hw2

September 19, 2022

[1]: # Kenneth Meyer

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# 9/19/22
     # CSE 383C hw2 - coding portions
[2]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from numpy.linalg import svd
[3]: ####### functions for 4.3 #########
     def compute_and_plot(A):
         n n n
             input: real matrix A
             computes its SVD, plotting v1, v2 (right singular vectors) in unit_{\sqcup}
      \hookrightarrow circle and
             left singular vectors u1 and u2 in an ellipse (figure 4.1 of textbook)
         11 11 11
         # compute SVD, save columns of U and V to u1, u2 and v1, v2
         U,S,Vh = svd(A)
         #print(U)
         #print(Vh)
         # guaranteed to be 2x2
         u1 = U[:,0]
         u2 = U[:,1]
         # Vh is transpose!!
         v1 = Vh[0,:]
         v2 = Vh[1,:]
         sigma1 = S[0]
         sigma2 = S[1]
         # generate data for unit circle and ellipse to plot alongside vectors
         # circle
         theta = np.linspace(0,2*np.pi,100)
         x_circle = r*np.cos(theta)
```

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y_circle = r*np.sin(theta)
  s1u1 = sigma1*u1
  s2u2 = sigma2*u2
  # ellipse
  a = np.linalg.norm(s1u1)
  b = np.linalg.norm(s2u2)
  phi = np.arcsin(s1u1[1]/a) # angle axis a makes with x axis
  #print(phi)
  #print(s1u1)
  ### don't think there should be a rotation for [[2,0],[0,3]]
  c = np.cos(phi)
  s = np.sin(phi)
  R = np.array([[c, -1 * s],[s, c]])
  pts = np.zeros((2,len(theta)))
  pts[0,:] = a * np.cos(theta)
  pts[1,:] = b * np.sin(theta)
  pts_rotated = R @ pts
  # plot everything
  fig, (ax1,ax2) = plt.subplots(1,2)
  fig.suptitle("Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors⊔
of A")
  ax1.plot(x_circle,y_circle)
  ax1.plot([0,v1[0]],[0,v1[1]]) # axes of largest singular value
  ax1.plot([0,v2[0]],[0,v2[1]]) # axes of smallest singular value
  ax1.set_aspect('equal', adjustable='box')
  ax1.set_xlim(xmin=-3,xmax=3)
  ax1.set_ylim([-3,3])
  ax1.margins(2,2)
  ax1.legend(["unit circle", "$v_1$", "$v_2$"], loc = "lower_
⇔center",bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.5))
  ax1.set_title("SVD on unit Circle")
  u1s1_mat = np.array([[0,s1u1[0]],[0,s1u1[1]]])
  u2s2_mat = np.array([[0,s2u2[0]],[0,s2u2[1]]])
  u1s1_rot = u1s1_mat @ R
  u2s2\_rot = u2s2\_mat @ R
  ax2.plot(pts_rotated[0,:],pts_rotated[1,:])
  #ax2.plot([0,s1u1[0]],[0,s1u1[1]]) # axes of largest singular value
  \#ax2.plot([0,s2u2[0]],[0,s2u2[1]]) # axes of smallest singular value
  ax2.plot(u1s1_mat[0,:],u1s1_mat[1,:])
  ax2.plot(u2s2_mat[0,:],u2s2_mat[1,:])
  ax2.set_aspect('equal', adjustable='box')
  ax2.set_title("SVD under transformation by A")
```

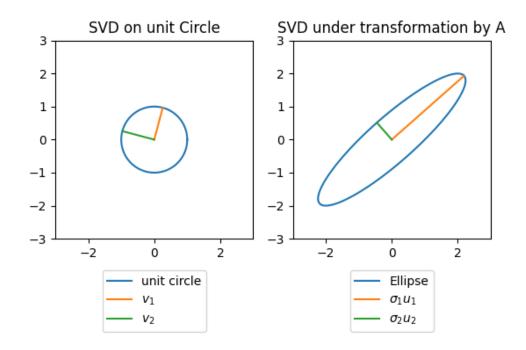
```
ax2.legend(["Ellipse", "$\sigma_1u_1$","$\sigma_2u_2$"],loc="lower_
center",bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.5))
ax2.set_xlim(ax1.get_xlim())
ax2.set_ylim(ax1.get_ylim())

#fig.subplots_adjust(bottom=0.25)
plt.show()
```

0.1 3.7 Matrix

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[4]: %matplotlib widget
A_3_7 = np.array([[1,2],[0,2]])
compute_and_plot(A_3_7)
```

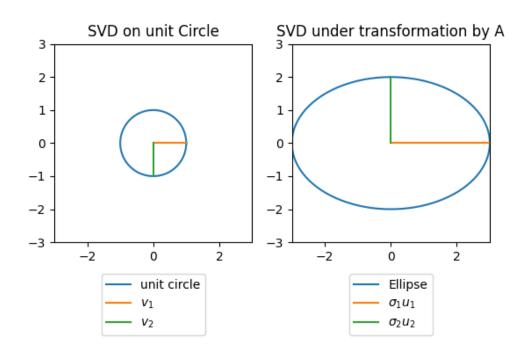
Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors of A



0.2 4.1a

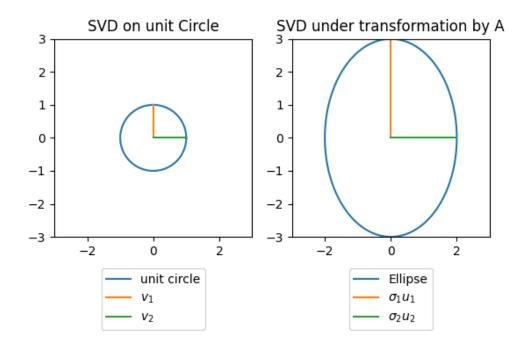
```
[5]: A_41a = np.array([[3,0],[0,-2]])
compute_and_plot(A_41a)
```

Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors of A



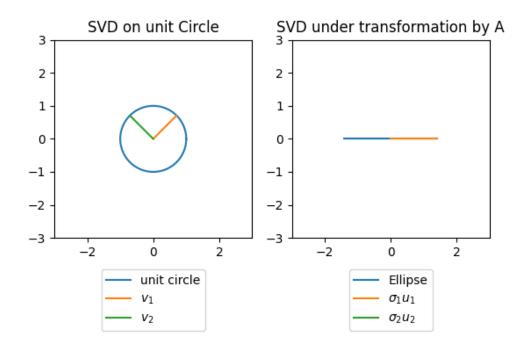
0.3 - 4.1b

Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors of A



0.4 4.1d

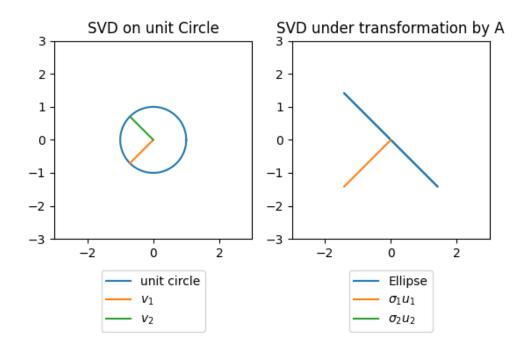
Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors of A



0.5 - 4.1e

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[8]: A_41e = np.ones((2,2))
compute_and_plot(A_41e)
```

Unit circle and ellipse for right and left singular vectors of A



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