Hold *bønnene* dine unna domenemodellen min!

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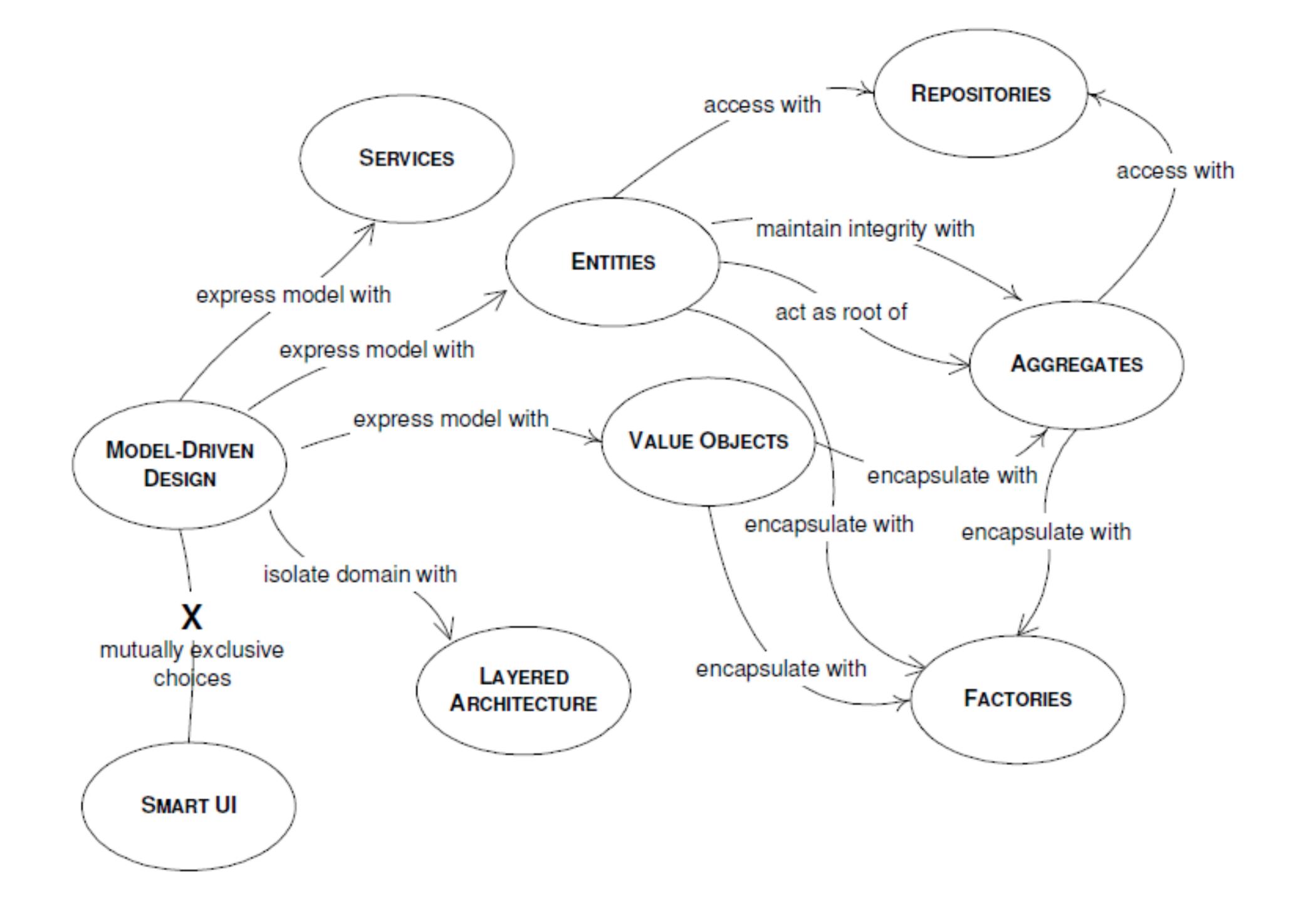


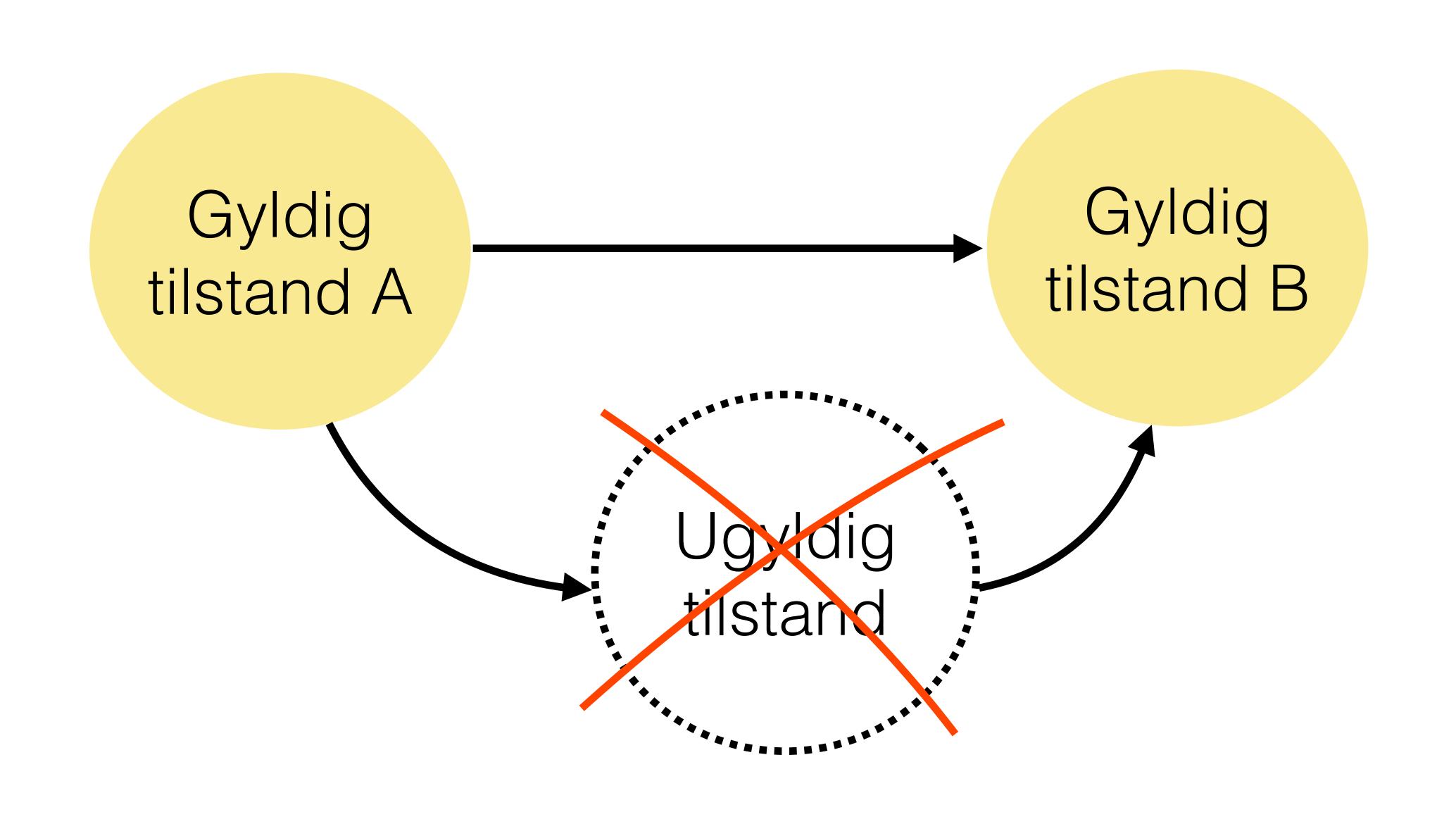
```
public class Order {
    public String orderId;
    public Customer customer;
    public OrderState orderState;
}
```

```
public class Order {
       private String orderId;
                                          tomer;
            Add constructor parameters
                                       rderState;
            Remove field 'orderId'
            Create getter and setter for 'orderId'
            Create getter for 'orderId'
            Create setter for 'orderId'
          Make 'protected'
         Make 'public'
          Make package-local
```

```
public class Order {
    private String orderId;
    private Customer customer;
    private OrderState orderState;
    public String getOrderId() {
        return orderId;
    public void setOrderId(String orderId) {
        this.orderId = orderId;
    public Customer getCustomer() {
        return customer;
    public void setCustomer(Customer customer) {
        this.customer = customer;
    public OrderState getOrderState() {
        return orderState;
    public void setOrderState(OrderState orderState) {
        this.orderState = orderState;
```

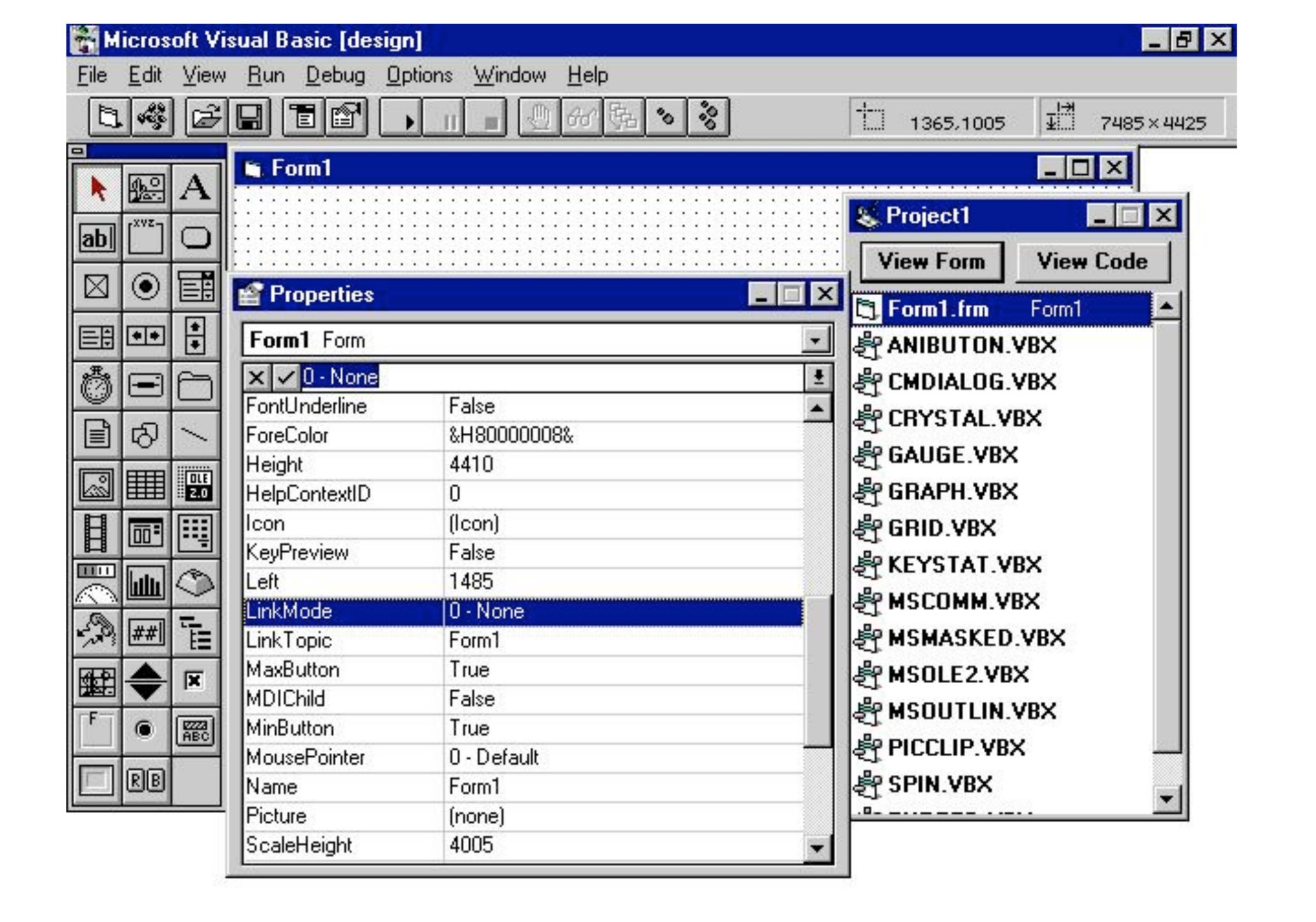
```
@Entity(name = "ORDER")
public class Order {
    @Id
    @Column (name = "ORDER ID", nullable = false)
   private String orderId;
    @ManyToOne (optional = false)
    @JoinColumn(name = "CUSTOMER ID", referencedColumnName = "CUSTOMER ID")
   private Customer customer;
    @Column (name = "ORDER STATE", nullable = false)
   private OrderState orderState;
    public String getOrderId() {
        return orderId;
   public void setOrderId(String orderId) {
        this.orderId = orderId;
    public Customer getCustomer() {
        return customer;
   public void setCustomer(Customer customer) {
        this.customer = customer;
    public OrderState getOrderState() {
        return orderState;
    public void setOrderState(OrderState orderState) {
        this.orderState = orderState;
```





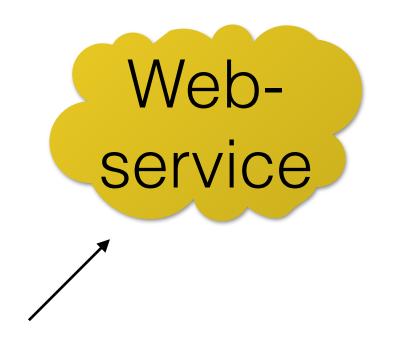
```
public Order() { }
```

"A Java Bean is a reusable software component that can be manipulated visually in a builder tool."



```
public class Order {
    public final String orderId;
    public final Customer customer;
    private OrderState orderState;
    public Order (String orderId,
                 Customer customer) {
        this.orderId = orderId;
        this.customer = customer;
    public OrderState orderState() {
        return orderState;
    public void complete() {
        // Perform validation logic and
        // update status of dependent
        // object, then set order state
        orderState = OrderState.COMPLETE;
```

Kva no?

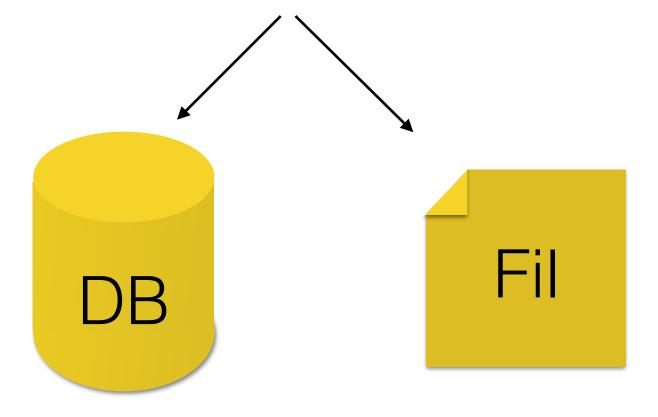


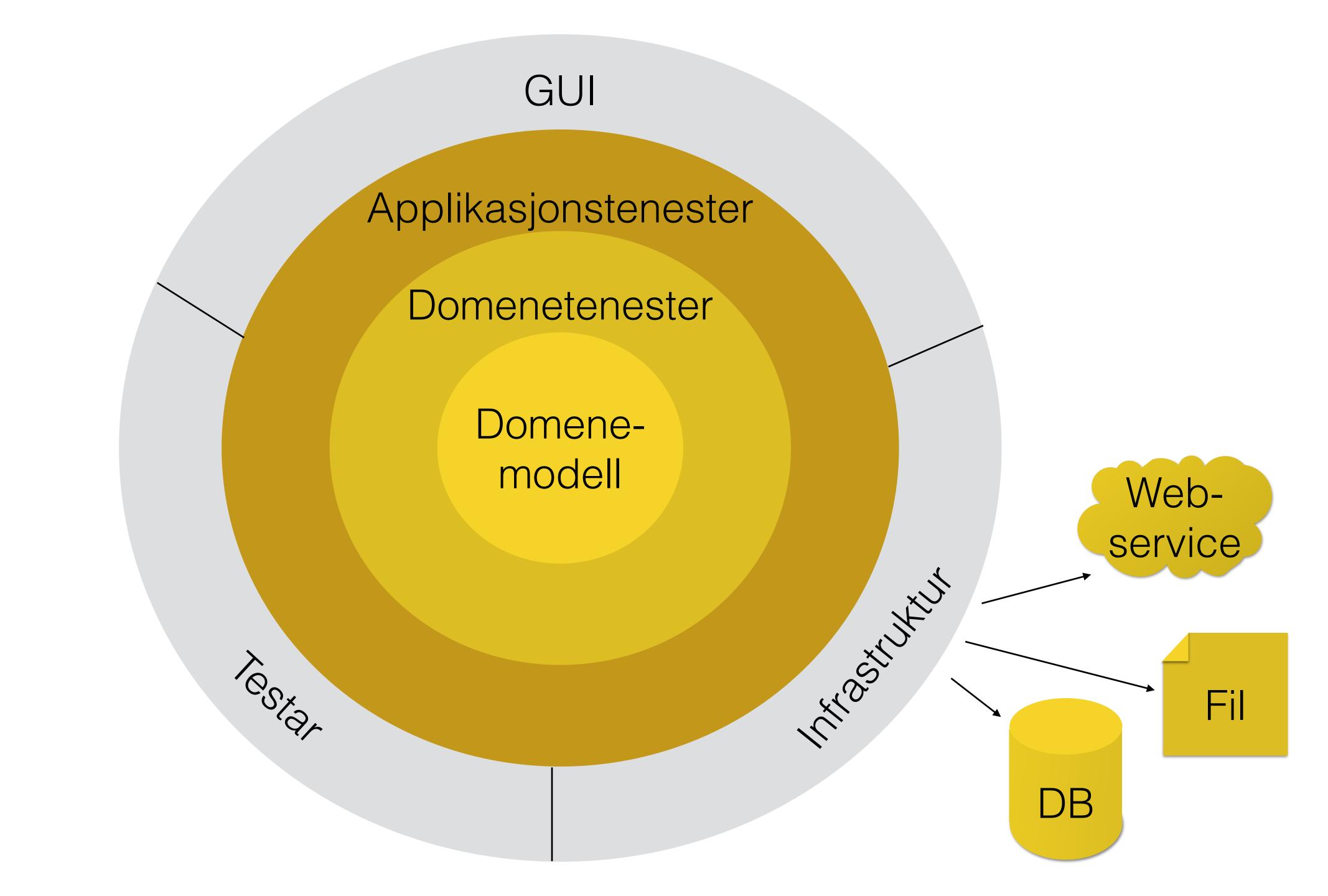
GUI Provider / consumer

Tjenestelag

Domenemodell

Repository





Oppsummering

- Bruk av JavaBeans-mønstereret i domenemodellen gjer at domeneklassene mister evnen til å sjølv kunne kontrollere at dei er konsistente til ei kvar tid
- Hibernate, Dozer og mange andre fine ting som vi ønsker å bruke forutsetter bønner
- For å kunne fortsette å bruke desse biblioteka har ein to strategiar:
 - 1. Implementere dei tinga som biblioteka krever i domenemodellen (0-arguments-konstruktør, setters/getters), som ikkje-public medlemmer i domeneklassene
 - 2. Bruke arkitekturmønstre som gjer at ein kan holde slike avhengigheiter ute av domenemodellen

«Not all useful software modules should necessarily turn into beans. Beans are appropriate for software components that can be visually manipulated and customized to achieve some effect. Class libraries are an appropriate way of providing functionality that is useful to programmers, but which doesn't benefit from visual manipulation.»