Django FileBrowser Documentation

Release 3.7.2

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Media-Management with Grappelli.

Note: FileBrowser 3.7.2 requires Django 1.9 and Grappelli 2.8.

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Installation and Setup

1.1 Quick start guide

For using the FileBrowser, Django needs to be installed and an Admin Site has to be activated.

1.1.1 Requirements

- Django 1.9, http://www.djangoproject.com
- Grappelli 2.8, https://github.com/sehmaschine/django-grappelli
- · Pillow, https://github.com/python-imaging/Pillow

1.1.2 Installation

Install the FileBrowser:

```
pip install django-filebrowser
```

Add the filebrowser to your INSTALLED_APPS (before django.contrib.admin):

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    'grappelli',
    'filebrowser',
    'django.contrib.admin',
)
```

Add the FileBrowser site to your url-patterns (before any admin-urls):

```
from filebrowser.sites import site

urlpatterns = [
   url(r'^admin/filebrowser/', include(site.urls)),
   url(r'^grappelli/', include('grappelli.urls')),
   url(r'^admin/', include(admin.site.urls)),
]
```

Collect the static files (please refer to the Staticfiles Documentation for more information):

```
python manage.py collectstatic
```

1.1.3 Settings

Check the Settings.

Note: You need to add a folder "uploads" within site.storage.location when using the default settings.

1.1.4 Testing

Start the devserver and login to your admin site:

```
python manage.py runserver <IP-address>:8000
```

Goto /admin/filebrowser/browse/ and check if everything looks/works as expected. If you're having problems, see *Troubleshooting*.

1.2 Settings

There are some settings in order to customize the FileBrowser. Nonetheless, you should be able to start with the default settings.

All settings can be defined in your projects settings-file. In that case, you have to use the prefix FILEBROWSER_ for every setting (e.g. FILEBROWSER_EXTENSIONS instead of EXTENSIONS).

1.2.1 Main URL/Paths Settings

DIRECTORY (relative to storage location)

Main FileBrowser Directory. Leave empty in order to browse all files and folders within a storage location:

```
DIRECTORY = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_DIRECTORY", 'uploads/')
```

You can override this setting on a per–site basis:

```
from filebrowser.sites import site
site.directory = "uploads/"
```

Warning: If you define site.directory, make sure to use a trailing slash.

1.2.2 Extensions and Formats

EXTENSIONS

Allowed extensions for file upload:

```
EXTENSIONS = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_EXTENSIONS", {
    'Image': ['.jpg','.jpeg','.gif','.png','.tif','.tiff'],
    'Document': ['.pdf','.doc','.rtf','.txt','.xls','.csv'],
    'Video': ['.mov','.wmv','.mpeg','.mpg','.avi','.rm'],
    'Audio': ['.mp3','.mp4','.wav','.aiff','.midi','.m4p']
})
```

SELECT_FORMATS

Set different Options for selecting elements from the FileBrowser:

```
SELECT_FORMATS = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_SELECT_FORMATS", {
    'file': ['Image','Document','Video','Audio'],
    'image': ['Image'],
    'document': ['Document'],
    'media': ['Video','Audio'],
})
```

When using the browse-function for selecting Files/Folders, you can use an additional query-attribute type in order to restrict the choices.

1.2.3 Versions

VERSIONS_BASEDIR (relative to storage location)

Directory to save image versions (and thumbnails). If no directory is given, versions are stored at the same location as the original image:

```
VERSIONS_BASEDIR = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS_BASEDIR', '_versions')
```

We do recommend the following structure for media files:

```
-- media # site.storage.location (e.g. MEDIA_ROOT)
-- _versions # VERSIONS_BASEDIR (outside of site.directory)
-- uploads # site.directory
```

Warning: From version 3.7, defining a VERSIONS_BASEDIR outside of site.directory is mandatory.

VERSIONS

Each key in the VERSIONS dict contains an *options* dict with params that will be forwarded to the image processors chain.

If an option is not recognized by the processors in use, it will be ignored. This allows you to define custom options to be used with *Custom processors*.

Define the versions according to your websites grid:

```
VERSIONS = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS", {
    'admin_thumbnail': {'verbose_name': 'Admin Thumbnail', 'width': 60, 'height': 60, 'opts': 'crop'
    'thumbnail': {'verbose_name': 'Thumbnail (1 col)', 'width': 60, 'height': 60, 'opts': 'crop'},
    'small': {'verbose_name': 'Small (2 col)', 'width': 140, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'medium': {'verbose_name': 'Medium (4col)', 'width': 300, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'big': {'verbose_name': 'Big (6 col)', 'width': 460, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'large': {'verbose_name': 'Large (8 col)', 'width': 680, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
})
```

VERSION_QUALITY

Quality of saved versions:

1.2. Settings 5

```
VERSION_QUALITY = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_VERSION_QUALITY', 90)
```

ADMIN VERSIONS

The versions you want to show with the admin interface:

```
ADMIN_VERSIONS = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_ADMIN_VERSIONS', ['thumbnail', 'small', 'medium', 'b.
```

ADMIN_THUMBNAIL

The version being used as the admin thumbnail:

```
ADMIN_THUMBNAIL = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_ADMIN_THUMBNAIL', 'admin_thumbnail')
```

VERSION PROCESSORS

New in version 3.7.2.

An image version is generated by passing the source image through a series of image processors. Each processor may alter the image, often dependent on the options it receives.

You can define the image processors through which the source image is run when you create a version by overriding:

```
VERSION_PROCESSORS = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_VERSION_PROCESSORS', [
    'filebrowser.utils.scale_and_crop',
])
```

The order of the processors is the order in which they will be sequentially called to process the image. The image received by a processor is the output of the previous processor.

See also:

Custom processors.

VERSION NAMER

New in version 3.7.2.

The class used to generate the filename for versions:

```
VERSION_NAMER = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_VERSION_NAMER', 'filebrowser.namers.VersionNamer')
```

Namers bult-in:

```
filebrowser.namers.VersionNamer Default. Generates a name based on the version_suffix.
```

filebrowser.namers.OptionsNamer Generates a name using the options provided to the *FileObject.version_generate* and the options in *VERSIONS* if an version_suffix is provided. Restores the original file name wipping out the last "_version_suffix-plus-any-configs' block entirely.

1.2.4 Placeholder

With your locale environment, you don't necessarily have access to all media files (e.g. images uploaded by your client). Therefore, you can use a PLACEHOLDER.

PLACEHOLDER

Path to placeholder image (relative to storage location):

```
PLACEHOLDER = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_PLACEHOLDER", "")
```

SHOW_PLACEHOLDER

Show placeholder (instead of a version) if the original image does not exist:

```
SHOW_PLACEHOLDER = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_SHOW_PLACEHOLDER", False)
```

FORCE_PLACEHOLDER

Always show placeholder (even if the original image exists):

```
FORCE_PLACEHOLDER = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_FORCE_PLACEHOLDER", False)
```

1.2.5 Extra Settings

STRICT PIL

If set to True, the FileBrowser will not try to import a mis-installed PIL:

```
STRICT_PIL = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_STRICT_PIL', False)
```

IMAGE_MAXBLOCK

see http://mail.python.org/pipermail/image-sig/1999-August/000816.html:

```
IMAGE_MAXBLOCK = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_IMAGE_MAXBLOCK', 1024*1024)
```

EXCLUDE

Exclude-patterns for files you don't want to show:

```
EXTENSION_LIST = []
for exts in EXTENSIONS.values():
    EXTENSION_LIST += exts
EXCLUDE = getattr(settings, 'FILEBROWSER_EXCLUDE', (r'_(%(exts)s)_.*_q\d{1,3}\.(%(exts)s)' % {'exts'}
```

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MAX UPLOAD SIZE

Max. Upload Size in Bytes:

```
MAX_UPLOAD_SIZE = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_MAX_UPLOAD_SIZE", 10485760)
```

NORMALIZE FILENAME

True if you want to normalize filename on upload and remove all non-alphanumeric characters (except for underscores, spaces & dashes):

```
NORMALIZE_FILENAME = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_NORMALIZE_FILENAME", False)
```

CONVERT_FILENAME

True if you want to convert the filename on upload (replace spaces and convert to lowercase):

```
CONVERT_FILENAME = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_CONVERT_FILENAME", True)
```

LIST PER PAGE

How many items appear on each paginated list:

```
LIST_PER_PAGE = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_LIST_PER_PAGE", 50)
```

DEFAULT_SORTING_BY

Default sorting attribute:

```
DEFAULT_SORTING_BY = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_DEFAULT_SORTING_BY", "date")
```

Options are: date, filesize, filename_lower, filetype_checked, mimetype. You can also combine attributes, e.g. ('mimetype', 'filename_lower').

DEFAULT_SORTING_ORDER

Default sorting order:

```
DEFAULT_SORTING_ORDER = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_DEFAULT_SORTING_ORDER", "desc")
```

Options are: asc or desc

FOLDER REGEX

regex to clean directory names before creation:

```
FOLDER_REGEX = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_FOLDER_REGEX", r'^[\w._\ /-]+$')
```

SEARCH_TRAVERSE

True if you want to traverse all subdirectories when searching. Please note that with thousands of files/directories, this might take a while:

```
SEARCH_TRAVERSE = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_SEARCH_TRAVERSE", False)
```

DEFAULT_PERMISSIONS

Default upload and version permissions:

```
DEFAULT_PERMISSIONS = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_DEFAULT_PERMISSIONS", 0o755)
```

OVERWRITE_EXISTING

True in order to overwrite existing files. False to use the behaviour of the storage engine:

```
OVERWRITE_EXISTING = getattr(settings, "FILEBROWSER_OVERWRITE_EXISTING", True)
```

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API

2.1 API

2.1.1 FileListing

class FileListing (path, filter_func=None, sorting_by=None, sorting_order=None) Returns a list of FileObjects for a server path, see FileObject.

Parameters

- path Relative path to a location within *site.storage.location*.
- **filter_func** Filter function, see example below.
- **sorting_by** Sort the files by any attribute of FileObject.
- sorting_order Sorting order, either "asc" or "desc".

If you want to list all files within a storage location you do:

```
from filebrowser.sites import site
from filebrowser.base import FileListing
filelisting = FileListing(site.storage.location, sorting_by='date', sorting_order='desc')
```

Use a custom filter function to limit the list of files:

```
def filter_filelisting(item):
    # item is a FileObject
    return item.filetype != "Folder"

filelisting = FileListing(site.storage.location, filter_func=filter_listing, sorting_by='date', sort.
```

Methods

For the below examples, we're using this folder-structure.:

```
/media/uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg
/media/uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage.jpg
```

Note: We defined filter_browse as filter_func (see sites.py). And we did not define a VERSIONS_BASEDIR for this demonstration, though it is highly recommended to use one.

listing()

Returns all items for the given path with os.listdir(path):

```
>>> for item in filelisting.listing():
... print item
blog
testfolder
```

walk()

Returns all items for the given path with os.walk (path):

files_listing_total()

Returns a sorted list of FileObjects for listing ():

```
>>> for item in filelisting.files_listing_total():
... print item
uploads/blog/
uploads/testfolder/
```

files_walk_total()

Returns a sorted list of FileObjects for walk():

```
>>> for item in filelisting.files_walk_total():
...    print item
uploads/blog/
uploads/blog/1/
uploads/blog/1/images/
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage.jpg
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage_admin_thumbnail.jpg
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage_medium.jpg
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage_small.jpg
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage_small.jpg
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage_thumbnail.jpg
uploads/testfolder/
uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg
```

files_listing_filtered()

Returns a sorted and filtered list of FileObjects for listing():

```
>>> for item in filelisting.files_listing_filtered():
... print item
uploads/blog/
uploads/testfolder/
```

files_walk_filtered()

Returns a sorted and filtered list of FileObjects for walk():

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```
>>> for item in filelisting.files_walk_filtered():
... print item
uploads/blog/
uploads/blog/1/
uploads/blog/1/images/
uploads/blog/1/images/blogimage.jpg
uploads/testfolder/
uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg
```

Note: The versions are not listed (compared with files_walk_total) because of filter_func.

results_listing_total()

Number of total files, based on files_listing_total():

```
>>> filelisting.results_listing_total()
2
```

results_walk_total()

Number of total files, based on files_walk_total():

```
>>> filelisting.results_walk_total()
10
```

results_listing_filtered()

Number of filtered files, based on files_listing_filtered():

```
>>> filelisting.results_listing_filtered()
2
```

results_walk_filtered()

Number of filtered files, based on files_walk_filtered():

```
>>> filelisting.results_walk_filtered()
6
```

2.1.2 FileObject

class FileObject (path, site=None)

An object representing a media file.

Parameters

- path Relative path to a location within *site.storage.location*.
- site An optional FileBrowser Site.

For example:

```
from filebrowser.sites import site
from filebrowser.base import FileObject
fileobject = FileObject(os.path.join(site.directory, "testfolder", "testimage.jpg"))
version = FileObject(os.path.join(fileobject.versions_basedir, "testfolder", "testimage_medium.jpg")
```

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Attributes

Initial Attributes

path

Path relative to a storage location (including site.directory):

```
>>> fileobject.path
'uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg'
```

head

The directory name of pathname path:

```
>>> fileobject.head
'uploads/testfolder'
```

filename

Name of the file (including the extension) or name of the folder:

```
>>> fileobject.filename
'testimage.jpg'
```

filename lower

Lower type of filename.

filename_root

Filename without extension:

```
>>> fileobject.filename_root
'testimage'
```

extension

File extension, including the dot. With a folder, the extensions is None:

```
>>> fileobject.extension
'.jpg'
```

mimetype

Mimetype, based on http://docs.python.org/library/mimetypes.html:

```
>>> fileobject.mimetype ('image/jpeg', None)
```

General Attributes

filetype

Type of the file, as defined with EXTENSIONS:

```
>>> fileobject.filetype
'Image'
```

filesize

Filesize in Bytes:

```
>>> fileobject.filesize
870037L
```

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date

Date, based on time.mktime:

```
>>> fileobject.date 1299760347.0
```

datetime

Datetime object:

```
>>> fileobject.datetime datetime.datetime(2011, 3, 10, 13, 32, 27)
```

exists

True, if the path exists, False otherwise:

```
>>> fileobject.exists
True
```

Path and URL attributes

path

Path relative to a storage location (including site.directory):

```
>>> fileobject.path
'uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg'
```

path_relative_directory

Path relative to site.directory:

```
>>> fileobject.path_relative_directory
'testfolder/testimage.jpg'
```

path_full

Absolute server path (based on storage.path):

```
>>> fileobject.path_full
'/absolute/path/to/server/location/testfolder/testimage.jpg'
```

dirname

New in version 3.4.

The directory (not including site.directory):

```
>>> fileobject.dirname
'testfolder'
```

url

URL for the file/folder (based on storage.url):

```
>>> fileobject.url
'/media/uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg'
```

Image attributes

The image attributes are only useful if the FileObject represents an image.

dimensions

Image dimensions as a tuple:

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```
>>> fileobject.dimensions (1000, 750)
```

width

Image width in px:

```
>>> fileobject.width
1000
```

height

Image height in px:

```
>>> fileobject.height
750
```

aspectratio

Aspect ratio (float format):

```
>>> fileobject.aspectratio
1.33534908
```

orientation

Image orientation, either Landscape or Portrait:

```
>>> fileobject.orientation
'Landscape'
```

Folder attributes

The folder attributes make sense when the FileObject represents a directory (not a file).

is folder

True, if path is a folder:

```
>>> fileobject.is_folder
False
```

is_empty

True, if the folder is empty. False if the folder is not empty or the FileObject is not a folder:

```
>>> fileobject.is_empty
False
```

Version attributes

is_version

true if the File is a version of another File:

```
>>> fileobject.is_version
False
>>> version.is_version
True
```

versions_basedir

The relative path (from storage location) to the main versions folder. Either VERSIONS_BASEDIR or site.directory:

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```
>>> fileobject.versions_basedir
'_versions'
>>> version.versions_basedir
'_versions'
```

original

Returns the original FileObject:

```
>>> fileobject.original
  <FileObject: uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg>
>>> version.original
  <FileObject: uploads/testfolder/testimage.jpg>
```

original_filename

Get the filename of an original image from a version:

```
>>> fileobject.original_filename
'testimage.jpg'
>>> version.original_filename
'testimage.jpg'
```

Methods

Version methods

versions()

List all filenames based on VERSIONS:

Note: The versions are not being generated.

admin versions()

List all filenames based on ADMIN_VERSIONS:

Note: The versions are not being generated.

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version_name (version_suffix, extra_options=None)

Parameters

- **version_suffix** A suffix to compose the version name accordingly to the *VER-SION NAMER* in use.
- **extra_options** An optional dict to be used in the version generation.

Get the filename for a version:

```
>>> fileobject.version_name("medium")
'testimage_medium.jpg'
```

Note: The version is not being generated.

See also:

Files names can be customized using VERSION_NAMER.

version_path (version_suffix, extra_options=None)

Parameters

- **version_suffix** A suffix to compose the version name accordingly to the *VER-SION NAMER* in use.
- **extra_options** An optional dict to be used in the version generation.

Get the path for a version:

```
>>> fileobject.version_path("medium")
'_versions/testfolder/testimage_medium.jpg'
```

Note: The version is not being generated.

version_generate (version_suffix, extra_options=None)

Parameters

- version_suffix A suffix to compose the version name accordingly to the VER-SION_NAMER in use.
- extra_options An optional dict to be used in the version generation.

An image version is generated by passing the source image through a series of *image processors*. Each processor may alter the image, often dependent on the options it receives.

The options used in the processors chain is composed of the *version definition*, if <code>version_suffix</code> is a key in *VERSIONS*, plus any <code>extra_options</code> provided. If no version definition was found and no extra options are provided, an empty dict will be used. A key in <code>extra_options</code> will take precedence over the version definition.

Generate a version:

```
>>> fileobject.version_generate("medium")
<FileObject: uploads/testfolder/testimage_medium.jpg>
```

Please note that a version is only generated, if it does not already exist or if the original image is newer than the existing version.

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Delete methods

delete()

Delete the File or Folder from the server.

Warning: If you delete a Folder, all items within the folder are being deleted.

${\tt delete_versions}\,(\,)$

Delete all VERSIONS.

delete_admin_versions()

Delete all ADMIN_VERSIONS.

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Fields & Widgets

3.1 Fields & Widgets

The FileBrowseField is a custom model field which returns a FileObject.

3.1.1 FileBrowseField

class FileBrowseField (*max_length*[, *site*, *directory*, *extensions*, *format*, **options])

A subclass of CharField, referencing a media file within. Returns a *FileObject*.

Parameters

- site A FileBrowser site (defaults to the main site), see *FileBrowser Site*.
- **directory** Directory to browse when clicking the search icon.
- **extensions** List of allowed extensions, see *Extensions and Formats*.
- **format** A key from SELECT_FORMATS in order to restrict the selection to specific filetypes, see *Extensions and Formats*.

For example:

```
from filebrowser.fields import FileBrowseField

class BlogEntry(models.Model):
    image = FileBrowseField("Image", max_length=200, directory="images/", extensions=[".jpg"], blanks
    document = FileBrowseField("PDF", max_length=200, directory="documents/", extensions=[".pdf",".de
```

FileBrowseField in Templates

You can use all attributes from *FileObject*:

Showing Thumbnail in the Changelist

To show a thumbnail with the changelist, you can define a ModelAdmin method:

```
from filebrowser.settings import ADMIN_THUMBNAIL

def image_thumbnail(self, obj):
    if obj.image and obj.image.filetype == "Image":
        return '<img src="%s" />' % obj.image.version_generate(ADMIN_THUMBNAIL).url
    else:
        return ""
image_thumbnail.allow_tags = True
image_thumbnail.short_description = "Thumbnail"
```

Using the FileBrowseField with TinyMCE

In order to replace the TinyMCE image/file manager with the FileBrowser, you have to use a FileBrowser Callback. There's an example TinyMCE configuration file in /static/js/ called TinyMCEAdmin.js. You can either copy the FileBrowserCallback to your own file or just use tinymce_setup.js (which comes with django-grappelli).

Just add these lines to your ModelAdmin asset definitions:

3.1.2 Django FileField and the FileBrowser

Return a FileObject from a FileField or ImageField with:

```
from filebrowser.base import FileObject

image_upload = models.ImageField(u"Image (Upload)", max_length=250, upload_to=image_upload_path, bland

def image(self):
    if self.image_upload:
        return FileObject(self.image_upload.path)
    return None
```

In order show a thumbnail with your changelist, you could use a ModelAdmin method:

```
from filebrowser.base import FileObject

def image_thumbnail(self, obj):
    if obj.image_upload:
        image = FileObject(obj.image_upload.path)
        if image.filetype == "Image":
            return '<img src="%s" />' % image.version_generate(ADMIN_THUMBNAIL).url
    else:
        return ""
image_thumbnail.allow_tags = True
image_thumbnail.short_description = "Thumbnail"
```

Note: There are different ways to achieve this. The above examples show one of several options.

Admin Interface

4.1 Admin Interface

The main FileBrowser admin application is an extension for the Django admin interface in order to browser your media folder, upload and rename/delete files.

4.1.1 FileBrowser Site

class FileBrowserSite (name=None, app_name='filebrowser', storage=default_storage)
Respresents the FileBrowser admin application (similar to Django's admin site).

Parameters

- name A name for the site, defaults to None.
- app name Defaults to 'filebrowser'.
- **storage** A custom storage engine, defaults to Djangos default storage.

Similar to django.contrib.admin, you first need to add a filebrowser.site to your admin interface. In your urls.py, import the default FileBrowser site (or your custom site) and add the site to your URL-patterns (before any admin-urls):

```
from filebrowser.sites import site

urlpatterns = patterns('',
    url(r'^adminurl/filebrowser/', include(site.urls)),
)
```

Now you are able to browse the location defined with the storage engine associated to your site.

```
from django.core.files.storage import DefaultStorage
from filebrowser.sites import FileBrowserSite

# Default FileBrowser site
site = FileBrowserSite(name='filebrowser', storage=DefaultStorage())

# My Custom FileBrowser site
custom_site = FileBrowserSite(name='custom_filebrowser', storage=DefaultStorage())
custom_site.directory = "custom_uploads/"
```

Note: The module variable site from filebrowser.sites is the default FileBrowser application.

4.1.2 Custom Actions

Similar to Django's admin actions, you can define your FileBrowser actions and thus automate the typical tasks of your users. Registered custom actions are listed in the detail view of a file and a user can select a single action at a time. The selected action will then be applied to the file.

The default FileBrowser image actions, such as "Flip Vertical" or "Rotate 90° Clockwise" are in fact implemented as custom actions (see the module filebrowser.actions).

Writing Your Own Actions

Custom actions are simple functions:

```
def foo(request, fileobjects):
    # Do something with the fileobjects
```

The first parameter is a HttpRequest object (representing the submitted form in which a user selected the action) and the second parameter is a list of FileObjects to which the action should be applied.

The list contains exactly one instance of FileObject (representing the file from the detail view), but this may change in the future, as custom actions may become available also in browse views (similar to admin actions applied to a list of checked objects).

Registering an Action

In order to make your action visible, you need to register it with a FileBrowser site:

```
site.add_action(foo)
```

Once registered, the action will appear in the detail view of a file. You can also give your action a short description:

```
foo.short_description = 'Do foo with the File'
```

This short description will then appear in the list of available actions. If you do not provide a short description, the function name will be used instead and FileBrowser will replace any underscores in the function name with spaces.

Associating Actions with Specific Files

Each custom action can be associated with a specific file type (e.g., images, audio file, etc) to which it applies. In order to do that, you need to define a predicate/filter function, which takes a single argument (FileObject) and returns True if your action is applicable to that FileObject. Finally, you need to register this filter function with your action:

```
foo.applies_to(lambda fileobject: fileobject.filetype == 'Image')
```

In the above example, foo will appear in the action list only for image files. If you do not specify any filter function for your action, FileBrowser considers the action as applicable to all files.

Messages & Intermediate Pages

You can provide a feedback to a user about a successful or failed execution of an action by using a message. For example:

```
from django.contrib import messages

def desaturate_image(request, fileobjects):
    for f in fileobjects:
        # Desaturate the image
        messages.add_message(request, messages.SUCCESS, _("Image '%s' was desaturated.") % f.filename
```

Some actions may require user confirmation (e.g., in order to prevent accidental and irreversible modification to files). In order to that, follow the same pattern as with Django's admin action and return a HttpResponse object from your action. Good practice for intermediate pages is to implement a confirm view and have your action return HttpResponseRedirect:

```
def crop_image(request, fileobjects):
    files = '&f='.join([f.path_relative for f in fileobjects])
    return HttpResponseRedirect('/confirm/?action=crop_image&f=%s' % files)
```

4.1.3 File Storages

You have the option to specify which file storage engine a FileBrowser should use to browse/upload/modify your media files. This enables you to use a FileBrowser even if your media files are located at some remote system. See also the Django's documentation on storages https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/dev/topics/files/.

To associate a FileBrowser site with a particular storage engine, set the storage property of a site object:

```
from django.core.files.storage import FileSystemStorage
site.storage = FileSystemStorage(location='/path/to/media/directory', base_url='/media/')
```

For storage classes other than FileSystemStorage (or those that inherit from that class), there's more effort involved in providing a storage object that can be used with FileBrowser. See *StorageMixin Class*

StorageMixin Class

A FileBrowser uses the Django's Storage class to access media files. However, the API of the Storage class does not provide all methods necessary for FileBrowser's functionality. A StorageMixin class from filebrowser.storage module therefore defines all the additional methods that a FileBrowser requires:

```
isdir(self, name)
```

Returns true if name exists and is a directory.

```
isfile (self, name)
```

Returns true if name exists and is a regular file.

```
move (self, old_file_name, new_file_name, allow_overwrite=False)
```

Moves safely a file from one location to another. If allow_ovewrite==False and new_file_name exists, raises an exception.

```
makedirs (self, name)
```

Creates all missing directories specified by name. Analogue to os.mkdirs().

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4.1.4 Views

All views use the staff_member_requird and path_exists decorator in order to check if the server path actually exists. Some views also use the file_exists decorator.

- Browse, fb_browse Browse a directory on your server. Returns a *FileListing*.
 - Optional query string args: dir, o, ot, q, p, filter_date, filter_type, type
- Create directory, fb_createdir Create a new folder on your server.
 - Optional query string args: dir
 - Signals: filebrowser_pre_createdir, filebrowser_post_createdir
- Upload, fb_upload Multiple upload.
 - Optional query string args: dir, type
 - Signals: filebrowser_pre_upload, filebrowser_post_upload
- Edit, fb_edit Edit a file or folder.
 - Required query string args: filename
 - Optional query string args: dir
 - Signals: filebrowser_pre_rename, filebrowser_post_rename

You are able to apply custom actions (see *Custom Actions*) to the edit-view.

- **Confirm delete**, **fb_confirm_delete** Confirm the deletion of a file or folder.
 - Required query string args: filename
 - Optional query string args: dir

If you try to delete a folder, all files/folders within this folder are listed on this page.

- **Delete**, **fb_delete** Delete a file or folder.
 - Required query string args: filename
 - Optional query string args: dir
 - Signals: filebrowser_pre_delete, filebrowser_post_delete

Warning: If you delete a Folder, all items within this Folder are being deleted.

- Version, fb_version Generate a version of an image as defined with ADMIN_VERSIONS.
 - Required query string args: filename
 - Optional Query string args: dir

This is a helper used by the FileBrowseField and TinyMCE for selecting a version.

4.1.5 Signals

The FileBrowser sends a couple of different signals. Please take a look at the module *filebrowser.signals* for further explanation on the provided arguments.

- **filebrowser_pre_upload** Sent before a an Upload starts.
- filebrowser_post_upload Sent after an Upload has finished.
- filebrowser_pre_delete Sent before an Item (File, Folder) is deleted.

- filebrowser_post_delete Sent after an Item (File, Folder) has been deleted.
- filebrowser_pre_createdir Sent before a new Folder is created.
- filebrowser_post_createdir Sent after a new Folder has been created.
- **filebrowser_pre_rename** Sent before an Item (File, Folder) is renamed.
- filebrowser post rename Sent after an Item (File, Folder) has been renamed.
- filebrowser_actions_pre_apply Sent before a custom action is applied.
- filebrowser_actions_post_apply Sent after a custom action has been applied.

Example for using these Signals

Here's a small example for using the above Signals:

```
from filebrowser import signals
def pre_upload_callback(sender, **kwargs):
   Receiver function called before an upload starts.
   print "Pre Upload Callback"
   print "kwargs:", kwargs
signals.filebrowser_pre_upload.connect(pre_upload_callback)
def post_upload_callback(sender, **kwargs):
   Receiver function called each time an upload has finished.
   print "Post Upload Callback"
   print "kwargs:", kwargs
   # You can use all attributes available with the FileObject
   # This is just an example ...
   print "Filesize:", kwargs['file'].filesize
   print "Orientation:", kwargs['file'].orientation
   print "Extension:", kwargs['file'].extension
signals.filebrowser_post_upload.connect(post_upload_callback)
```

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Image Versions

5.1 Versions

With the FileBrowser, you are able to define different versions/sizes for images. This enables you to save an original image on your server while having different versions of that image to automatically fit your websites grid. Versions are also useful for responsive/adaptive layouts.

To generate a version of a source image, you specify *options* which are used by the image processors (see *VER-SION_PROCESSORS*) to generate the required version.

5.1.1 Defining Versions

First you need to know which versions/sizes of an image you'd like to generate with your website. Let's say you're using a 12 column grid with 60px for each column and 20px margin (which is a total of 940px). With this grid, you could (for example) define these image *VERSIONS*:

```
FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS_BASEDIR = '_versions'

FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS = {
    'admin_thumbnail': {'verbose_name': 'Admin Thumbnail', 'width': 60, 'height': 60, 'opts': 'crop'},
    'thumbnail': {'verbose_name': 'Thumbnail (1 col)', 'width': 60, 'height': 60, 'opts': 'crop'},
    'small': {'verbose_name': 'Small (2 col)', 'width': 140, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'medium': {'verbose_name': 'Medium (4col)', 'width': 300, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'big': {'verbose_name': 'Big (6 col)', 'width': 460, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
    'large': {'verbose_name': 'Large (8 col)', 'width': 680, 'height': '', 'opts': ''},
}
```

Use the methods argument, if you need to add a filter:

```
def grayscale(im):
    "Convert image to grayscale"
    if im.mode != "L":
        im = im.convert("L")
    return im

FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS = {
    'big': {'verbose_name': 'Big (6 col)', 'width': 460, 'height': '', 'opts': '', 'methods': [graysomething]}
})
```

5.1.2 Custom processors

New in version 3.7.2.

Custom processors can be created using a simple method like this:

```
def grayscale_processor(im, grayscale=False, **kwargs):
    if grayscale:
        if im.mode != "L":
              im = im.convert("L")
        return im
```

The first argument for a processor is the source image.

All other arguments are keyword arguments which relate to the list of options received from the *version_generate* method.

Ensure that you explicitly declare all params that could be used by your processor, as the processors arguments can be inspected to get a list of valid options.

In order to turn your processor optional, define the params that your processor expects with a falsy default, and in this case you could return the original image without any modification.

You must also use **kwargs at the end of your argument list because all *options* used to generate the version are available to all processors, not just the ones defined in your processor.

Whether a processor actually modifies the image or not, they must always return an image.

Using the processor

Override the *VERSION_PROCESSORS* setting:

```
FILEBROWSER_VERSION_PROCESSORS = [
    'filebrowser.utils.scale_and_crop',
    'my_project.my_processors.grayscale_processor',
]
```

And in your versions definition:

```
FILEBROWSER_VERSIONS = {
    'big_gray': {'verbose_name': 'Big (6 col)', 'width': 460, 'grayscale': True},
})
```

5.1.3 Versions and the Admin

When using the FileBrowser with the admin interface, you need to define ADMIN_VERSIONS and ADMIN_THUMBNAIL (see *Settings*). ADMIN_VERSIONS are available with the admin, i.e. you are able to see these versions with the image detail view and you are able to select the versions with the *FileBrowseField* model field.

```
FILEBROWSER_ADMIN_VERSIONS = ['thumbnail', 'small', 'medium', 'big', 'large']
FILEBROWSER_ADMIN_THUMBNAIL = 'admin_thumbnail'
```

5.1.4 Versions and the Frontend

With the templatetag version a version will be generated if it doesn't already exist OR if the original image is newer than the version. In order to update an image, you just overwrite the original image and the versions will be generated automatically (as you request them within your template).

A Model example:

```
from filebrowser.fields import FileBrowseField

class BlogEntry(models.Model):
   image = FileBrowseField("Image", max_length=200, blank=True, null=True)
```

With your templates, use version if you simply need to retrieve the URL or version as var if you need to get a FileObject:

```
<!-- load filebrowser templatetags -->
{% load fb_versions %}

<!-- get the url with version -->
<img src="{% version blogentry.image 'medium' %}" />

<!-- get a fileobject with version -->
{% version blogentry.image 'medium' as version_medium %}
{{ version_medium.width }}
<img src="{{ version_medium.url }}" />
```

Templatetag version

Retrieves/Generates a version and returns an URL:

```
{% version model.field_name version_prefix %}
```

Retrieves/Generates a version and returns a FileObject:

```
{% version model.field_name version_prefix as variable %}
```

Note: version_prefix can either be a string or a variable. If version_prefix is a string, use quotes.

5.1.5 Versions in Views

If you have a FileObject you can generate/retrieve a version with:

```
v = obj.image.version_generate(version_prefix) # returns a FileObject
```

5.1.6 Placeholder

When developing on a locale machine or a development-server, you might not have all the images (resp. media-files) available that are on your production instance and downloading these files on a regular basis might not be an option.

In that case, you can use a placeholder instead of a version. You just need to define the PLACEHOLDER and overwrite the settings SHOW_PLACEHOLDER and/or FORCE_PLACEHOLDER (see *Placeholder*).

5.1.7 Management Commands

fb_version_generate

If you need to generate certain (or all) versions, type:

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python manage.py fb_version_generate

fb_version_remove

If you need to remove certain (or all) versions, type:

python manage.py fb_version_remove

Warning: Please be very careful with this command.

Help

6.1 Help

6.1.1 FAQ

Why should I use the FileBrowser?

If you need your editors or customers to manage files, the FileBrowser is an alternative to an FTP-client. Moreover, you are able to define different image versions according to your websites grid. Alternatives to the FileBrowser can be found at http://djangopackages.com/grids/g/file-managers/.

Do I need Grappelli?

Grappelli is a requirement for using the FileBrowser. There are several filebrowser-no-grappelli repositories (most of them on GitHub), but we don't follow the development.

I need help!

see Troubleshooting.

Why are there no fancy effects?

The FileBrowser is about managing files. We think that you should prepare your files *before* uploading them to the server.

How do I upload to another server?

Use a custom storage engine, see https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.9/howto/custom-file-storage/.

Why do I need image-versions?

You need image-versions if your website is based on a grid.

Is the FileBrowser stable?

We've developed the FileBrowser for a couple of years and use it with almost all of our clients. That said, Grappelli is the more stable and mature application.

How can I contribute?

Help is very much needed and appreciated. Test the FileBrowser and submit feedback/patches.

Who develops the FileBrowser?

The FileBrowser is developed and maintained by Patrick Kranzlmüller & Axel Swoboda of vonautomatisch.

6.1.2 Troubleshooting

Check your setup

Please check if the problem is caused by your setup.

- Read Quick start guide.
- Check if the static/media-files are served correctly.
- Make sure you have removed all custom FileBrowser templates from all locations in TEMPLATE_DIRS or check that these templates are compatible with the FileBrowser.

Run the tests

Start the shell and type:

python manage.py test filebrowser

Warning: Please note that the tests will copy files to your filesystem.

Check issues

If your setup is fine, please check if your problem is a known issue.

• Take a look at all FileBrowser Issues (incuding closed) and search the FileBrowser Google-Group.

Add a ticket

If you think you've found a bug, please add a ticket.

- Try to describe your problem as precisely as possible.
- Tell us what you did in order to solve the problem.
- Tell us what version of the FileBrowser you are using.
- Tell us what version of Django you are using.

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- Please do NOT add tickets if you're having problems with serving static/media-files (because this is not related to the FileBrowser).
- Please do NOT add tickets referring to Djangos trunk version.
- At best: add a patch.

Note: Be aware that we may close issues not following these guidlines without further notifications.

6.1.3 Translation

Translation is done via Transifex.

Supported Languages

see https://www.transifex.net/projects/p/django-filebrowser/resource/djangopo/

6.1.4 FileBrowser 3.7 Release Notes

FileBrowser 3.7 is compatible with Django 1.9 as well as Grappelli 2.8.

Updates

- Compatibility with Django 1.9 and Grappelli 2.8
- If you use versions, defining a VERSIONS_BASEDIR outside of site.directory is now mandatory.

Depreciations (3.7)

As already noted with 3.6, there's a couple of backwards-incompatible changes with 3.7.

- FileObject directory is deprecated (use path_relative_directory instead).
- FileObject folder is deprecated (use dirname instead).
- FileInput and ClearableFileInput have been removed.
- version_object has been removed (use version instead).

Update from FileBrowser 3.6.x

- Update Django to 1.9 and check https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/dev/releases/1.8/
- Update Grappelli to 2.8.x
- Update FileBrowser to 3.7.x

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6.2 Testing

Filebrowser is shipped with a minimal django project for testing.

Run the FileBrowser tests:

tox

Warning: Please note that the tests will copy files to your filesystem.

6.2.1 Travis

See https://travis-ci.org/sehmaschine/django-filebrowser.

6.3 Changelog

6.3.1 3.7.3 (not yet released)

6.3.2 3.7.2 (August 9th, 2016)

- New: An image version is generated by passing the source image through a series of VERSION_PROCESSORS.
- New: Files names can be customized using VERSION_NAMER.
- New: Allow override the FileBrowseWidget using Admin.formfield_overrides param widget.

6.3.3 3.7.1 (April 15th, 2016)

- Compatibility with Django 1.9 and Grappelli 2.8
- New: add opportunity to choose custom filelisting class for FileBrowserSite.
- Improved: Using Django's @cached_property to refactor FileObject properties.

For further information, see FileBrowser 3.7 Release Notes.

Chapter 6. Help

Main Features

- Browse your media files with the admin interface.
- Multiple upload, including a progress bar.
- Automatic thumbnails.
- Image versions to fit your websites grid (esp. useful with adaptive/responsive layouts).
- Integration with TinyMCE.
- FileBrowseField to select images/documents.
- Signals for upload, rename and delete.
- Custom actions.
- Custom file storage engines.

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| Code | |
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https://github.com/sehmaschine/django-filebrowser

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Discussion

Use the FileBrowser Google Group to ask questions or discuss features.

Versions and Compatibility

FileBrowser is always developed against the latest stable Django release and is NOT tested with Djangos trunk.

- FileBrowser 3.7.2 (August 9th, 2016): Compatible with Django 1.9
- FileBrowser 3.6.4 (March 6th, 2016): Compatible with Django 1.8
- FileBrowser 3.5.8 (September 7th, 2015): Compatible with Django 1.4/1.5/1.6/1.7

Current development branches:

- FileBrowser 3.7.3 (Development Version for Django = 1.9, see Branch Stable/3.7.x)
- FileBrowser 3.6.5 (Development Version for Django = 1.8, see Branch Stable/3.6.x)
- FileBrowser 3.5.9 (Development Version for Django <= 1.7, see Branch Stable/3.5.x)

Older versions are available at GitHub, but are not supported anymore. Support for 3.5.x and 3.6.x is limited to security issues and very important bugfixes.

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