

## OUTLINE

- Overview
  - Problem Statement
  - Existing Solutions
  - Targeted Solution for Exploration
  - Fine-Tuning Process
  - Deployment Steps
- Description & Link to Application Frontend
- Description & Links to GitHub Repositories: scripts, data, checkpoints

## OVERVIEW — PROBLEM STATEMENT, EXISTING SOLUTIONS, TARGETED SOLUTION FOR EXPLORATION

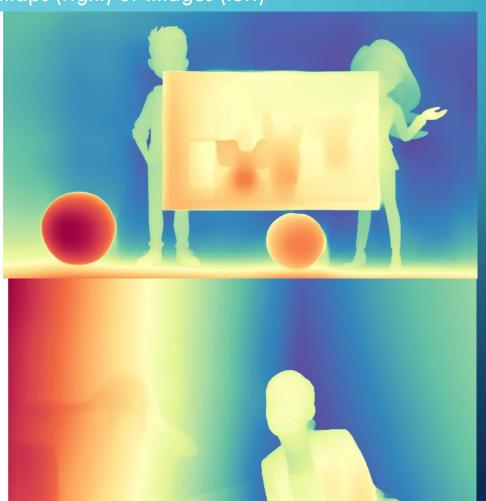
- Problem Statement: Machine learning solutions for estimating depth in scenes are fooled by mirror surfaces and art on flat surfaces in indoor and outdoor environments.
- Existing Solutions:
  - Purely Monocular, Monocular Depth Estimation (MDE) models
    - Single RGB image input
    - Deep-learning based models include Depth Anything, MiDaS, Marigold
  - Monocular + Multi-Sensor Fusion
    - LiDAR, ToF, Radar, Ultrasonic
- Targeted Solution for Exploration:
  - Deep-learning based MDE model
  - Fine-tune Depth Anything v2

## OVERVIEW - FIGURES ILLUSTRATING MDE DEFICIENCIES

Depth Anything v2 colormap depth maps (right) of images (left)







### OVERVIEW — FINE-TUNING PROCESS

- 1. Explore what patterns to fine-tune an MDE model to learn
  - If a scene has a mixture of textures (e.g. photo-realistic and cartoonish), then only the surrounding texture should have depth and the inner embedded image should be flat
  - If an embedded image overlaps a background image such that the overlapped image does not appear in the embedded image, then the embedded image must be flat (e.g. mirror or 1-D art)
- 2. Augment datasets to fine-tune Depth Anything v2
  - Hypersim (indoor scenes) augmented with mirror images and 1-D art
  - vKITTI (outdoor scenes) augmented with 1-D art
- 3. Split datasets 80-20 for training and validation subsets
- 4. Fine-tune Depth Anything v2 using pre-trained "large" Hypersim and vKITTI models
  - Checkpoints are .pth files integrate new weights into structure of pre-trained model dictionaries
- 5. Test data validation subsets with fine-tuned checkpoints and assess good and bad patterns
- 6. Iterate
  - 1. Refine fine-tuning parameters epochs, batch-size, image size, learning rate, GPUs
  - 2. Pick layers to freeze encoder and decoder
  - 3. Improve augmentation to achieve the desired patterns while not "unlearning" good patterns

## OVERVIEW - SAMPLE AUGMENTED IMAGE

Depth Anything v2



augmented image

colormap depth map

grayscale depth map

augmented grayscale

## **OVERVIEW** - FINE-TUNING PARAMETERS

- Common to Mirror and Art:
  - Image size: (518x518) pixels
  - Batch Size: 1
  - Epochs: 48
  - Initial learning rate: 5x10<sup>-5</sup>
  - GPU: 1
  - Maximum depth: indoor is 20m, outdoor is 80m
- Mirror images (indoor environments)
  - nnn total images: nnn training images, nnn validation images
- Indoor art (indoor environments)
  - nnn total images: nnn training images, nnn validation images
- Outdoor art (outdoor environments)
  - nnn total images: nnn training images, nnn validation images

## OVERVIEW — DEPLOYMENT STEPS

- 1. Created a backend application as a Flask application
  - Backend would load MDE model, and process an image to produce a grayscale or colormap depth map
- 2. Created a frontend user-interface with Javascript
- 3. Gathered components scripts, pre-trained and fine-tuned MDE models
- 4. Assembled deployment package with all components (project structure)
- 5. Used Docker to build a container for deployment package
- 6. Deployed through Google Cloud Run
  - 4 CPUs, 16 GB RAM
  - tagged Docker container, pushed container, run container

## **OVERVIEW - PROJECT STRUCTURE**

HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/KENTHEMAN4AI/SB-CAPSTONE-PROJECT-MONOCULAR-DEPTH-ESTIMATION/TREE/88DEE7900D692456579EC9E49B5C8FC50DC92B3F/DEPLOYMENT

web\_app/ — Dockerfile — requirements.txt — DepthAnything\_API.py <-- Flask backend script

 $\vdash$  depth\_anything\_v2/ <-- model class definitions – python scripts

dash—— templates/

DepthAnything\_FT\_GUI.html <-- HTML GUI

 $\vdash$  — checkpoints/

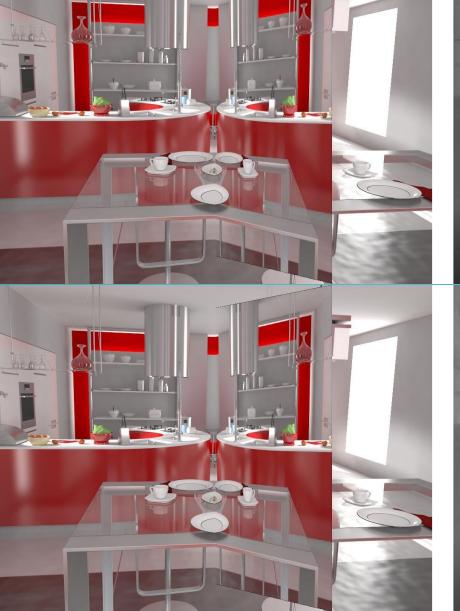
—— depth\_anything\_v2<\*\*\*>.pth <-- pre-trained and fine-tuned models

ldot util/

<-- utility scripts

## SAMPLE RESULT OF FINE-TUNING (MIRROR)

**Pre-Trained** 





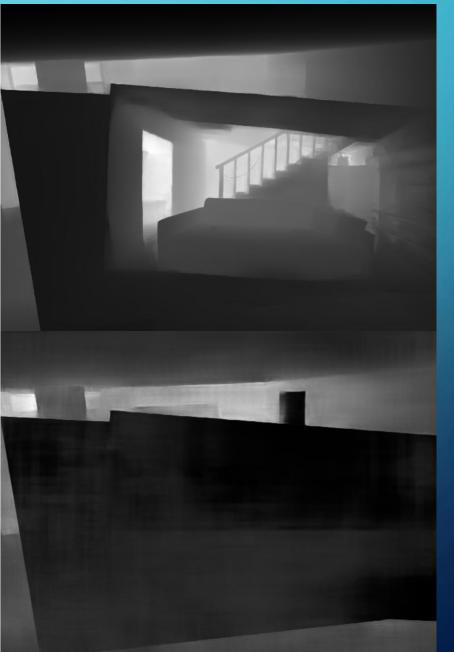


Fine-Tuned

## SAMPLE RESULT OF FINE-TUNING (INDOOR 1-D ART)

**Pre-Trained** 





Fine-Tuned

## SAMPLE RESULT OF FINE-TUNING (OUTDOOR 1-D ART)

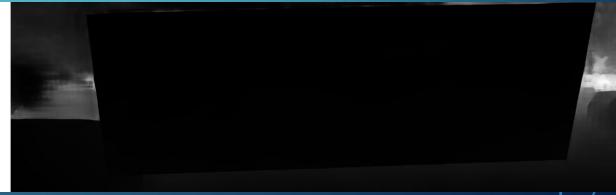






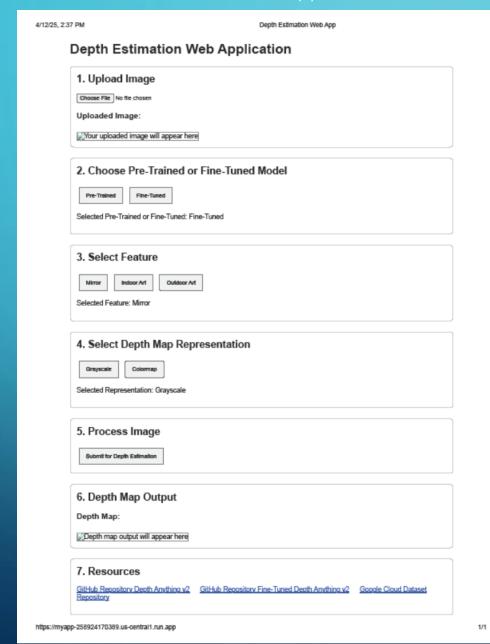
#### Fine-Tuned





#### DESCRIPTION & LINK TO APPLICATION FRONTEND

GOOGLE CLOUD RUN LINK: HTTPS://MYAPP-258924170389.US-CENTRAL1.RUN.APP/



- 1. Choose image to process
- 2. Select pre-trained or fine-tuned model
- 3. Select Mirror, Indoor Art, or Outdoor Art
- 4. Select grayscale or colormap for output
- 5. Click to process depth map
- 6. Image of depth map
- 7. Links to resources

# DESCRIPTION & LINKS TO GITHUB REPOSITORIES: SCRIPTS, DATA, CHECKPOINTS

- Depth Anything v2 <a href="https://depth-anything-v2.github.io/">https://depth-anything-v2.github.io/</a>
  - Summary
  - Link to paper, GitHub repository with scripts, demo
- Fine-Tuning scripts <a href="https://github.com/kentheman4AI/SB-Capstone-Project-Monocular-Depth-Estimation">https://github.com/kentheman4AI/SB-Capstone-Project-Monocular-Depth-Estimation</a>
  - Scripts used for augmenting images in dataset and for fine-tuning, deployment package
- Datasets with augmented images and ground truth depth maps https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/13CHoZTuzNndxE6lebUojrV4QNfY8RgOE
  - Hypersim augmented with mirror reflections and 1-D random images as "art"
  - vKITTI augmented with 1-D random images as "art"

## **CITATIONS**

```
@article{depth_anything_v2,
    title={Depth Anything V2},
    author={Yang, Lihe and Kang, Bingyi and Huang, Zilong and Zhao, Zhen and
Xu, Xiaogang and Feng, Jiashi and Zhao, Hengshuang},
    journal={arXiv:2406.09414},
    year={2024}
```