# **Embedding in a Java application** (using the JavaBean API)

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#### 1. Introduction

Normally, you will configure the barcode generators using XML as described on the <u>Barcode XML page</u>. Some people prefer using JavaBeans instead of XML. Here's how to use that API.

#### Note:

If you work with the Bean API you don't need avalon-framework.jar in your classpath.

# 2. Basic steps

The steps necessary to create barcodes using JavaBeans is similar to the steps using XML:

- 1. Create a barcode bean
- 2. Set the desired values to configure the barcode generator
- 3. Create a CanvasProvider (depending on the output format)
- 4. Finally generate the barcode

# 3. Creating a barcode bean

As the first step you have to instantiate a barcode bean.

### Code39Bean bean = new Code39Bean();

Here's a list of available bean classes:

- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.codabar.CodabarBean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.code128.Code128Bean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.code39.Code39Bean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.int2of5.Interleaved2Of5Bean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.postnet.POSTNETBean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.upcean.EAN13Bean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.upcean.EAN8Bean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.upcean.UPCABean
- org.krysalis.barcode4j.impl.upcean.UPCEBean

# 4. Configuring the bean

Each bean has specific getter and setter methods to control various aspects of the individual implementations. Please refer to the <u>JavaDocs</u> for the available properties.

An example:

```
bean.setChecksumMode(ChecksumMode.CP_CHECK);
bean.setWideFactor(3);
```

# 5. Creating a CanvasProvider and generating the barcode

From here it's the same steps as with XML configuration. Please refer to the <u>primary</u> embedding page.

# 6. A complete example

```
//Create the barcode bean
Code39Bean bean = new Code39Bean();
final int dpi = 150;
//Configure the barcode generator
bean.setModuleWidth(UnitConv.in2mm(1.0f / dpi)); //makes the narrow bar
                                                  //width exactly one pixel
bean.setWideFactor(3);
bean.doQuietZone(false);
//Open output file
File outputFile = new File("out.png");
OutputStream out = new FileOutputStream(outputFile);
    //Set up the canvas provider for monochrome PNG output
    BitmapCanvasProvider canvas = new BitmapCanvasProvider(
            out, "image/x-png", dpi, BufferedImage.TYPE_BYTE_BINARY, false,
0);
    //Generate the barcode
    bean.generateBarcode(canvas, "123456");
    //Signal end of generation
    canvas.finish();
 finally {
   out.close();
```