main.cxx

```
#include <cxxopts.hpp> // command line argument parser library
       written by jarro2783 (https://github.com/jarro2783/cxxopts)
2 #include <ui.hxx>
4 auto main(int argc, char** argv) -> int{
5
       // flags for program arguments
       bool upAlphaFlag = false;
bool lowAlphaFlag = false;
6
       bool numFlag = false;
       bool specialCharFlag = false;
9
10
       bool guiFlag = false;
11
       // other variable change by the flags
       unsigned int length = 0;
13
       int state = -1; // execution state (-1 for init value)
14
       bool flagEnabled = false;
15
16
       // specifies options
17
       cxxopts::Options options("APCSP Create Task", "Random Password
18
       Generator");
       options.add_options()
19
           ("A,upper", "Include upper case alphabets")
("a,lower", "Include lower case alphabets")
20
21
           ("n, number", "Include numbers")
22
           ("s,special", "Include special characters")
23
           ("g,gui", "Run the GUI version of program, other passed
24
       arguments are ignored")
           ("h,help", "Print help")
25
           ("1,length", "Set the length of password", cxxopts::value <
       int >())
27
28
       // parse options from argv with fail safe
29
30
       cxxopts::ParseResult result;
31
32
           result = options.parse(argc, argv);
       } catch (const cxxopts::exceptions::parsing &e) {
33
34
           printHelp();
           std::cerr << e.what() << "\n"; // show error
35
           return FAIL;
36
37
38
       // sets flags and option value from options(argc and argv)
39
       // help flag (show help doc and exit)
40
       if (result.count("help")) {
41
42
           printHelp();
           return SUCCESS;
43
       }
44
45
       // GUI flag
46
47
       if (result.count("gui")) guiFlag = true;
48
       // char flags
       if (result.count("upper")) upAlphaFlag = true;
50
      if (result.count("lower")) lowAlphaFlag = true;
```

```
if (result.count("number")) numFlag = true;
52
53
       if (result.count("special")) specialCharFlag = true;
      flagEnabled = checkFlags(upAlphaFlag, lowAlphaFlag, numFlag,
54
      specialCharFlag);
55
      // length option
56
      if (result.count("length") && !guiFlag && flagEnabled) {
57
          length = result["length"].as<int>();
58
      } else if (!guiFlag && flagEnabled) { // print out error when
      no character flag is enabled but only length option specified
60
          printHelp();
           printLine("Error: no length argument");
61
          return FAIL;
62
63
64
      // run GUI version if -g option is present
65
66
      if (guiFlag) {
          state = rungui();
67
      } else if (length > 0 && flagEnabled){ // otherwise run CUI
68
      version
           state = runcui(length, upAlphaFlag, lowAlphaFlag, numFlag,
      specialCharFlag);
      } else { // if no argument specified, report error and set
70
      execution state 1 (failure)
          printHelp();
71
72
           printLine("Error: No argument specified");
          state = FAIL;
73
      }
74
75
      return state;
76 }
```

passgen.hxx

```
1 #ifndef PASSGEN_HXX
2 #define PASSGEN_HXX
4 #include <cstdlib>
5 #include <ctime>
6 #include <exception>
8 namespace PassGen {
9
      * Obrief Get the list of upper alphabet letters
10
      * @return char* - List of upper alphabet letters
12
      auto getUpperAlpha() -> char*;
13
14
15
      * @brief Get the list of lower alphabet letters
16
17
      * @return char* - List of lower alphabet letters
18
19
      auto getLowerAlpha() -> char*;
20
21
      * Obrief Get the list of numbers
22
      * @return char* - List of numbers
23
24
```

```
auto getNumber() -> char*;
25
27
       * @brief Get the list of special characters
28
       * @return char* - List of special characters
29
30
31
      auto getSpecialChars() -> char*;
32
33
      st ©brief generate the password from list of characters and
34
       specified length
       * Oparam charList list of characters (pure C string)
35
       * Oparam len length of password to be generated (int)
36
37
       * @return (char*) - generated password
38
       auto passGen(const char *charList, const unsigned int& len) ->
39
       char *:
40
41
       // exceptions for the functions in PassGen namespace \,
      namespace exceptions {
42
           // base exception class
43
           class exception : public std::exception {
44
               public:
45
                   // constructor (sets m_message from msg argument)
46
                   explicit exception(char* msg) {m_message = msg;};
47
48
                   * @brief show the content of the error message
49
                   * @return (char*) pure C string of error message
50
                   */
51
52
                   auto what() -> char* {return m_message;};
53
                   char* m_message = nullptr; // error message (init
54
      with nullptr)
55
          };
56
57
           // exception to be thrown when something is failed to
      allocate its memory
58
           class memoryAllocationFailiure : public exception {
59
               public:
                   explicit memoryAllocationFailiure() : exception((
60
       char*)"Couldn't allocate memory space!") {};
                   // call construct from the base class supplied with
61
        specified error message
          };
62
63
           \ensuremath{//} exception to be thrown when there is no content in
64
       charList (PassGen::passgen())
           class noCharList : public exception {
65
66
               public:
                   explicit noCharList() : exception((char*)"No
67
       character list specified!") {};
                   // call construct from the base class supplied with
        specified error message
          };
69
70
           // exception to be used when unknown error occured
71
          class unknownError : public exception {
```

passgen.cxx

```
#include <utils.hxx>
#include <passgen.hxx>
auto PassGen::getLowerAlpha() -> char* {
       const int numOfLetters = 26;
      char* output = nullptr; // initialize pointer
6
      output = (char*)malloc(numOfLetters * sizeof(char) + 1); //
      allocate memory for 26 letters and a terminate character
      if (output == nullptr) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
8
      memoryAllocationFailiure(); return nullptr;} // check if memory
       allocation is failed
      const int offset = 97; // 97th letter in ASCII (a)
      // adds 26 letters (a-z)
10
      for (int i = 0; i < numOfLetters; i++) {</pre>
11
           output[i] = (char)(offset + i);
12
13
      output[numOfLetters] = '\0'; // add terminate character at end
14
15
      return output;
16 }
17
  auto PassGen::getUpperAlpha() -> char* {
18
       const int numOfLetters = 26;
19
20
       char* output = nullptr; // initialize pointer
       output = (char*)malloc(numOfLetters * sizeof(char) + 1); //
21
      allocate memory for 26 letters + terminate character
      if (output == nullptr) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
22
      memoryAllocationFailiure(); return nullptr;} // check if memory
       allocation is failed
       const int offset = 65; // 65th letter in ASCII (A)
23
       // adds 26 letters (A-Z)
24
      for (int i = 0; i < numOfLetters; i++) {</pre>
25
           output[i] = (char)(offset + i);
26
27
       output[numOfLetters] = '\0'; // add terminate character at end
28
29
      return output;
30 }
31
32 auto PassGen::getNumber() -> char* {
       const int numOfLetters = 10;
33
       char* output = nullptr; // initialize pointer
34
      output = (char*)malloc((numOfLetters) * sizeof(char) + 1);
35
      if (output == nullptr) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
36
      memoryAllocationFailiure(); return nullptr;} // check if memory
       allocation is failed
```

```
const int offset = 48; // 48th letter in ASCII (0)
37
       // adds 10 letters (0-9)
38
       for (int i = 0; i < numOfLetters; i++) {</pre>
39
           output[i] = (char)(offset + i);
40
41
      output[numOfLetters] = '\0'; // add terminate character at end
42
43
       return output;
44
45 }
46
  auto PassGen::getSpecialChars() -> char* {
47
       const int numOfLetters = 31; // 31 symbols
48
       char* output = nullptr; // initialize pointer
49
50
       output = (char*)malloc((numOfLetters) * sizeof(char) + 1);
       if (output == nullptr) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
51
       memoryAllocationFailiure(); return nullptr;} // check if memory
       allocation is failed
52
53
       int ind = 0; // index in the output list
54
       // loop config and range exclusion config
55
       const int start = 33; // loop through ASCII #33
56
       const int end = 127; // to #127
57
58
       const int numStart = 48; // ASCII range that represents number
59
       (#48
       const int numEnd = 57; // to #57)
60
61
       const int upperStart = 65; // ASCII range that represents upper
62
       case alphabets (#65
       const int upperEnd = 90; // to #90)
64
       const int lowerStart = 97; // ASCII range that represents lower
       case alphabets (#97
       const int lowerEnd = 122; // to #122)
66
67
       // adds special characters to output
68
69
       for (int i = start; i < end; i++) {</pre>
           if ((numStart <= i && i <= numEnd) || (upperStart <= i && i</pre>
70
        <= upperEnd) || (lowerStart <= i && i <= lowerEnd)) {</pre>
               continue; // skip at the number, upper case and lower
       case alphabets
          }
72
           output[ind] = (char)(i);
73
74
75
       output[numOfLetters] = '\0'; // add terminate character at end
76
77
       return output;
78 }
79
  auto PassGen::passGen(const char *charList, const unsigned int& len
80
      ) -> char* {
       if (strSize(charList) == 0) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
81
      noCharList(); return nullptr;}
82
      std::srand(time(nullptr)); // set random seed to current time
83
84
```

```
unsigned int randomCharPos = 0; // position of charList which
85
       will be randomly selected
       const char termChar = '\0';
86
       const char backSlash = '\\';
87
       const int charListSize = strSize(charList);
88
       char currentLetter = 0;
89
90
       char previousLetter = 0;
91
       char* output = new char[len+1]; // length of password + 1
92
       terminating char
       // return null pointer on the failiure of memory allocation
93
       if (output == nullptr) {throw PassGen::exceptions::
94
       memoryAllocationFailiure(); return nullptr;}
95
       while (strSize(output) != len) { // to make sure output is in
96
       desired length
97
       for (int i = 0; i <= len; i++) {</pre>
           if (i == len) {output[i] = termChar;} // ends with
98
       terminating char
           else { // adds other chars otherwise
99
           // adds random character from charList
           randomCharPos = std::rand()%charListSize;
103
           output[i] = charList[randomCharPos];
104
105
           // set current and previous letter for check
           currentLetter = output[i];
106
           previousLetter = output[i-1];
107
108
           // checks escape sequences which causes issues
109
           while (previousLetter == backSlash &&
           ((currentLetter == 'a') || // '\a'
111
           (currentLetter == 'b') || // '\b'
112
           (currentLetter == 'c') || // '\c'
113
           (currentLetter == 'n') || // '\n'
114
           (currentLetter == 'f') || // '\f'
115
           (currentLetter == 'r') || // '\r'
116
           (currentLetter == 't') || // '\t'
117
           (currentLetter == 'U') || // '\U'
118
119
           (currentLetter == 'u') || // '\u'
           (currentLetter == 'v') || // '\v'
120
121
           (currentLetter == 'x') // '\x'
122
           )) {
               // regenerate random letter
123
                randomCharPos = std::rand()%charListSize;
124
                output[i] = charList[randomCharPos];
126
127
                // re-set current letter
                currentLetter = output[i];
128
           }}
129
       }}
130
       return output;
131
132 }
```

utils.hxx

```
1 #ifndef UTILS_HXX
```

```
2 #define UTILS_HXX
4 #include <iostream>
6 /**
7 * @brief return the size(length) of string (pure C char list)
{\it 8} * Oparam str pure C string to be measured
9 * @return (int) - size(length) of string
10 */
inline auto strSize(const char *str) -> int {
       int out = 0;
12
       int index = 0;
13
       while (str[index] != 0) {
14
          index++;
15
           out++;
16
17
18
       return out;
19 }
20
21 /**
22 * Obrief print the passed in argument
^{23} * Oparam object takes any type of input that is able to stdout to
      the console
* @return (void) - console output of the object
25 */
26 template < class T >
27 inline auto printLine(T object) -> void {
       std::cout << object << std::endl;</pre>
28
29 }
30
31 /**
_{32} * Obrief prints the help for the console application
* @return (void) - console output of help document
34 */
inline auto printHelp() -> void {
36
       printLine("APCSPCreateTask - Random Password Generator\n");
       printLine("[Usage]: APCSPCreateTask [-A -a -n -s -g] -1 <length</pre>
37
       >\n");
       printLine("[Options]:\n");
38
       printLine("\t-A, --upper : include upper case alphabets in
39
       password\n");
       printLine("\t-a, --lower : include lower case alphabets in
40
       password\n");
       printLine("\t-n, --number : include numbers in password\n");
printLine("\t-s, --special : include special characters in
41
42
       password\n");
       printLine("\t-1, --length <number> : set the length of the
43
       password\n");
       printLine("\t-g, --gui : run in GUI regardless of the previous
44
       options\n");
       printLine("\t-h, --help : print this help\n");
45
46 }
47
48 /**
^{49} * Obrief checks if any flag is enabled
* Oparam upper boolean flag for upper case letters
* Oparam lower boolean flag for lower case letters
```

ui.hxx

```
#ifndef UI_HXX
2 #define UI_HXX
4 // enumeration of states of program
5 enum PROGRAMSTATE : int {
      SUCCESS, // 0
6
      FAIL // 1
8 };
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#include <utils.hxx>
# # include < passgen.hxx >
14 #include <gtkui.hxx>
1.5
16 /**
_{
m 17} * Obrief runs the CUI version of program
^{18} * @param len length of the password (int)
* Cparam upper boolean flag for upper case alphabets
20 * Oparam lower boolean flag for lower case alphabets
* Cparam num boolean flag for numbers
^{22} * Oparam special boolean flag for special characters
* Oreturn (int) - execution state of program
24 */
25 inline auto runcui (const unsigned int& len, const bool& upper,
       const bool& lower, const bool& num, const bool& special) -> int
26
       // appends letters to input
       std::string input;
27
       try {
28
           if (upper) {input += PassGen::getUpperAlpha();}
29
           if (lower) {input += PassGen::getLowerAlpha();}
if (num) {input += PassGen::getNumber();}
30
31
           if (special) {input += PassGen::getSpecialChars();}
32
33
       // print out error when any of getChars threw exception
34
       catch (PassGen::exceptions::memoryAllocationFailiure &err) {
35
           printLine(err.what());
36
           return FAIL;
37
38
39
       // converts to std::string to pure C string
40
      char *cInput = new char[input.length() + 1];
```

```
strcpy(cInput, input.c_str());
42
43
       // generate password, report error and exit with status of 1 (
44
       failiure) if any caught
       char *out = nullptr;
45
       try {
46
47
           out = PassGen::passGen(cInput, len);
48
       // print out error when PassGen::passGen threw exception
49
       catch (PassGen::exceptions::memoryAllocationFailiure &err) {
50
           printLine(err.what());
51
52
           return FAIL;
53
       catch (PassGen::exceptions::noCharList &err) {
54
           printLine(err.what());
55
           return FAIL;
56
57
       }
       catch (...) {
58
59
           {\tt PassGen::exceptions::exception \ error = PassGen::exceptions}
       ::unknownError();
           printLine(error.what());
60
           return FAIL;
61
62
63
       // prints password, and exit with status of 0 (success)
64
       std::cout << out << std::endl;</pre>
65
       return SUCCESS;
66
67 }
68
69 /**
_{70} * Obrief runs the GUI version of program
_{71} * @return (int) - execution state of program
72 */
73 inline auto rungui() -> int {
      // run the GTK application
74
75
       auto app = Gtk::Application::create("apcsp.passgen");
       return app->make_window_and_run <PassGenUI > (0, nullptr); // run
76
       GTK app with no arguments
77 }
78
79 #endif // UI_HXX
```

gtkui.hxx

```
* @brief The button event for m_generate_button
14
           * @return (void) Generate password, set to m_output_buffer,
        and show to the user
           */
16
           auto on_generate_button_clicked() -> void; // button event
18
19
           * @brief Show error dialog with exceptions and message
20
           * @param err PassGen::exceptions::exception exception to be
21
       reported
           * Cparam extraMsg Glib::ustring Extra message to be shown
22
       along side the reported exception, set empty by default
           * @return (void) Show the dialog
23
24
           auto showErrorDialog(PassGen::exceptions::exception &err,
25
       Glib::ustring extraMsg) -> void;
26
       private:
27
          const int winHeight = 480;
28
           const int winWidth = 640;
29
           const int widgetMargin = 10;
30
           const int maxLength = 8192;
31
32
33
           // checkboxes
           Gtk::CheckButton m_upper_check, m_lower_check, m_num_check,
34
        m_special_chars_check;
35
           // boxes (containers)
36
           Gtk::Box m_char_checks, m_output_box, m_main_box;
37
38
           // title of the program
39
          Gtk::Label m_title;
40
41
           Gtk::Button m_generate_button;
42
43
44
           // length input
           Gtk::SpinButton m_num_input;
45
46
           // sets range for m_num_input (0-maxLength)
47
           Glib::RefPtr < Gtk::Adjustment > m_num_input_adj = Gtk::
48
      Adjustment::create(0, 0, maxLength);
49
           // Privides CSS to the GTK widget
50
           Glib::RefPtr < Gtk::CssProvider > m_output_style = Gtk::
51
      CssProvider::create();
52
           // Text area for output
53
           Gtk::ScrolledWindow m_output_scroll;
54
           Gtk::TextView m_output;
55
56
           // text buffer for m_output
57
           Glib::RefPtr < Gtk::TextBuffer > m_output_buffer = Gtk::
       TextBuffer::create();
59 };
61 #endif // GTKUI_HXX
```

gtkui.cxx

```
#include "passgen.hxx"
2 #include "utils.hxx"
3 #include <gtkui.hxx>
5 PassGenUI::PassGenUI():
      // initialize widgets
      m_generate_button("Generate"),
      m_main_box(Gtk::Orientation::VERTICAL, widgetMargin),
9
      m_char_checks(Gtk::Orientation::VERTICAL, widgetMargin),
      m_output_box(Gtk::Orientation::VERTICAL, widgetMargin),
10
      m_upper_check("Include Upper Case Letters"),
      m_lower_check("Include Lower Case Letters"),
13
      m_num_check("Include Numbers"),
      m_special_chars_check("Include Special Characters"),
14
      m_title("Password Generator")
15
16 {
      // set window props
17
      set_title("AP CSP Create Task - Password Generator");
18
       set_default_size(winWidth, winHeight);
19
       // link the button event to the function
20
      \verb|m_generate_button.signal_clicked().connect(sigc::mem_fun(*this,
21
       &PassGenUI::on_generate_button_clicked));
23
       // populate the widgets and other boxes in main box
       set_child(m_main_box);
24
25
      m_main_box.set_margin(widgetMargin);
      m_num_input.set_adjustment(m_num_input_adj); // set the range
26
      of m_num_input widget can handle
      m_main_box.append(m_title);
27
28
      m_main_box.append(m_char_checks);
29
      m_main_box.append(m_num_input);
      m_main_box.append(m_generate_button);
30
      m_main_box.append(m_output_box);
31
32
      // populate the widgets in character configuration section
33
      m_char_checks.append(m_upper_check);
34
      m_char_checks.append(m_lower_check);
35
36
      m_char_checks.append(m_num_check);
      m_char_checks.append(m_special_chars_check);
37
38
      // populate the widgets in ouput section
39
      m_output_scroll.set_child(m_output);
40
41
      m_output_scroll.set_expand();
      // set the style of m_output using properties and CSS
42
43
      m_output.set_editable(false);
      m_output.set_monospace(true);
44
45
      m_output.set_cursor_visible(false);
      m_output_style -> load_from_data("#m_output {font-size: 14pt;}");
46
47
      m_output.set_name("m_output");
      m_output.get_style_context()->add_provider(m_output_style, 1);
48
      m_output.set_wrap_mode(Gtk::WrapMode::CHAR);
49
50
       // add widget to the box
      m_output_box.append(m_output_scroll);
51
52 }
53
54 PassGenUI:: PassGenUI() = default;
```

```
55
   auto PassGenUI::showErrorDialog(PassGen::exceptions::exception &err
       , Glib::ustring extraMsg="") -> void {
       Glib::RefPtr<Gtk::AlertDialog> m_Alert = Gtk::AlertDialog::
       create():
       m_Alert->set_message("Error!");
58
59
       m_Alert->set_detail((Glib::ustring)err.what() + "\n" + extraMsg
       m_Alert -> show (*this);
60
61 }
62
63
   auto PassGenUI::on_generate_button_clicked() -> void {
       // appends letters to input according to the flags
64
       std::string input;
66
       try {
           if (m_upper_check.get_active()) {input += PassGen::
67
       getUpperAlpha();}
           if (m_lower_check.get_active()) {input += PassGen::
68
       getLowerAlpha();}
           if (m_num_check.get_active()) {input += PassGen::getNumber
69
           if (m_special_chars_check.get_active()) {input += PassGen::
70
       getSpecialChars();}
71
       // show error dialog when any of getChars threw exception
72
       catch (PassGen::exceptions::memoryAllocationFailiure &err) {
73
           showErrorDialog(err, "Please free some memory.");
74
75
76
77
78
       // convert std::string to pure C string
       char* cInput = new char[input.length() + 1];
79
       strcpy(cInput, input.c_str());
80
81
       // get the length of password to be generated
82
83
       int len = m_num_input.get_value_as_int();
84
85
       // generate password
       char* passwd = nullptr;
86
87
       try {
           passwd = PassGen::passGen(cInput, len);
88
89
       // Show error dialog when PassGen::passGen threw exceptions
90
       {\tt catch} \ \ ({\tt PassGen::exceptions::memoryAllocationFailiure} \ \ \& {\tt err}) \ \ \{
91
           showErrorDialog(err, "Please free some memory.");
92
93
           return:
94
       catch (PassGen::exceptions::noCharList &err) {
95
           showErrorDialog(err, "Please check the form.");
96
           return;
97
98
       catch (...) {
99
           PassGen::exceptions::exception error = PassGen::exceptions
       ::unknownError();
101
           showErrorDialog(error);
           return:
103
```