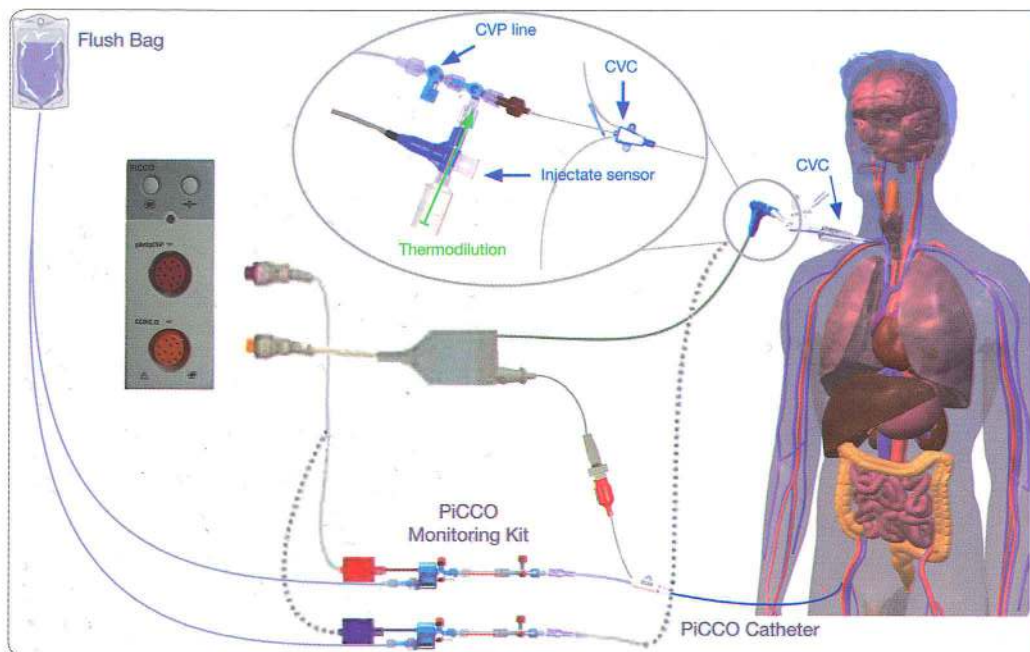
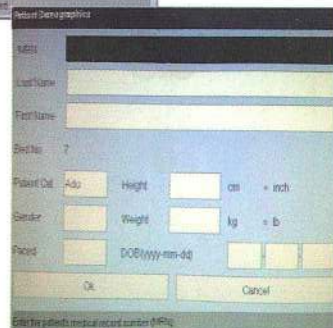
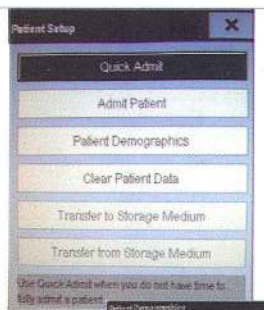


# Mindray PiCCO Setup Guide

## 1. Setup



- Select **<Patient Setup>** from the tab on the main screen
- To admit a new patient select **<Admit Patient>** and input details
- For existing patients, select **<Patient Demographics>** and ensure that the following are entered;
  - Last Name • Patient Category • Height
  - Gender • Actual Weight • DOB
- Complete by selecting **<OK>**



## 2. Patient Admission

### 3. Screen Setup

- 



-

- To setup for a set of thermodilutions, select **<Start PiCCO>** and then select **<Setup>**
- Ensure that patient's demographics have been entered correctly
- Set injectate volume to desired amount (15ml for patients <100kg & 20ml for those >100kg)
- Specify the PiCCO catheter position (femoral/ brachial/ axillary)
- Set CVP Measure to auto when measuring CVP continuously

*NB: C.O. Measure set to Auto will automatically perform a series of thermodilutions one after the other*



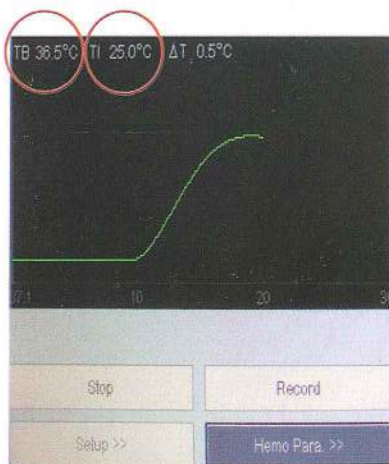
CCO Setup

Height	175.0	cm	Inj. Volume	15ml
Weight	110.0	kg	Cat Type	Ph2013L07
Patient Cat	Adu		Cat Position	Axillary/brachial a.
Gender	Male		C.O. Measure	Auto
PBW	70.5	kg	Exit PiCCO Screen	
BSA	1.900	m <sup>2</sup>	PiCCO Guide >>	
PBSA	1.900	m <sup>2</sup>	Select Parameter >>	
pCVP Measure	Auto		Hemo Para >>	
pCVP	9.5	cmH <sub>2</sub> O	Alarm Setup>>	

Enter the patient's height

- To ensure that there are no connection errors, check that the blood temperature (TB) is displayed and accurate (+/- X°C), and that the injectate temperature (TI) is ambient
- To begin thermodilution press **<Start>**
- Follow the instruction given on the screen, and when prompted; Inject the cold bolus of saline as quickly and smoothly as possible (< 7 seconds)
- Repeat this procedure until three agreeable results are obtained [see next section]

*NB: To increase accuracy use colder saline, inject faster or more smoothly. In patients with elevated lung water or very weak bloodflow; use 20ml instead of 15ml*

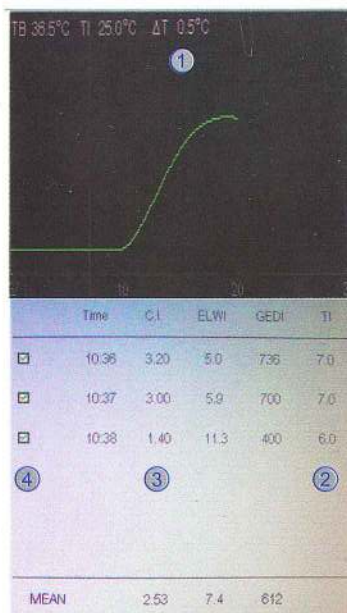




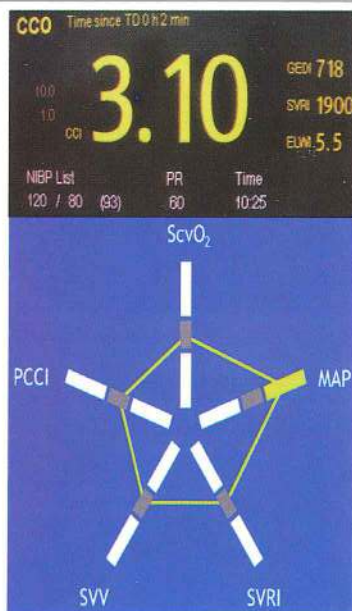
## 7. TD Quality

- ① A thermodilution curve must have a change in temperature ( $\Delta T$ ) of 0.20°C to be valid
  - ② The temperature of the injectate should be less than 10°C
  - ③ Three measurements in close agreement ( $\pm 10\%$ ) should be taken to ensure accuracy.
  - ④ Inaccurate measurements should be discarded by un-ticking the box on the left hand side
- Exit screen by touching **X** on top right of window

NB: Changes in temperature ( $\Delta T$ ) < 0.2°C may be due to temperature of saline, speed of injection or a patient condition (e.g. very weak blood flow, valve regurgitation, elevated lung water)



- To specify parameters to display, select **<PiCCO Start>-<Setup>-<Select Parameters>**. Here you can choose 3 parameters to monitor
- Spider Tab displays continuous PiCCO parameters and can be configured to user preference
- **<Haemodynamic Parameters>** tab displays all parameters calculated.
- **<Record>** will send to programmed printer.



## 8. Visual Display

# Haemodynamic Decision Model

This decision model is not obligatory. It cannot replace the individual therapeutic decisions of the treating physician.

CI (l/min/m<sup>2</sup>)

Measured Values

GEDI (ml/m<sup>2</sup>)

or ITBI (ml/m<sup>2</sup>)

ELWI (ml/kg)

Therapy Options

Targeted Values

	< 3.0				> 3.0			
	< 700 < 850		> 700 > 850		< 700 < 850		> 700 > 850	
	< 10	> 10	< 10	> 10	< 10	> 10	< 10	> 10
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
	V+?	V+?	Cat?	Cat?	V+?	V+?	V-?	V-?
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
1. GEDI (ml/m <sup>2</sup> ) or ITBI (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )	> 700 > 850	700-800 850-1000	> 700 > 850	700-800 850-1000	> 700 > 850	700-800 850-1000	↓ 700-800 850-1000	700-800 850-1000
2. Optimise SVV (%)*	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
GEF (%)	> 25	> 30	> 25	> 30			↓ OK!	
or CFI (1/min)	> 4.5	> 5.5	> 4.5	> 5.5				
ELWI (ml/kg) (slow response)		≤ 10		≤ 10		≤ 10		≤ 10

V+ = volume loading

V- = volume reduction

Cat = catecholamine / cardiovascular agents

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## Haemodynamic Normal Values

### Central Venous Oxygenation - Oxygenation Balance

(Oxygen load of the venous blood after passing through the organs)

ScvO<sub>2</sub>\*\* 70-80 %

O<sub>2</sub> Consumption (Consumption of O<sub>2</sub> by organs)

VO<sub>2</sub>I 125-175 ml/min/m<sup>2</sup>

O<sub>2</sub> Delivery (Delivery of O<sub>2</sub> via blood to organs)

DO<sub>2</sub>I 400-650 ml/min/m<sup>2</sup>

Haemoglobin (Oxygen transporter in blood)

Hb \*\*\* 8.7-11.2 mmol/l (Male)  
7.5-9.9 mmol/l (Female)

Arterial / capillary oxygen saturation (Oxygen load of arterial blood)

SaO<sub>2</sub> / SpO<sub>2</sub> 96-100 %

Flow Cardiac Index

CI 3-5 l/min/m<sup>2</sup>

Pulse Contour Cardiac Index (Cardiac Index related to body surface)

PCCI 3-5 l/min/m<sup>2</sup>

Chronotropy Heart Rate

HR 60-80 bpm

Stroke Volume Index (Output per heart beat)

SVI 40-60 ml/m<sup>2</sup>

Global Enddiastolic Volume Index (Volume of blood in the heart)

GEDI 680-800 ml/m<sup>2</sup>

Intrathoracic Blood Volume Index (Volume of blood in heart and lungs)

ITBI 850-1000 ml/m<sup>2</sup>

Stroke Volume Variation (Dynamic fluid responsiveness)

SVV\* 0-10 %

Pulse Pressure Variation (Dynamic fluid responsiveness)

PPV\* 0-13 %

Systemic Vascular Resistance Index (Resistance of vascular system)

SVRI 1700-2400 dyn\*sec/cm<sup>5</sup>\*m<sup>2</sup>

Mean Arterial Pressure

MAP 70-90 mmHg

Global Ejection Fraction (Ratio of stroke volume and preload)

GEF 25-35 %

Left Ventricular Contractility (Increase of arterial pressure over time)

dPmax Trend information

Cardiac Function Index (Ratio of CI and preload)

CFI 4.5-6.5 1/min

Cardiac Power Index (Global cardiac performance)

CPI 0.5-0.7 W/m<sup>2</sup>

Lung Extravascular Lung Water Index (Lung oedema)

ELWI 3-7 ml/kg

Pulmonary Vascular Permeability Index (Permeability of lung tissue)

PVPI 1.0-3.0

Liver Plasma Disappearance Rate ICG (Performance of the liver)

PDR 16-25 %/min

Retention rate of ICG after 15 minutes (Performance of the liver)

R15 0-10 %

Absolute values (non-indexed values) are only usable in trend screens and have no normal range. \* SVV/PPV are only applicable in fully ventilated patients without cardiac arrhythmias.

\*\* A high-normal / high ScvO<sub>2</sub> can be a sign of insufficient O<sub>2</sub> utilisation \*\*\* 14-18 g/dl (Male); 12-16 g/dl (Female)

Oxygen Delivery

Blood Flow

Stroke Volume

Preload

Afterload

Contractility