

## **Administration of Inotropes in Critical Care**

### **Policy**

This policy pertains to the use of inotropes and vasopressors within critical care.

### **Aim**

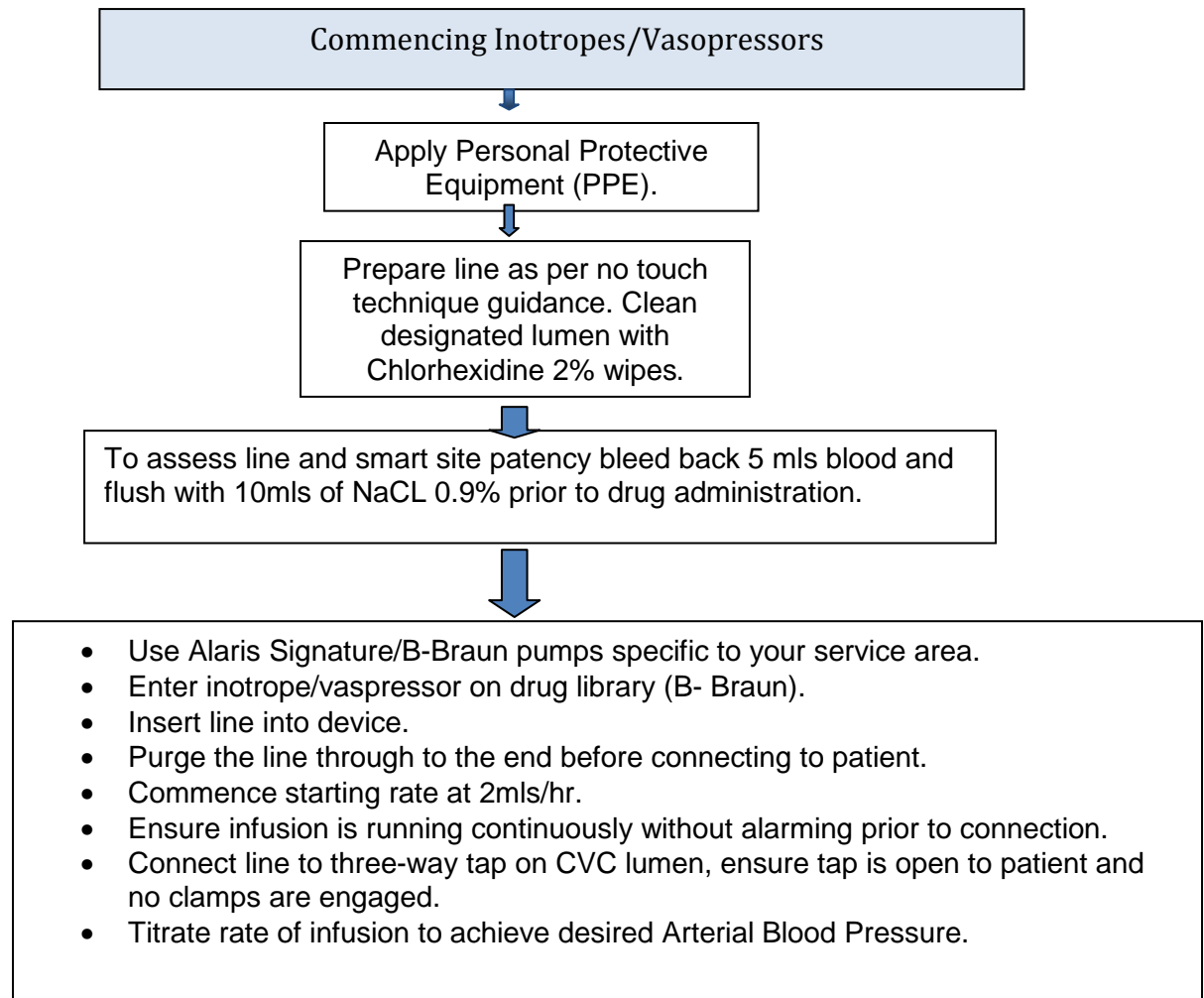
To ensure safe administration of high risk medications.

### **Guidelines**

All staff should have complete and up to date competencies on administration of drugs via Central Venous Catheter and Alaris Signature and or B Braun Infusion Device.

### **Administration**

- Use Central line lumen with three way tap for administration of inotropes.
- Use a designated lumen only.
- Do not under any circumstances bolus inotropes.
- Label bag clearly with NHS Lothian additive labels, use luminous labels on infusion lines and infusion device.
- Lines should be labelled both distally and proximally of the infusion pump.
- Use drug library on B Braun pumps.
- Use photosensitive covers for infusion bags.
- Calculation of Drug Doses can be found on the intranet under Healthcare<a-z<critical care, <drugs and fluids
- Be aware of specific actions and side effects of drugs used.
- Ensure patient has an arterial line insitu for invasive monitoring.
- Follow correct PPE recommendations and infection control guidelines.
- Check blood sugars every 4 hourly or more frequently as required.
- It is recommended that 2 nurses should commence and change rate as per administration of medication policy.
- Ensure visualisation of running inotrope infusions during handover times.



***For Inotrope infusions of the same drug and concentration, new bags can be spiked onto an existing line providing the line is dated and changed every 72hours.***

### **Changing Inotrope/Vasopressor Infusion (due to expiry of infusion line)**

Rapid changeover technique is recommended due to short drug half life.

- Ensure an extra pump is available at the bed space for rapid changeover technique. If the patient requires other inotropes/vasopressors consider another 3 way tap.
- Prepare new infusion in time to prevent interruption to delivery. Prepare the same strength of infusion as prescribed.
- Purge infusion line through to the end before connecting to patient.
- Commence new infusion rate at the same rate as existing infusion.
- Prior to connection, ensure new infusion is running continuously without alarming prior to connection.
- Connect the new infusion to the designated 3 way tap. Run the new infusion rate, observe for a small rise in ABP (MAP  $\leq 5$ mmHg). When this occurs, stop old infusion rate and turn tap to ensure no flow is administered from old infusion.
- Keep old infusion line connected to lumen and within infusion pump for 1 hour **maximum** and then remove and discard.

### Changing Inotrope concentration.

#### Increasing concentration

- Prepare new infusion in time to prevent interruption to delivery. Prepare new strength as prescribed.
- Work out infusion rate as per infusion strength.

For instance if you are increasing strength from 80mcg/ml (8mg %) to 160mcg/ml (16mg %) then your new infusion rate (16mg %) should be half of the existing rate(8mg%). i.e. 20mls/hr of 8mg% = 10mls/hr of 16mg%.

- Connect new infusion to the designated 3 way tap, run the new infusion rate, observe for a small rise in ABP (MAP  $\leq 5$ mmHg). When this occurs, stop old infusion rate and turn tap to ensure no flow is administered from old infusion.
- Keep old infusion line connected to lumen and within infusion pump for 1 hour maximum and then discard.

#### Decreasing concentration

Please be very aware that starting a lower concentration at a higher rate will initially push the original higher concentration through the line at a faster rate than it has been running at, so you may need to start the new inotrope at less than double the rate of the current infusion and titrate to effect.

#### **N.B**

*Changing inotrope concentrations will require line change. Ensure infection prevention and control measures are taken as stated above.*

### **New central line placement and new inotrope infusion**

Ensure that new central line has been transduced confirming central venous waveform.

Ensure new central line has been x-rayed (if IJ or subclavian line).

Prepare new infusion at the same strength as existing prescription.

The best practice for central line changeover is double pumping technique.

Commence new infusion via new central line at 2mls/hr.

Observe ABP continually for a rise in systolic pressure.

When this occurs, decrease old infusion by 2mls/hr and continue to follow this practice until the desired rate is achieved via the new central line.

Stop old infusion and keep connected to lumen in infusion pump for 1 hour maximum, discard and remove line as per medical staff instructions.

### **Discontinuation of inotropes and disconnection**

Following discontinuation, keep inotropes attached for **maximum** of one hour with tap off to infusion line and CVC lumen clamped.

After disconnection, ensure line is patent by bleeding 5mls of discard blood and flushing lumen with 10mls of NaCL 0.9%. If unable to bleed back seek medical and/or nurse in charge advice.

## **References**

Nursing and Midwifery Council Standards for medicines management (last update 2015)

<https://www.nmc.org.uk/globalassets/sitedocuments/standards/nmc-standards-for-medicines-management.pdf>

The Intensive Care Society. Medication concentrations in critical care areas (2010)

<http://www.ics.ac.uk/ics-homepage/guidelines-and-standards/>

Changing inotrope infusions: which technique is best. 20<sup>th</sup> April 2007

<http://www.nursingtimes.net/clinical-subjects/accident-and-emergency/changing-inotrope-infusions-which-technique-is-best/201728.fullarticle>

Core Training (2012) Cardiovascular Failure, inotropes and vasopressors. *British Journal of Hospital Medicine*. 73, 5, C74-C77

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M. Cour, Heru,R et al (2013) Benefits of smart pumps for automated changeovers of vasoactive drug infusion pumps: a quasi-experimental study

<http://bj.oxfordjournals.org/content/early/2013/06/11/bja.aet199.full.pdf+html>

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