```
#include <Wire.h>
const int ThermistorPin = 0, bluePin = 12, greenPin = 13, redPin = 11;
const int R_fixed = 5973, n = 3, delayTime = 200, i = 0;
double logR2, R2, T, total;
double A, B, C;
int blue1 = 50, blue2 = 70; // Blue LED Ranges
int green1 = 0, green2 = 40; // Green LED Ranges
int red1 = 40, red2 = 50;
                           // Red LED Ranges
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  //analogReference(EXTERNAL);
                               // Uses 3.3v VDD
  pinMode(bluePin, OUTPUT);
                                    // Enables digital output though pin
  pinMode(greenPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(redPin, OUTPUT);
  //A = 0.0007546217777020686;
                                       // Stienhart hart cofficents
  //B = 0.0002839274414398837;
  //C = -2.8242350520778535*pow(10, -8);
}
void loop() {
      double res = volateToResistance(ThermistorPin), temperature = temp(res, A,
B, C);
      Serial.print("Temperature: ");
      Serial.print(temperature,1);
      Serial.println(" C");
      Serial.print("Resistance: ");
      Serial.print(res, 1);
      Serial.println(" ohm");
      Serial.print("Voltage:");
      Serial.print((analogRead(ThermistorPin) * 5.015) / 1024.0, 4);
      Serial.println(" volts");
      led(temperature);
      delay(1000);
}
double temp(double R2, double A_, double B_, double C_)
{
  logR2 = log(R2);
```

```
T = (1.0 / (A_ + B_*logR2 + C_*logR2*logR2*logR2));
 return T - 273.15;
}
double volateToResistance(int pin)
{
  total = 0; // reset
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) total += analogRead(pin);
  double R_thermistor = R_fixed * total / (10230 - total);
 return R_thermistor;
void led(double temp)
  if(blue1 < temp && blue2 > temp)
    digitalWrite(bluePin, HIGH);
  else
    digitalWrite(bluePin, LOW);
  if(green1 < temp && green2 > temp)
    digitalWrite(greenPin, HIGH);
  else
    digitalWrite(greenPin, LOW);
  if(red1 < temp && red2 > temp)
    digitalWrite(redPin, HIGH);
  else
    digitalWrite(redPin, LOW);
}
```