Different commands

- **pwd (print working directory) -** what directory you are currently in / where you are in the terminal
- open (/Users/keoghjokhan) this opens the finder (helps visually)
- Is (list) prints all the directories in the current directory
- cd (change directory) Movies moves to the movie directory
- **cd** .. goes back to the previous directory. Make sure their is a space between cd and ..
- **cd**. told the terminal to change to the current directory (will have no affect)
- **clear** just moves everything up. Makes some space. Can just type (command k) for the same effect.
- cd ~ goes back to the home directory of the user that is logged in.
- touch test_file.txt creates a new file called test_file.txt
- open test_file.txt opens the file test_file.txt

Can use 'tab' when writing a name to autocomplete. If multiply/directories have the same first letters, you need to specify until you reach a different letter before you press tab.

nano test_file.txt - allows you to edit the text_file.txt

Use arrow keys to navigate to previous commands (up and down)

- rm test file.txt deletes test file.txt
- **mkdir test_directory -** creates the directory test_directory
- touch test_directory/test_file.txt creates test_file in test_directory
- **Is test_directory/ -** etc.
- mkdir test directory/test directory2 etc.
- rm -r test directory this deletes a directory