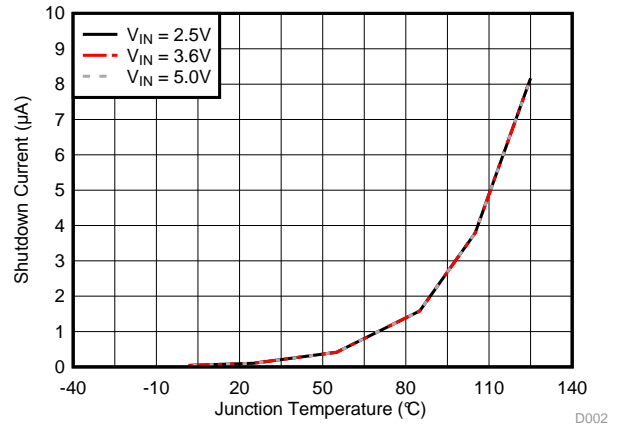


Figure 2. Shutdown Current vs Junction Temperature

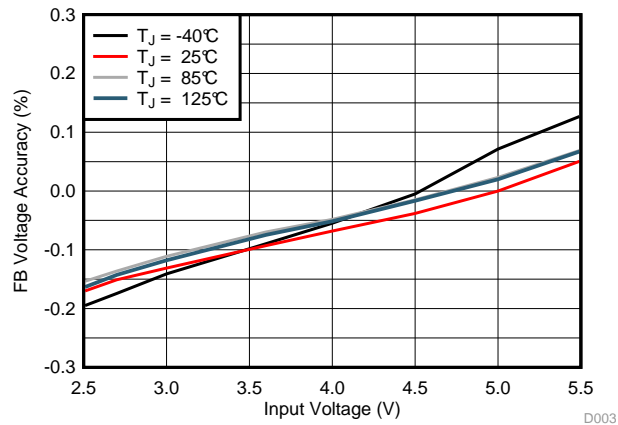


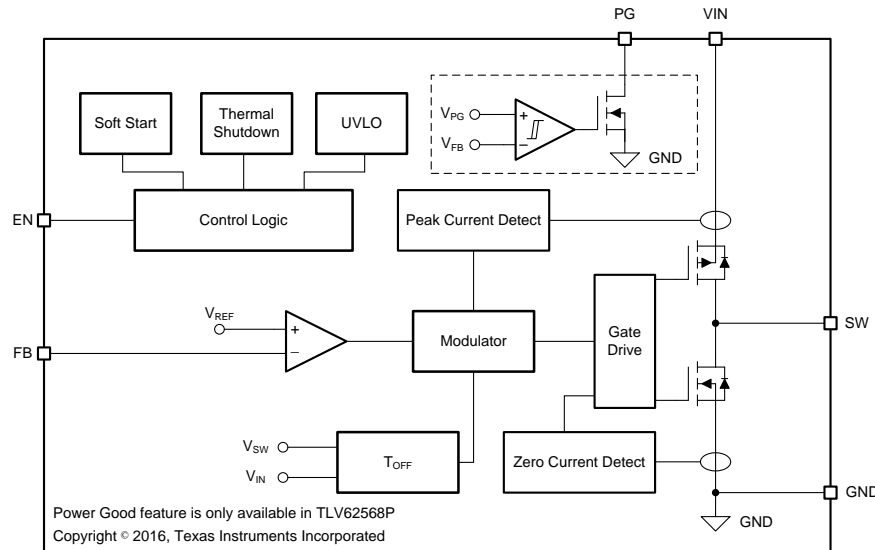
Figure 3. FB Voltage Accuracy

## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The TLV62568 is a high-efficiency synchronous step-down converter. The device operates with an adaptive off-time with peak current control scheme. The device operates at typically 1.5-MHz frequency pulse width modulation (PWM) at moderate to heavy load currents. Based on the  $V_{IN}/V_{OUT}$  ratio, a simple circuit sets the required off time for the low-side MOSFET. It makes the switching frequency relatively constant regardless of the variation of input voltage, output voltage, and load current.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



**Figure 4. TLV62568 Functional Block Diagram**

### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Power Save Mode

The device automatically enters Power Save Mode to improve efficiency at light load when the inductor current becomes discontinuous. In Power Save Mode, the converter reduces switching frequency and minimizes current consumption. In Power Save Mode, the output voltage rises slightly above the nominal output voltage. This effect is minimized by increasing the output capacitor.

#### 7.3.2 100% Duty Cycle Low Dropout Operation

The device offers a low input-to-output voltage differential by entering 100% duty cycle mode. In this mode, the high-side MOSFET switch is constantly turned on and the low-side MOSFET is switched off. The minimum input voltage to maintain output regulation, depending on the load current and output voltage, is calculated as:

$$V_{IN(MIN)} = V_{OUT} + I_{OUT} \times (R_{DS(ON)} + R_L)$$

where

- $R_{DS(ON)}$  = High side FET on-resistance
- $R_L$  = Inductor ohmic resistance (DCR)

(1)

#### 7.3.3 Soft Startup

After enabling the device, internal soft startup circuitry ramps up the output voltage which reaches nominal output voltage during a startup time. This avoids excessive inrush current and creates a smooth output voltage rise slope. It also prevents excessive voltage drops of primary cells and rechargeable batteries with high internal impedance.

## Feature Description (continued)

The TLV62568 is able to start into a pre-biased output capacitor. The converter starts with the applied bias voltage and ramps the output voltage to its nominal value.

### 7.3.4 Switch Current Limit

The switch current limit prevents the device from high inductor current and drawing excessive current from a battery or input voltage rail. Excessive current might occur with a heavy load or shorted output circuit condition. The TLV62568 adopts the peak current control by sensing the current of the high-side switch. Once the high-side switch current limit is reached, the high-side switch is turned off and low-side switch is turned on to ramp down the inductor current with an adaptive off-time.

### 7.3.5 Under Voltage Lockout

To avoid mis-operation of the device at low input voltages, under voltage lockout is implemented that shuts down the device at voltages lower than  $V_{UVLO}$  with  $V_{HYS\_UVLO}$  hysteresis.

### 7.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

The device enters thermal shutdown once the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown rising threshold,  $T_{JSD}$ . Once the junction temperature falls below the falling threshold, the device returns to normal operation automatically.

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

### 7.4.1 Enabling/Disabling the Device

The device is enabled by setting the EN input to a logic High. Accordingly, a logic Low disables the device. If the device is enabled, the internal power stage starts switching and regulates the output voltage to the set point voltage. The EN input must be terminated and should not be left floating.

### 7.4.2 Power Good

The TLV62568P has a power good output. The PG pin goes high impedance once the output is above 95% of the nominal voltage, and is driven low once the output voltage falls below typically 90% of the nominal voltage. The PG pin is an open-drain output and is specified to sink up to 1 mA. The power good output requires a pull-up resistor connecting to any voltage rail less than 5.5 V. The PG signal can be used for sequencing of multiple rails by connecting it to the EN pin of other converters. Leave the PG pin unconnected when not used.

**Table 1. PG Pin Logic**

DEVICE CONDITIONS		LOGIC STATUS	
		HIGH Z	LOW
Enable	EN = High, $V_{FB} \geq V_{PG}$	√	
	EN = High, $V_{FB} \leq V_{PG}$		√
Shutdown	EN = Low		√
Thermal Shutdown	$T_J > T_{JSD}$		√
UVLO	$1.4\text{ V} < V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$		√
Power Supply Removal	$V_{IN} \leq 1.4\text{ V}$	√	



## 8 Application and Implementation

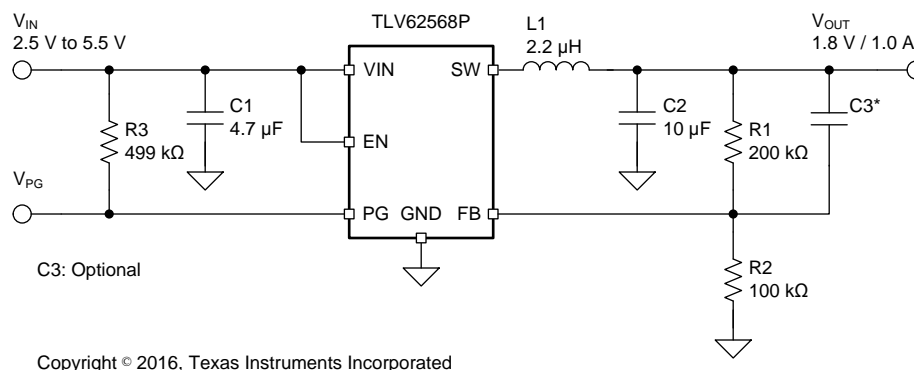
### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The following section discusses the design of the external components to complete the power supply design for several input and output voltage options by using typical applications as a reference.

### 8.2 Typical Application



**Figure 5. TLV62568 1.8-V Output Application**

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 2](#) as the input parameters.

**Table 2. Design Parameters**

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage	2.5 V to 5.5 V
Output voltage	1.8 V
Maximum output current	1.0 A

[Table 3](#) lists the components used for the example.

**Table 3. List of Components**

REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER <sup>(1)</sup>
C1	4.7 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A475KA73L	Murata
C2	10 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A106KE51L	Murata
L1	2.2 μH, Power Inductor, SDER041H-2R2MS	Cyntec
R1,R2,R3	Chip resistor,1%,size 0603	Std.
C3	Optional, 6.8 pF if it is needed	Std.

(1) See [Third-party Products Disclaimer](#)

## 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

### 8.2.2.1 Custom Design With WEBENCH® Tools

[Click here](#) to create a custom design using the TLV62568 device with the WEBENCH® Power Designer.

1. Start by entering the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ), output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), and output current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) requirements.
2. Optimize the design for key parameters such as efficiency, footprint, and cost using the optimizer dial.
3. Compare the generated design with other possible solutions from Texas Instruments.

The WEBENCH Power Designer provides a customized schematic along with a list of materials with real-time pricing and component availability.

In most cases, these actions are available:

- Run electrical simulations to see important waveforms and circuit performance
- Run thermal simulations to understand board thermal performance
- Export customized schematic and layout into popular CAD formats
- Print PDF reports for the design, and share the design with colleagues

Get more information about WEBENCH tools at [www.ti.com/WEBENCH](http://www.ti.com/WEBENCH).

### 8.2.2.2 Setting the Output Voltage

An external resistor divider is used to set output voltage according to [Equation 2](#).

When sizing R2, in order to achieve low current consumption and acceptable noise sensitivity, use a maximum of 200 k $\Omega$  for R2. Larger currents through R2 improve noise sensitivity and output voltage accuracy but increase current consumption.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) = 0.6V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (2)$$

A feed forward capacitor, C3 improves the loop bandwidth to make a fast transient response (shown in [Figure 19](#)). 6.8-pF capacitance is recommended for R2 of 100-k $\Omega$  resistance. A more detailed discussion on the optimization for stability vs. transient response can be found in [SLVA289](#).

### 8.2.2.3 Output Filter Design

The inductor and output capacitor together provide a low-pass filter. To simplify this process, [Table 4](#) outlines possible inductor and capacitor value combinations. Checked cells represent combinations that are proven for stability by simulation and lab test. Further combinations should be checked for each individual application.

**Table 4. Matrix of Output Capacitor and Inductor Combinations**

$V_{OUT}$ [V]	L [ $\mu$ H] <sup>(1)</sup>	$C_{OUT}$ [ $\mu$ F] <sup>(2)</sup>				
		4.7	10	22	2x 22	100
$0.6 \leq V_{OUT} < 1.2$	1				+	
	2.2				++ <sup>(3)</sup>	
$1.2 \leq V_{OUT} < 1.8$	1			+	+	
	2.2			++ <sup>(3)</sup>	+	
$1.8 \leq V_{OUT}$	1		+	+	+	
	2.2		++ <sup>(3)</sup>	+	+	

(1) Inductor tolerance and current de-rating is anticipated. The effective inductance can vary by +20% and -30%.

(2) Capacitor tolerance and bias voltage de-rating is anticipated. The effective capacitance can vary by +20% and -50%.

(3) This LC combination is the standard value and recommended for most applications.

### 8.2.2.4 Inductor Selection

The main parameters for inductor selection is inductor value and then saturation current of the inductor. To calculate the maximum inductor current under static load conditions, [Equation 3](#) is given:

$$I_{L,MAX} = I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

$$\Delta I_L = V_{OUT} \times \frac{1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}}{L \times f_{SW}}$$

where:

- $I_{OUT,MAX}$  is the maximum output current
- $\Delta I_L$  is the inductor current ripple
- $f_{SW}$  is the switching frequency
- $L$  is the inductor value

(3)

It is recommended to choose a saturation current for the inductor that is approximately 20% to 30% higher than  $I_{L,MAX}$ . In addition, DC resistance and size should also be taken into account when selecting an appropriate inductor.

### 8.2.2.5 Input and Output Capacitor Selection

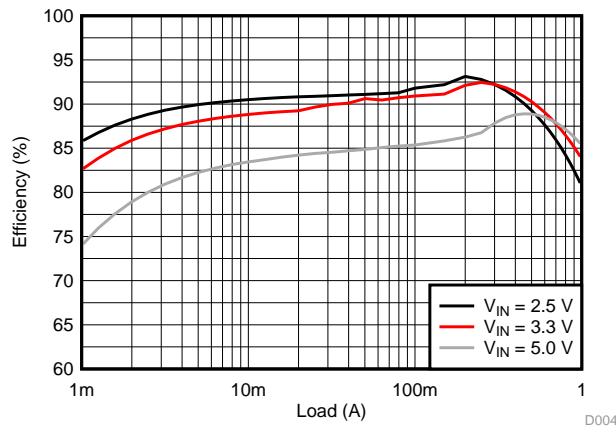
The architecture of the TLV62568 allows use of tiny ceramic-type output capacitors with low equivalent series resistance (ESR). These capacitors provide low output voltage ripple and are thus recommended. To keep its resistance up to high frequencies and to achieve narrow capacitance variation with temperature, it is recommended to use X7R or X5R dielectric.

The input capacitor is the low impedance energy source for the converter that helps provide stable operation. A low ESR multilayer ceramic capacitor is recommended for best filtering. For most applications, 4.7-μF input capacitance is sufficient; a larger value reduces input voltage ripple.

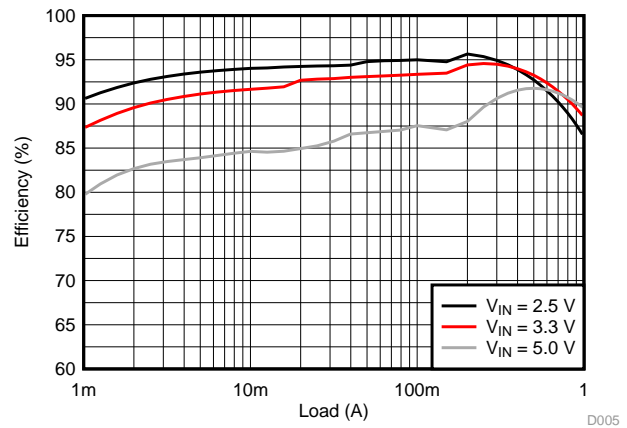
The TLV62568 is designed to operate with an output capacitor of 10 μF to 47 μF, as outlined in [Table 4](#).

### 8.2.3 Application Performance Curves

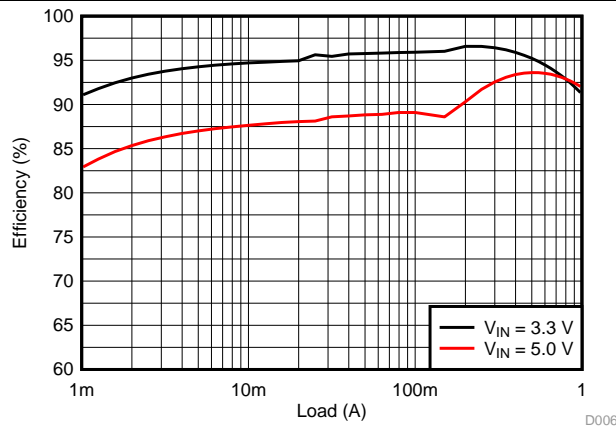
$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{ V}$ ,  $L = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.



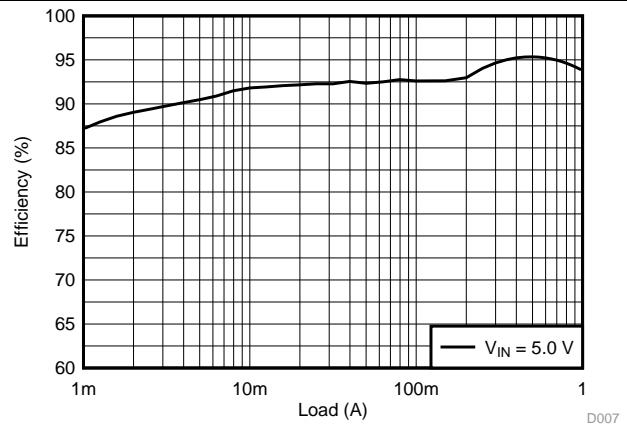
**Figure 6. 1.2-V Output Efficiency**



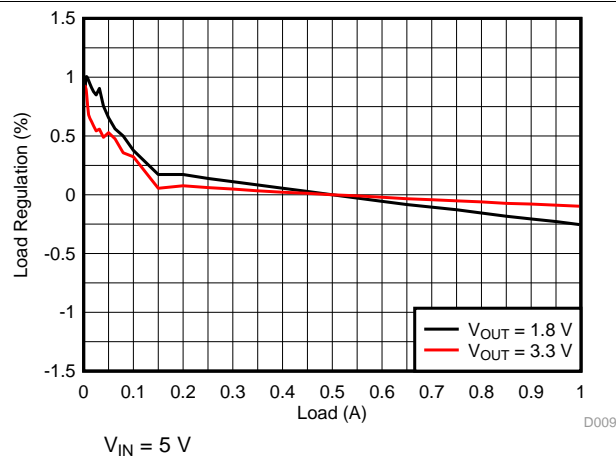
**Figure 7. 1.8-V Output Efficiency**



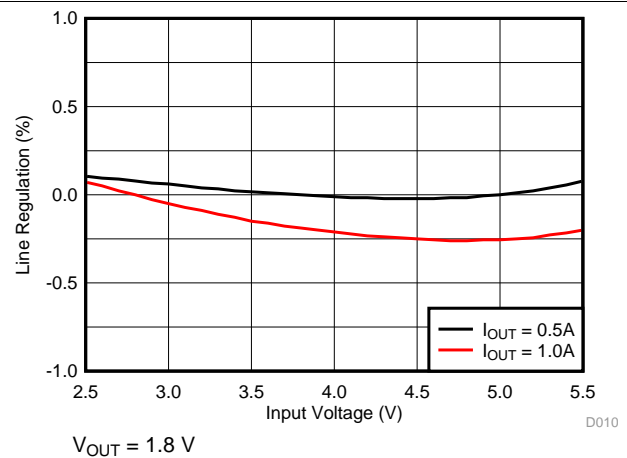
**Figure 8. 2.5-V Output Efficiency**



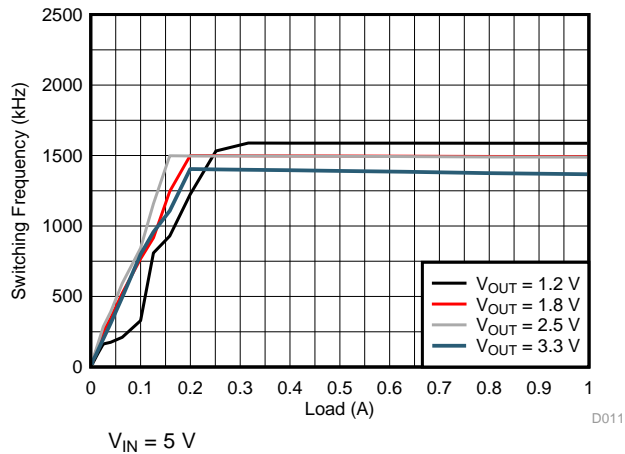
**Figure 9. 3.3-V Output Efficiency**



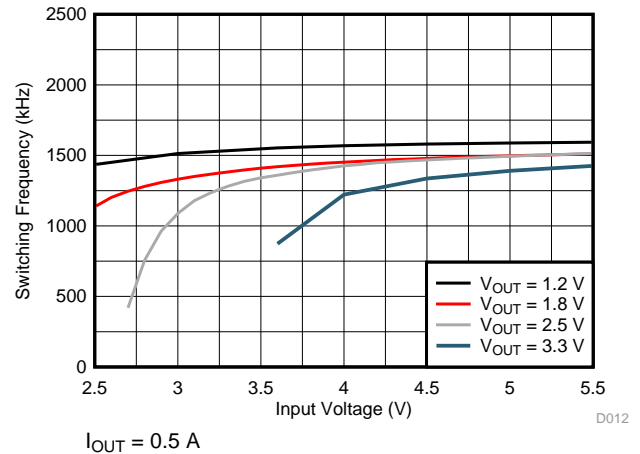
**Figure 10. Load Regulation**



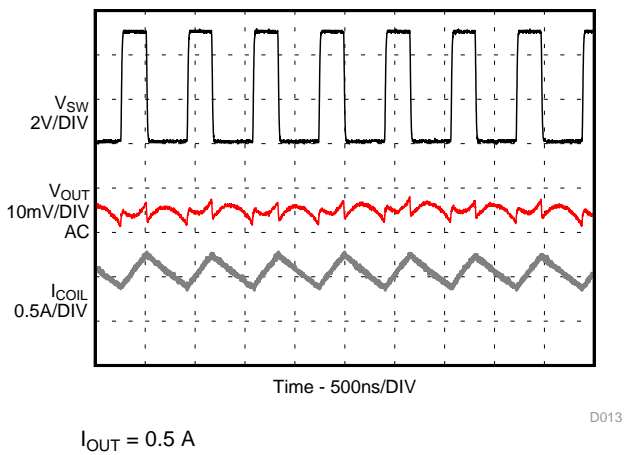
**Figure 11. Line Regulation**



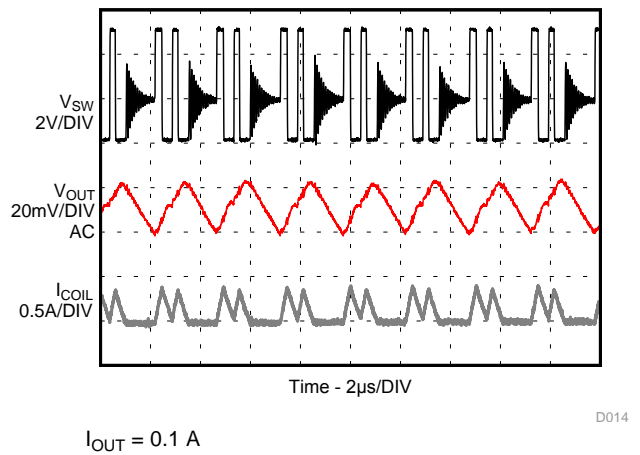
**Figure 12. Switching Frequency vs Load**



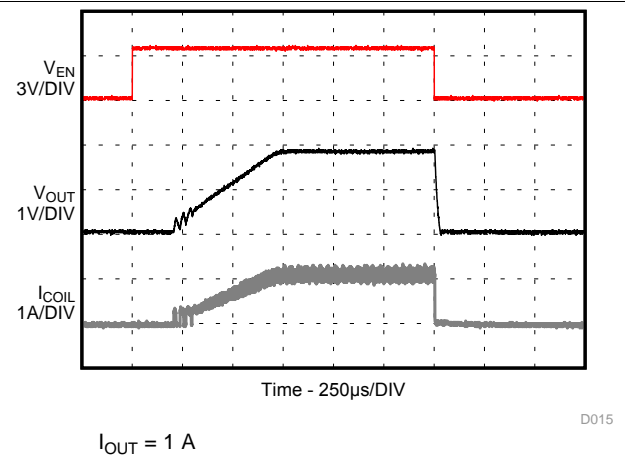
**Figure 13. Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage**



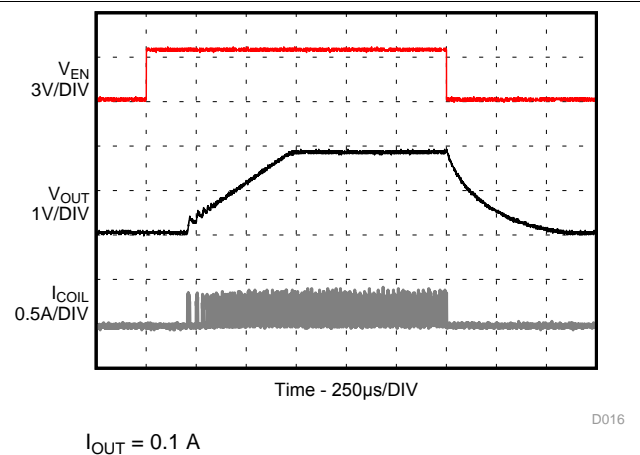
**Figure 14. PWM Operation**



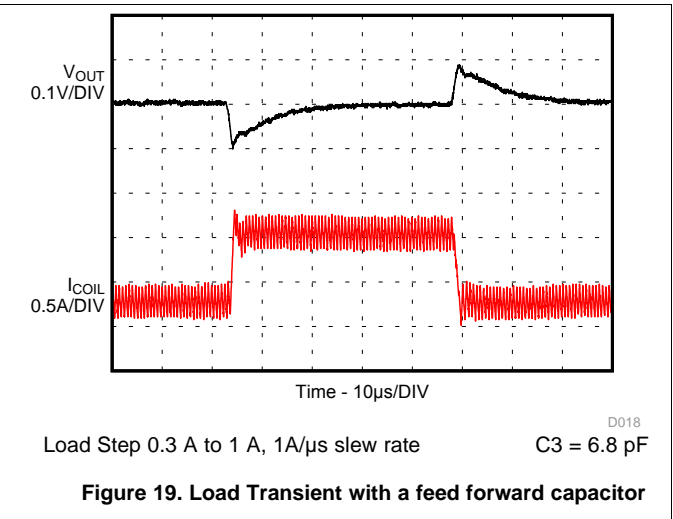
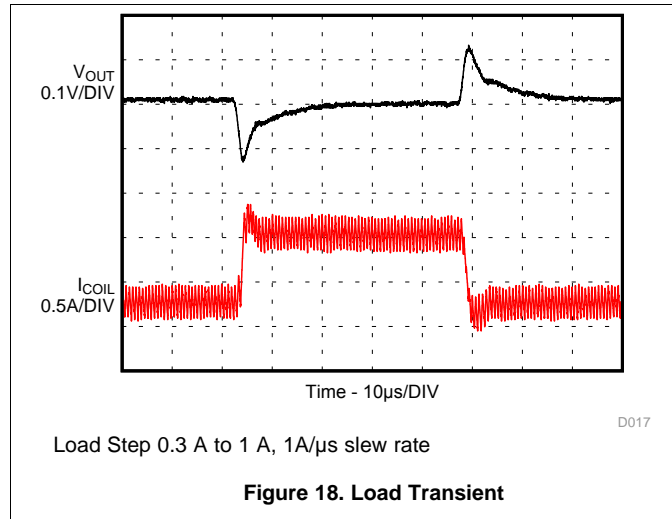
**Figure 15. Power Save Mode Operation**



**Figure 16. Startup with Load**



**Figure 17. Startup with Load**



## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply to the TLV62568 must have a current rating according to the supply voltage, output voltage and output current.

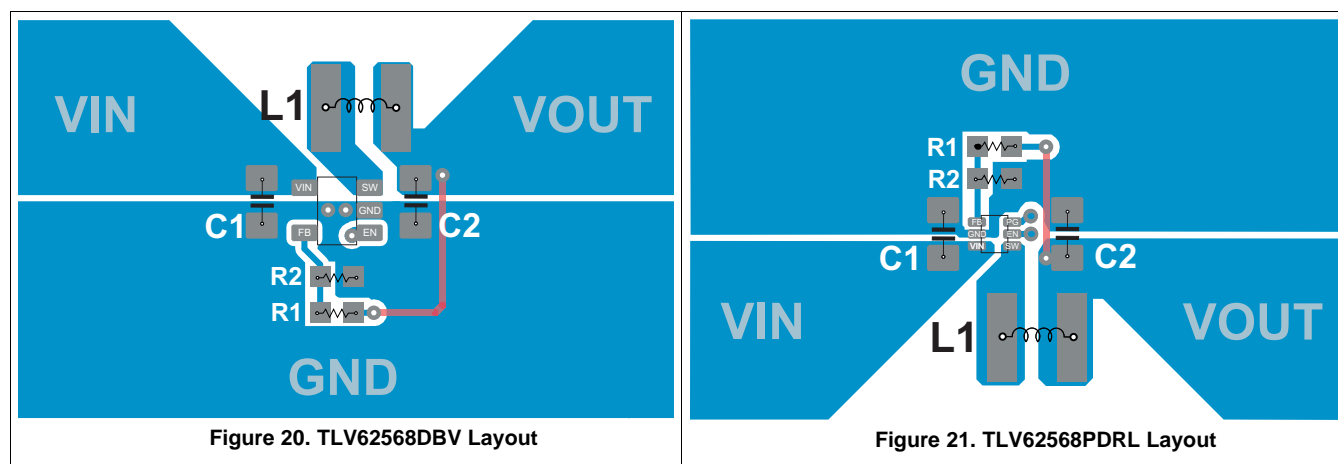
## 10 Layout

### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

The PCB layout is an important step to maintain the high performance of the TLV62568 device.

- The input/output capacitors and the inductor should be placed as close as possible to the IC. This keeps the power traces short. Routing these power traces direct and wide results in low trace resistance and low parasitic inductance.
- The low side of the input and output capacitors must be connected properly to the power GND to avoid a GND potential shift.
- The sense traces connected to FB are signal traces. Special care should be taken to avoid noise being induced. Keep these traces away from SW nodes.
- GND layers might be used for shielding.

### 10.2 Layout Example



### 10.3 Thermal Considerations

Implementation of integrated circuits in low-profile and fine-pitch surface-mount packages typically requires special attention to power dissipation. Many system-dependent issues such as thermal coupling, airflow, convection surfaces, and the presence of other heat-generating components affect the power dissipation limits of a given component.

Two basic approaches for enhancing thermal performance are listed below:

- Improving the power dissipation capability of the PCB design
- Introducing airflow in the system

For more details on how to use the thermal parameters, see the application notes: Thermal Characteristics Application Notes [SZZA017](#) and [SPRA953](#).

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Device Support

#### 11.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

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#### 11.1.2 Custom Design With WEBENCH® Tools

[Click here](#) to create a custom design using the TLV62568 device with the WEBENCH® Power Designer.

1. Start by entering the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ), output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), and output current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) requirements.
2. Optimize the design for key parameters such as efficiency, footprint, and cost using the optimizer dial.
3. Compare the generated design with other possible solutions from Texas Instruments.

The WEBENCH Power Designer provides a customized schematic along with a list of materials with real-time pricing and component availability.

In most cases, these actions are available:

- Run electrical simulations to see important waveforms and circuit performance
- Run thermal simulations to understand board thermal performance
- Export customized schematic and layout into popular CAD formats
- Print PDF reports for the design, and share the design with colleagues

Get more information about WEBENCH tools at [www.ti.com/WEBENCH](http://www.ti.com/WEBENCH).

### 11.2 Documentation Support

#### 11.2.1 Related Documentation

*Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics Application Report* ([SPRA953](#))

*Thermal Characteristics of Linear and Logic Packages Using JEDEC PCB Designs Application Report* ([SZZA017](#))

#### 11.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

**TI E2E™ Online Community** *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](http://e2e.ti.com), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



## 11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## 11.7 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">TLV62568DBVR</a>	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
TLV62568DBVR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
TLV62568DBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	3000   LARGE T&R	-	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
<a href="#">TLV62568DBVT</a>	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU   SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
TLV62568DBVT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
TLV62568DBVT.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV)   5	250   SMALL T&R	-	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	14VF
<a href="#">TLV62568DRLR</a>	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L
TLV62568DRLR.A	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L
<a href="#">TLV62568DRLT</a>	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L
TLV62568DRLT.A	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L
TLV62568DRLT.B	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	-	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18L
<a href="#">TLV62568PDDCR</a>	Active	Production	SOT-23- THIN (DDC)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(9X9, 9XW)
TLV62568PDDCR.A	Active	Production	SOT-23- THIN (DDC)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(9X9, 9XW)
TLV62568PDDCR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23- THIN (DDC)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	-	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(9X9, 9XW)
<a href="#">TLV62568PDDCT</a>	Active	Production	SOT-23- THIN (DDC)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(9X9, 9XW)
TLV62568PDDCT.A	Active	Production	SOT-23- THIN (DDC)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(9X9, 9XW)
<a href="#">TLV62568PDRLR</a>	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N
TLV62568PDRLR.A	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N
TLV62568PDRLR.B	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	3000   LARGE T&R	-	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N
<a href="#">TLV62568PDRLT</a>	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	Call TI   Sn	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N
TLV62568PDRLT.A	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N
TLV62568PDRLT.B	Active	Production	SOT-5X3 (DRL)   6	250   SMALL T&R	-	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	18N

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

**(2) Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

**(3) RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

**(4) Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**(5) MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

**(6) Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV62568DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.0	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.0	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.0	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.0	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	180.0	8.4	1.8	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



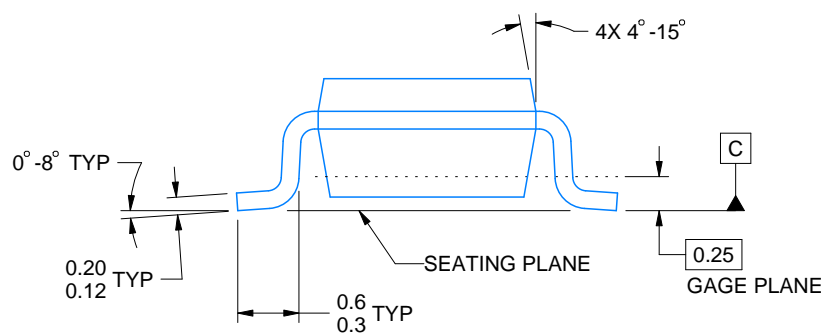
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV62568DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	208.0	191.0	35.0
TLV62568DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568DRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TLV62568PDRLT	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	250	210.0	185.0	35.0



## SOT-23 - 1.1 max height

## SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



4214841/E 08/2024

NOTES:

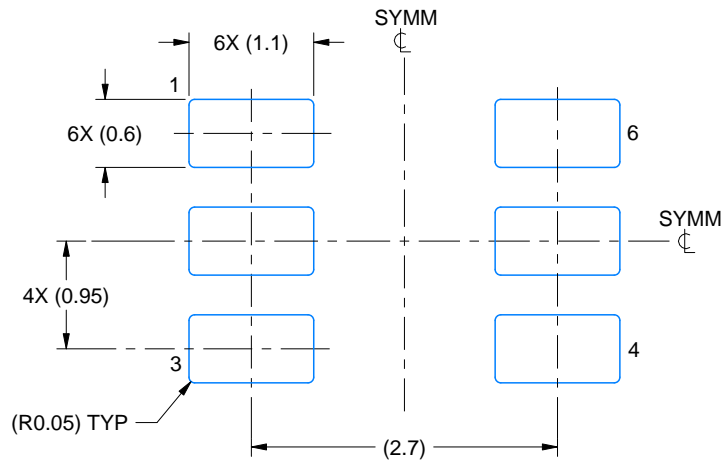
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-193.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

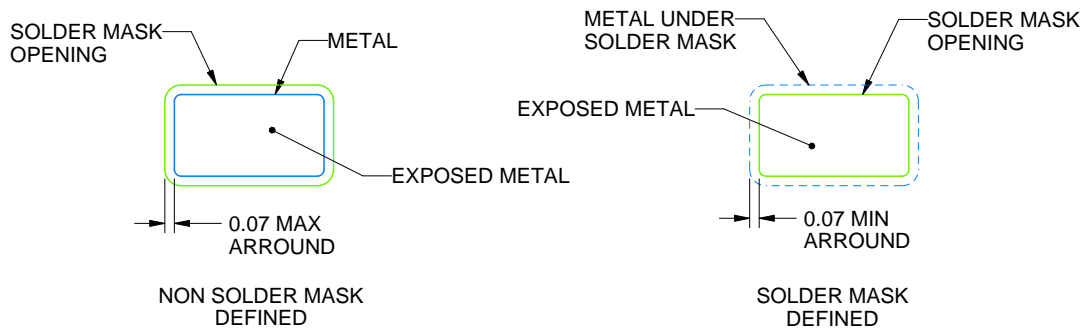
DDC0006A

SOT-23 - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPLODED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:15X



SOLDERMASK DETAILS

4214841/E 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

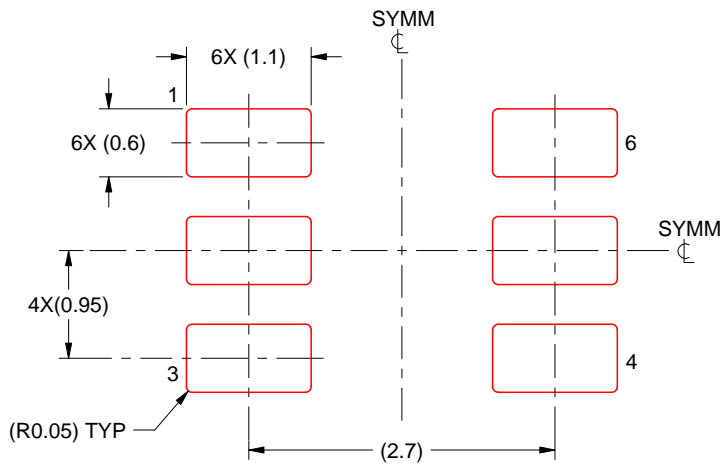
4. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
5. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DDC0006A

SOT-23 - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:15X

4214841/E 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
7. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



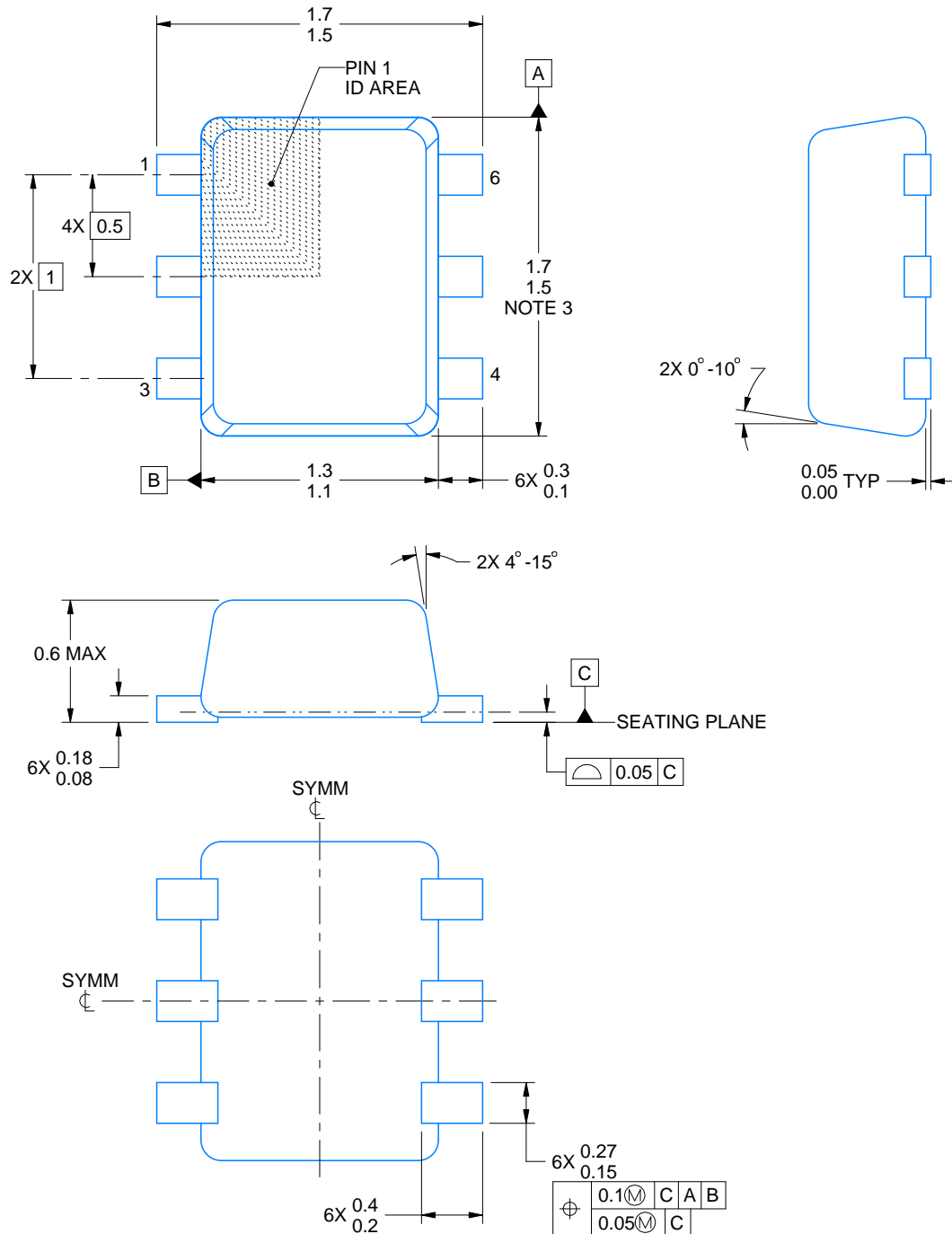
DRL0006A



## PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4223266/F 11/2024

### NOTES:

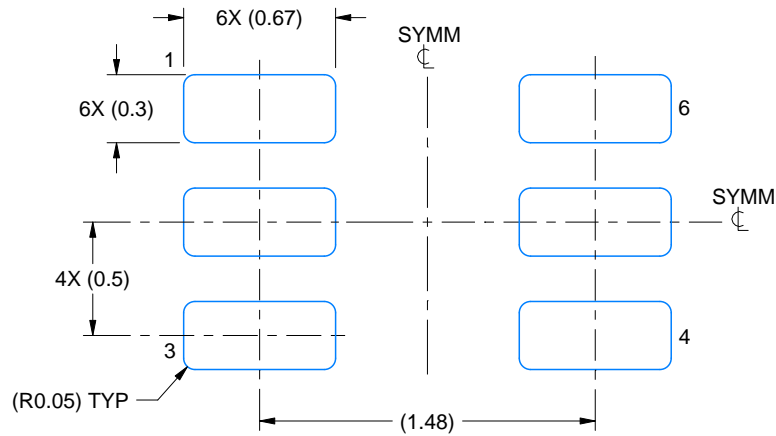
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-293 Variation UAAD

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

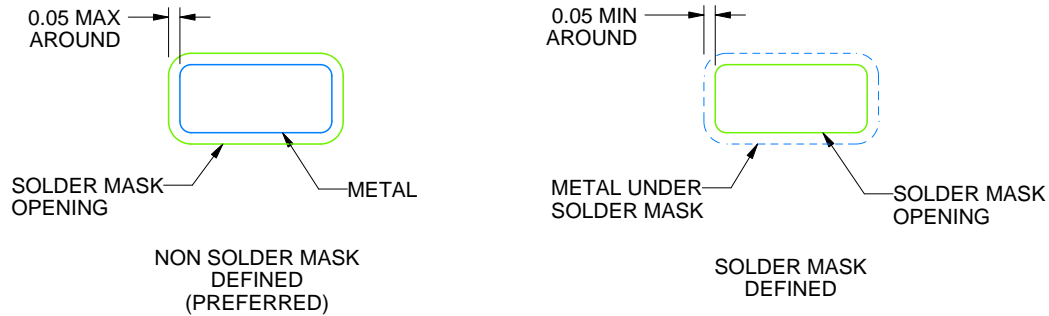
DRL0006A

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:30X



SOLDERMASK DETAILS

4223266/F 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

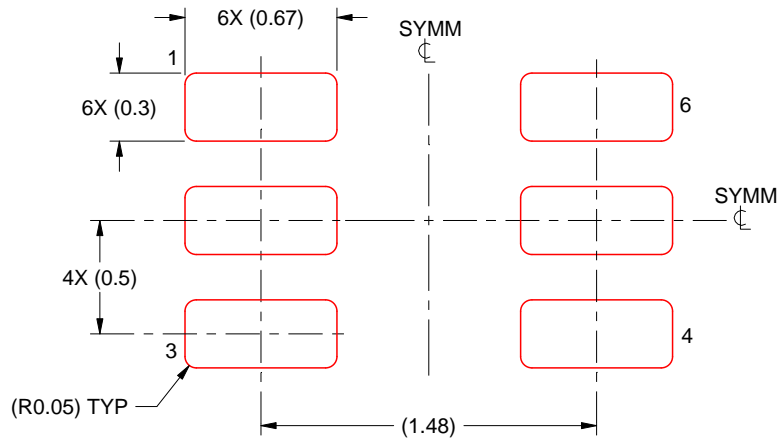
5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
7. Land pattern design aligns to IPC-610, Bottom Termination Component (BTC) solder joint inspection criteria.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DRL0006A

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:30X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



## SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



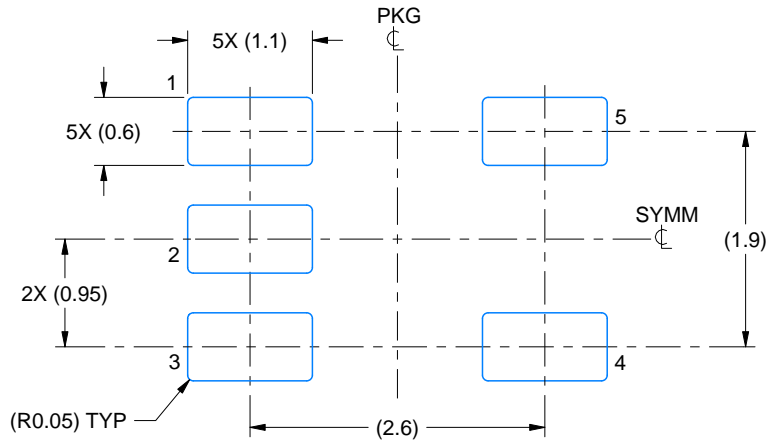
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.
4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

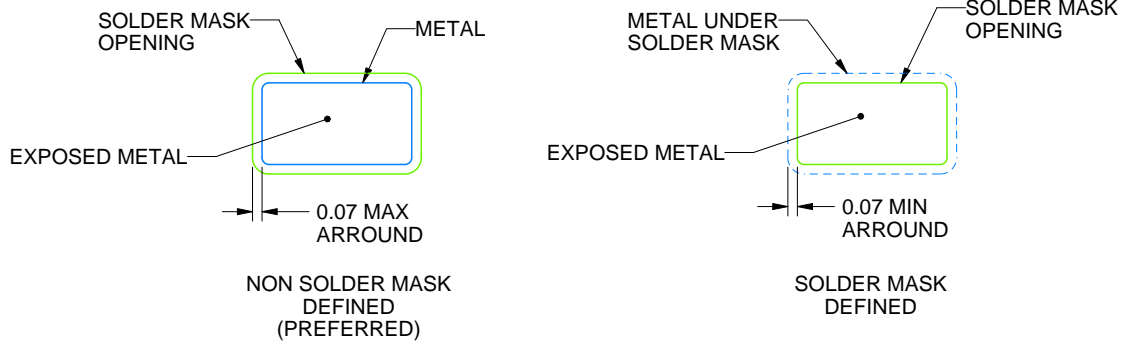
DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214839/K 08/2024

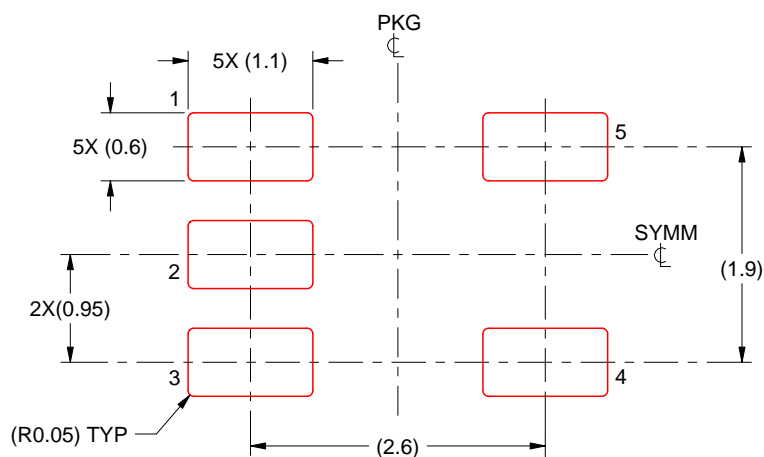
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

**DBV0005A**

## SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

## SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:15X

4214839/K 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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