```
In [32]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.neural network import MLPRegressor
         from sklearn.svm import SVR
         from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostRegressor
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
         from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, r2 score, mean absolute error
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [33]: # 加载波士顿房价数据集
         dataset = pd.read csv('./dataset/HousingData.csv')
         X = dataset.drop('MEDV', axis=1)
         y = dataset['MEDV']
         # 划分训练集和测试集
         X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42
         # 使用均值填充 NaN 值
         imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
         X train = imputer.fit transform(X train)
         imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
         X test = imputer.fit transform(X test)
         # 特征缩放
         scaler = StandardScaler()
         X train = scaler.fit transform(X train)
         X test = scaler.transform(X test)
        不同算法比较 评价指标mse rmse r2 mae
In [34]:
         mlp model = MLPRegressor(hidden layer sizes = (100, 50), max iter = 1000, random state =
         mlp model.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred mlp = mlp model.predict(X test)
         mse mlp = mean squared error(y test, y pred mlp)
         rmse mlp = np.sqrt(mse mlp)
         r2 mlp = r2 score(y test, y pred mlp)
         mae mlp = mean absolute error(y test, y pred mlp)
        #SVM
In [35]:
         svm model = SVR(kernel = 'rbf')
         svm model.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred svm = svm_model.predict(X_test)
        mse svm = mean squared error(y test, y pred svm)
         rmse svm = np.sqrt(mse svm)
         r2_svm = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_svm)
         mae svm = mean absolute error(y test, y pred svm)
In [36]: #DecisionTree
         dt model = DecisionTreeRegressor(random state = 42)
         dt model.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred dt = dt model.predict(X test)
         mse dt = mean squared_error(y_test, y_pred_dt)
```

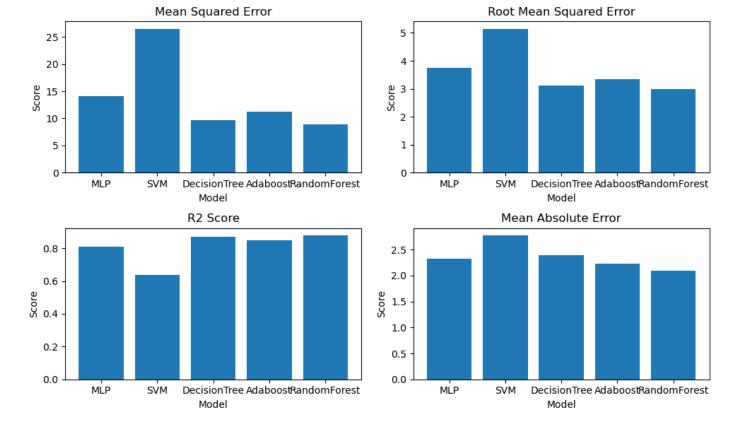
rmse dt = np.sqrt(mse dt)

```
mae dt = mean absolute error (y test, y pred dt)
In [37]: #Adaboost
         ada model = AdaBoostRegressor(DecisionTreeRegressor(max depth = 4), n estimators = 400,
         ada model.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred ada = ada model.predict(X test)
         mse ada = mean squared error(y test, y pred ada)
         rmse ada = np.sqrt(mse ada)
         r2 ada = r2 score(y test, y pred ada)
         mae ada = mean absolute error(y test, y pred ada)
In [38]: #RandomForest
         rf model = RandomForestRegressor(n estimators = 400, random state = 42)
         rf model.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred rf = rf model.predict(X test)
         mse rf = mean squared error(y test, y pred rf)
         rmse rf = np.sqrt(mse rf)
         r2 rf = r2 score(y test, y pred rf)
         mae rf = mean absolute error(y test, y pred rf)
         画图
In [40]: models = ['MLP', 'SVM', 'DecisionTree', 'Adaboost', 'RandomForest']
         mse scores = [mse mlp, mse svm, mse dt, mse ada, mse rf]
         rmse scores = [rmse mlp, rmse svm, rmse dt, rmse ada, rmse rf]
         r2 scores = [r2 mlp, r2 svm, r2 dt, r2 ada, r2 rf]
         mae scores = [mae mlp, mae svm, mae dt, mae ada, mae rf]
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
         plt.bar(models, mse scores)
         plt.title('Mean Squared Error')
         plt.xlabel('Model')
         plt.ylabel('Score')
         plt.subplot(2, 2, 2)
         plt.bar(models, rmse scores)
         plt.title('Root Mean Squared Error')
         plt.xlabel('Model')
         plt.ylabel('Score')
         plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
         plt.bar(models, r2 scores)
         plt.title('R2 Score')
         plt.xlabel('Model')
         plt.ylabel('Score')
         plt.subplot(2, 2, 4)
         plt.bar(models, mae scores)
         plt.title('Mean Absolute Error')
         plt.xlabel('Model')
         plt.ylabel('Score')
```

r2 dt = r2 score(y test, y pred dt)

plt.tight layout()

plt.show()



在默认参数下 随机森林算法表现最好