

DEFInit: An Analysis of Exposed Android Init Routines

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**This work was done while interning at Kryptowire.*



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Kryptowire



Background:

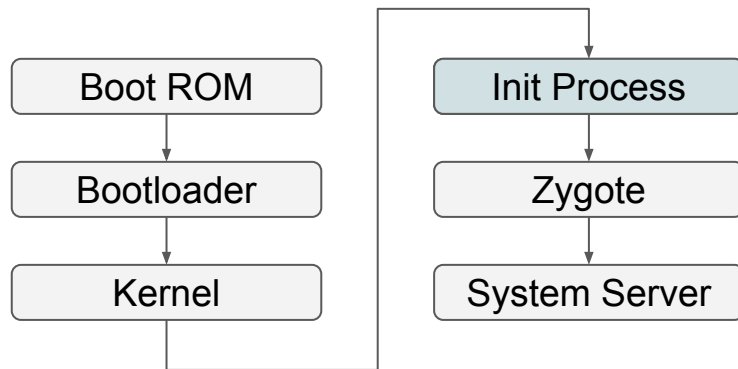
Android Init

Init Process

- Common *NIX process
- First process in user-space
- Highly-privileged process

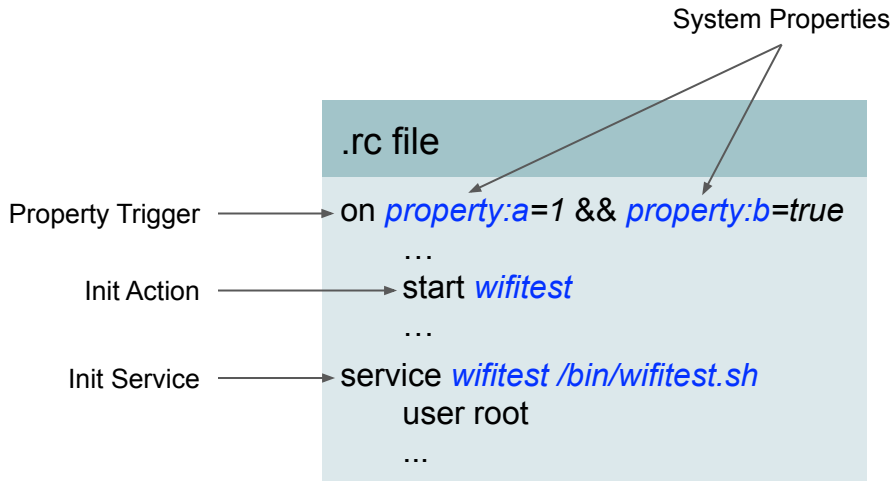
Unique in Android

- Acts as the system property store
- Supports Init Routines



Background:

Android Init Routines

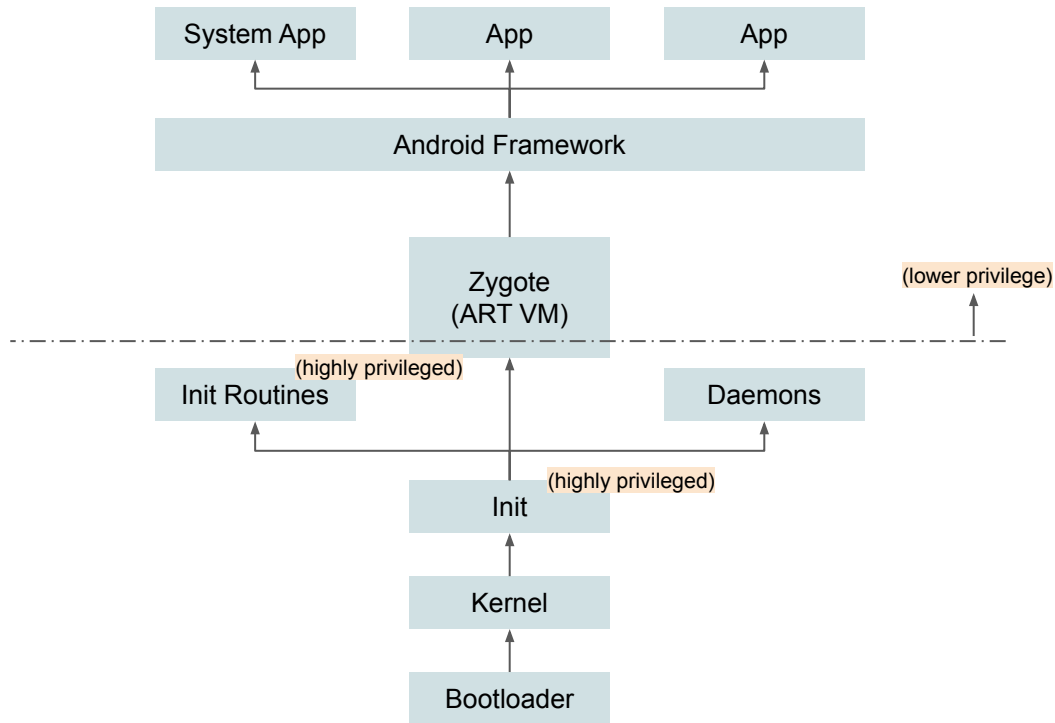


Programs executed by Android Init in response to changes to system properties

- Customizable by vendors
- Only system (privileged; pre-installed) apps/processes can set system properties

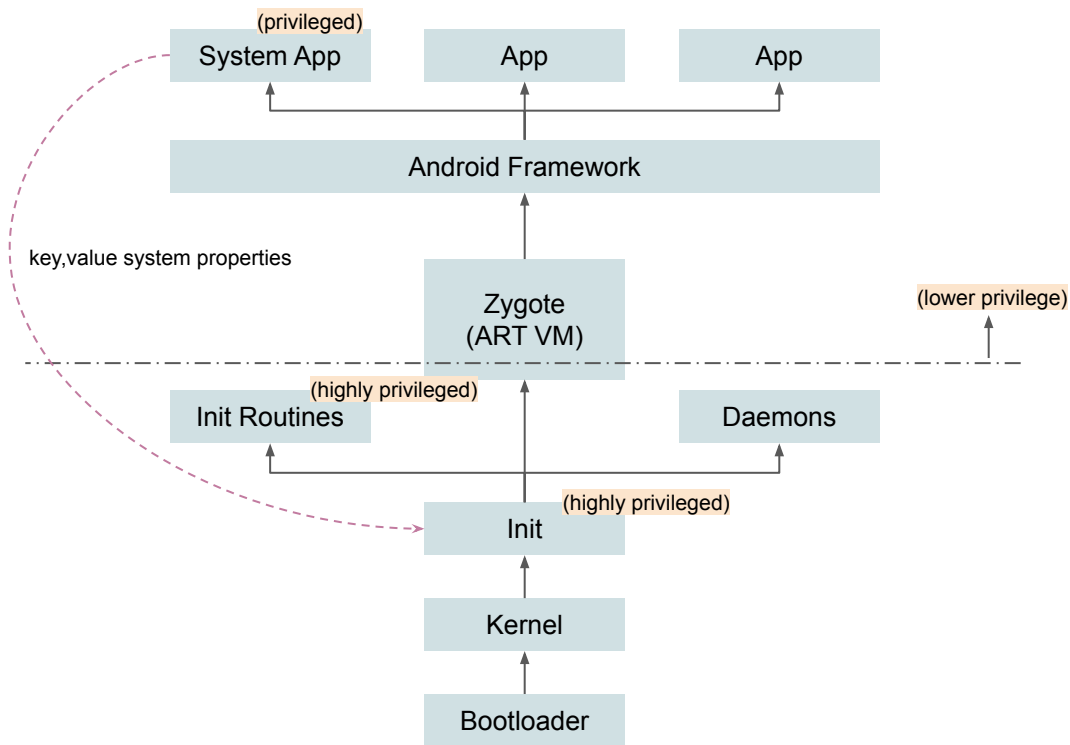
Background:

Android Init Routines



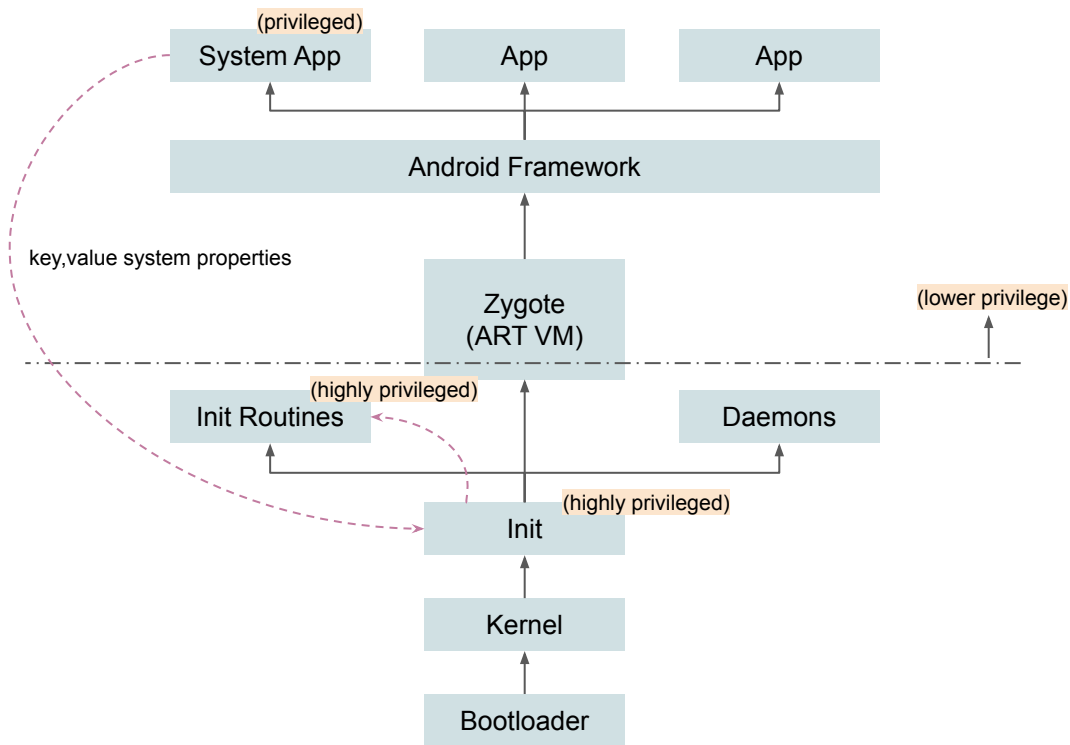
Background:

Android Init Routines



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Android Init Routines

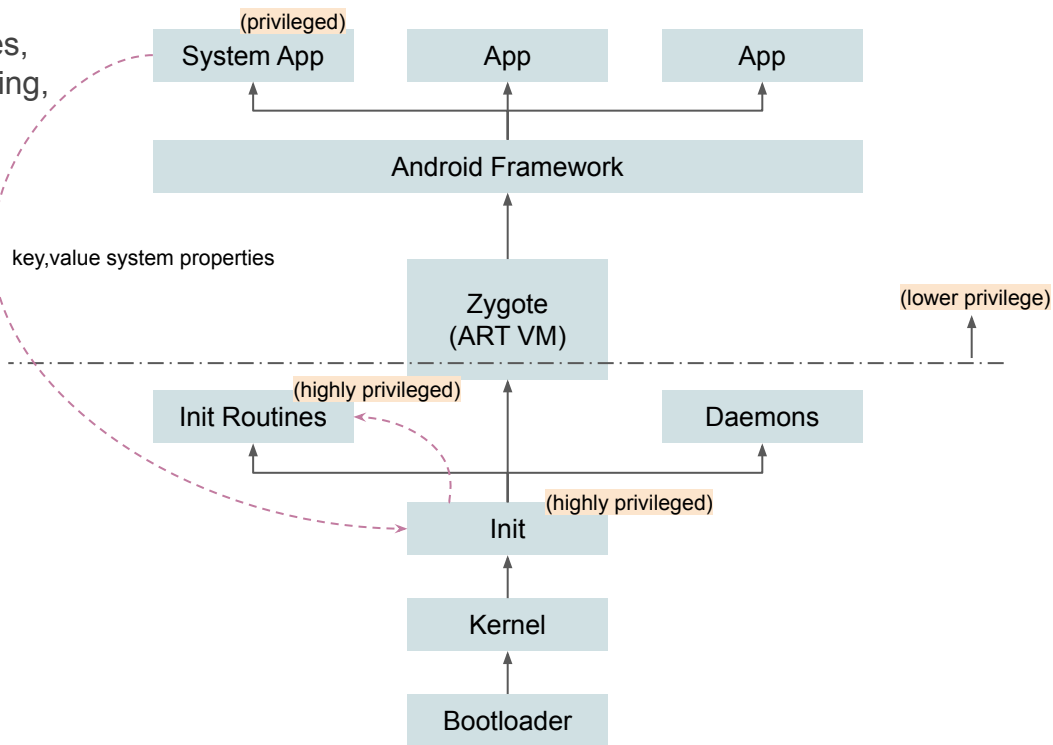


Background:

Android Init Routines



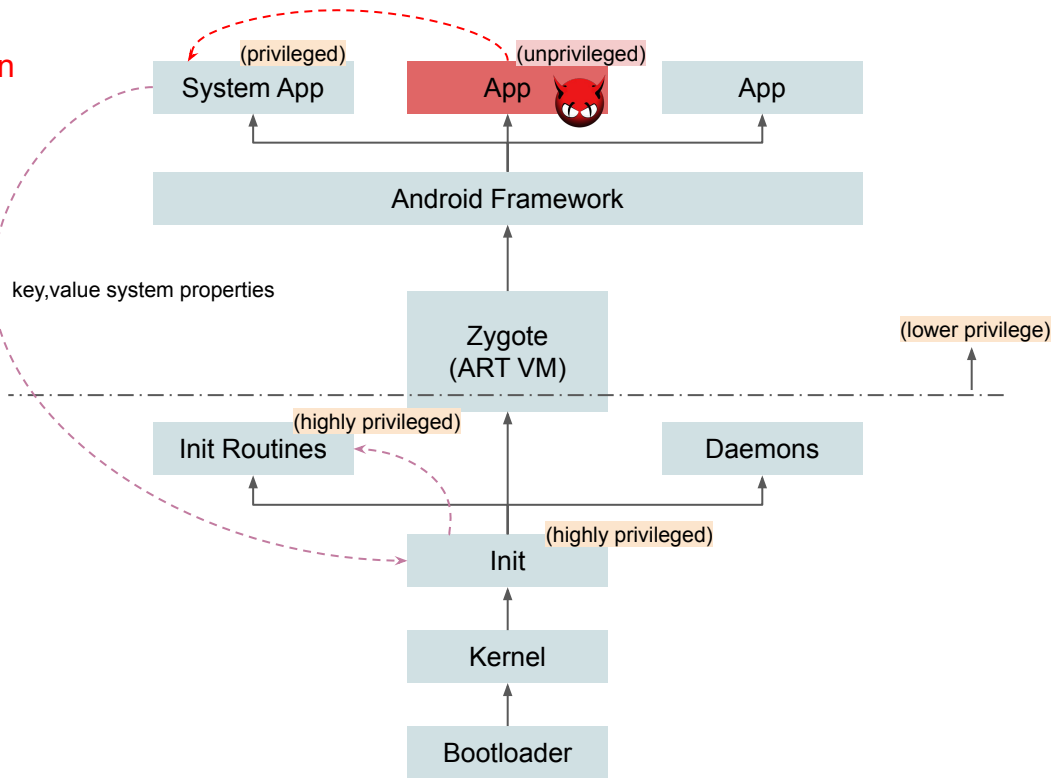
Unique hardware features, diagnostics, docking, mounting, etc., that cannot be done directly in a privileged app



Background:

Android Init Routines

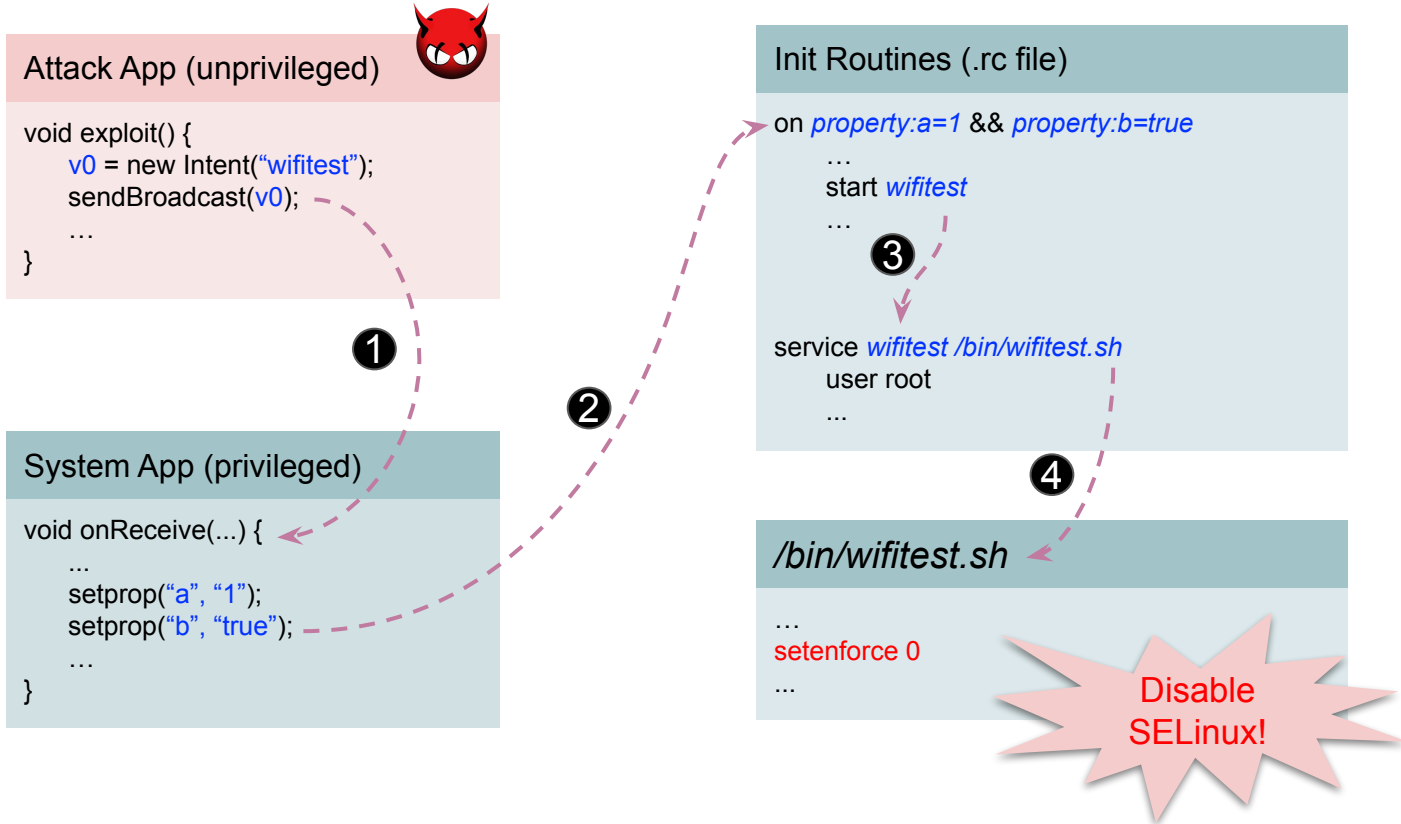
💡 Improper access control in privileged apps can expose Init Routines to unprivileged apps, resulting in crossing security boundaries!



What We Found

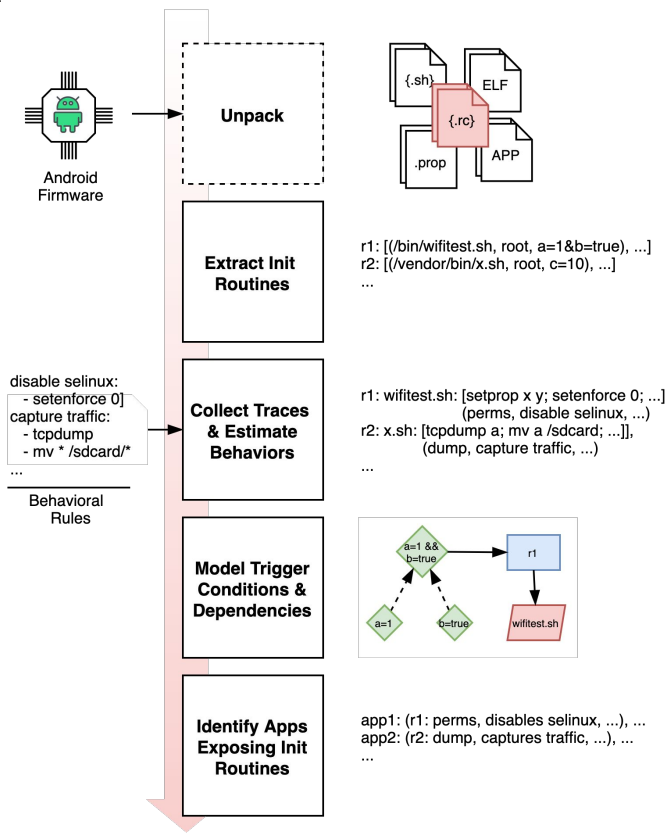
Numerous zero-day privilege-escalation vulnerabilities due to custom (added by vendors) Init routines that are exposed to unprivileged apps!

Real-World Example



Automated Discovery with DEFInit

- **Automated system** to identify exposed security-sensitive Init routines, their behaviors, and the apps exposing them
- **First study** on the security impact of customized Android Init routines
- **89 High-Impact Zero-Days**
 - Disabling SELinux, sniffing network traffic, reading system logs, recording screen, etc.



DEFInit:

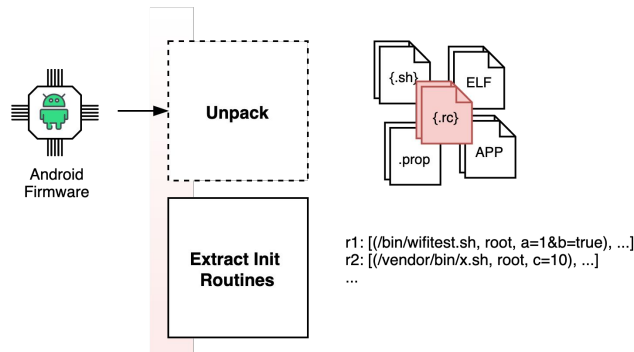
Unpack and Extract Init Routine Definitions

Challenges:

- Multiple firmware file formats
- Dynamically load and process .rc files
- Import Init sections defined in other files
- Service and action definitions are polymorphic

Solutions:

- Integrate multiple firmware file format unpackers
- Start parsing at the root /init.rc file
- Nest into imported files in depth-first order
- Keep track of merge or override options

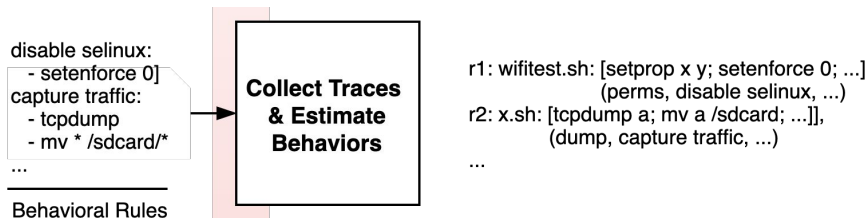


DEFInit:

Estimate Behaviors of Init Routines

Challenges:

- Estimating security-relevant behavior of arbitrary programs
- Multiple formats: Init commands, ELF binaries, Shell Scripts

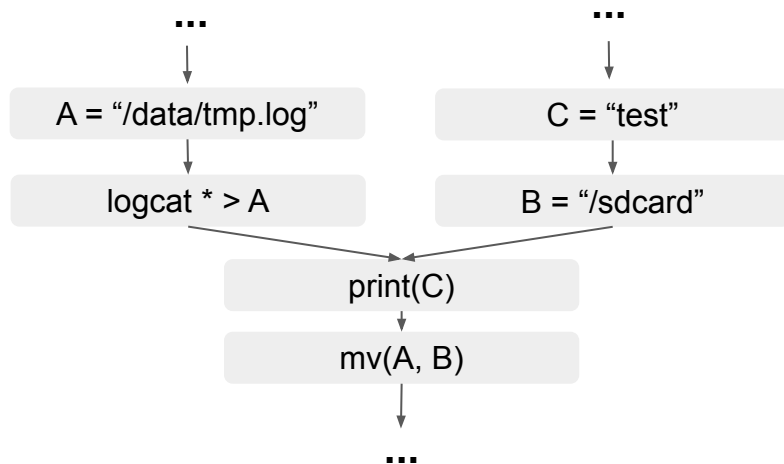


DEFInit:

Estimate Behaviors of Init Routines

Solutions:

- Extract code traces
 - ELF binaries → collect static traces of called APIs along CFG paths in DFS order
 - Shell scripts → collect code traces by dry-running them in a custom shell tracer

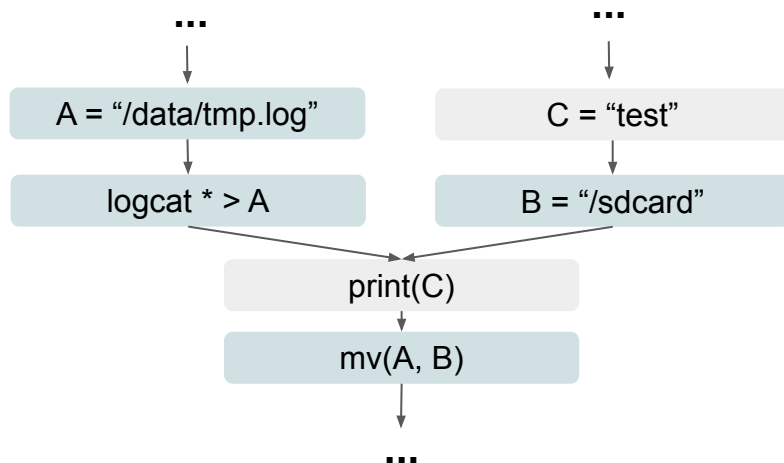


DEFInit:

Estimate Behaviors of Init Routines

Solutions:

- Extract code traces
 - ELF binaries → collect static traces of called APIs along CFG paths in DFS order
 - Shell scripts → collect code traces by dry-running them in a custom shell tracer
- Match interesting trace sequences using static rules



Read Logcat Logs:

```
logcat * (-f|>) $sdcard/*  
| logcat * (-f|>) *  
(mv|cp) * $sdcard/*
```

Model Trigger Conditions

Challenges

- Multiple interdependencies between Init actions, services, Android commands, and APIs

Init Routines (.rc file)

on *property:a=1* && *property:b=true*

...
start *wifitest*
...

③

service *wifitest* */bin/wifitest.sh*
user root
...

④

/bin/wifitest.sh

...
setenforce 0
...

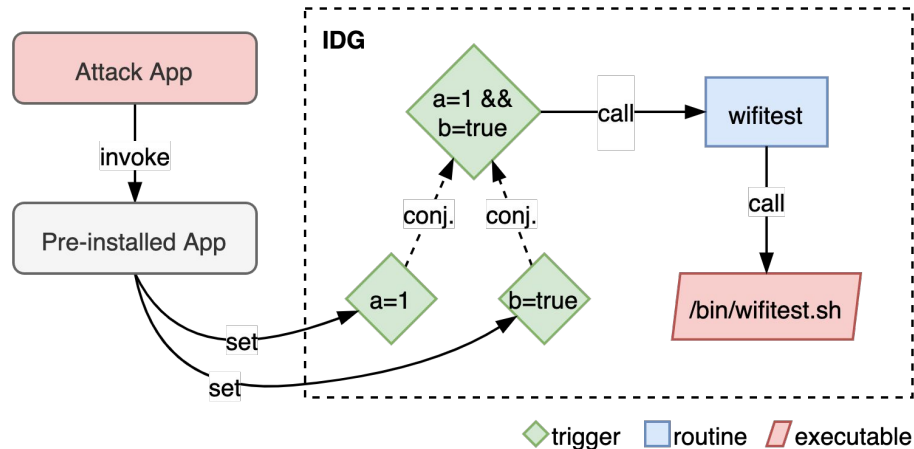
Model Trigger Conditions

Challenges

- Multiple interdependencies between Init actions, services, Android commands, and APIs

Solutions

- A novel graph structure called an Init Dependency Graph (IDG)



Identify Exposed Routines and Behaviors

Challenges

- Identifying system property call sites
- Resolving argument values
- Detecting if a call site is exposed to unprivileged apps



**Identify Apps
Exposing Init
Routines**

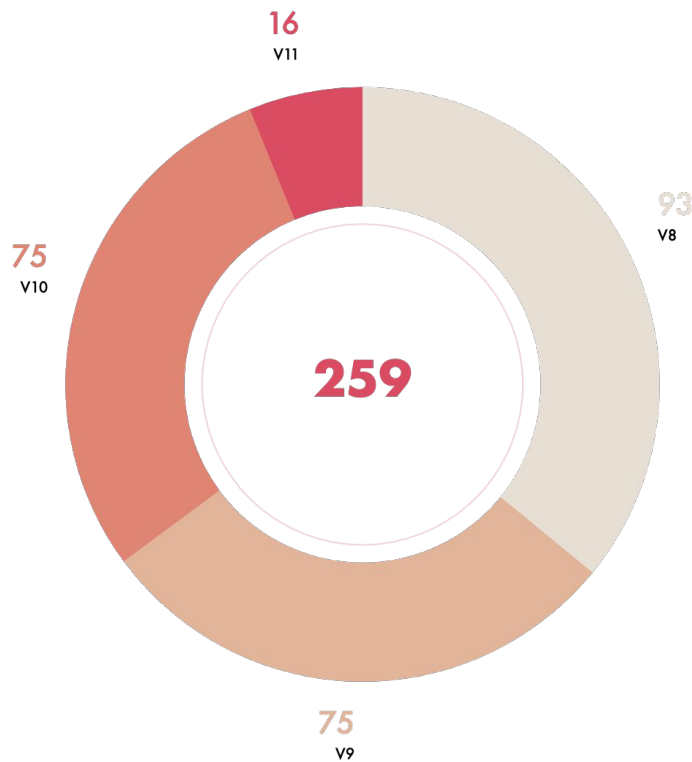
app1: (r1: perms, disables selinux, ...), ...
app2: (r2: dump, captures traffic, ...), ...
...

Solutions

- Context- and flow-sensitive property key and value extraction
- Reachability query from IPC entry points to call sites on control-flow graphs

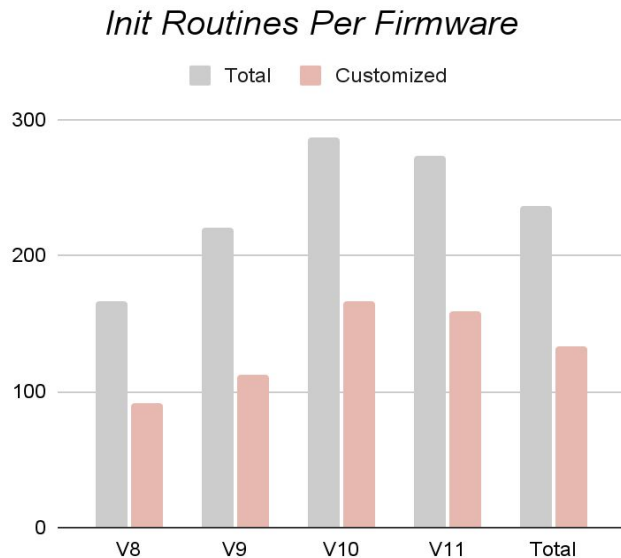
Evaluation:

Analyzed Firmware Dataset



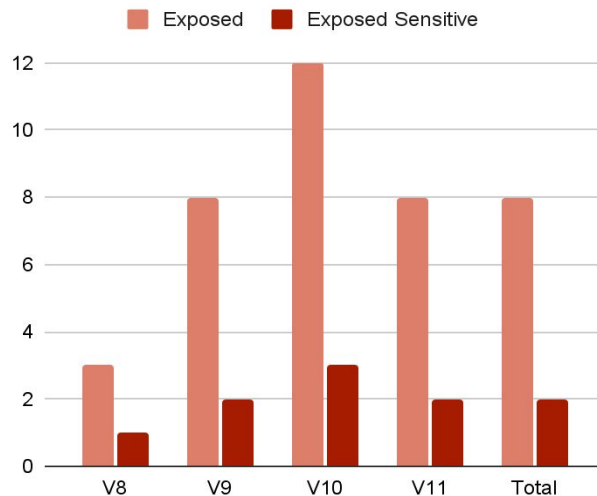
- 259 Android 8 -- 11 firmware
- 21 top vendors worldwide
- 65k system apps
 - 262 per firmware (average)

Identified Init Routines



- 223 routines per firmware
- **66%** custom (added by vendors)

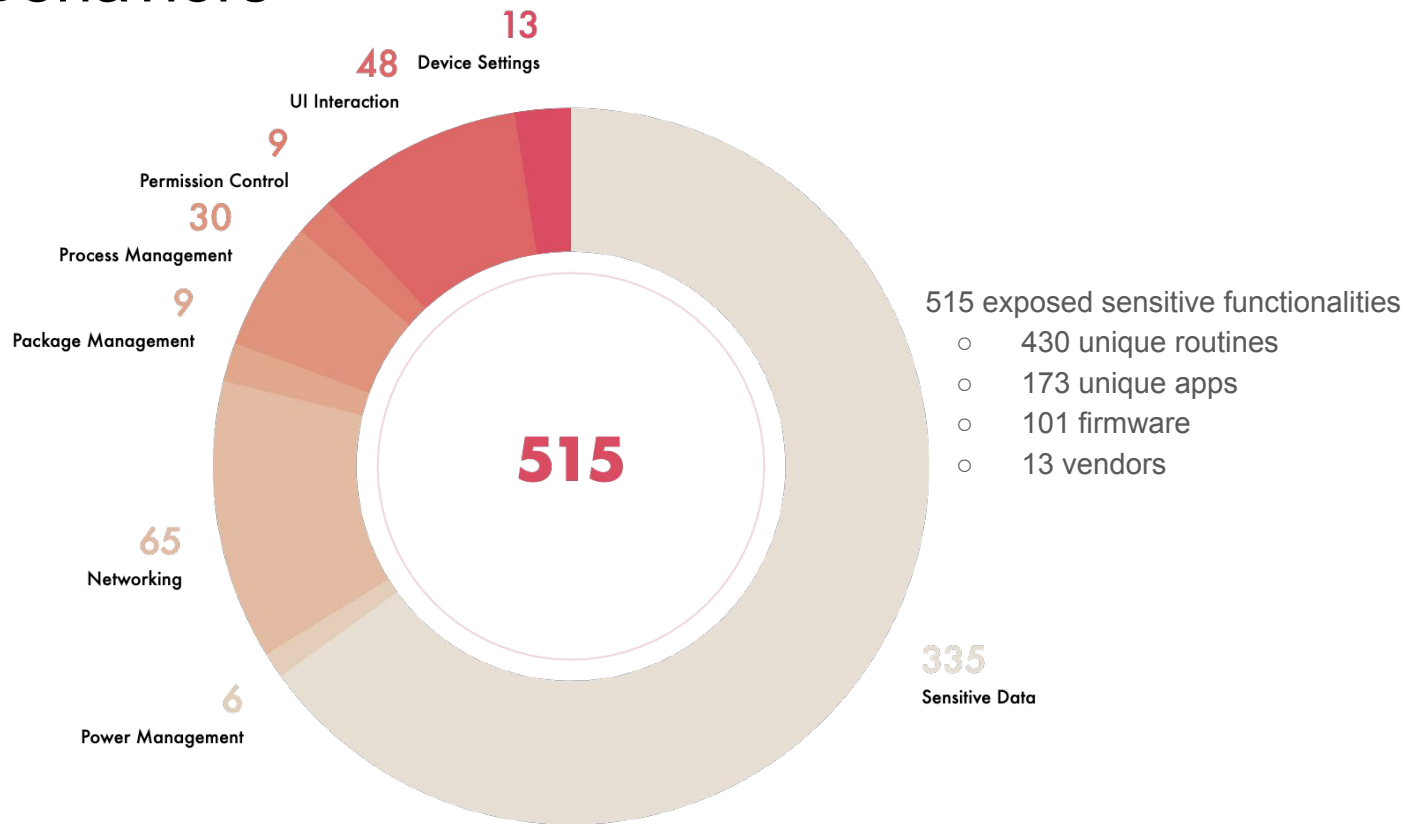
Exposed Init Routines Per Firmware



- **8** exposed routines per firmware
- **2** sensitive exposed routines per firmware
- **All** custom!

Evaluation:

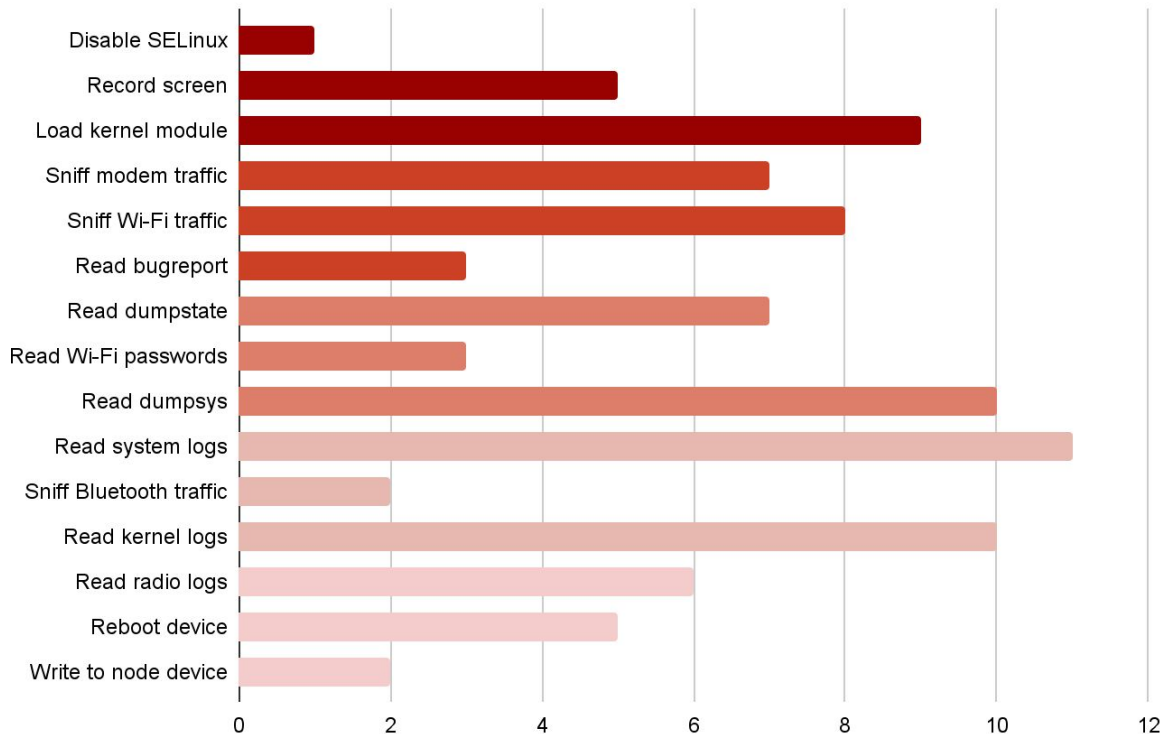
Exposed Behaviors



Evaluation:

Discovered Zero-Day Vulnerabilities

- Verified 89 vulnerabilities
 - 34 unique apps
 - 30 firmware
 - 6 vendors
- Developed+Tested 59 PoCs
- 49 confirmed by 3 vendors so far



Evaluation:

Impact of Discovered Vulnerabilities

- *Disable system-wide Mandatory Access Control*
- *Execute arbitrary code with high privileges*
- *Spy on screen content and user activity*
- *Spy on content of sent/received SMS messages and Calls*
- *Capture data transmitted using Wi-Fi and Bluetooth*
- *Capture an extensive amount of PII from numerous sources*
- *Capture information to attack other processes (mmap, open files, etc.)*
- *Prevent meaningful usage of the device (persistent DoS attack)*
- *Access stored Wi-Fi passwords*
- ...



Courtesy: thehackernews.com

DEFInit: An Analysis of Exposed Android Init Routines

- Systematically studied security impact of Android Init routines
- Novel study and automated analysis
- Various high-impact zero-days in Android 8 -- 11 devices
- More in paper
 - Routines exposed via the GUI, rule samples, characteristics of exposed routines, commands called by exposed routines, *etc.*

Thank You!

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