

Programming Assignment 2

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Goal

- Get familiar with HTTP protocol. Understand how web API works.
- More practice on socket API.

Description

In this assignment, you will design and implement a dynamic web server that provides the following services.

/api/evalexpression

This API is to help clients evaluate arithmetic expressions and return them the results. The client is going to send an arithmetic expression in an HTTP `POST` request. See the example below where client wants to evaluate expression `7+9-11+6`.

```
POST /api/evalexpression HTTP/1.0\r\n
Content-Length: 8\r\n
\r\n
7+9-11+6
```

And your server should return the following HTTP response.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Content-Length: 2\r\n
\r\n
11
```

Note: this API is should only support simple arithmetic expressions: (a) only involve integers, (b) only support '+' and '-' operators. For all unsupported arithmetic expressions, your server should return an HTTP 400 response (bad request).

[/api/gettime](#)

This API is to help clients get the local time on the server. The client is going to send an HTTP GET request. See the example below.

```
GET /api/gettime HTTP/1.0\r\n
\r\n
```

And your server should return its local time in a human readable string format. For example, you can return a response like below.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Content-Length: 24\r\n
\r\n
Sun Sep 29 07:41:37 2019
```

You have the freedom to choose the time format you like.

[/status.html](#)

This regular HTML page, and should show the status information of your web server. It should contain

- The number of API calls for (`evalexpression` and `gettime`) during the last minute, last hour, last 24 hours, and lifetime.
- The most recent 10 expressions clients submitted to evaluate.

Your server need to return a valid HTML page that is able to render successfully inside a browser. For instance, the page you return can look like

```
.....
<h1>API count information</h1>
<h3>/api/evalexpression</h3>
<ul>
  <li>last minute: 2</li>
  <li>last hour: 10</li>
  <li>last 24 hours: 128</li>
```

```

    <li>lifetime: 314</li>
</ul>
<h3>/api/gettime</h3>
<ul>
    <li>last minute: 1</li>
    <li>last hour: 2</li>
    <li>last 24 hours: 2</li>
    <li>lifetime: 7</li>
</ul>
<h1>Last 10 expressions</h1>
<ul>
    <li>7+8-11</li>
    <li>1+1+1+1+1+1+1</li>
    .....
</ul>
.....

```

You don't need to worry about persisting historical count, just need to collect this stats since the start of the server is sufficient.

Others

For all other URLs, your server need to return HTTP 404 response. (e.g. /api/whatisthis, /index.html, etc.)

Requirements

- You can only use the socket API (in module `socket`). You are not allowed to use any other higher level modules like `requests`, `urllib`, etc.
- Your server should be able to handle both HTTP/1.0 and HTTP/1.1 requests.
 - Don't need to handle multiple HTTP request if client is using version 1.1. Just close the TCP connection on server side once the first request is handled.
- When calling `recv(BUFSIZE)`, the maximum BUFSIZE allowed is 16.

Grading policy

100 points in total.

- [20 pts] Correctly parsing HTTP request and sending HTTP response
 - E.g. read/write socket according to the HTTP protocol, extract Content-Length, etc.
 - Limit max buffer size to 16.
- [30 pts] Implement /api/evalexpression
 - Correctly parse the expression from HTTP POST request.
 - Able to evaluate expressions only involving integers, '+', and '-' correctly.
 - Correctly send HTTP response.
 - For unsupported expression, correctly send HTTP 400 response.
- [10 pts] Implement /api/gettime
- [30 pts] Implement /status

- Can correctly show accumulated stats for `/api/evalexpression` and `/api/gettime`
- Can correctly show the latest 10 expressions clients sent.
- [10 pts] For other URLs, return HTTP 404 response

How to test your server

There are a few different ways to test your server implementation.

Online tools

You can use <https://reqbin.com/> (or similar online tools) to send HTTP requests to different endpoints. To test your code using this method, you need to firstly run your code on a server with public IP address.

For example, you can use it to send POST request, and test `/api/evalexpression` API.

Post HTTP Requests Online

Send HTTP requests to the server and check server responses

The screenshot shows the 'Post HTTP Requests Online' interface. The 'Method' is set to 'POST' and the 'URL' is 'http://35.247.15.206:8181/api/evalexpression'. The 'Status' is '200 (OK)', 'Time' is '201 ms', and 'Size' is '0.0 kb'. The 'Content' tab is selected, showing a text input field with 'TEXT (text/plain)' and a text area containing '1 1+7-3+1111-4'. The response area shows '1 1112'.

Similarly, you can use it to send GET request, and test `/api/gettime` API.

Post HTTP Requests Online

Send HTTP requests to the server and check server responses

The screenshot shows the 'Post HTTP Requests Online' interface for a GET request. The 'Method' is set to 'GET' and the 'URL' is 'http://35.247.15.206:8181/api/gettime'. The 'Status' is '200 (OK)', 'Time' is '141 ms', and 'Size' is '0.0 kb'. The 'Content' tab is selected, showing a text input field with 'No Auth' selected under 'Authorization'. The response area shows '1 Thu Oct 3 20:35:50 2019'.

Postman

You can download [Postman](#) to get your implementations locally, without running time on a server with public IP address. In this case, use loopback IP address ('127.0.0.1') and run your server on your laptop. Then you can use Postman to set HTTP requests.

For example, you can use it to send POST request, and test `/api/evalexpression` API.

POST 127.0.0.1:8181/api/evalexpression

Send Save

Params Authorization Headers (9) Body Pre-request Script Tests Cookies Code Comments (0)

none form-data x-www-form-urlencoded raw binary GraphQL BETA Text

1 1+7-3+1111-4

Body Cookies Headers (1) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 8ms Size: 42 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Text

1 1112

Similarly, you can use it to send GET request, and test /api/gettime API.

GET 127.0.0.1:8181/api/gettime

Send Save

Params Authorization Headers (7) Body Pre-request Script Tests Cookies Code Comments (0)

Query Params

KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	...	Bulk Edit
Key	Value	Description		

Body Cookies Headers (1) Test Results Status: 200 OK Time: 20ms Size: 63 B Save Response

Pretty Raw Preview Text

1 Thu Oct 3 13:50:15 2019

Telnet

Alternatively, you can simply use telnet and test your code. See examples below.

```
[01:55:18] ~ $ telnet localhost 8181
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
GET /api/gettime HTTP/1.0

HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Length: 24

Thu Oct 3 13:55:42 2019
```

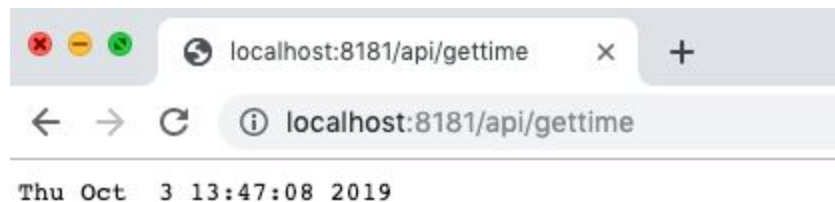
```
[01:58:34] ~ $ telnet 127.0.0.1 8181
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
POST /api/evalexpression HTTP/1.0
Content-Length: 12

1+7-3+1111-4
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Length: 4

1112
```

Browser

You can also do some testing using just browser. It is very easy to test GET request in this way. For example, use browser to test `/api/gettime` as below.



Submission instruction

Please your code and report to all TAs and cc z.sun@northeastern.edu by the deadline.