

1. PROOF OF THEOREM 2.2

There are 11 diagrams in Shulman's definition of symmetric monoidal double category, which we check now for decorated cospan double categories.

Diagram 1 of 11. Set up but not solved.

M_1 is given by $a \rightarrow m_1 \leftarrow b$ with $x_1 \in F(m_1)$.
 M_2 is given by $b \rightarrow m_2 \leftarrow c$ with $x_2 \in F(m_2)$.
 M_3 is given by $c \rightarrow m_3 \leftarrow d$ with $x_3 \in F(m_3)$.
 N_1 is given by $a' \rightarrow n_1 \leftarrow b'$ with $y_1 \in F(n_1)$.
 N_2 is given by $b' \rightarrow n_2 \leftarrow c'$ with $y_2 \in F(n_2)$.
 N_3 is given by $c' \rightarrow n_3 \leftarrow d'$ with $y_3 \in F(n_3)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 ((M_1 \otimes N_1) \odot (M_2 \otimes N_2)) \odot (M_3 \otimes N_3) & \xrightarrow{\chi \odot 1} & ((M_1 \odot M_2) \otimes (N_1 \odot N_2)) \odot (M_3 \otimes N_3) \\
 \downarrow \alpha & & \downarrow \chi \\
 (M_1 \otimes N_1) \odot ((M_2 \otimes N_2) \odot (M_3 \otimes N_3)) & & ((M_1 \odot M_2) \odot M_3) \otimes ((N_1 \odot N_2) \odot N_3) \\
 \downarrow 1 \odot \chi & & \downarrow \alpha \otimes \alpha \\
 (M_1 \otimes N_1) \odot ((M_2 \odot M_3) \otimes (N_2 \odot N_3)) & \xrightarrow{\chi} & (M_1 \odot (M_2 \odot M_3)) \otimes (N_1 \odot (N_2 \odot N_3))
 \end{array}$$

Decorations:

(1) Right and then down:

$$F(\psi)\phi_{(m_1+n_1)+b+b', (m_2+n_2), m_3+n_3} (F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2} (\phi_{m_1, n_1} (x_1, y_1), \phi_{m_2, n_2} (x_2, y_2)), F(\psi)\phi_{m_3, n_3} (x_3, y_3)) \in F(((m_1+n_1)+b+b', (m_2+n_2))+_{c+c'} (m_3+n_3))$$

$$F(\psi)\phi_{(m_1+b, m_2)+(n_1+b', n_2), m_3+n_3} (\phi_{m_1+b, m_2, n_1+b', n_2} ((F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2} (x_1, x_2), F(\psi)\phi_{n_1, n_2} (y_1, y_2))), \phi_{m_3, n_3} (x_3, y_3)) \in F(((m_1+b, m_2)+(n_1+b', n_2))+_{c+c'} (m_3+n_3))$$

$$\phi_{(m_1+b, m_2)+c, m_3, (n_1+b', n_2)+c', n_3} ((F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+b, m_2, m_3} (F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2} (x_1, x_2), x_3), (F(\psi)\phi_{n_1+b', n_2, n_3} (F(\psi)\phi_{n_1, n_2} (y_1, y_2), y_3)))) \in F(((m_1+b, m_2)+c, m_3)+((n_1+b', n_2)+c', n_3))$$

$$\phi_{m_1+b, (m_2+c, m_3), n_1+b', (n_2+c', n_3)} (F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2+c, m_3} ((x_1, F(\psi)\phi_{m_2, m_3} (x_2, x_3)), (y_1, F(\psi)\phi_{n_2, n_3} (y_2, y_3)))) \in F((m_1+b, (m_2+c, m_3))+((n_1+b', (n_2+c', n_3))))$$

(2) Down and then right:

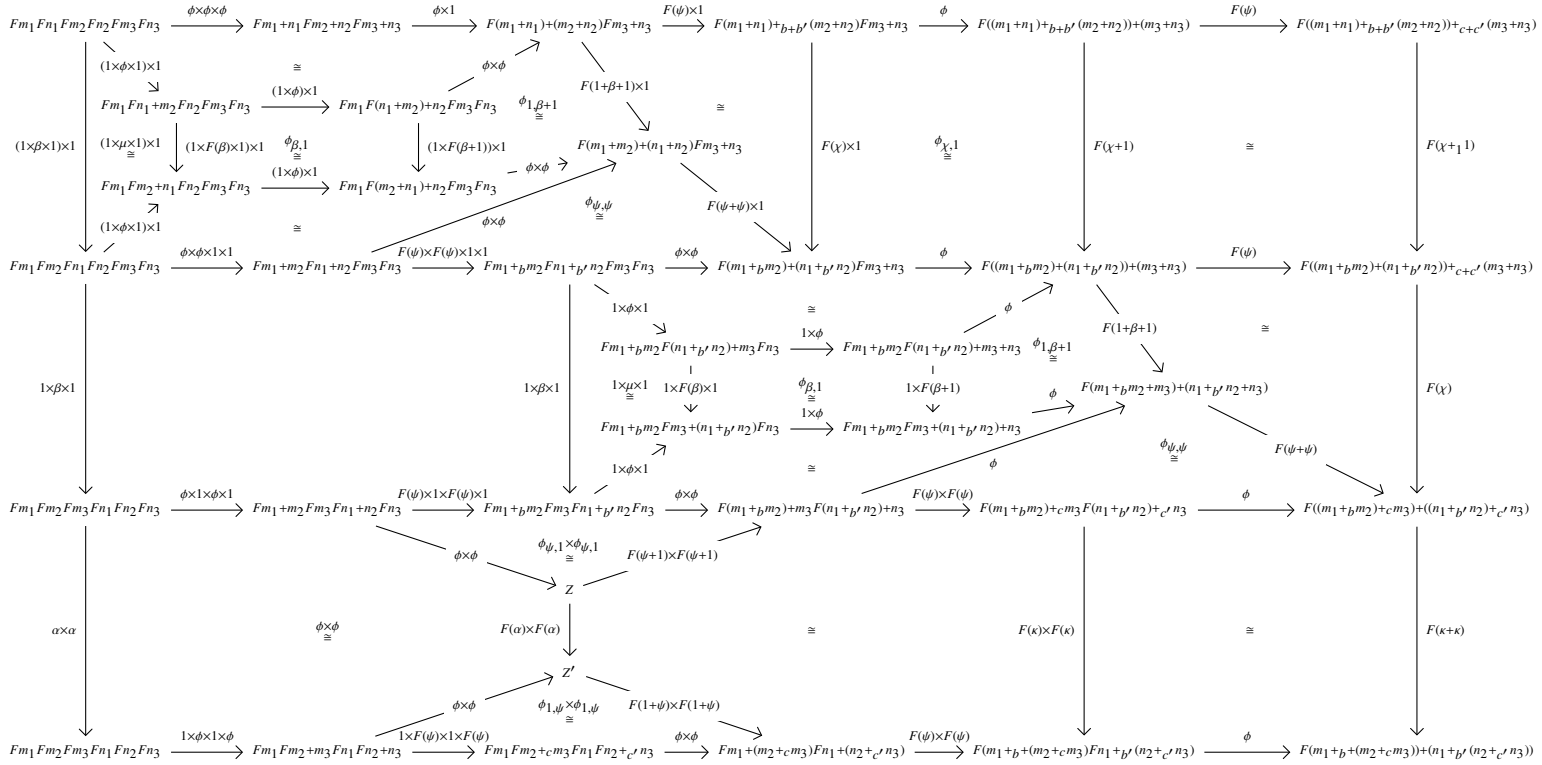
$$F(\psi)\phi_{(m_1+n_1)+b+b', (m_2+n_2), m_3+n_3} (F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2} (\phi_{m_1, n_1} (x_1, y_1), \phi_{m_2, n_2} (x_2, y_2)), F(\psi)\phi_{m_3, n_3} (x_3, y_3)) \in F(((m_1+n_1)+b+b', (m_2+n_2))+_{c+c'} (m_3+n_3))$$

$$F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+n_1, (m_2+n_2)+c+c', (m_3+n_3)} ((\phi_{m_1, n_1} (x_1, y_1), F(\psi)\phi_{m_2+n_2, m_3+n_3} (\phi_{m_2, n_2} (x_2, y_2), \phi_{m_3, n_3} (x_3, y_3)))) \in F((m_1+n_1)+b+b', ((m_2+n_2)+c+c', (m_3+n_3)))$$

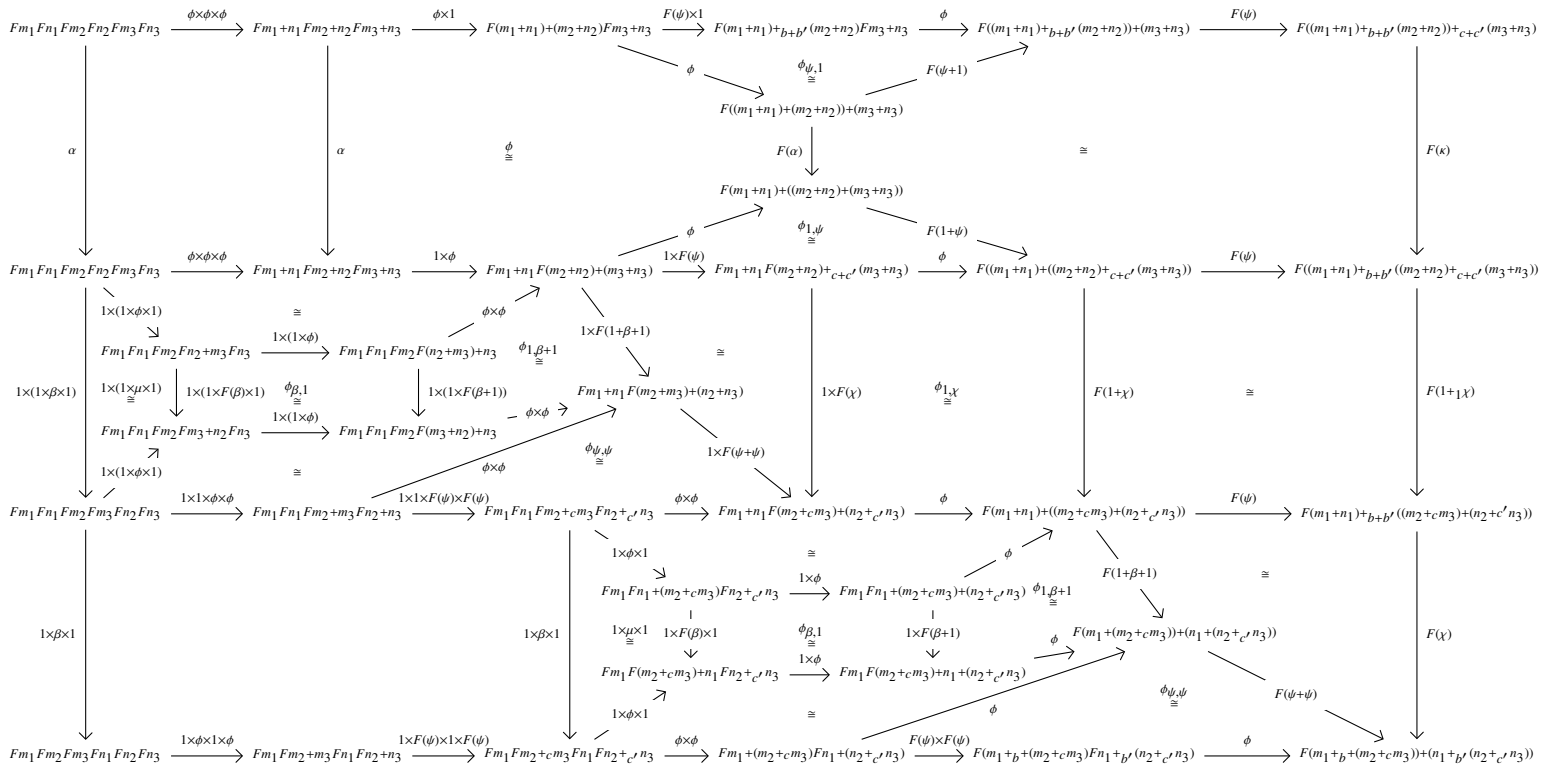
$$F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+n_1, (m_2+c, m_3)+(n_2+c', n_3)} (\phi_{m_1, n_1} (x_1, y_1), \phi_{m_2+c, m_3, n_2+c', n_3} ((F(\psi)\phi_{m_2, m_3} (x_2, x_3), F(\psi)\phi_{n_2, n_3} (y_2, y_3)))) \in F((m_1+n_1)+b+b', ((m_2+c, m_3)+(n_2+c', n_3)))$$

$$\phi_{m_1+b, (m_2+c, m_3), n_1+b', (n_2+c', n_3)} (F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2+c, m_3} ((x_1, F(\psi)\phi_{m_2, m_3} (x_2, x_3)), (y_1, F(\psi)\phi_{n_2, n_3} (y_2, y_3)))) \in F((m_1+b, (m_2+c, m_3))+((n_1+b', (n_2+c', n_3))))$$

Right and then down (omitting morphisms emanating out of 1 on the left due to space restrictions):



Down and then right (omitting morphisms emanating out of 1 on the left due to space restrictions):



Down and then right:

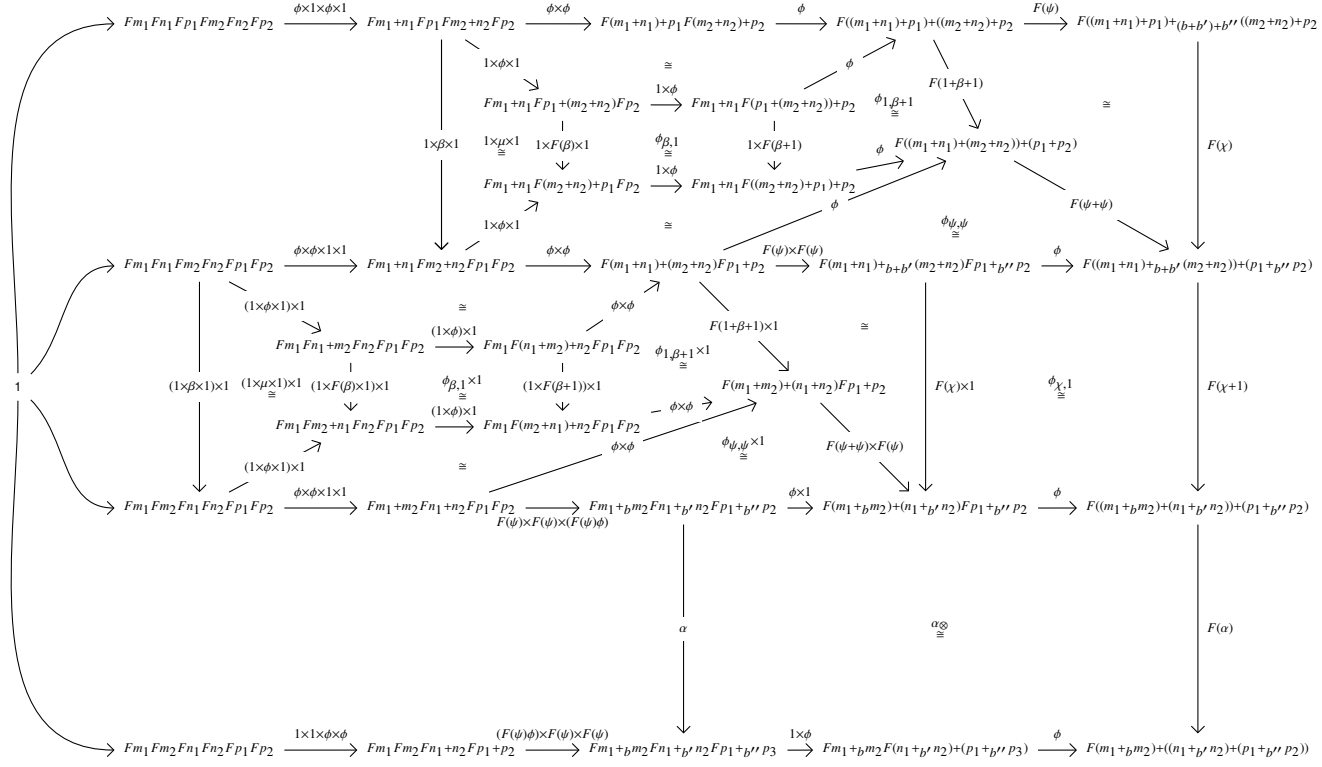


Diagram 5 of 11. Set up but not solved.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & a, b, c \in (\mathbf{A}, +, 0) & & & \\
 \perp_{(a+b)+c} \in F((a+b)+c) & U_{(a+b)+c} & \xrightarrow{\mu_\beta} & U_{a+(b+c)} & \perp_{a+(b+c)} \in F(a+(b+c)) \\
 & \downarrow \mu & & \downarrow \mu & \\
 \phi_{a+b,c}(\perp_{a+b}, \perp_c) \in F((a+b)+c) & U_{a+b} \otimes U_c & & U_a \otimes U_{b+c} & \phi_{a,b+c}(\perp_a, \perp_{b+c}) \in F(a+(b+c)) \\
 & \downarrow \mu & & \downarrow \mu & \\
 \phi_{a+b,c}(\phi_{a,b}(\perp_a, \perp_b), \perp_c) \in F((a+b)+c) & (U_a \otimes U_b) \otimes U_c & \xrightarrow{\beta'} & U_a \otimes (U_b \otimes U_c) & \phi_{a,b+c}(\perp_a, \phi_{b,c}(\perp_b, \perp_c)) \in F(a+(b+c))
 \end{array}$$

All the left cospans are $(a + b) + c \rightarrow (a + b) + c \leftarrow (a + b) + c$ and all the right cospans are $a + (b + c) \rightarrow a + (b + c) \leftarrow a + (b + c)$.

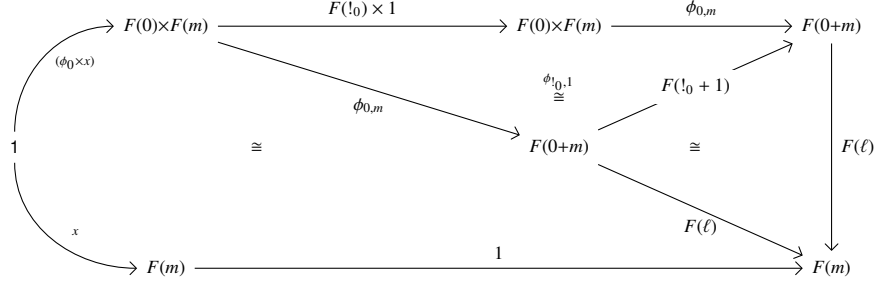
Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{(a+b)+c}) & & \\
 & & \xrightarrow{\quad} & & \\
 \phi_0 & \nearrow & F(0) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & F((a+b)+c) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \cong & & \downarrow F(\alpha) \\
 1 & \nearrow \phi_0 & F(0) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & F(!_{a+(b+c)}) \\
 & \searrow \phi_0 \times \phi_0 & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
 & & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_{b+c})} & F(a) \times F(b+c) \\
 & & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & & \downarrow \phi_{a,b+c} \\
 & & F(0) \times (F(0) \times F(0)) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times (F(!_b) \times F(!_c))} & F(a) \times (F(b) \times F(c)) \\
 & & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & & \downarrow 1 \times \phi_{b+c} \\
 & & F(0) \times (F(0) \times F(0)) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times (F(!_b) \times F(!_c))} & F(a) \times (F(b) \times F(c)) \\
 & & & & \downarrow 1 \times \phi_{b+c} \\
 & & & & F(a) \times F(b+c) \\
 & & & & \downarrow \phi_{a,b+c} \\
 & & & & F(a+(b+c))
 \end{array}$$

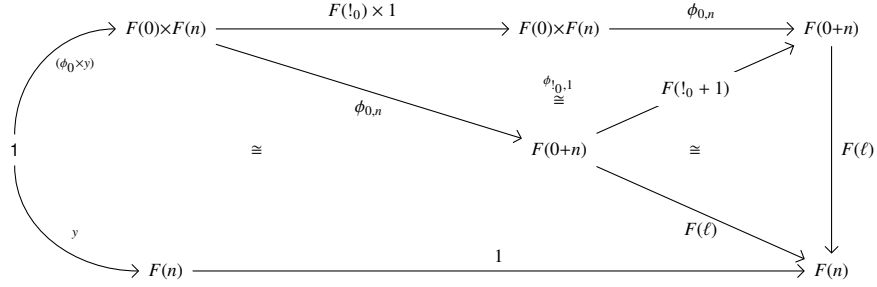
Down and then right:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{(a+b)+c}) & & \\
 & & \xrightarrow{\quad} & & \\
 \phi_0 & \nearrow & F(0) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & F((a+b)+c) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \cong & & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
 1 & \nearrow \phi_0 & F(0) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & F(!_{a+(b+c)}) \\
 & \searrow \phi_0^2 \times \phi_0 & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
 & & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_{a+b}) \times F(!_c)} & F(a+b) \times F(c) \\
 & & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & & \downarrow \phi_{a+b,c} \\
 & & (F(0) \times F(0)) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{(F(!_a) \times F(!_b)) \times F(!_c)} & (F(a) \times F(b)) \times F(c) \\
 & & \downarrow \alpha' & & \downarrow \alpha' \\
 & & F(0) \times (F(0) \times F(0)) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times (F(!_b) \times F(!_c))} & F(a) \times (F(b) \times F(c)) \\
 & & & & \downarrow 1 \times \phi_{b+c} \\
 & & & & F(a) \times F(b+c) \\
 & & & & \downarrow \phi_{a,b+c} \\
 & & & & F(a+(b+c))
 \end{array}$$

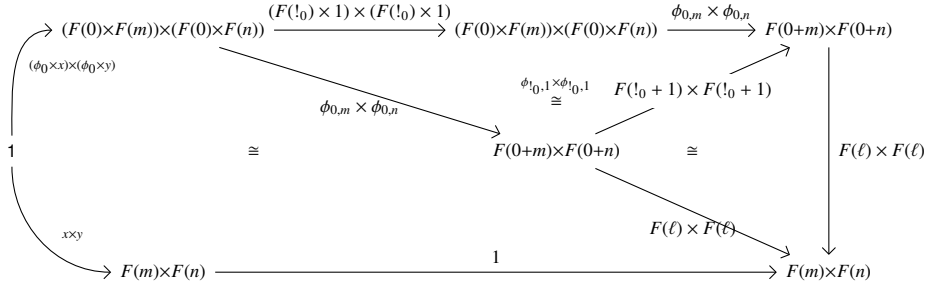
$$\lambda_M: U_0 \otimes M \rightarrow M$$



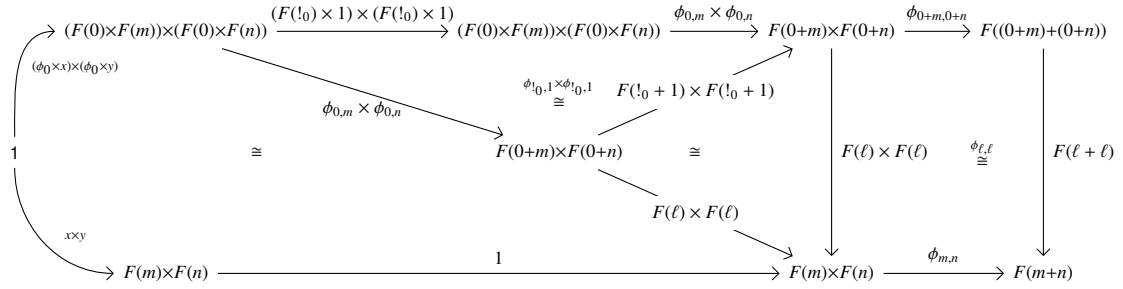
$$\lambda_N: U_0 \otimes N \rightarrow N$$



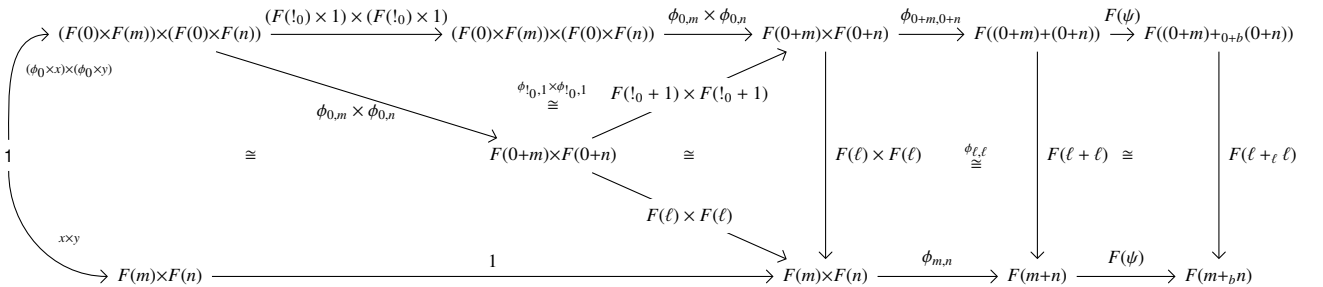
To construct $\lambda_N \odot \lambda_M: (U_0 \otimes N) \odot (U_0 \otimes M) \rightarrow N \odot M$, we first tensor the above two diagrams:



Next, we paste with a square due to pseudonaturality of ϕ :



Finally, we paste with a square due to pseudonaturality of F to obtain the map $\lambda_N \odot \lambda_M: (U_0 \otimes N) \odot (U_0 \otimes M) \rightarrow N \odot M$:



The diagram illustrates the relationships between various expressions involving the functor F and its arguments, organized into several horizontal layers. The top layer shows a sequence of transformations starting from $(F(0) \times F(m)) \times (F(0) \times F(n))$ and involving various isomorphisms and natural transformations like $\phi_{0,m} \times \phi_{0,n}$, $F(0+m) \times F(0+n)$, and $F((0+m)+(0+n))$. The middle layer shows transformations involving $F(0) \times F(0)$ and $F(m) \times F(n)$, with natural transformations like $\phi_{0,0} \times 1$ and $\phi_{1,0} \times 1$. The bottom layer shows transformations involving $F(0) \times F(m) \times F(n)$ and $F(m) \times F(n)$, with natural transformations like $1 \times \phi_{m,n}$ and $1 \times F(\psi)$. The diagram is labeled with various symbols like λ_M , λ_N , and λ_K , and includes a large curved arrow on the left labeled '1'.

Diagrams 7 and 9 of 11. Should improve this, but seems okay.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F: (\mathbf{A}, +, 0) \rightarrow (\mathbf{Cat}, \times, 1) & & \\
 a \in (\mathbf{A}, +, 0) & & \\
 0 + a \rightarrow 0 + a \leftarrow 0 + a & U_0 \otimes U_a \xrightarrow{\mu} U_{0+a} & 0 + a \rightarrow 0 + a \leftarrow 0 + a \\
 \phi_{0,a}(\perp_0, \perp_a) \in F(0 + a) & \searrow \lambda_{U_a} \downarrow U_{\lambda_a} & \perp_{0+a} \in F(0 + a) \\
 & U_a & a \rightarrow a \leftarrow a \\
 & & \perp_a \in F(a)
 \end{array}$$

Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{0+a}) & & \\
 & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow \phi_{0,a} & \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,a}} & F(0+a) & \xrightarrow{F(\text{id})} & F(0+a) \\
 & \searrow \phi & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \searrow \phi_{!_0, !_a} & \downarrow F(!_{0+a}) & \searrow \phi_{0,a} & \downarrow F(\lambda) & & \\
 & & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & & & &
 \end{array}$$

Diagonally:

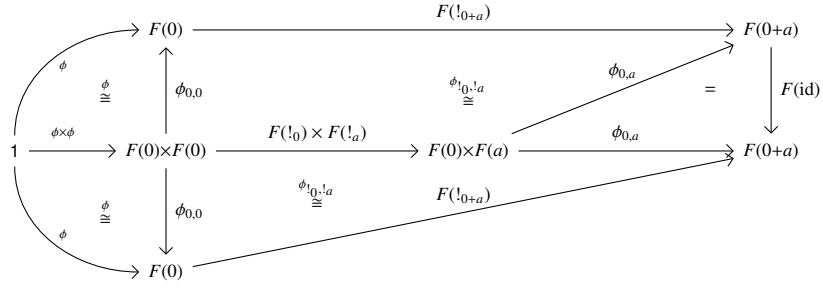
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{0+a}) & & \\
 & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow F(!_{0+a}) & \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & \xrightarrow{F(\lambda)} & F(a) \\
 & \searrow \phi & \downarrow F(\text{id}) & \searrow F(!_{0+a}) & \downarrow F(!_a) & & & &
 \end{array}$$

Removing the lower right \cong which is the same in each diagram:

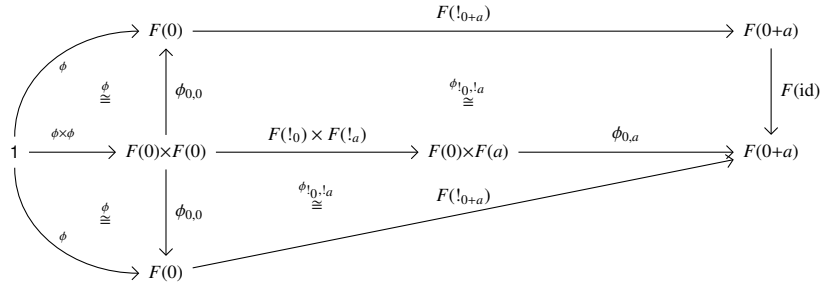
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{0+a}) & & \\
 & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow \phi_{0,a} & \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,a}} & F(0+a) & \xrightarrow{F(\text{id})} & F(0+a) \\
 & \searrow \phi & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \searrow \phi_{!_0, !_a} & \downarrow F(!_{0+a}) & \searrow \phi_{0,a} & \downarrow F(\lambda) & & \\
 & & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & F(!_{0+a}) & & \\
 & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow F(!_{0+a}) & \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & \xrightarrow{F(\lambda)} & F(a) \\
 & \searrow \phi & \downarrow F(\text{id}) & \searrow F(!_{0+a}) & \downarrow F(!_a) & & & &
 \end{array}$$

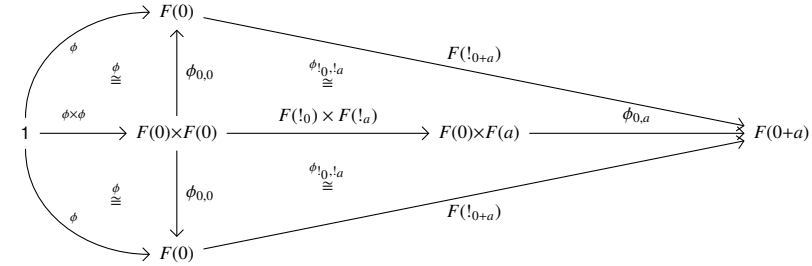
The second diagram is then an identity, so our problem reduces to showing that the following diagram is also an identity:



Removing the diagonal $\phi_{0,a}$:



This diagram is clearly the same as:



The two 2-isomorphisms in the top half of the diagram are the inverses of those in the bottom half, when read in a suitable order, and they can be shown to cancel, yielding an identity as desired.

Diagrams 7 and 9 of 11. Set up and solved.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F: (\mathbf{A}, +, 0) \rightarrow (\mathbf{Cat}, \times, 1) & & \\
 a \in (\mathbf{A}, +, 0) & & \\
 0 + a \rightarrow 0 + a \leftarrow 0 + a & U_0 \otimes U_a \xrightarrow{\mu} U_{0+a} & 0 + a \rightarrow 0 + a \leftarrow 0 + a \\
 \phi_{0,a}(\perp_0, \perp_a) \in F(0 + a) & \searrow \lambda_{U_a} \downarrow U_{\lambda_a} & \perp_{0+a} \in F(0 + a) \\
 & & a \rightarrow a \leftarrow a \\
 & & \perp_a \in F(a)
 \end{array}$$

Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 1 \times 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,a}} & F(0+a) & U_0 \times U_a \\
 \lambda^{-1} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_0, !_a} \cong & \downarrow & \searrow \phi_{0,a} & \downarrow 1 & \downarrow \mu \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & \xrightarrow{F} & F(0+a) & U_{0+a} \\
 \downarrow 1 & & \downarrow 1 & \nearrow F(!_a) & \nearrow F(!_a) & \nearrow F & \downarrow F(\lambda_a) & \downarrow U_{\lambda_a} \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & \xrightarrow{F} & F(0+a) & U_a
 \end{array}$$

Diagonally:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 1 \times 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,a}} & F(0+a) & U_0 \times U_a \\
 \lambda^{-1} \downarrow & \cong & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_0, !_a} \cong & \downarrow & \searrow \phi_{0,a} & \downarrow F(\lambda_a) & \downarrow \lambda_{U_a} \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & \xrightarrow{F} & F(0+a) & U_a
 \end{array}$$

If we remove the regions common to each diagram, and regions that strictly commute, these are clearly equal.

Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) \\
 \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_0, !_a} \cong & \downarrow \phi_{0,a} \\
 F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a)
 \end{array}$$

Diagonally:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) \\
 \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_0, !_a} \cong & \downarrow \phi_{0,a} \\
 F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a)
 \end{array}$$

Diagram 10 of 11. Set up and solved (Christina).

$M_1 \in F\mathbf{Csp}$ is given by $a \xrightarrow{i_1} m_1 \xleftarrow{o_1} b$ with $x_1 \in F(m_1)$.

$M_2 \in F\mathbf{Csp}$ is given by $b \xrightarrow{i_2} m_2 \xleftarrow{o_2} c$ with $x_2 \in F(m_2)$.

$N_1 \in F\mathbf{Csp}$ is given by $a' \xrightarrow{i'_1} n_1 \xleftarrow{o'_1} b'$ with $y_1 \in F(n_1)$.

$N_2 \in F\mathbf{Csp}$ is given by $b' \xrightarrow{i'_2} n_2 \xleftarrow{o'_2} c'$ with $x_2 \in F(n_2)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a+a' \rightarrow (m_1+n_1)+_{b+b'}(m_2+n_2) \leftarrow c+c' & (M_2 \otimes N_2) \odot (M_1 \otimes N_1) \xrightarrow{\beta \odot \beta} (N_2 \otimes M_2) \odot (N_1 \otimes M_1) & a'+a \rightarrow (n_1+m_1)+_{b'+b}(n_2+m_2) \leftarrow c'+c \\
 F(\psi)\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2}(\phi_{m_1, n_1}(x_1, y_1), \phi_{m_2, n_2}(x_2, y_2)) \in F((m_1+n_1)+_{b+b'}(n_1+n_2)) & \downarrow \chi & F(\psi)\phi_{n_1+m_1, n_2+m_2}(\phi_{n_1, m_1}(y_1, x_1), \phi_{n_2, m_2}(y_2, x_2)) \in F((n_1+m_1)+_{b'+b'}(n_1+m_2)) \\
 & (M_2 \odot M_1) \otimes (N_2 \odot N_1) \xrightarrow{\beta} (N_2 \odot N_1) \otimes (M_2 \odot M_1) & \\
 a+a' \rightarrow (m_1+b, m_2)+(n_1+b', n_2) \leftarrow c+c' & & a'+a \rightarrow (n_1+b', n_2)+(m_1+b, m_2) \leftarrow c'+c \\
 \phi_{m_1+b, m_2, n_1+b', n_2}(F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2}(x_1, x_2), F(\psi)\phi_{n_1, n_2}(y_1, y_2)) \in F((m_1+b, m_2)+(n_1+b', n_2)) & & \phi_{n_1+b', n_2}(F(\psi)\phi_{n_1, n_2}(y_1, y_2), F(\psi)\phi_{m_1, m_2}(x_1, x_2)) \in F((n_1+b', n_2)+(m_1+b, m_2))
 \end{array}$$

Down and then right:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, n_1} \times \phi_{m_2, n_2}} & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2}} & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & & \\
 & & (F(m_1) \times F(n_1)) \times (F(m_2) \times F(n_2)) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2}} & F((m_1+n_1)+(m_2+n_2)) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & F((m_1+n_1)+_{b+b'}(m_2+n_2)) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times \phi \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow \phi & & \downarrow F(\chi) \\
 & & F(m_1) \times F(n_1+m_2) \times F(n_2) & \xrightarrow{1 \times \phi} & F(m_1) \times F((n_1+m_2)+n_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{1, \beta}} & F(1+\beta+1) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times F(\beta) \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow 1 \times F(\beta+1) & & \downarrow \phi \\
 & & F(m_1) \times F(m_2+n_1) \times F(n_2) & \xrightarrow{1 \times \phi} & F(m_1) \times F((m_2+n_1)+n_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(m_1+(m_2+n_1)+n_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times \phi \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow \phi & & \downarrow \phi_{\psi, \psi} \\
 & & F(m_1) \times F(m_2) \times F(n_1) \times F(n_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, m_2} \times \phi_{n_1, n_2}} & F(m_1+m_2) \times F(n_1+n_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(m_1+b, m_2) \times F(n_1+b', n_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \mu_{m_1+b, m_2, n_1+b', n_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2)
 \end{array}$$

Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, n_1} \times \phi_{m_2, n_2}} & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2}} & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & & \\
 & & (F(m_1) \times F(n_1)) \times (F(m_2) \times F(n_2)) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1+n_1, m_2+n_2}} & F((m_1+n_1)+(m_2+n_2)) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & F((m_1+n_1)+_{b+b'}(m_2+n_2)) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta \times \beta & \mu_{m_1, n_1} \times \mu_{m_2, n_2} & \downarrow F(\beta) \times F(\beta) & \downarrow \phi_{\beta, \beta} & \downarrow F(\beta + \beta) \\
 & & (F(n_1) \times F(n_2)) \times (F(m_1) \times F(m_2)) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, m_1} \times \phi_{n_2, m_2}} & F(n_1+m_1) \times F(n_2+m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1+m_1, n_2+m_2}} & F((n_1+m_1)+(n_2+m_2)) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times \phi \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow 1 \times \phi & & \downarrow \phi \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(m_1+n_2) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{1 \times \phi} & F(n_1) \times F((m_1+n_2)+m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{1, \beta}} & F(1+\beta+1) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times F(\beta) \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow 1 \times F(\beta+1) & & \downarrow \phi \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2+m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{1 \times \phi} & F(n_1) \times F((n_2+m_1)+m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(n_1+(n_2+m_1)+m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow 1 \times \phi \times 1 & \cong & \downarrow \phi & & \downarrow \phi_{\psi, \psi} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2) \\
 & \searrow & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \phi_{n_1+b', n_2, m_1+b, m_2} \\
 & & F(n_1) \times F(n_2) \times F(m_1) \times F(m_2) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{n_1, n_2} \times \phi_{m_1, m_2}} & F(n_1+n_2) \times F(m_1+m_2) & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times F(\psi)} & F(n_1+b', n_2) \times F(m_1+b, m_2)
 \end{array}$$

Diagram 11 of 11. Set up but not solved.

$$a, b \in (A, +, 0)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} U_{a+b} & \xrightarrow{\mu_{a,b}} & U_a \otimes U_b \\ U_\beta \downarrow & & \downarrow \beta' \\ U_{b+a} & \xrightarrow{\mu_{b,a}} & U_b \otimes U_a \end{array}$$

The top two underlying cospans are

$$a + b \rightarrow a + b \leftarrow a + b$$

and the bottom two underlying cospans are

$$b + a \rightarrow b + a \leftarrow b + a$$

Right and then down:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & F(!_a + !_b) & & \\ & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow \phi_{a,b} & \\ 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{a,b}} & F(a+b) & \xrightarrow{F(\text{id})} & F(a+b) \\ & \searrow \phi \times \phi & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \mu_{a,b} & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} & \downarrow F(\beta) & & \\ & & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{b,a}} & F(b+a) & & \end{array}$$

Down and then right:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & F(!_a + !_b) & & \\ & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow \phi_{b,a} & \\ 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) & \xrightarrow{F(\text{id})} & F(b+a) \\ & \searrow \phi \times \phi & \downarrow F(\beta) & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} & \downarrow F(\beta) & & \\ & & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{b,a}} & F(b+a) \end{array}$$

First we remove the lower left commuting quarter circle in the ‘right and then down’ diagram as well as the upper left commuting quarter circle in the ‘down and then right’ diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & F(!_a + !_b) & & \\ & \nearrow \phi & & \nearrow \phi_{a,b} & \\ 1 & \xrightarrow{\phi \times \phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{a,b}} & F(a+b) & \xrightarrow{F(\text{id})} & F(a+b) \\ & \searrow \phi \times \phi & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \mu_{a,b} & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} & \downarrow F(\beta) & & \\ & & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{b,a}} & F(b+a) & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
& F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & & F(a+b) \\
& \downarrow F(\beta) & & \cong & \downarrow F(\beta) \\
1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) \\
& \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
& & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) \\
& & & \nearrow \phi_{b,a} & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} \\
& & & & F(b+a)
\end{array}$$

Next we remove the lower left commuting square with sides β in the first diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
& F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & & F(a+b) \\
& \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & & \phi_{!_a, !_b} \cong & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) \\
& & & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \mu_{a,b} \cong \\
& & & F(b) \times F(a) & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} \\
& & & & F(b+a)
\end{array}$$

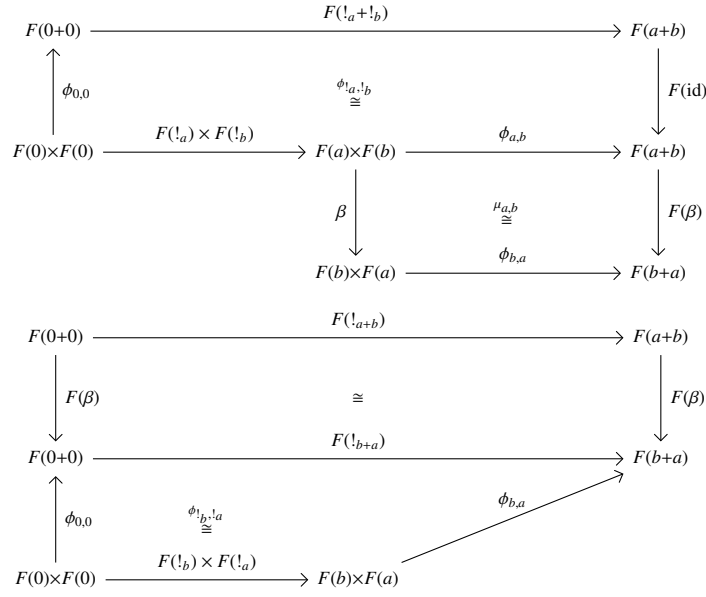
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
& F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & & F(a+b) \\
& \downarrow F(\beta) & & \cong & \downarrow F(\beta) \\
1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) \\
& \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
& & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) \\
& & & \nearrow \phi_{b,a} & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} \\
& & & & F(b+a)
\end{array}$$

Next we assume that our pseudofunctor F is normalized, meaning that $F(\text{id})$ is an identity, and remove the commuting triangle with sides $\phi_{a,b}$ in the first diagram and the commuting triangle with sides $\phi_{b,a}$ in the second diagram:

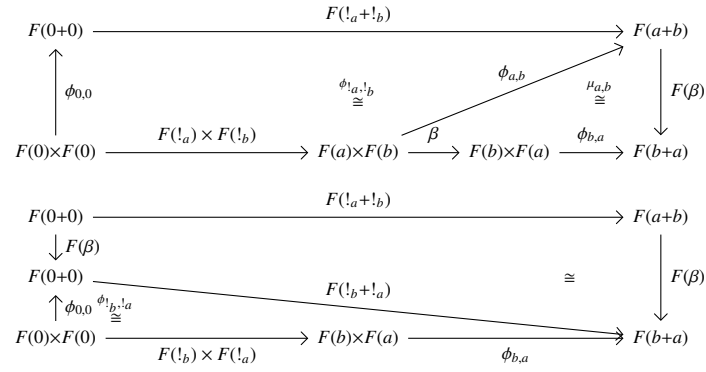
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
& F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & & F(a+b) \\
& \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & & \phi_{!_a, !_b} \cong & \downarrow F(\text{id}) \\
1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) \\
& & & \downarrow \beta & \downarrow \mu_{a,b} \cong \\
& & & F(b) \times F(a) & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} \\
& & & & F(b+a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
& F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & & F(a+b) \\
& \downarrow F(\beta) & & \cong & \downarrow F(\beta) \\
1 & \xrightarrow{\phi} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) \\
& \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & \downarrow \phi_{b,a} \\
& & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

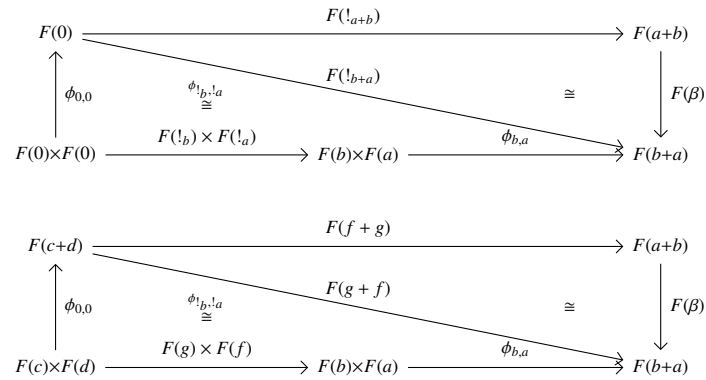
Next we remove the left quarter circle containing \cong from each diagram:



Making each diagram into a rectangle and removing the $F(\text{id})$ from the first diagram:



Are these two diagrams the same?



$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & F(a+b) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(b+a) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_a, !_b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{a,b} & \mu_{a,b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{b,a} \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\beta} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \mu_{0,0} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{b,a} \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{\beta} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & F(a+b) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(b+a) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_a, !_b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{a,b} & \mu_{a,b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{b,a} \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\beta} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b + !_a)} & F(b+a) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \mu_{0,0} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{b,a} \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{\beta} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& & \searrow \\
& & F(!_b) \times F(!_a) \\
& & \nearrow
\end{array}$$

First diagram:

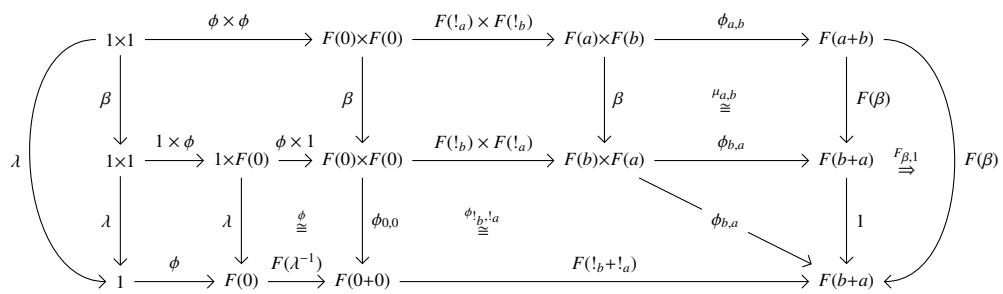
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & F(a+b) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(b+a) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_a, !_b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{a,b} & \mu_{a,b} \cong & \uparrow \phi_{b,a} \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a) \times F(!_b)} & F(a) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\beta} & F(b) \times F(a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& & \searrow \\
& & F(!_b) \times F(!_a) \\
& & \nearrow
\end{array}$$

Second diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(\beta)} & F(0+0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a + !_b)} & F(a+b) \\
\uparrow \phi_{0,0} & \phi_{!_b, !_a} \cong & & & \downarrow F(\beta) \\
F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_b) \times F(!_a)} & F(b) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{b,a}} & F(b+a)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& & \nearrow \\
& & F(!_b + !_a) \\
& & \searrow
\end{array}$$



M_4 is given by $d \rightarrow m_4 \leftarrow e$ with $x_4 \in F(m_4)$.

Upper route:

[illegible]

Lower route:



Triangle identity. Set up but not solved.

M_1 is given by $a \rightarrow m_1 \leftarrow b$ with $x_1 \in F(m_1)$.

U_b is given by $b \rightarrow b \leftarrow b$ with $\perp_b \in F(b)$.

M_2 is given by $b \rightarrow m_2 \leftarrow c$ with $x_2 \in F(m_2)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & M_1 \odot M_2 & \\
 \rho \odot 1_{M_2} \nearrow & & \nwarrow 1_{M_1} \odot \lambda \\
 (M_1 \odot U_b) \odot M_2 & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & M_1 \odot (U_b \odot M_2)
 \end{array}$$

Up:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccc}
 1 & \xrightarrow{(x_1 \times \phi_0) \times x_2} & Fm_1 F0 Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{(1 \times F(\perp_b)) \times 1} & Fm_1 Fb Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, b} \times 1} & Fm_1 + b Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times 1} & Fm_1 + b Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1 + b, b} m_2} & F(m_1 + b) + m_2 & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & F(m_1 + b) + b m_2 \\
 & \searrow x_1 \times x_2 & \searrow \rho \times 1 & \searrow \phi \times 1 & \searrow \phi_{1, \perp_b} \times 1 & \searrow F(1 + \perp_b) \times 1 & \searrow \cong & \searrow \phi_{\kappa, 1} & \searrow F(\kappa + 1) & \searrow \cong & \searrow F(\kappa + 1) & \searrow F(\kappa + 1) & \searrow F(\kappa + 1) \\
 & & Fm_1 Fm_2 & & Fm_1 + 0 Fm_2 & & F(\kappa) \times 1 & & Fm_1 + b Fm_2 & & F(m_1 + b) + m_2 & & F(m_1 + b) + b m_2 \\
 & & \searrow F(r) \times 1 & & \searrow \phi & & \searrow \phi & & \searrow F(\psi) & & \searrow F(\psi) & & \searrow F(\psi) \\
 & & Fm_1 Fm_2 & & Fm_1 + m_2 & & Fm_1 + m_2 & & Fm_1 + b m_2 & & Fm_1 + b m_2 & & Fm_1 + b m_2
 \end{array}$$

Across and then up:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccc}
 & & & & Fm_1 F0 Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{(1 \times F(\perp_b)) \times 1} & Fm_1 Fb Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, b} \times 1} & Fm_1 + b Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{F(\psi) \times 1} & Fm_1 + b Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1 + b, b} m_2} & F(m_1 + b) + m_2 & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & F(m_1 + b) + b m_2 \\
 & & & & \searrow \alpha & & \searrow \alpha & & \searrow \alpha & & \searrow \alpha & & \searrow \alpha & & \searrow \alpha \\
 & & & & Fm_1 F0 Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{1 \times F(\perp_b) \times 1} & Fm_1 Fb Fm_2 & \xrightarrow{1 \times \phi_{b, m_2}} & Fm_1 Fb + m_2 & \xrightarrow{1 \times F(\psi)} & Fm_1 Fb + b m_2 & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m_1, b + b} m_2} & Fm_1 + (b + b) m_2 & \xrightarrow{F(\psi)} & Fm_1 + b(b + b) m_2 \\
 & & & & \searrow 1 \times \phi & & \searrow 1 \times \phi_{\perp_b, 1} & & \searrow 1 \times F(\perp_b + 1) & & \searrow 1 \times F(\psi) & & \searrow 1 \times F(\psi) & & \searrow 1 \times F(\psi) \\
 & & & & Fm_1 Fm_2 & & Fm_1 \times F0 + m_2 & & Fm_1 \times Fb + m_2 & & Fm_1 \times Fb + b m_2 & & Fm_1 + (b + b) m_2 & & Fm_1 + b(b + b) m_2 \\
 & & & & \searrow 1 \times F(\ell) & & \searrow 1 \times F(\kappa) & & \searrow \phi_{1, \kappa} & & \searrow F(1 + \kappa) & & \searrow F(1 + \kappa) & & \searrow F(1 + \kappa) \\
 & & & & Fm_1 Fm_2 & & Fm_1 + m_2 & & Fm_1 + m_2 & & Fm_1 + m_2 & & Fm_1 + b m_2 & & Fm_1 + b m_2
 \end{array}$$

(I'm being a little reckless on the left with the ϕ s)
Down and then right:

The diagram illustrates the commutativity of various tensor product relationships in the representation theory of $\mathfrak{sl}(3)$. It starts from a single node '1' on the left and branches out into four main paths, each representing a different way to decompose the tensor product of three fundamental representations. The nodes are arranged in a grid-like structure, with horizontal and vertical arrows indicating isomorphisms between them. The top path involves representations like $(E(1) \times E(1)) \times E(1)$ and $(F'(H(m_1)+H(m_2))) \times F'(H(m_3))$. The middle path involves $(E(1 \times 1) \times E(1))$ and $(F'(H(m_1+m_2)+H(m_3)))$. The bottom path involves $(E(1 \times 1 \times 1))$ and $(F'(H(m_1+m_2+m_3)))$. The rightmost path involves $(F'(H(\alpha)))$ and $(F'(H(m_1+(m_2+m_3))))$. The diagram is a complex web of isomorphisms, with each node connected to its neighbors by arrows labeled with the relevant representations and their tensor products.

4. SOME USEFUL MAPS

Given $a \in (\mathbf{A}, +, 0)$, the map $U_{\lambda_a}: U_{0+a} \rightarrow U_a$ is given by:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & \phi & \rightarrow & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_{0+a})} & F(0+a) \\
 & \downarrow & & \downarrow F(\text{id}) & \nearrow F(!_{0+a}) & \downarrow F(\lambda_a) \\
 1 & \downarrow & & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) \\
 & \phi & \rightarrow & & &
 \end{array}$$

\cong

where the \cong is given by pseudonaturality of F : we have a unique map in $!_a: 0 \rightarrow a$ in \mathbf{A} but also a map $\lambda_a \circ !_a: 0 \rightarrow a$ where λ_a is the left unitor of $(\mathbf{A}, +, 0)$, and so $F(!_a) = F(\lambda_a \circ !_a) \cong F(\lambda_a)F(!_a)$.

The left unitor $\lambda'_{U_a}: U_0 \otimes U_a \rightarrow U_a$ is given by:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \phi \times \phi & \rightarrow & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_a)} & F(0) \times F(a) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,a}} & F(0+a) \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \nearrow \phi_{!_0, !_a} & \nearrow F(!_a) & \nearrow F(!_a) & \downarrow F(\lambda_a) \\
 1 & \downarrow & & & & & \\
 \phi & \rightarrow & F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_a)} & F(a) & &
 \end{array}$$

\cong

where the \cong in the lower right is the same as the one in the first diagram.

For an arbitrary M , the left unitor $\lambda'_M: U_0 \otimes M \rightarrow M$ is given by:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 \phi_0 \times x & \rightarrow & F(0) \times F(m) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times 1} & F(0) \times F(m) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,m}} & F(0+m) \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow \phi_{0,m} & \nearrow \phi_{!_0, !_1} & \nearrow F(!_0 + 1) & \nearrow F(!_0 + 1) & \downarrow F(\lambda_m) \\
 1 & \downarrow & & & & & \\
 x & \rightarrow & F(m) & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & F(m) & &
 \end{array}$$

\cong

For an arbitrary M given by $a \rightarrow (m, x) \leftarrow b$, the map $\lambda_M: U_b \odot M \rightarrow M$ is given by:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 x \times \phi_0 & \rightarrow & F(m) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{1 \times F(!_b)} & F(m) \times F(b) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{m,b}} & F(m+b) \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow \phi_{m,0} & \nearrow \phi_{!_1, !_b} & \nearrow F(1 + !_b) & \nearrow F(1 + !_b) & \downarrow F(\kappa) \\
 1 & \downarrow & & & & & \\
 x & \rightarrow & F(m) & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & F(m) & &
 \end{array}$$

\cong

In particular, if $M = U_0$ above, then the map $\lambda_{U_0}: U_0 \odot U_0 \rightarrow U_0$ is given by:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 \phi_0 \times \phi_0 & \rightarrow & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{F(!_0) \times F(!_0)} & F(0) \times F(0) & \xrightarrow{\phi_{0,0}} & F(0+0) \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow \phi_{0,0} & \nearrow \phi_{!_0, !_0} & \nearrow F(!_0 + !_0) & \nearrow F(!_0 + !_0) & \downarrow F(\kappa) \\
 1 & \downarrow & & & & & \\
 \phi_0 & \rightarrow & F(0) & \xrightarrow{\text{id}} & F(0) & &
 \end{array}$$

\cong