Reproducible Research Project 2: NOAA Storm Data Analysis Synopsis

An analysis of NOAA Storm Events Data ranging from 1950 to 2011. We aggregate the data and look at the total number of injuries, fatalities, and amount of damage caused. Overall, floods are responsible for the most economic damage, but tornadoes cause the most injuries and fatalities. They are also the 3rd leading cause of damage.

Data Processing

Data is downloaded from a url (https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2 Fdata%2 FStormData.csv.bz2) and unzipped using the bunzip2 function of the R.utils library.

```
# library('R.utils')
#
download.file('https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2Fdata%2FStormData.csv.bz2','NOAA.csv.bz2','
# bunzip2('NOAA.csv.bz2')
data <- read.csv("NOAA.csv", header = TRUE)
library(ggplot2)</pre>
```

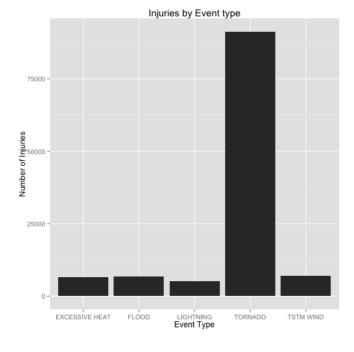
What causes the most injuries?

We can see below that Tornadoes cause the most injuries.

```
injuries <- aggregate(data$INJURIES, by = list(EVTYPE = data$EVTYPE), sum)
injuries <- injuries[order(injuries$x, decreasing = TRUE), ]
head(injuries, 10)</pre>
```

```
EVTYPE
## 834
## 856
## 170
                         TORNADO 91346
STM WIND 6957
                      TSTM WIND
                            FLOOD
                                       6789
                                       6525
5230
## 130
## 464
## 275
               EXCESSIVE HEAT
                      LIGHTNING
                                       2100
                              HEAT
                                       1975
1777
    427
##
                      ICE STORM
   153 FLASH FLOOD
760 THUNDERSTORM WIND
                   FLASH FLOOD
##
    244
```

```
ggplot(injuries[1:5, ], aes(EVTYPE, y = x)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
    xlab("Event Type") + ylab("Number of Injuries") + ggtitle("Injuries by Event type")
```

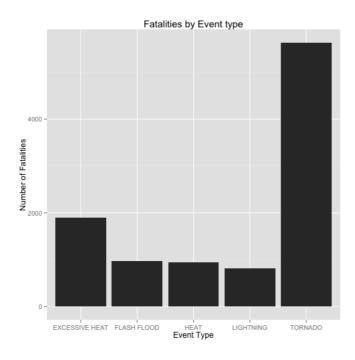


What causes the most fatalities?

We can see that Tornadoes also cause the most fatalities.

```
fatalities <- aggregate(data$FATALITIES, by = list(EVTYPE = data$EVTYPE), sum)
fatalities <- fatalities[order(fatalities$x, decreasing = TRUE), ]
head(fatalities, 10)</pre>
```

```
ggplot(fatalities[1:5, ], aes(EVTYPE, y = x)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
    xlab("Event Type") + ylab("Number of Fatalities") + ggtitle("Fatalities by Event type")
```



Calculating Damage

The dataset provides an exponential multiplier in the form of 10^{X} . However the data is not consistent. Sometimes we see a 'B' instead of '9' for billion. We also sometimes see a 'b' instead of a capital 'B'. The following code remedies the discrepancies. At the end, since we are most interested in total damage, we combine the values for Crop and Property damage.

```
# First, make everything upper case
data$PROPDMGEXP <- toupper(data$PROPDMGEXP)
data$CROPDMGEXP <- toupper(data$CROPDMGEXP)
unique(c(data$PROPDMGEXP, data$CROPDMGEXP))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "K" "M" "" "B" "+" "0" "5" "6" "?" "4" "2" "3" "H" "7" "-" "1" "8"
```

```
datasub <- data[, c("EVTYPE", "PROPDMG", "PROPDMGEXP", "CROPDMG", "CROPDMGEXP")]
datasub[datasub$PROPDMGEXP %in% c("", "+", "-", "?"), "PROPDMGEXP"] <- "0"
datasub[datasub$CROPDMGEXP %in% c("", "+", "-", "?"), "CROPDMGEXP"] <- "0"
unique(c(datasub$PROPDMGEXP, datasub$CROPDMGEXP))</pre>
```

```
## [1] "K" "M" "0" "B" "5" "6" "4" "2" "3" "H" "7" "1" "8"
```

```
# Create 10^x substitutions for Billion, Hundred, Kilo, and Million datasub[datasub$PROPDMGEXP == "B", "PROPDMGEXP"] <- 9 datasub[datasub$CROPDMGEXP == "B", "CROPDMGEXP"] <- 9 datasub[datasub$PROPDMGEXP == "M", "PROPDMGEXP"] <- 6 datasub[datasub$CROPDMGEXP == "M", "CROPDMGEXP"] <- 6 datasub[datasub$PROPDMGEXP == "K", "PROPDMGEXP"] <- 3 datasub[datasub$CROPDMGEXP == "K", "CROPDMGEXP"] <- 3 datasub[datasub$PROPDMGEXP == "H", "PROPDMGEXP"] <- 2 datasub[datasub$CROPDMGEXP == "H", "CROPDMGEXP"] <- 2 unique(c(datasub$PROPDMGEXP, datasub$CROPDMGEXP))
```

```
## [1] "3" "6" "0" "9" "5" "4" "2" "7" "1" "8"
```

```
# Now combine the exponent with the value
datasub$PROPDMGEXP <- 10^(as.numeric(datasub$PROPDMGEXP))
datasub$CROPDMGEXP <- 10^(as.numeric(datasub$CROPDMGEXP))
datasub[is.na(datasub$PROPDMG), "PROPDMG"] <- 0
datasub[is.na(datasub$CROPDMG), "CROPDMG"] <- 0
# Calculate the total damage
datasub <- within(datasub, TOTALDMG <- PROPDMG * PROPDMGEXP + CROPDMG * CROPDMGEXP)

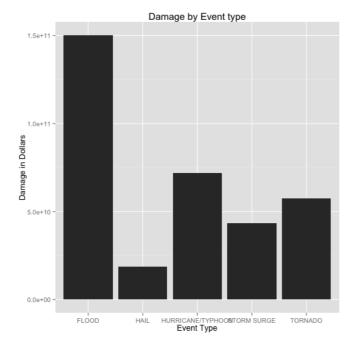
DamageByType <- aggregate(datasub$TOTALDMG, by = list(EVTYPE = datasub$EVTYPE),
    FUN = sum)
DamageByType <- DamageByType[order(DamageByType$x, decreasing = TRUE), ]</pre>
```

We can see that Floods cause the most damage. Floods also cause more than twice as much damage as hurricanes/typhoons, which came in second.

```
# Show the 10 most damaging head(DamageByType, 10)
```

```
EVTYPE
## 170
                             FLOOD 1.503e+11
## 411 HURRICANE/TYPHOON 7.191e+10
## 834
## 670
                   TORNADO 5.736e+10
STORM SURGE 4.332e+10
                   HAIL 1.876e+10
FLASH FLOOD 1.824e+10
DROUGHT 1.502e+10
HURRICANE 1.461e+10
##
##
##
##
   244
153
    95
    402
##
    590
                    RIVER FLOOD 1.015e+10
##
    427
                      ICE STORM 8.967e+09
```

```
DamageSubset <- DamageByType[1:5, ]
ggplot(DamageSubset, aes(EVTYPE, y = x)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity") + xlab("Event Type") +
   ylab("Damage in Dollars") + ggtitle("Damage by Event type")</pre>
```



Summary

Floods are responsible for the most economic damage, but tornadoes cause the most injuries and fatalities. They are also the 3rd leading cause of damage.