





## SODIUM RESTRICTED DIETS

ALL THE BASICS ON SODIUM, PLUS HELPFUL TIPS
FOR REDUCING SODIUM IN YOUR DIET

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### BEGINNING WITH THE BASICS

#### WHAT IS SODIUM?

Sodium is a mineral that is naturally occurring in foods. It can also be added to foods.

#### WHAT IS SALT?

Table salt is a combination of 40% sodium, and 60% chloride. 90% of the sodium we eat is in the form of sodium chloride.

## SALT AND SODIUM CORRELATION

#### Sodium in Table Salt

 $\frac{1}{4}$  tsp salt = 575 mg sodium

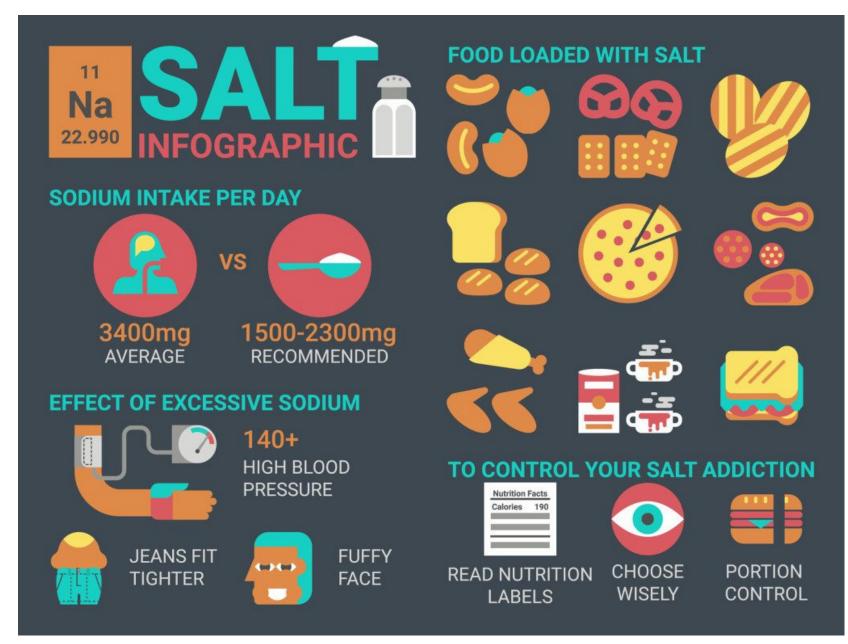
 $\frac{1}{2}$  tsp salt = 1,150 mg sodium

 $\frac{3}{4}$  tsp salt = 1,725 mg sodium

1 tsp salt = 2,300 mg sodium

todaysdietitian.com

## WHERE MAJORITY OF SODIUM IS FOUND



vectorstock.com

#### INTO PERSPECTIVE...

The majority of Americans' daily sodium intake comes from grains, meats, poultry, soups, and sandwiches.70% of the sodium Americans consume is found in processed foods and restaurant meals. You may not be able to taste the salt in grains, baked goods, and meats, but they add up to major sources of daily sodium because of the frequency in which they are eaten.

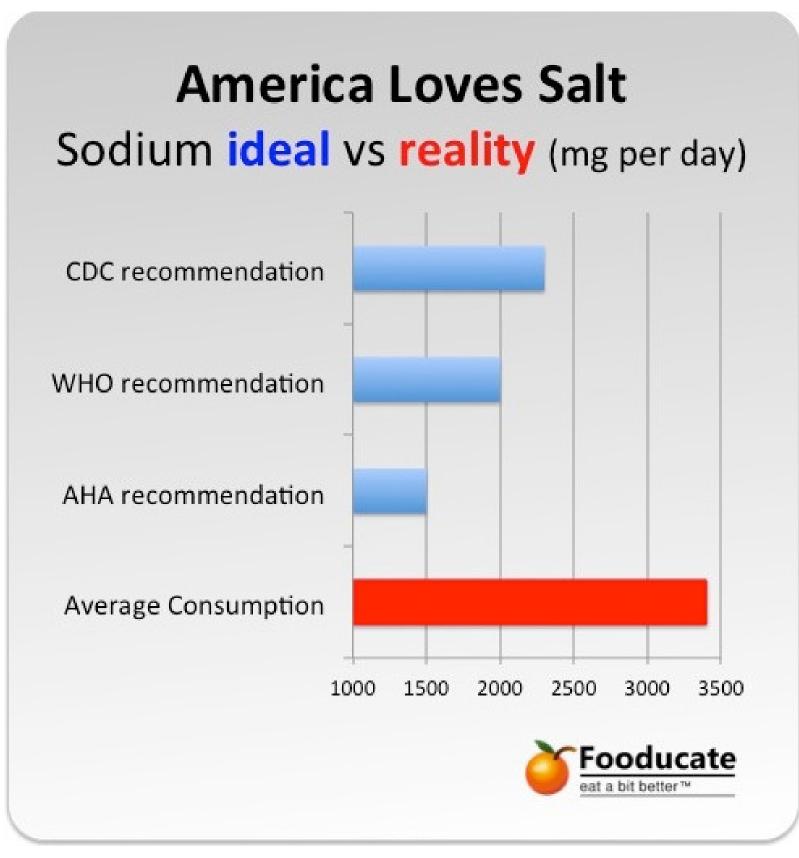
# CDC AND HHS RECOMMENDATIONS

The Center for Disease Control (CDC) and the Department of Health and Human Human Services (HHS) provides national standards for sodium intake. The 2015-2020 Guidelines for Americans (provided by the CDC, recommends that Americans *consume less than 2,300 milligrams of sodium per day* as part of a healthy eating pattern.

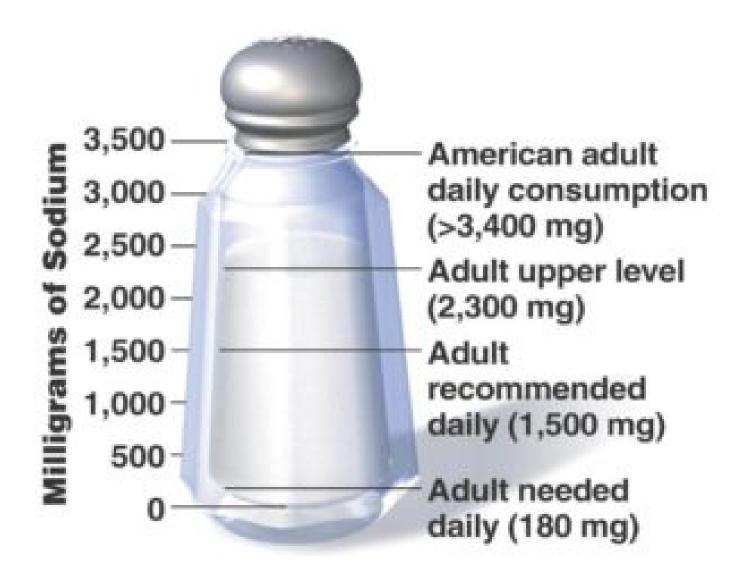
## The American Heart Association

"When there's extra sodium in your bloodstream, it pulls water into your blood vessels, increasing the total amount of blood inside your blood vessels. With more blood flowing through your vessels, blood pressure INCREASES"

 High blood pressure increases the chance of developing heart disease or having a stroke



fooducate.com



#### drashchiheart.com

## THE IDEAL LIMIT IS 1,500 MG OF SODIUM PER DAY

(less for those with high blood pressure)

## IDENTIFYING LOW SODIUM FOODS

The Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion recommends when grocery shopping to choose fresh food rather than processed foods when available. Use the "Nutrition Facts" label to check the sodium level. You can then compare sodium levels in like foods to find products with less sodium. You can also look for foods with "low sodium" or "no salt added" labels on the front of the packaging.



healthyheartmarket.com

#### WHAT A LOW SODIUM DIET CONSISTS OF:

#### Vegetables and Fruits!

- Fresh fruits and vegetables
- Frozen vegetables without any added sauces or butter
- Canned vegetables that are low in sodium or have no salt added (Check the labels! You can also rinse the vegetables to remove some of the sodium)
- Low sodium vegetable juice and fruit juice
- Frozen, canned, or dried fruit with no added sugars

#### **Condiments!**

- Unsalted margarine
- Low-sodium ketchup, salsa

#### Breads, Cereals, and Other Grains!

- Whole grains (brown or wild rice, quinoa, barley)
- Whole wheat or whole grain pasta
- Couscous
- Unsalted popcorn
- Low sodium chips/pretzels

#### Dairy!

- Low-fat or fat-free milk
- Low-fat or fat-free plain yogurt
- Low-sodium or reduced sodium cheese
- Soymilk

#### Protein!

- Fresh or frozen fish/shellfish
- Chicken or turkey without skin or marinade
- Lean cuts of beef or pork
- Unsalted nuts or seeds
- Dried beans and peas
- Canned beans labeled "low-sodium" or "no salt added"
- Eggs

# PLANNING A LOW SODIUM DIET

#### WHY SODIUM IS USED

Salt is used to add flavor to foods. Large amounts of salt are added into food while it is being prepared. Especially in restaurants. The salt typically dissipates slightly during the cooking process and the flavor is not as strong. Generally, more salt is added to get the desired flavor. You can taste salt more (and consume less) by adding it on top of cooked foods.

#### **SODIUM ALTERNATIVES**

- Herbs (Basil, Dill, Parsley, Thyme, Oregano, etc.)
- Spices (Ginger, Cinnamon, Bay Leaves, Cumin, Chili Powder, etc.)
- Salt-free seasoning blends
- Chopped vegetables (onion, celery, garlic, peppers)
- Lemon juice and lime juice
- Ginger



5% added while cooking

6% added while eating

12% from natural sources

77% from processed and prepared foods squarepegs.typepad.com

The serving size represents the typical amount eaten by an adult.

### **Example Nutrition Label**

The sodium content is listed on the food label

per serving size. Ignore the % daily value and
focus on the amount of mg sodium per serving.

Remember, if you eat more than one serving,
you will get more sodium than the amount
listed.

"Low sodium" = 140 mg or less per serving

"No sodium" = less than 5 mg per serving

Nutrition Facts	
Serving Size	1 cup (228 g)
Servings per container:	2

Amount Per Serving	
Calories	90
Fat Calories	30
	% Daily Value*
Total Fat 3g	5%
Saturated Fat 0g	0%
Trans Fat 0g	
Cholesterol 0mg	0%
Sodium 300mg	13%
Total Carbohydrate 13g	4%
Dietary Fiber 3g	12%
Sugars 3g	
Protein 3g	
Vitamin A 80%	Vitamin C 60%
	E 17292000

\*Percent Daily Values (DV) are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower, depending on your calorie needs.

Iron

4%

Calcium

4%

# SAMPLE MENU: LOW SODIUM

#### **BREAKFAST**

- 1/2 Grapefruit (0mg)
- 4 medium, Lowsodium pancakes (150mg)
- 2 Tbsp Syrup (0mg)
- 8 oz. Skim Milk (95mg)
- Coffee (0mg)

#### MORNING SNACK

1 c Pineapple
 Chunks (0mg)

#### LUNCH

- 2oz Grilled Chicken (60mg)
- 1 (thin) slice Whole
   Wheat bread (70mg)
- 1 tsp Margarine(30mg)
- Homemade
   Macaroni Salad
   (140mg)
- 1 c. Mixed
   Vegetables (20mg)
- Diet Soda (40mg)

## AFTERNOON SNACK

2 cookies
 (110mg)

#### **DINNER**

- 2 c Spaghetti (no salt) (5mg)
- Low-sodium sauce (80mg)
- 1 thin slice French bread (165mg)
- 2 tsp Margarine (30mg)
- 1 c Broccoli (65 mg)
- 2 c Salad w/lowsodium dressing (175mg)
- 4 oz Skim Milk (47.5mg)

## **EVENING SNACK**

 1 slice Angel Food Cake with 1/2 c
 Strawberries (110mg)

TOTAL FOR DAY=
1392.5MG
SODIUM

### WHAT NOW?

Now the basis of low-sodium diets are outlined, you can begin your own low sodium diet. Consulting a Registered Dietitian is highly recommended. The dietitian can help guide and support you as well as work alongside you to develop a meal plan based on your calorie needs.



The American Heart Association and the Center for Disease Control will also give credible information about sodium in your diet



choosemyplate.gov also provides credible guidance regarding sodium in your food

Low-sodium diets help your overall health and will leave you feeling better. Having too much sodium in your diet causes your body to retain too much water, worsening the fluid that builds up with heart failure. By following a low-sodium diet, it helps keep blood pressure and swelling under control. If you have heart failure, it can also make breathing easier!

For more ideas for menus, you can check out this website:

https://www.allinahealth.org/health-conditions-and-treatments/health-library/patient-education/heart-failure/diet-and-nutrition/low-sodium-sample-menu-plans-for-one-week/

Always check your food labels to see what you are putting inside your body. If possible, prepare your meals as often as you can so you can ensure what is entering your body. Fresh foods are always better than processed foods!

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