

# $d(K^-, nK^0)'' n$ Analysis

## Background estimation

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# Contents

## $d(K^-, nK^0)^n$ analysis — Background Subtraction

- Signal

$$K^- d \rightarrow K^0^n n_{\text{detected}}$$

- Background process.

- $K^- d \rightarrow \pi \Sigma_{\text{forward}}^n n : \Sigma_{\text{forward}} \rightarrow \pi n_{\text{detected}}$
  - $K^- d \rightarrow \pi^n \Sigma^d n_{\text{detected}}$

- These strength was estimated by template fitting.

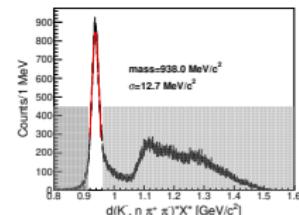
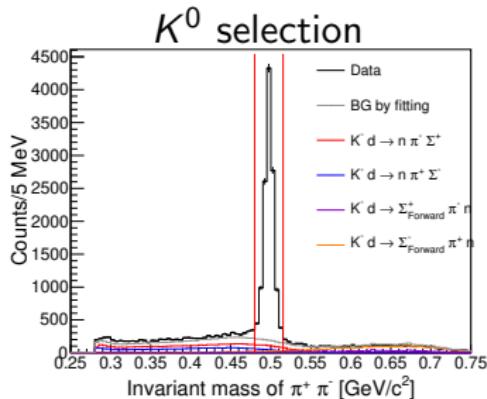
- Acceptance correction was performed event-by-event using 2D histogram of  $K^0 \cos\theta$  and mom.

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{d\Omega dm_{d(K^-, n)X^n}} = N(m_{d(K^-, n)X^n}) / A(\cos\theta_{K^0}, p_{K^0})$$

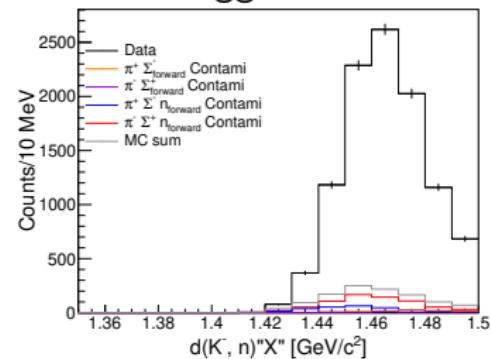
- Updated  $\frac{d^2\sigma}{d\Omega dm_{d(K^-, n)X^n}}$

# $K^0$ tagged events

- Event sample  
 $d(K^-, n\pi^+\pi^-)''n''$  was selected.



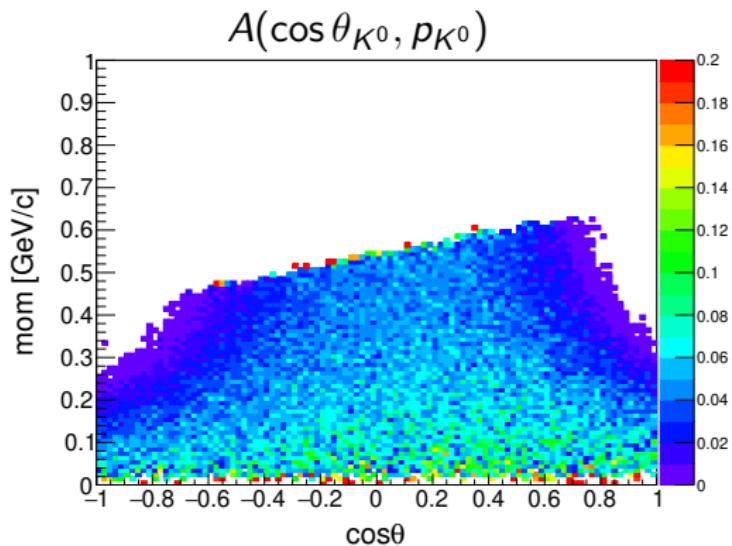
$K^0$  tagged events



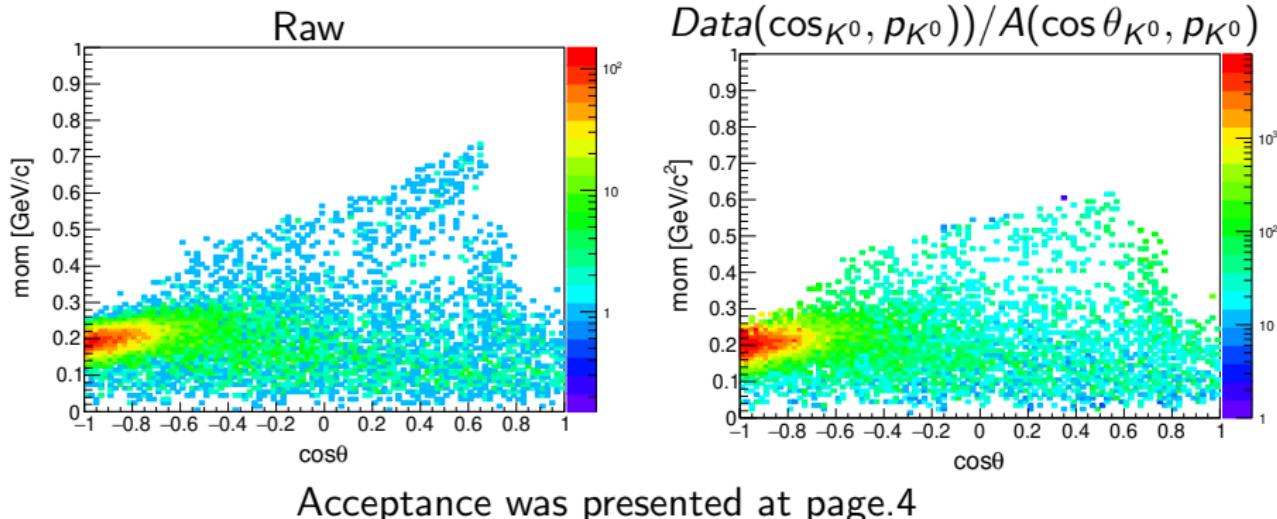
# Acceptance distribution

$K^- d \rightarrow K^0 n n_{detected} | m_{n K^0} : \text{from threshold} \sim 1.8 GeV/c^2$

(Analyzed event)/(Generated event)

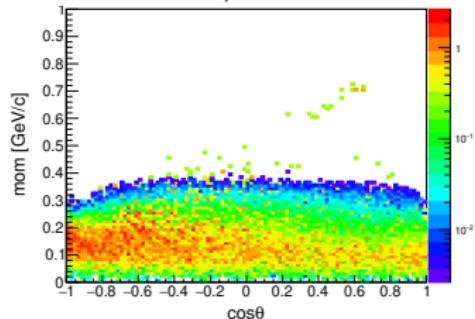


# $K^0 \cos\theta$ vs mom Data

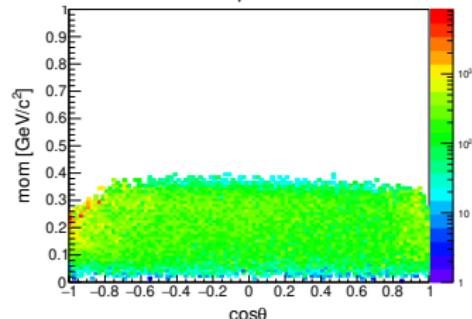


# $K^0 \cos\theta$ vs mom Background

BG sum w/o acc corr.

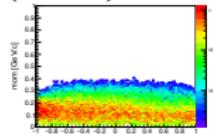


BG sum w/ acc corr.

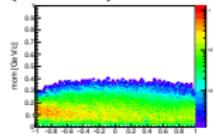


These figures indicate each processes.

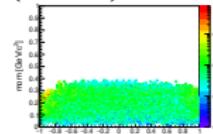
$(\pi^+ \Sigma^-)_{backward}$



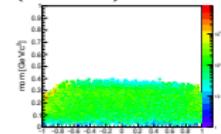
$(\pi^+ \Sigma^-)_{backward}$



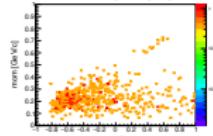
$(\pi^+ \Sigma^-)_{backward}$



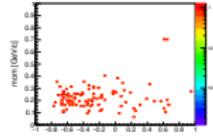
$(\pi^+ \Sigma^-)_{backward}$



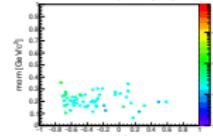
$\pi^+ \Sigma^-$  forward



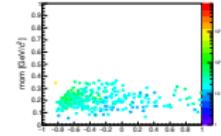
$\pi^- \Sigma^+$  forward



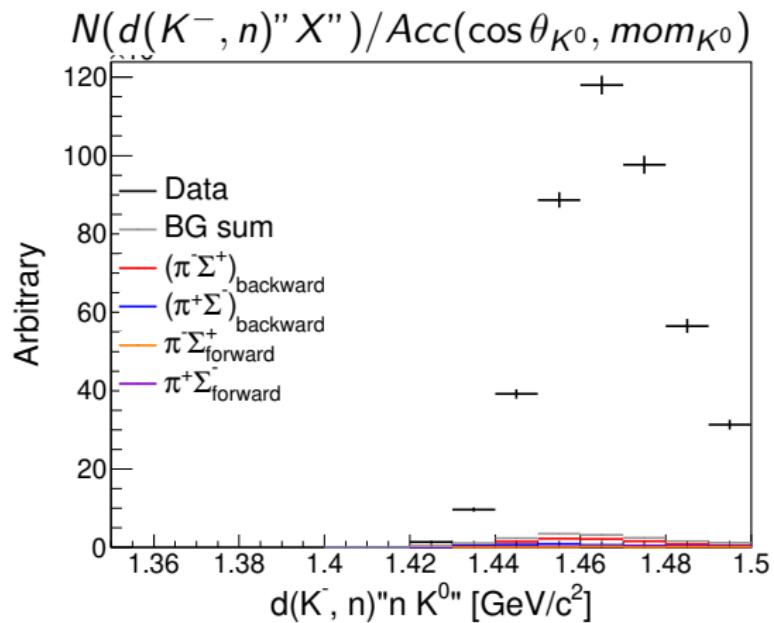
$\pi^+ \Sigma^-$  forward



$\pi^- \Sigma^+$  forward

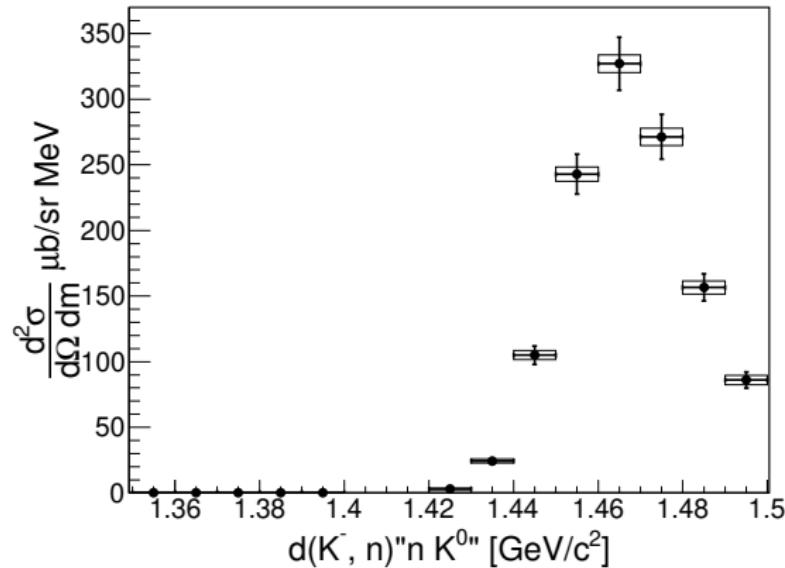


# $d(K^-, n)'' n K^0''$ (Acc corrected)



Background processes were adopted same analysis.

# Cross Section of $d(K^-, n)'' n K^0''$



Box indicates statocial errors.

# Summary

I have taken BG in  $d(K^-, n)" nK^0"$  cross section.

→ These effect was very small.

I uploaded Cross section value at ag

# Back Up

# Scaling Factor

- Luminosity

$$L = N_{beam} N_{target} Eff_{DAQ} Eff_{Trigger} = 5870 \pm 150$$

$$N_{target} = I(10\text{cm}) \times \rho(0.169\text{g/cm}^3) \times N_A/N_d$$

$N_{beam}$ ,  $N_{DAQ}$ ,  $N_{trigger}$  were estimated run-by-run.

- Neutron Efficiency

$$Eff_{NC} = 0.317 \pm 0.016 \text{ by } K^- d \rightarrow K^0 n \text{ reaction (RUN62)}$$

$$Overkill_{CVC \cup PC} = 0.081 \pm 0.007 \text{ (RUN78)}$$

- CDC efficiency

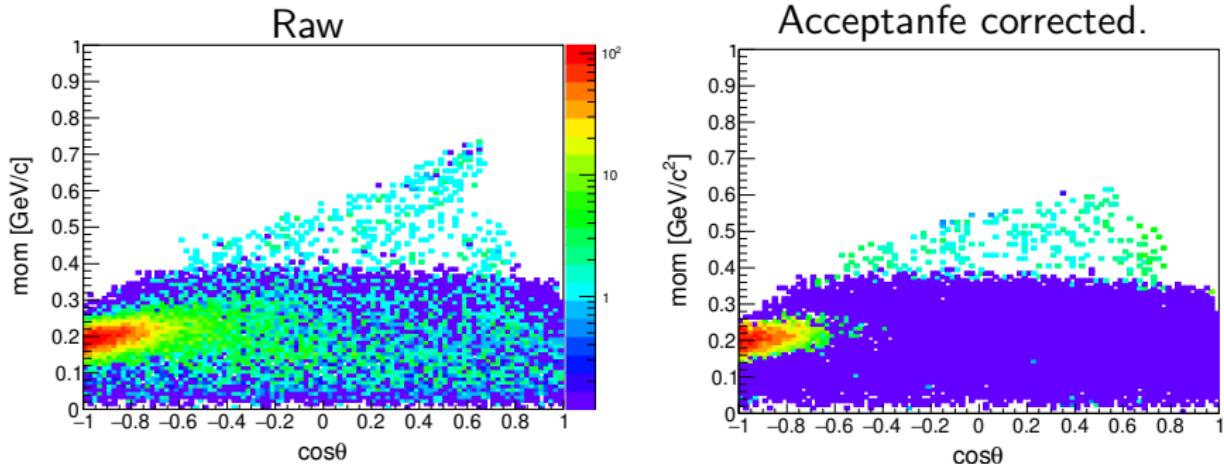
RUN68 IH and CDH was used as trigger counters  $\sim 0.977 \pm 0.004$

RUN78 was estimated from the value that CDC layer1 was used instead of IH.

# Scaling Factor Table

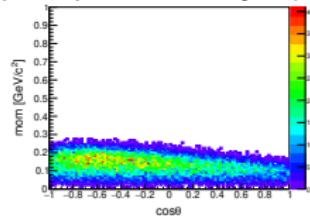
name	value	error	error ratio
Luminosity	5870	150	2.55%
$Eff_{NC}$	0.291	0.16	5.04%
$Eff_{CDC}$	0.977	0.004	0.41%
Sum			5.65%

# $K^0 \cos\theta$ vs mom **BG subtracted**

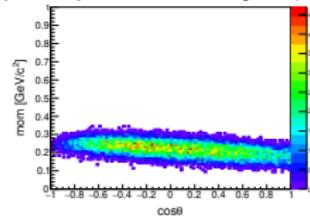


# $K^0 \cos\theta$ vs mom ( $d(K^-, n)'' X''$ dependence)

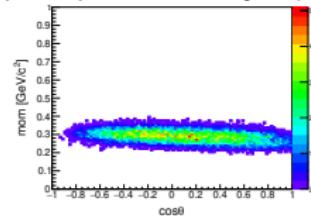
$d(K^-, n) : 1.45 \sim 1.50 [GeV/c^2]$



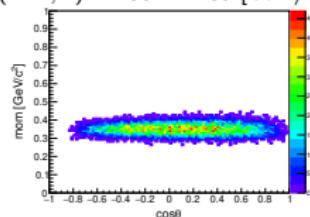
$d(K^-, n) : 1.50 \sim 1.55 [GeV/c^2]$



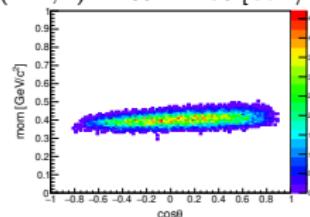
$d(K^-, n) : 1.55 \sim 1.60 [GeV/c^2]$



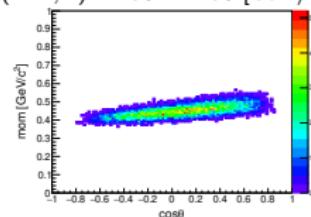
$d(K^-, n) : 1.60 \sim 1.65 [GeV/c^2]$



$d(K^-, n) : 1.65 \sim 1.70 [GeV/c^2]$



$d(K^-, n) : 1.70 \sim 1.75 [GeV/c^2]$



$d(K^-, n) : 175 \sim 1.80 [GeV/c^2]$

