Patient preparation for ECLS

Please ensure that the mandatory investigations and procedures outlined below have been carried out and enacted prior to ECLS cannulation. It is important to remember that ECLS cannulas are large and bleeding can be brisk and significant. Please ensure patient's next of kin is available for assent to this procedure.

Investigations:

FBC & Coagulation studies (≤2 hours ago)
U&E's, Ca, PO4, Mg, LFTS (≤ 12 hours ago)
Accurate patient weight in kilograms and height in centimetres

Blood products:

INR & aPTTr are ≤1.5; and if not, have had appropriate treatment to achieve this- discuss options with haematology especially if the patient is likely to be intolerant of large volume treatment with FFP

Fibrinogen ≥ 1.5g/l; and if not, have had appropriate treatment to achieve this- discuss options with haematology especially if the patient is likely to be intolerant of large volume treatment with FFP

Platelets are at least 100 x 10⁹/L; and if not, have had appropriate treatment to achieve this- discuss options with haematology.

Hb at least 100g/L; and if not, have had appropriate treatment to achieve thisdiscuss options with haematology.

Even if the above targets are already achieved please have

2 units of RCC crossmatched, with patient for cannulation then during ECLS run ensure repeat crossmatch every 72 hours.

4 units of FFP on site (available but not thawed)

2 pools of platelets.

Pre-existing vascular access: We prefer to use the Right Internal Jugular and either Femoral veins/arteries for ECLS cannulation. If these sites already have lines in situ, we will insert new lines and have any drugs transferred over to this new line prior to cannulation. Please do not remove any lines that you already have in these sites

CVP lines. We will usually insert a new 5 lumen CVC +/- Vascath.

Arterial lines. We prefer to have a right radial arterial line for monitoring. If you have any femoral arterial lines please leave them in situ.

Peripheral cannula. If these are not required please remove them.

Other tubes:

Urinary catheter in situ and working

Nasogatric tube in situ and checked that is working and sited correctly Insert a faecal management system and start laxatives

Title: Patient preparation for ECLS	
ID	Author: G Price
Category: ECLS	Version: 1.9
Status Draft/Final: Final	Review Date: July 2019
Authoriser; e.g. ECLS Group	Date Authorisation: July 17