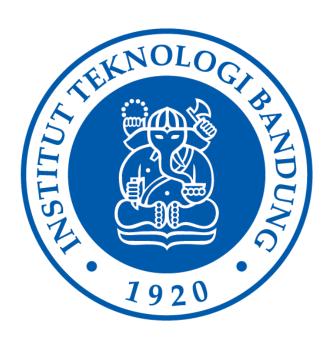
# Laporan Tugas Kecil 1 IF2211 Strategi Algoritma

# Penyelesaian Permainan Kartu 24 dengan Algoritma Brute Force



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## BAB I ALGORITMA BRUTE FORCE

#### 1.1 Algoritma Brute Force

Algoritma *Brute Force* adalah algoritma dengan pendekatan berprinsip *straightforward* untuk memecahkan suatu masalah. Sesuai dengan prinsipnya, algoritma ini bekerja dengan mencoba seluruh kemungkinan yang ada sehingga bisa menemukan solusi sesuai dengan definisi dari permasalahan yang ada. Karena cara kerjanya, algoritma ini bisa dipakai untuk menyelesaikan hampir semua permasalahan yang ada, namun akan merugikan kompleksitas dari programnya karena memakan ruang dan waktu yang sangat banyak sehingga bisa menjadi tidak efisien untuk kasus-kasus yang besar.

#### 1.2 Pendekatan Algoritma Brute Force Pada Permainan Kartu 24

Permainan teka-teki 24 adalah permainan yang mengharuskan seseorang untuk mencari operasi-operasi yang bisa dilakukan pada 4 angka yang diberikan sehingga akan menghasilkan angka 24. Biasanya, permainan ini dilakukan dengan menggunakan kartu untuk memberikan 4 angka tersebut. Algoritma *brute force* bisa diaplikasikan untuk mencari seluruh solusi yang ada jika diberikan 4 kartu.

Untuk mencari seluruh solusi yang ada pada permainan 24 dengan pendekatan *brute force*, algoritma yang digunakan adalah sebagai berikut:

- 1. Setelah menerima 4 kartu yang akan dipakai, program akan melakukan permutasi untuk mencari seluruh kemungkinan cara penyusunan 4 kartu tersebut. Total paling banyak ada 24 kemungkinan cara untuk menyusun 4 kartu. Jika ada kemungkinan yang sama (karena ada kartu yang sama), maka program akan membiarkan kemungkinan tersebut dan tidak disimpan.
- 2. Pada setiap kemungkinan penyusunan kartu tersebut, program akan melakukan seluruh operasi yang bisa dilakukan. Pada kasus ini, operasi-operasi yang bisa dilakukan adalah operasi tambah (+), kurang (-), kali (\*), dan bagi (/), beserta dengan tanda kurung ( () ) untuk menandakan alur perhitungannya. Dengan w, x, y, z adalah elemen kartu dan OP adalah operator, kemungkinan alur perhitungan yang bisa dilakukan adalah:
  - a. ((w OP x) OP y) OP z
  - b. (w OP (x OP y)) OP z
  - c. (w OP x) OP (y OP z)
  - d. w OP (x OP (y OP z))
  - e. w OP ((x OP y) OP z)

Sebenarnya, ada kemungkinan alur perhitungan lain seperti w OP x OP y OP z yang tidak menggunakan tanda kurung sama sekali, namun penulis memutuskan untuk tidak memasukkannya ke dalam algoritma. Misalkan w + x + y + z akan memiliki alur yang berbeda

dengan w + x + y \* z. Namun, sesuai dengan prinsip asosiatif (hasil perhitungan tiga angka atau lebih tidak bergantung pada pengelompokan dari angka yang dioperasikan), maka w + x + y + z sama saja dengan ((w + x) + y) + z). Sama halnya dengan w + x + y \* z yang sama saja dengan (w + x) + (y \* z). Maka dari itulah, penulis langsung melakukan operasi sesuai dengan alur pada lima pengelompokan di atas.

3. Jika perhitungan tersebut menghasilkan angka 24, maka program akan menyimpan perhitungannya.

## BAB II SOURCE PROGRAM

Pada penyelesaian masalah ini, penulis membuat program dalam bahasa pemrograman C++ versi C++14 yang sudah dibagi ke dalam satu file program utama dengan extensi .cpp dan enam file *header* program pembantu dengan ekstensi .hpp. Berikut adalah *source code* dari program *24 Puzzle Solver*.

#### 2.1 main.cpp

```
// MAIN PROGRAM
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <sstream>
#include <ctime>
#include <chrono>
#include <fstream>
#include "file.hpp"
#include "input.hpp"
#include "operator.hpp"
#include "permute.hpp"
#include "menu.hpp"
using namespace std;
void startMenu(vector <double> &cards, vector<vector<double>> &permutations,
vector<string> &results, int &total)
   using Clock = std::chrono::high resolution clock;
   // initiate main menu
   mainMenu(cards);
    // start clock
    auto start = Clock::now();
    // permutate user's input card
   permutasi(cards, 0, 4, permutations);
    // calculate all possible results
    for (int i = 0; i < permutations.size(); i++)</pre>
        count1(permutations[i], total, results);
        count2(permutations[i], total, results);
        count3(permutations[i], total, results);
        count4(permutations[i], total, results);
        count5(permutations[i], total, results);
    // print results
    cout << results.size() << " solution(s) found." << endl;</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < results.size(); i++)
        cout << results[i] << endl;</pre>
    auto end = Clock::now();
    auto duration = std::chrono::duration cast<std::chrono::milliseconds>(end
- start);
    cout << endl << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << "ms" << endl;</pre>
    saveResults(cards, results, total);
int main()
    // variable declaration
    int total = 0;
   vector<string> results;
    vector<double> cards;
    vector<vector<double>> permutations;
   // main program
    startMenu(cards, permutations, results, total);
    // back to main menu
    int prompt = backToMenu();
    if (prompt == 0)
        cout << endl;</pre>
        cout << "Thank you for using 24 PUZZLE SOLVER." << endl;</pre>
        cout << "We'll still be here if you need us (again)." << endl;</pre>
       exit(0);
    }
    else
        main();
    return 0;
```

#### 2.2 clearScreen.hpp

```
#ifdef _WIN32

// Windows
#define CLEAR "cls"
#else
// Other OS
#define CLEAR "clear"

#endif
```

#### 2.3 file.hpp

```
// SAVING RESULTS
#ifndef FILE HPP
#define FILE HPP
using namespace std;
void saveResults(vector<double> cards, vector<string> results, int &total)
    while (true)
        int choice;
        cout << "Do you want to save your results? (1/0): ";</pre>
        cin >> choice;
        if (choice == 1)
            string fileName;
            cout << endl << "Insert the name of your file: ";</pre>
            cin >> fileName;
            while (fileName.length() == 0)
                 cout << "Please insert the name for your file: ";</pre>
                cin >> fileName;
            }
            ofstream userFile;
            userFile.open("test/" + fileName + ".txt");
            userFile << "24 PUZZLE SOLVER" << endl << endl << "Your Cards: ";
            for (int i = 0; i < cards.size(); i++)
                 if (cards[i] == 1)
                    userFile << "A ";
                 else if (cards[i] == 11)
                     userFile << "J ";</pre>
                 else if (cards[i] == 12)
                    userFile << "Q ";</pre>
                 else if (cards[i] == 13)
                    userFile << "K ";
                 }
                 else
                     userFile << cards[i] << " ";</pre>
            }
            // write solutions
            userFile << endl << results.size() << " solutions found." << endl</pre>
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < results.size(); j++)
{
        userFile << results[j] << endl;
        userFile.close();
        break;
}
else if (choice == 0)
{
        break;
}
else
{
        cout << "Invalid input. Please try again." << endl;
}
#endif</pre>
```

#### 2.4 input.hpp

```
// INPUT CARDS
#ifndef INPUT HPP
#define INPUT HPP
using namespace std;
// Converts string to double
double stodouble(string kar)
    double n;
    if (kar == "A")
       n = 1;
    else if (kar == "J")
      n = 11;
    else if (kar == "Q")
       n = 12;
    else if (kar == "K")
       n = 13;
    }
    else
      n = stoi(kar);
    }
```

```
return n;
// Checks validity of user's card
bool checkCard(string kartu)
    if (isdigit(kartu[0]) || kartu == "10")
        if (kartu == "0" || kartu == "1" || kartu.length() > 2)
            return false;
        }
        else
            return true;
    }
    else
        if (kartu == "A" || kartu == "J" || kartu == "Q" || kartu == "K")
            return true;
        }
        else
            return false;
    }
// User inputs manually
void manualInput(vector<double> &cards)
    // user input
    string inputCard[4];
    bool inputValid = false;
    // Check if the cards are valid
    while (!inputValid)
        cout << "Enter 4 cards (ex: A 9 4 K): ";</pre>
        cin >> inputCard[0] >> inputCard[1] >> inputCard[2] >> inputCard[3];
        inputValid = checkCard(inputCard[0]) && checkCard(inputCard[1]) &&
checkCard(inputCard[2]) && checkCard(inputCard[3]);
        if (!inputValid)
            cout << inputCard[0] << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Invalid input. Please try again." << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Input Accepted." << endl << endl;</pre>
    // Convert the cards to int
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        cards.push back(stodouble(inputCard[i]));
```

```
}
// Generate random cards
void randomInput(vector<double> &cards)
    srand(time(NULL));
    cout << "Generating random cards..." << endl << endl;</pre>
    nanosleep((const struct timespec[]){{0, 500000000L}}, NULL);
    cout << "Cards generated." << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        cards.push_back((rand() % 13) + 1);
        if (cards[i] == 1)
            cout << "A ";
        else if (cards[i] == 11)
           cout << "J ";
        else if (cards[i] == 12)
            cout << "Q ";
        else if (cards[i] == 13)
            cout << "K ";
        else
            cout << cards[i] << " ";
    cout << endl;</pre>
#endif
```

#### 2.5 menu.hpp

```
cout << ".----.
.----...--....
.----.." << endl;
   cout << "|2.--. ||4.--. | .-. |P.--. ||U.--. ||Z.--. ||Z.--. ||L.--.
||E.--. | .-. ||S.--. ||O.--. ||L.--. ||V.--. ||E.--. ||R.--. |" << endl;
   cout << "| (\\/) || :/\\: |((5)) | :/\\: || (\\/) || :(): ||
:/\\: || (\\/) |((5)) | :/\\: || :/\\: || :(): || (\\/) || :(): |"
<< endl;
   cout << "| :\\/: || :\\/: | '-.-. | ( ) || :\\/: || ()() || () () || ( )
||: \/: | '-.-. | : \/: || : \/: || (__) || () () || : \/: || () () |" << endl;
   cout << "| '--'2|| '--'4| ((1))| '--'P|| '--'U|| '--'Z|| '--'Z|| '--'L||
'--'E| ((1))| '--'S|| '--'O|| '--'L|| '--'V|| '--'E|| '--'R|" << endl;
   cout << "`----'`----'
`_____(`___(`____(`____(`____(`____(`____(`
`----'`----'\'----'\'----'\'----'\'----'" << endl << endl;
   cout <<
"------
=========" << endl << endl;
   cout << "WELCOMT TO 24 PUZZLE SOLVER" << endl;</pre>
   cout << "Your lovely saviour when you play 24 puzzle card game with your
friends and you know you can't count <3" << endl << endl;
// Menu for user's input method
int inputMenu()
   cout << "How would you like to input your cards?" << endl;</pre>
   cout << "1. Input it Yourself" << endl;</pre>
   cout << "2. Generate Random Cards" << endl;</pre>
   cout << "3. Exit" << endl << endl;</pre>
   while (true)
      int choice;
      cout << "Your choice (ex: 1): ";</pre>
      cin >> choice;
      if (choice == 1 || choice == 2 || choice == 3)
          return choice;
      }
      else
         cout << "Invalid input, please try again." << endl;</pre>
   }
// Back to starting menu
int backToMenu()
   int input;
   while (true)
      cout << "Do you want to go back to main menu? (1/0): ";
      cin >> input;
      if (input == 1 || input == 0)
```

```
return input;
        }
        else
           cout << "Invalid input" << endl;</pre>
    }
// Main menu
void mainMenu(vector<double> &cards)
    banner();
    switch(inputMenu())
        case 1:
            manualInput(cards);
            break;
        case 2:
            randomInput(cards);
            break;
        case 3:
            exit(0);
    }
#endif
```

## 2.6 operator.hpp

```
// FUNCTIONS FOR CALCULATING 24 POINTS
#ifndef OPERATOR_HPP
#define OPERATOR_HPP
using namespace std;
char opes[4] = {'+', '-', '*', '/'};

// Format double to string
string format(double n)
{
    stringstream ss;
    ss.precision(2);
    ss << n;
    string s = ss.str();
    return s;
}

// Returns binary operator
double op(double a, int ope, double b)</pre>
```

```
switch (ope)
    case 0:
        return a + b;
    case 1:
        return a - b;
    case 2:
        return a * b;
    case 3:
        return a / b;
    default:
        break;
// ((a OP b) OP c) OP d
void count1(vector<double> arr, int total, vector<string> &result)
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            for (int k = 0; k < 4; k++)
                double temp = op(op(op(arr[0], i, arr[1]), j, arr[2]), k
arr[3]);
                if (temp == 24)
                    result.push_back("((" + format(arr[0]) + " " + opes[i] + "
" + format(arr[1]) + ")" + " " + opes[j] + " " + format(arr[2]) + ")" + " " +
opes[k] + " " + format(arr[3]));
                    total++;
                }
            }
        }
    }
// (a OP (b OP c)) OP d
void count2(vector<double> arr, int total, vector<string> &result)
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            for (int k = 0; k < 4; k++)
                double temp = op(op(arr[0], i, op(arr[1], j, arr[2])), k,
arr[3]);
                if (temp == 24)
                {
                    result.push back("(" + format(arr[0]) + " " + opes[i] + "
" + "(" + format(arr[1]) + " " + opes[j] + " " + format(arr[2]) + "))" + " " +
opes[k] + " " + format(arr[3]));
                    total++;
```

```
}
           }
        }
   }
// (a OP b) OP (c OP d)
void count3(vector<double> arr, int total, vector<string> &result)
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            for (int k = 0; k < 4; k++)
                double temp = op(op(arr[0], i, arr[1]), j, op(arr[2], k,
arr[3]));
                if (temp == 24)
                    result.push back("(" + format(arr[0]) + " " + opes[i] + "
" + format(arr[1]) + ")" + " " + opes[j] + " " + "(" + format(arr[2]) + " " +
opes[k] + " " + format(arr[3]) + ")");
                    total++;
                }
            }
        }
    }
// a OP ((b OP c) OP d)
void count4(vector<double> arr, int total, vector<string> &result)
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)
            for (int k = 0; k < 4; k++)
                double temp = op(arr[0], i, op(op(arr[1], j, arr[2]), k,
arr[3]));
                if (temp == 24)
                    result.push back(format(arr[0]) + " " + opes[i] + " " +
"((" + format(arr[1]) + " " + opes[j] + " " + format(arr[2]) + ")" + " " +
opes[k] + " " + format(arr[3]) + ")");
                    total++;
                }
            }
        }
    }
// a OP (b OP (c OP d))
void count5(vector<double> arr, int total, vector<string> &result)
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
```

#### 2.7 permute.hpp

```
// PERMUTATION ALGORITHM
#ifndef PERMUTE HPP
#define PERMUTE HPP
using namespace std;
// Check if the permutation is not yet inserted
bool validPermute(vector<double> arr, int start, int end,
vector<vector<double>> result)
    for (int i = 0; i < result.size(); i++)</pre>
        // cout << result[i][0];</pre>
        if (arr == result[i])
            return false;
    return true;
void permutasi(vector<double> arr, int start, int end, vector<vector<double>>
&result)
    if (start == end)
        if (validPermute(arr, start, end, result))
            result.push back(arr);
    } else
    {
```

```
for (int i = start; i < end; i++)
{
         swap(arr[start], arr[i]);
         permutasi(arr, start + 1, end, result);
         swap(arr[start], arr[i]);
     }
}
#endif</pre>
```

# BAB III HASIL PENGUJIAN PROGRAM

#### 3.1 Uji 1 (6 6 6 6)

#### 3.2 Uji 2 (7 8 9 10)

#### 3.3 Uji 3 (7 8 9 10)

```
How would you like to input your cards?

1. Input it Yourself
2. Generate Random Cards
3. Exit

Your choice (ex: 1): 1
Enter 4 cards (ex: A 9 4 K): Q J K A
Input Accepted.

32 solution(s) found.
(12 * (13 - 11)) * 1
(12 * (13 - 11)) / 1
12 * ((13 - 11) / 1
12 * ((13 - 11) / 1)
12 * ((13 - 11) / 1)
12 * ((13 - 11) / 1)
12 * ((13 - 11) / 1)
12 * ((13 + 1) / 1)
12 * ((13 / 1) - 11)
12 * ((13 / 1) - 11)
12 * ((13 / 1) - 11)
12 * ((13 / 1) - 11)
12 * ((1 * 13) - 11)
12 * (1 * (13 - 11)
12 * (1 * (13 - 11)
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(13 - 11) * (1 * 12)
(13 + 1) - 11) * 12
(11 * (13 - 11) * 12
(11 * (13 - 11) * 12
(1 * (13 - 11) * 12
(1 * (13 - 11) * 12
(1 * (13 - 11) * 12
(1 * (13 - 11) * 12
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(1 * (13 - 11) * 12
(1 * (
```

#### 3.4 Uji 4 (10 3 9 6)

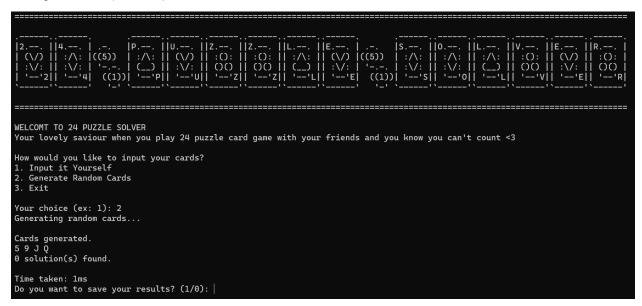
```
Your choice (ex: 1): 1
Enter 4 cards (ex: A 9 4 K): 10 3 9 6
Input Accepted.

34 solution(s) found.
((10 + 3) - 9) * 6
(10 1 3) * 9) - 6
(10 1 3) * 9) - 6
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(10 1 3) * 9) - 6
(10 1 3) * 9) - 6
(10 1 3) * 9) - 6
(10 1 4) * 9) * 8
(10 1 5) * 9) * 8
(10 1 6) * 9 1 7
(10 1 7) * 9) * 8
(10 1 7) * 9) * 8
(10 1 8) * 9) * 8
(10 1 8) * 9) * 8
(10 1 9) * 8
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#### 3.5 Uji 5 (2 A 4 3)

#### 3.6 Uji Acak 1 (4 7 K K)

#### 3.7 Uji Acak 2 (5 9 J Q)



#### 3.8 Uji Acak 3 (Q 6 6 J)



# LAMPIRAN

Tautan *Repository*: https://github.com/kennypanjaitan/Tucil1\_13521023

# Tabel Checklist Goal

No	Poin	Ya	Tidak
1	Program berhasil dikompilasi tanpa kesalahan	V	
2	Program berhasil running	V	
3	Program dapat membaca input / generate sendiri dan memberikan luaran	V	
4	Solusi yang diberikan program memenuhi (berhasil mencapai 24)	V	
5	Program dapat menyimpan solusi dalam file teks	V	