

Selected Topics - Gaussian Process

Tientso Ning

Code Provided

Code is provided in the `gaussianProcess.r` file.

Exercises

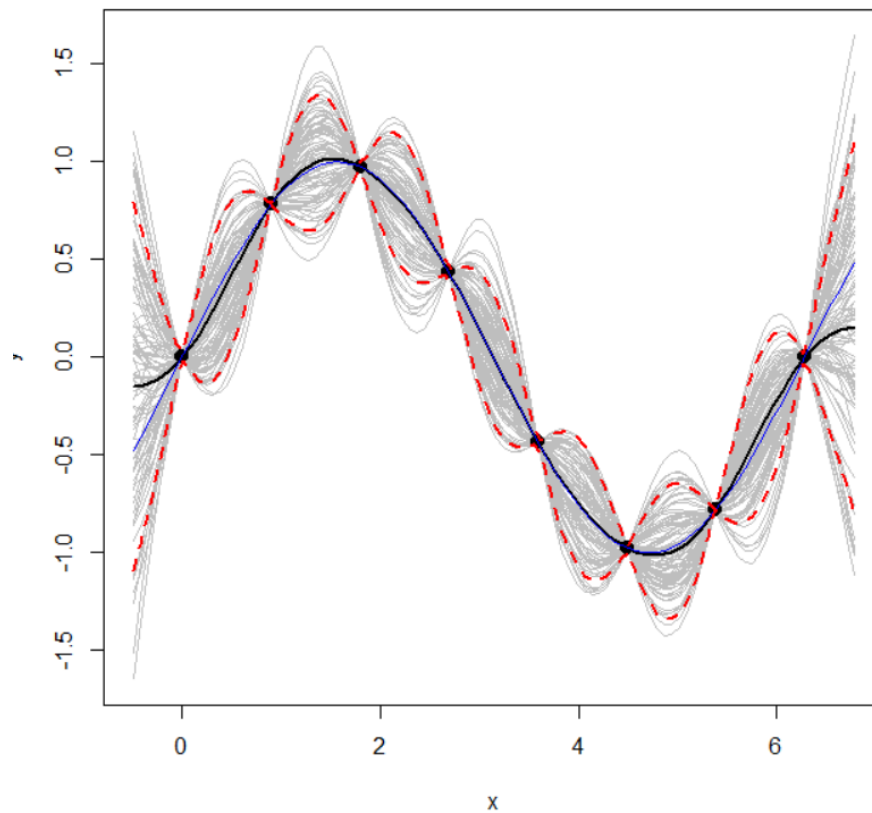


Figure 1: Image 1

- 1.
2. When n changes, the “amplitude” of the gray lines changes, getting tighter or looser based on whether you increase or decrease the value of n respec-

tively. When m is altered, the gray lines become more or less jagged depending on whether you decrease or increase the value of m respectively.

3. Please refer to the code to confirm that the values are indeed equal, as well as identical. The variance is also provided as an output.
4. The interpolation is a non-linear regression, since the GP has degrees of freedom (here represented by the gray lines falling within the red dotted lines, and the blue representing the average).
5. When \mathbf{x}^* is taken to be all the same values of \mathbf{x} , the result is that the predicted values becomes entirely just the defined \mathbf{x} , or “overfitting”.
6. When we add “uncertainty” to the code, the resulting image is as follows:

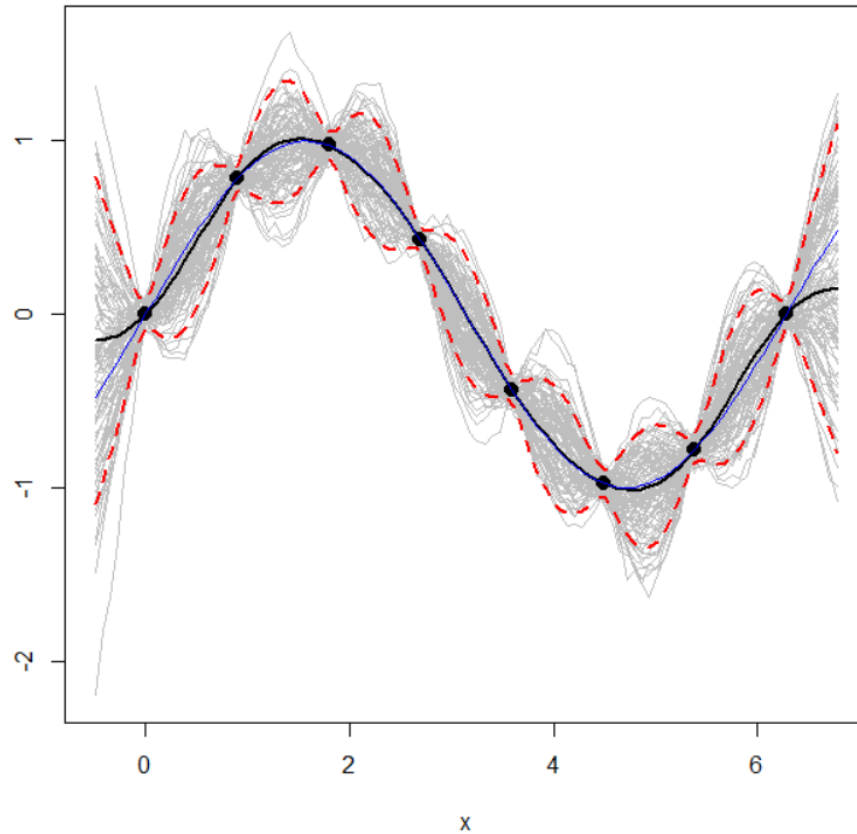


Figure 2: Image 2

We can see that the predicted values become less smooth.