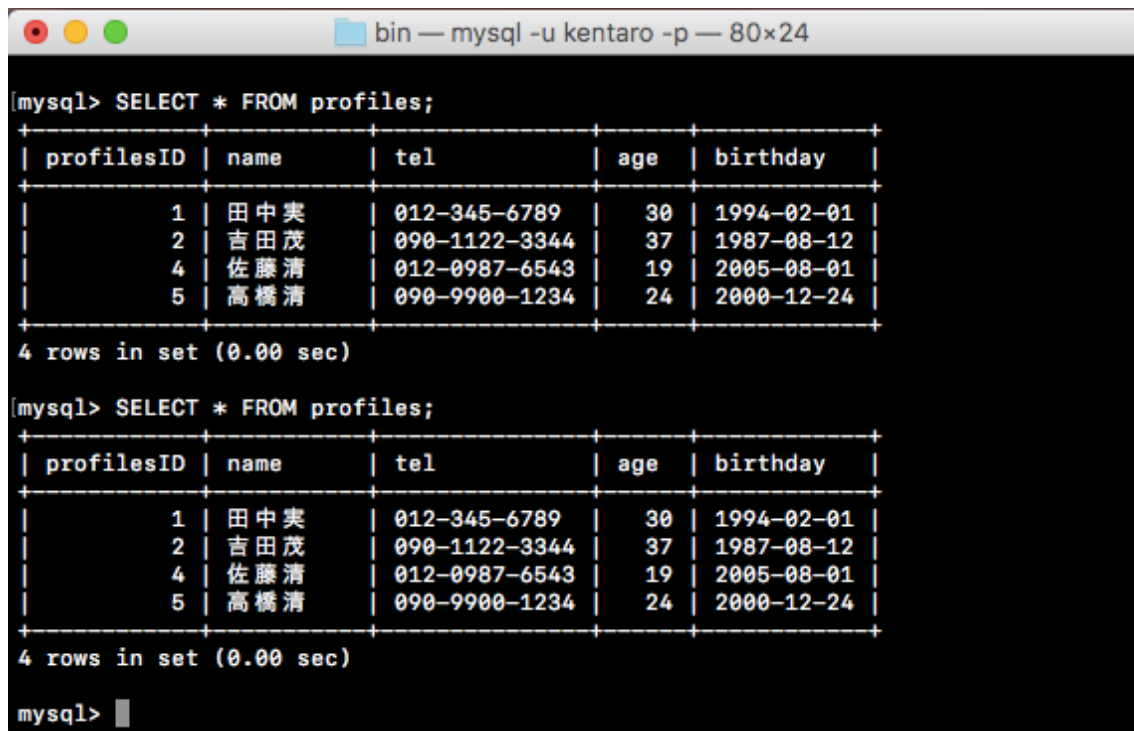


mysql> DELETE FROM profiles

-> WHERE birthday = '2000-12-24';

Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT * FROM profiles;



The screenshot shows a MySQL terminal window titled "bin — mysql -u kentaro -p — 80x24". It displays two SQL queries and their results. The first query is a DELETE statement, and the second is a SELECT statement. The SELECT results are shown in a table format with 5 columns: profilesID, name, tel, age, and birthday. The table contains 5 rows of data. The first row is deleted, and the second row is shifted to the first position.

```
[mysql> SELECT * FROM profiles;
```

profilesID	name	tel	age	birthday
1	田中実	012-345-6789	30	1994-02-01
2	吉田茂	090-1122-3344	37	1987-08-12
4	佐藤清	012-0987-6543	19	2005-08-01
5	高橋清	090-9900-1234	24	2000-12-24

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
[mysql> SELECT * FROM profiles;
```

profilesID	name	tel	age	birthday
1	田中実	012-345-6789	30	1994-02-01
2	吉田茂	090-1122-3344	37	1987-08-12
4	佐藤清	012-0987-6543	19	2005-08-01
5	高橋清	090-9900-1234	24	2000-12-24

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
```