



## MASENO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2024/2025

**SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE  
DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE WITH INFORMATION  
TECHNOLOGY**

### **MAIN CAMPUS**

### **MMA 225: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS II**

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> January, 2025

Time: 3.30 - 6.30pm

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- DO NOT write anywhere on this question paper
- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO.

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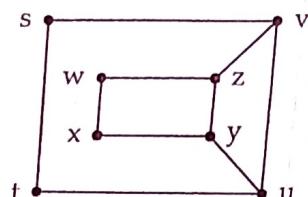
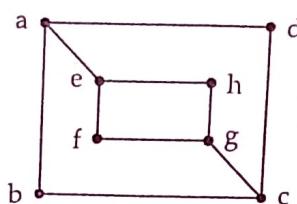


## MMA 225: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS II

### QUESTION ONE (Compulsory)

[30 Marks]

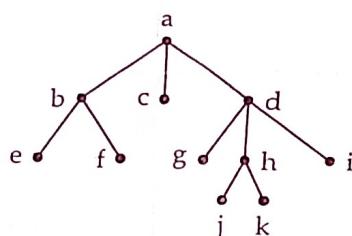
- (a) Determine whether the following graphs are isomorphic or not. [3 Marks]



- (b) Find the connectivity of the following graphs:  $K_n$  and  $C_n$ . [2 Marks]

- (c) State and prove the handshaking lemma. Hence show that every graph has an even number of odd vertices. [6 Marks]

- (d) In which order does an inorder traversal visit the vertices of the ordered rooted tree  $T$  below? [3 Marks]

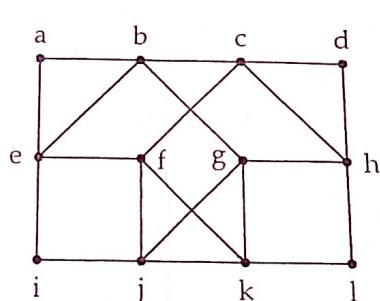


- (e) Using techniques from graph theory, show that  $1 + 2 + \dots + n = n(n + 1)/2$ . [6 Marks]

- (f) (i) State Kuratowski's theorem. [1 Mark]

- (ii) Show that the complete graph  $K_5$  is non-planar. [4 Marks]

- (g) Use Depth-First search (DFS) to obtain a spanning tree of the simple graph shown below. [5 Marks]



## QUESTION TWO

[20 Marks]

(a) State the following:

[6 Marks]

- (i) A complete graph which is also a cycle graph.
- (ii) A complete graph which is also a path graph.
- (iii) A complete graph which is also a bipartite graph.
- (iv) A wheel graph which is also a regular graph.

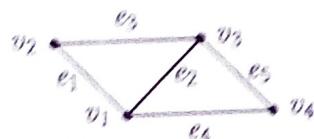
(b) Prove that a connected graph  $G$  is Eulerian if and only if the degree of each vertex of  $G$  is even.

[7 Marks]

(c) (i) State matrix-tree theorem.

[1 Mark]

(ii) Find the adjacency matrix, incidence matrix and Laplacian matrix of the following graph.



Hence determine the number of spanning trees of the graph. [8 Marks]

## QUESTION THREE

[20 Marks]

(a) Write down the girths of the following graphs:

[2 Marks]

(i)  $K_9$

(ii)  $K_{5,7}$

(b) Let  $G$  be a simple graph on  $n$  vertices. Prove that if  $G$  has  $k$  components, then the number  $m$  of edges of  $G$  satisfies  $n - k \leq m \leq (n - k)(n - k + 1)/2$ . [6 Marks]

(c) Show that there is a gathering of five people in which there are no three people who all know each other and no three people none of whom knows either of the other two. [7 Marks]

(d) Describe the Chinese postman problem and explain how to solve this problem. [5 Marks]

## QUESTION FOUR

[20 Marks]

- (a) State Dirac's theorem for the existence of a Hamilton circuit in a simple graph and hence use it to show that a complete graph  $K_n$  has a Hamilton circuit whenever  $n \geq 3$ . [3 Marks]
- (b) State any two applications of graph theory in computer science. [2 Marks]
- (c) Show that a planar graph is bipartite if and only if its dual is Eulerian. [7 Marks]
- (d) Let  $G$  be a plane drawing of a connected planar graph, and let  $v, e$  and  $f$  denote respectively number of vertices, edges and faces of  $G$ . Prove that  $v - e + f = 2$ . [8 Marks]

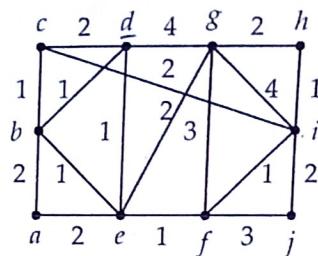
## QUESTION FIVE

[20 Marks]

- (a) Obtain the chromatic numbers of the following graphs:

(i) complete graph,  $K_n$ . (ii) wheel,  $W_n$ . [3 Marks]

- (b) Consider the weighted graph below with vertices,  $a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i$ , and  $j$ :



- (i) Use Kruskal's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree of the weighted graph. What is the total weight of the spanning tree? [5 Marks]
- (ii) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path between  $d$  and  $f$ . What is the length of the shortest path? [4 Marks]
- (c) Describe the use of graph theory in solving the Königsberg bridge problem.  
[3 Marks]
- (d) Using alphabetical order, construct a binary search tree for the words in the sentence "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog." [5 Marks]



## MASENO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2024/2025

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR  
THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN  
MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE  
IN MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

### MAIN CAMPUS

#### MMA 223: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS I

Date: 21<sup>st</sup> January, 2025

Time: 3.30 - 6.30pm

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Do not write anywhere on this Question paper
- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO
- Start each question on a fresh page
- Indicate question numbers clearly at the top of each page.

## QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) [30 Marks]

- a) Define the following terms
- Absolute error [2mks]
  - Relative error [2mks]
  - Round-off error [2mks]
- b) What is the order of convergence of the Newton-Raphson method? Explain briefly how it is derived. [5mks]
- c) Explain the Bisection method. Why is the method guaranteed to converge and how can you estimate the number of iterations required to reach a desired accuracy? [5mks]
- d) Construct a forward difference table for the following data [6mks]
- |      |   |   |    |    |     |     |     |     |
|------|---|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| x    | 1 | 2 | 3  | 4  | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   |
| f(x) | 1 | 8 | 27 | 64 | 125 | 216 | 343 | 512 |
- e) Given the function  $f(x) = \sin x$ , approximate  $f'(1)$  using the forward difference formula with step size  $h = 0.1$ . Compare the result with the exact derivative  $f'(1) = \cos(1)$  [8mks]

## QUESTION TWO [20 Marks]

- a) Use the Newton-Raphson method to approximate the root of the equation  $f(x) = x^2 - 2 = 0$ , starting from  $x_0 = 1$ . Perform six iterations, correct to 6 d.p. [10mks]
- b) Use the Bisection method to find an approximation to the root of the equation  $f(x) = x^3 - 4x + 1 = 0$  in the interval  $[1, 2]$ . Perform four iterations. [10mks]

## QUESTION THREE [20 Marks]

- a) Use the Trapezoidal Rule to approximate the integral

$$\int_0^2 (x^2 + 1) dx.$$

Divide the interval into 4 equal subintervals and compute the numerical solution. [10mks]

- b) Use Central Difference Formula to approximate the derivative of the function  $f(x) = e^x$  at  $x = 1$  with a step size  $h = 0.01$ . Estimate the error. [10mks]

#### QUESTION FOUR [20 Marks]

- a) The following data gives the melting point of an alloy of lead and zinc, where  $t$  is the temperature in degrees Celsius and  $P$  is the percentage of lead in the alloy.

P	40	50	60	70	80	90
t	180	204	226	250	276	304

Find the melting point of the alloy containing 84% lead.

[10mks]

- b) The following are the population of a district

Year(x)	1981	1991	2001	2011	2021	2031
Population(y)	363	391	421	?	467	501

Find the population of the year 2011.

[10mks]

#### QUESTION FIVE [20 Marks]

- a) Find the root of the equation  $x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$  using the fixed point iteration method.

Use the initial guess  $x_0 = 4$  and iterate until  $|x_{n+1} - x_n| < 0.001$

[10mks]

- b) Estimate the integral  $I = \int_0^1 (x^2 + 1)dx$  using the Romberg Integration

Method.

[10mks]

END

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## MASENO UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2024/2025

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR  
THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN  
ACTUARIAL SCIENCE, APPLIED STATISTICS,  
MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES, MATHEMATICS &  
ECONOMICS, BACHELOR OF SCIENCE AND  
BACHELOR OF EDUCATION WITH  
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

### MAIN CAMPUS

#### MMA 227: CALCULUS II

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2025

Time: 8.30 - 11.30am

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

- Do not write anywhere on this Question paper
- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO.
- More instructions on the answer booklet.

*Question 1 (20 points)*

- a) Evaluate the definite integral  $\int_1^2 (3t^2 + 5t) dt$  (6 pts)
- b) Evaluate the average value of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  over the interval  $[1, 6]$ . (6 pts)
- c) Evaluate the following integrals using substitution technique. (6 pts)

i)  $\int \frac{3x^2}{1+x^3} dx$  (6 pts)

ii)  $\int xe^x dx$  (6 pts)

iii)  $\int 3t \cdot e^{2t} dt$  (6 pts)

iv)  $\int \frac{x^2 + 3x + 3}{x+1} dx$  (6 pts)

- d) Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_6^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$  and state whether it converges or diverges. (6 pts)

**Question 2 (20 points).**

- a) Evaluate the integrals

i)  $\int \cos(15t) \sin(11t) dt$  (6 pts)

ii)  $\int (2t^2 + \sqrt{t}) dt$  (6 pts)

iii)  $\int_0^\pi \frac{\sin^3(x)}{\cos^2(x)} dx$  (6 pts)

- b) Calculate the area bounded by the curve  $y = e^x$ , the  $y$ -axis and the line  $x = 2$ . (6 pts)

**Question 3 (20 points).**

- a) Express  $f(x) = \frac{12x-2}{6x^2-x-2}$  as a sum of partial fractions and hence evaluate

$$\int_1^5 \frac{12x-2}{6x^2-x-2} dx$$

- b) By making an appropriate substitution, evaluate  $\int_0^1 3x^2 \cdot e^{x^3} dx$  (6 pts)

- c) Evaluate the integral  $\int \cos(x) \cdot e^x dx$  (5 pts)
- d) Calculate the length of the curve  $y = 5x - 2$  between  $x = 1$  and  $x = 5$ . Give your answer in exact form. (5 pts)

Question 4 (20 points).

- a) Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_0^2 x \ln x dx$ . State whether the integral converges or diverges. (7 pts)

- b) By applying the method of integration by parts twice, evaluate the integral  $\int 2x^2 \cdot e^x dx$ . (7 pts)

- b) Calculate the volume of the solid formed when the part of the curve  $y = x^2$  between  $x = 2$  and  $x = 4$  is rotated about the  $x$ -axis. (6 pts)

Question 5 (20 points).

- a) Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{7x}{\sqrt{5 - 4x - x^2}} dx$  by completing the square and making the appropriate trigonometric substitution (7 pts)

- b) Define  $R$  as the region bounded above by the graph of  $f(x) = 2x - x^2$  and below by the  $x$ -axis over the interval  $[0, 3]$ . Calculate (by the method of cylindrical shells) the volume of the solid of revolution formed by revolving  $R$  around the  $y$ -axis. (6 pts)

- c) Use Simpsons rule  $S_6$  to estimate the integral  $\int_1^2 x^2 dx$ , and hence calculate the absolute error and the relative error. (7 pts)



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INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

**MAIN CAMPUS**

**MMA 229: VECTOR ANALYSIS**

**Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> January, 2025**

**Time: 8.30 - 11.30am**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Do not write anywhere on this Question paper
- Answer Question ONE and any other TWO.

**Question 1: Compulsory (30 marks)**

- a) Find the area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are  $\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$  and  $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ . (4mks)
- b) A constant force of  $\vec{F} = 10\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$  newtons displaces an object from  $\vec{OA} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$  to  $\vec{OB} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$  (in metres). Find the work done in newton metres. (4mks)
- c) The equation  $\frac{2x-1}{3} = \frac{y+4}{3} = \frac{-z+5}{2}$  represents a straight line. Express this in vector form. (4mks)
- d) If  $\phi = 3x^2y - y^3z^2$ , find  $\text{grad } \phi$  at the point  $(1, -2, -1)$ . (4mks)
- e) Find  $\frac{d^2\vec{r}}{dt^2}$  given that  $\vec{r} = t^3\mathbf{i} + (t^2 + \frac{1}{t})\mathbf{j} + (3t^2 + 1)\mathbf{k}$ . (2mks)
- f) If  $\vec{A} = (3x^2 + 6y)\mathbf{i} - 14yz\mathbf{j} + 20xz^2\mathbf{k}$ , evaluate the line integral  $\oint \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{r}$  from  $(0, 0, 0)$  to  $(1, 1, 1)$  along the curve  $C$  with  $x = t$ ,  $y = t^2$ ,  $\mathbf{z} = t^3$ . (7mks)
- g) Determine the angle between  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  when  $\vec{a} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$ . (5mks)
- h) If  $\vec{a} = 2\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ , find the unit vector in the direction of  $\vec{a}$ . (2mks)

**Question 2 (20 marks)**

- a) Find the moment and the magnitude of the moment of a force of  $(\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k})$  newtons about point  $B$  having coordinates  $(0, 1, 1)$  when the force acts on a line through  $A$  whose coordinates are  $(1, 3, 4)$ . (7mks)
- b) A particle moves along the curve  $\vec{r} = (t^2 - 4t)\mathbf{i} + (t^2 + 4t)\mathbf{j} + (8t^2 - 3t^3)\mathbf{k}$ , where  $t$  is the time. Find the magnitude of the tangential components of its acceleration at  $t = 2$ . (9mks)

- c) Find the unit normal to the surface  $xy^3z^2 = 4$  at  $(-1, -1, 2)$ . (4mks)

**Question 3 (20 marks)**

- a) Given that  $\vec{a} = \mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ , find:
- the projection of  $\vec{a}$  in the direction of  $\vec{b}$
  - the projection of  $\vec{b}$  in the direction of  $\vec{a}$
- (4mks)
- b) If a vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = (x^2 - y^2 + x)\mathbf{i} - (2xy + y)\mathbf{j}$ , is this field irrotational? If so, find its scalar potential.
- c) Find the angle between the surfaces  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$  and  $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$  at the point  $(2, -1, 2)$ .
- (8mks)

**Question 4 (20 marks)**

- a) A vector field is given by  $\vec{F} = (2y + 3)\mathbf{i} + xz\mathbf{j} + (yz - x)\mathbf{k}$ . Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  along the path  $C$  with  $x = 2t; y = t; z = t^3$  from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 1$ .
- (8mks)
- b) Evaluate  $\iint_S \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{S}$  where  $\vec{A} = 18z\mathbf{i} - 12\mathbf{j} + 3y\mathbf{k}$  and  $S$  is the part of the plane  $2x + 3y + 6z = 12$  included in the first octant.
- (12mks)

**Question 5 (20 marks)**

- a) If  $U_1, U_2, U_3$  are curvilinear coordinates such that  $x = \frac{1}{2}(U_1 - 3), y = U_2 + 4$  and  $z = U_3 - 2$ , prove that the system is orthogonal. Find the scale factor and the expression for  $(ds)^2$ .
- (12mks)
- b) Evaluate  $\oint_c \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  by Stoke's theorem, where  $\vec{F} = y^2\mathbf{i} + x^2\mathbf{j} - (x + z)\mathbf{k}$  and  $c$  is the boundary of the triangle with vertices at  $(0, 0, 0), (1, 0, 0)$  and  $(1, 1, 0)$ .
- (8mks)

