

## Written exam

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### Question 2

#### DL Reasoning

Consider the knowledge base made of the following axioms

*On considère la base de connaissances formée des axiomes ci-dessous*

*TBox*

Student  $\subseteq$  Person

Student  $\equiv$  studies **some** Discipline

Professor  $\subseteq$  Person

Physics  $\subseteq$  Discipline

University  $\equiv$  (hasMember **some** Professor) **and** (hasMember **some** Student)

University  $\subseteq$  Institution,

University  $\subseteq$  hasMember **only** (Professor **or** Student)

Bicycle  $\subseteq$  hasOwner **only** Person

ElectricBicycle  $\subseteq$  Bicycle

*ABox*

*RDF equivalent*

University(UNIGE)

UNIGE rdf:type University

ElectricBicycle(flyer01)

flyer01 rdf:type ElectricBicycle

hasOwner (flyer01, UNIGE)

flyer01 rdf:hasOwner UNIGE

1. What will be the inferred members (if any) of the classes *Bicycle*, *Institution*, and *Person*? Briefly justify your answers.

*Quels seront les membres inférés des classes Bicycle, Institution, et Person (s'il y en a) ? Justifiez brièvement vos réponses.*

Bicycle: flyer01, because flyer01 is a member of ElectricBicycle  $\subseteq$  Bicycle

Institution : UNIGE, because UNIGE is a member of University  $\subseteq$  Institution

Person : UNIGE,

because flyer01 rdf:hasOwner UNIGE and flyer01 is a Bicycle and Bicycle  $\subseteq$  hasOwner **only** Person

2. If we add the following axioms to define classes X, Y, and Z, what would be the inferred

superclasses of X, Y, and Z? Briefly justify your answers.

*Si on ajoute les axiomes ci-dessous pour définir les classes X, Y et Z, quelles seront les superclasses inférées de X, Y et Z ? Justifiez vos réponses.*

$X \equiv (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 2 \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{and} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 3 \ \text{Student})$

$X \subseteq \text{University}$

because

$\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 2 \ \text{Professor} \subseteq \text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Professor}$

and

$\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 3 \ \text{Student} \subseteq \text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Student}$

and

$\text{University} \equiv (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{and} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Student})$

$Y \equiv (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ (\text{studies } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Physics}))$

$\mathbf{and} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 2 \ \text{Professor})$

$Y \subseteq \text{University}$

because

$\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ (\text{studies } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Physics}) \subseteq \text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ (\text{studies } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Discipline}) \equiv$

$\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Student}$

and

$\text{hasMember } \mathbf{min} \ 2 \ \text{Professor} \subseteq \text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Professor}$

and

$\text{University} \equiv (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{and} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Student})$

$Z \equiv (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{or} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Student}),$

$Y \subseteq \text{Thing}$

$Y \not\subseteq \text{University}$

because

$(\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{or} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Student}) \not\subseteq \text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{and}$

$(\text{hasMember } \mathbf{some} \ \text{Student})$

moreover

$(\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Professor}) \ \mathbf{or} \ (\text{hasMember } \mathbf{only} \ \text{Student}) \not\subseteq \text{Institution}$