

# **APPENDIX A**

## **SOURCE CODE**

This appendix contains all the source code I produced in the project. Below is a list of the main files and what their function is in the product.

## APPENDIX B

# INSTALLATIONS

This appendix contains the installation procedure. There are two different installation procedures. One which handles how I install on the Freyr server, and another how a development server can be installed for demonstration purposes.

### Installation on server

This document describes the installation on Freyr's development server.

#### *Python libraries*

Python libraries are required in order to run the application. The easiest way to install is to use a tool called EasyInstaller, which downloads libraries from the internet. The following describes the procedure for the required libraries.

1. First, EasyInstaller must be installed, it is in the "installer" folder.
2. After it is installed, then easy\_install can be used.
3. easy\_install lxml==2.1.1 BeautifulSoup
- 4.

#### *Working on server*

This is how I should work with the Freyr development server. I am using my own hostname yani.dk to point to the development server.

Connect to the server with Putty:

Hostname: yani.dk  
Username: kereena  
Password: .....

#### *Installing on server*

The following steps installs the application once Django and required libraries are installed:

1. Get the source code from subversion. This is ONLY first time.  
svn co <http://svn.kokila.it/repo/sandbox/StockScreener/stockscreeener> stockscreeener
2. Update the source code from subversion:  
cd stockscreeener  
svn update
3. Create database:  
python manage.py syncdb
4. Load database dump:  
python manage.py loaddata graph\_test.json
5. Load symbols:  
python manage.py updatesymbols

6. Start the server.  
See the “Starting application on Freyr server” step.
7. Load url in browser:  
<http://yani.dk:7400/admin/> - Admin interface

## ***Starting application on my PC***

The program has to run little different depending on where I start it. This is because there is a Microsoft ISA server at the VejleHS network, which requires NTLM (Microsoft proprietary protocol) authentication, which Python does not understand.

## **Starting at vejlehs**

- 1) Start the ntlmaps proxy server. Go into its folder and double-click on the runserver.bat
- 2) Start the stockscreeener application. Click on the “manage.py runserver” shortcut on the desktop.

## **Starting from home**

- 1) Start the stockscreeener application. Click on the “manage.py runserver” shortcut on the desktop.

## ***Starting application on Freyr server***

For working on the server, first I have to follow the installation steps. On the server there are two scripts that I can use for starting and stopping the server.

- 1) Connect to “yani.dk server” using Putty
- 2) Try to open the old server process: `./continue.sh`
  1. If it is success, I should see the output from the server. I can then press Ctrl-C to stop the server. After this I see the message:  
“Screen terminated”. - I press Ctrl-C and continue to step #3
  2. If it is failure (server not running) I see the message:  
“There is no screen to be resumed matching stockscreeener” - I can continue with step #3
- 3) Start the server process: `./start.sh`
  1. If it is success, I should see a message that server is running and that I can press Ctrl-C to stop the server.
  2. I can now shutdown the Putty application.
  3. If it is error “screen terminated”, it means that I did not try step #2.
  4. If it is another error, and server won't start, I have a problem with my code, and I need to look at how to fix it.
- 4) Done, check that I can view the URL: <http://yani.dk:7400/search/>

## **APPENDIX C**

### **USER AND ADMIN GUIDE**

Appendix C contains documentation for users and administrators on how they should use the program.

# Users guide for Stock Screener v1.0

## Searching

The search interface is reached by entering the /search/ URL. When the page is loaded, it is ready to use. Below is a screenshot of the search page with some comments.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://yani.dk:7400/search/`. The page has a navigation bar with links: [Screener](#), [Frontpage](#), [Portfolio](#), [Menu4](#), [Menu5](#), and [Menu6](#). Below the navigation bar is a search bar with the text "Freyr logo" and a "Search" button. The main content area is titled "Search" and contains the following elements:

- A text prompt: "Please select which criteria you want to screen the stocks for. You can select as many criteria as you want."
- Two dropdown menus: "Select sector ..." (annotated with 6) and "Select exchange ..." (annotated with 7).
- A table with columns: "Criteria", "Min", "Max", and "Distribution".
- Two criteria are listed in the table:
  - "Return on Investment (ROI)" (annotated with 3): Min: -215.55, Max: 105.77. The distribution graph (annotated with 4) shows a peak around 0.
  - "Price/Earnings Ratio" (annotated with 5): Min: 0.44, Max: 515.13. The distribution graph shows a peak around 0.44.
- A dropdown menu "Select to add criteria ..." (annotated with 1) with a red stop button next to it.
- A "Search now" button (annotated with 9) and a "Show only selected in result" button (annotated with 8).

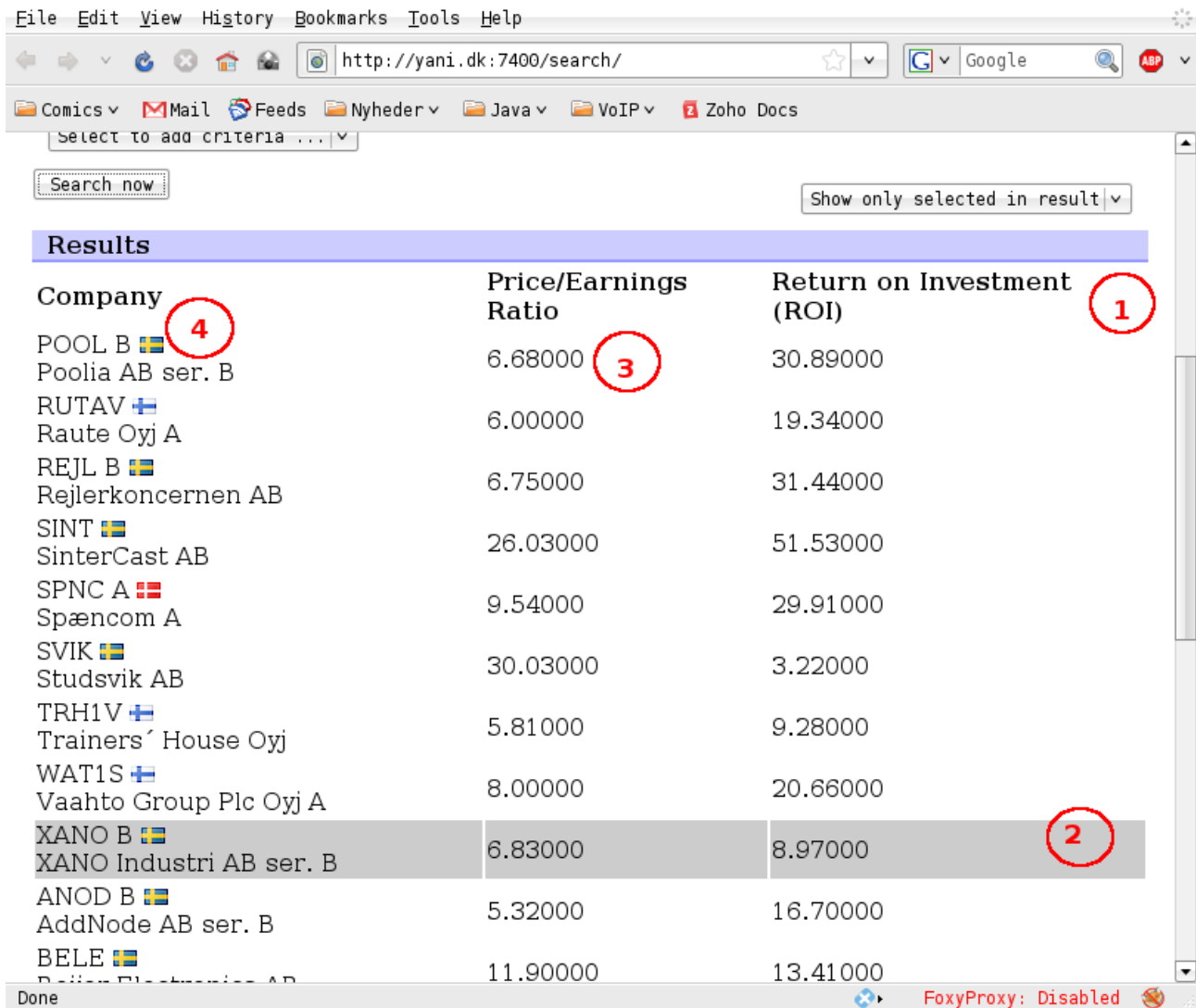
The bottom of the page shows a status bar with "Done" and "FoxyProxy: Disabled".












- 1) Here you can add criterias. By selecting a criteria in the dropdown, it will be added to the list of criterias above. When you enter the search page, the list is empty. It is possible not to enter any criteria.
- 2) For each criteria, it is possible to enter a maximum value for the criteria. You can also leave the field blank.
- 3) For each criteria, it is also possible to enter a minimum value, this field can also be left blank.
- 4) The graph shows the distribution of companies. X-axis shows the values, and Y-axis shows how many companies are in this range. For example ROI here, shows that all companies have a ROI between -255 and 105, and there are most companies with a ROI around 0.
- 5) You can click on the red stop button to remove a criteria if you do not wish to include it in your query anyway.
- 6) You can restrict the companies you are interested in to a specific sector.

- 7) You can also restrict the companies to a specific stock exchange.
- 8) It is possible to specify what to show in the result. If you want to show selected criteria, or all criteria available.
- 9) Finally, you click on the “Search now” button to get the results.

## Viewing results

After clicking on “Search now” results are shown below the search form (if form is filled correctly and any companies are matching the query).



Company	Price/Earnings Ratio	Return on Investment (ROI)
POOL B 	6.68000	30.89000
Poolia AB ser. B		
RUTAV 	6.00000	19.34000
Raute Oyj A		
REJL B 	6.75000	31.44000
Rejlerkoncernen AB		
SINT 	26.03000	51.53000
SinterCast AB		
SPNC A 	9.54000	29.91000
Spæncom A		
SVIK 	30.03000	3.22000
Studsvik AB		
TRH1V 	5.81000	9.28000
Trainers' House Oyj		
WAT1S 	8.00000	20.66000
Vahto Group Plc Oyj A		
XANO B 	6.83000	8.97000
XANO Industri AB ser. B		
ANOD B 	5.32000	16.70000
AddNode AB ser. B		
BELE 	11.90000	13.41000
Bele Electronics AB		

- 1) On top you can see the labels for each of the values, for example here P/E Ratio and ROI.
- 2) Each company is represented with one row in the result table. When you put mouse over some values, it will highlight the row.
- 3) The values are displayed inside the table, like how you read a normal table.
- 4) Each company is represented by its symbol, name, and a small flag indicating which country the company belongs to (actually on which stock exchange it is traded).

# Administrators guide for Stock Screener v1.0

The administrator has different tasks he/she can do. In this document these will be described.

Task	Description
Maintain core data	To maintain core data means to be able to maintain the data stored in the database. The most important task here, is to add/remove stock properties.
Update list of companies	The list of companies interesting can change over time. Freyr has a web-service that contains interesting companies. This means to update the list of companies in the local database according to what is “true” from Freyr.
Update extracted values	This means to update the extracted values from the web. To load new – current – data into the database.

## Maintaining core data

Maintaining core data is done using the administrator interface. The administrator interface can be reached using the /admin/ URL. Username and password is required. Once login has been completed, all data can be maintained.

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://yani.dk:7400/admin/

Comics Mail Feeds Nyheder Java VoIP Zoho Docs

**Django administration** Welcome, **admin**. Change password / Log out

### Site administration

<b>Auth</b>	
Groups	+ Add Change
Users	+ Add Change
<b>Search</b>	
Companies	+ Add Change
Sectors	+ Add Change
Stock property value historys	+ Add Change
Stock property values	+ Add Change
Stock property values	+ Add Change
Sites	
Sites	+ Add Change

**Recent Actions**

**My Actions**

✖ TestGraph  
Stock property

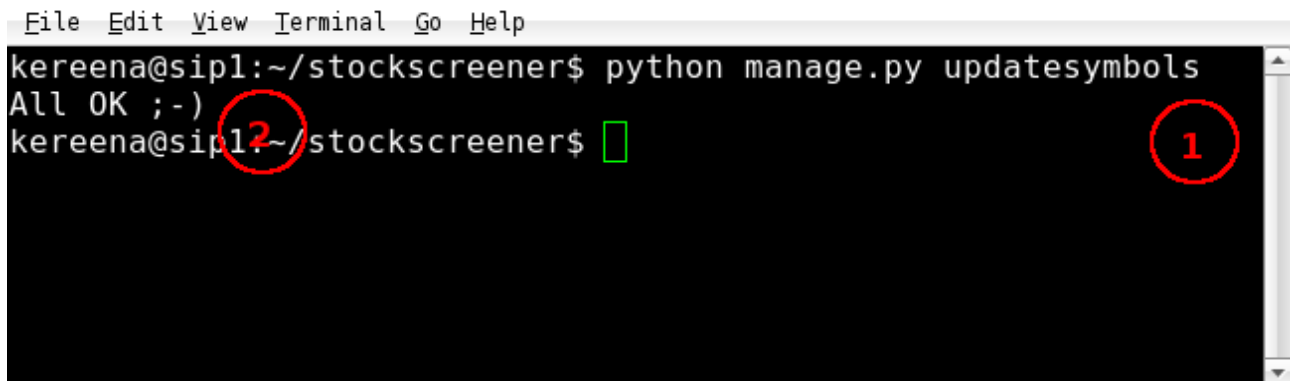
Done FoxyProxy: Disabled

- 1) Search is the application for Stock Screener. The list below is the models available for this.
- 2) Stock Property is the table that contains properties for extraction.
- 3) Recent actions can be seen by others, and to keep track of what happened.

For more information, please refer to the Django documentation on how to work with admin interface.

## Updating list of companies

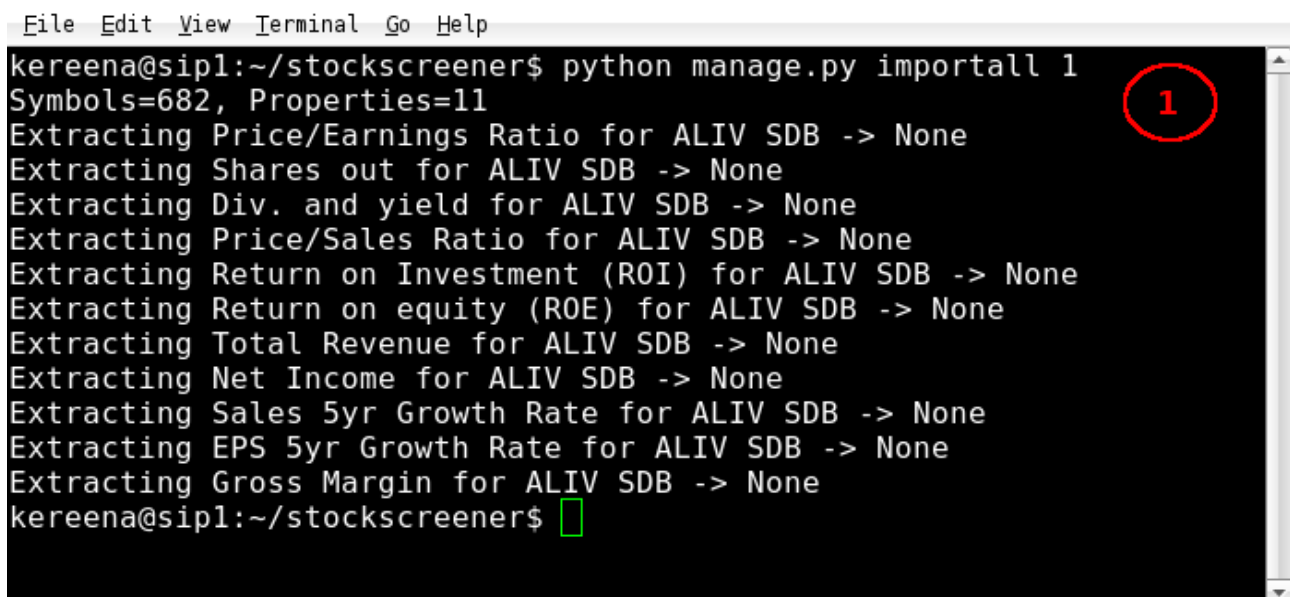
The list of companies can be update by using the manage.py command, as follows.

A terminal window with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Terminal, Go, Help) and a dark background. The prompt is 'kereena@sipl:~/stockscreeners\$'. The command 'python manage.py updatesymbols' has been entered and executed. The output is 'All OK ;-)' on the next line. The prompt is now 'kereena@sipl:~/stockscreeners\$' with a green cursor. A red circle with the number '1' is around the prompt, and another red circle with the number '2' is around the command.

- 1) Run the command: python manage.py updatesymbols
- 2) Check that you get the “All OK” message.
- 3) Possibly, verify in the admin interface that new symbols are available.

## Updating extracted values

A new set of extracted values can be created by using the manage.py command, as follows.

A terminal window with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Terminal, Go, Help) and a dark background. The prompt is 'kereena@sipl:~/stockscreeners\$'. The command 'python manage.py importall 1' has been entered and executed. The output shows 'Symbols=682, Properties=11' followed by a list of financial metrics for ALIV SDB, each followed by '-> None'. The metrics are: Price/Earnings Ratio, Shares out, Div. and yield, Price/Sales Ratio, Return on Investment (ROI), Return on equity (ROE), Total Revenue, Net Income, Sales 5yr Growth Rate, EPS 5yr Growth Rate, and Gross Margin. The prompt is now 'kereena@sipl:~/stockscreeners\$' with a green cursor. A red circle with the number '1' is around the prompt.

- 1) Run the command: python manage.py importall <number of companies to import>
  1. For example use 9999 if you want to import all.
- 2) Note that this will run for a very long time, to extract all values for all companies.

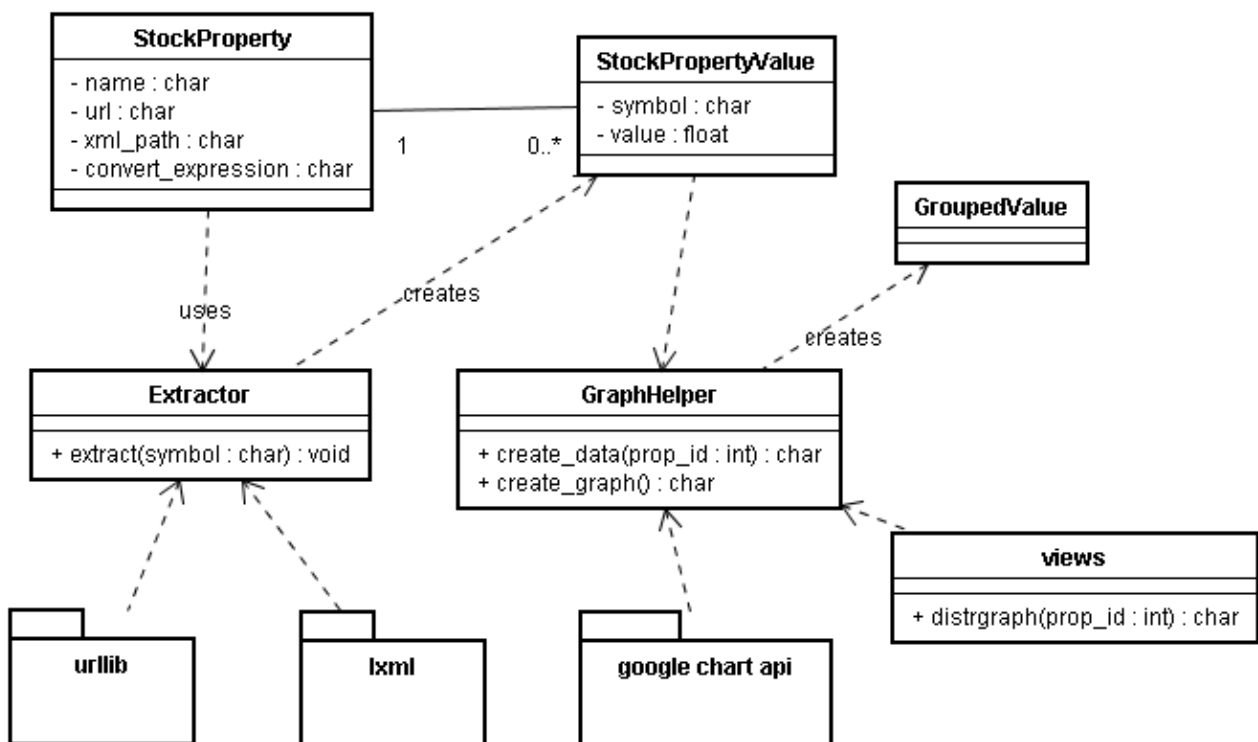


## APPENDIX D

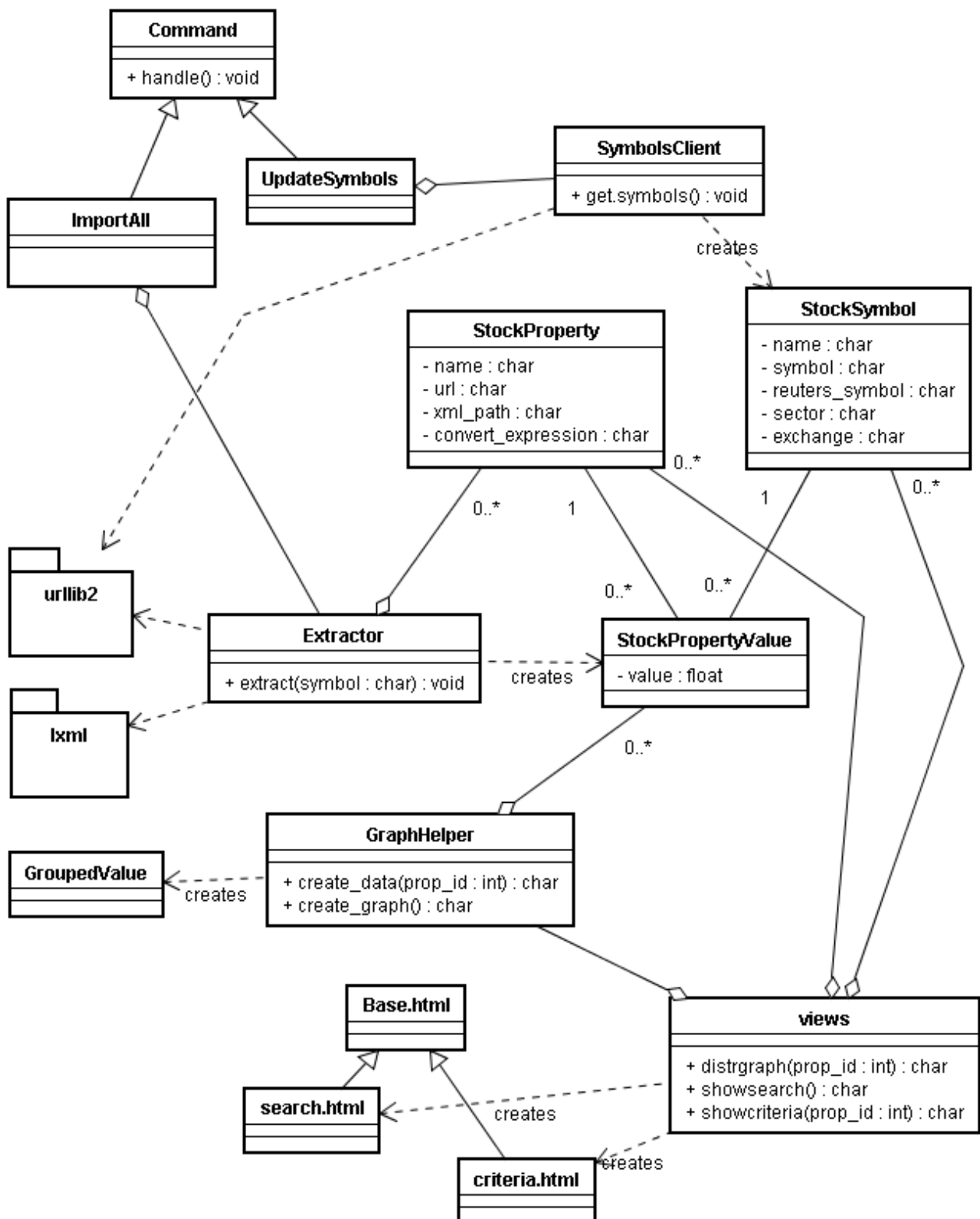
### ITERATION DESIGN DOCUMENTATION

This appendix contains the intermediate output from the design process. For each iteration there are some UML documents, and by this it is possible to see the progress.

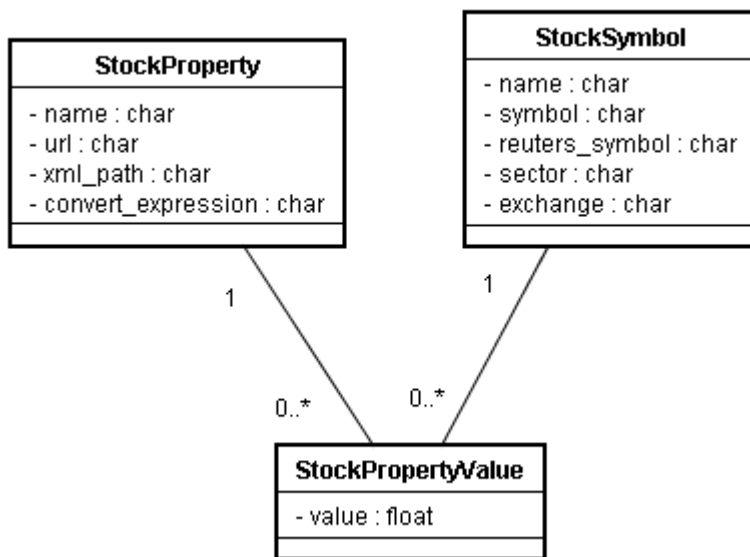
#### *Iteration 1 UML class diagram*



## Iteration 2 UML class diagram

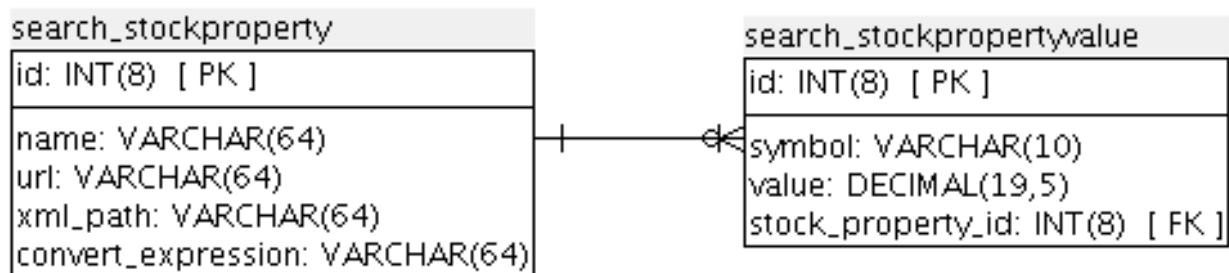


## Iteration 2 UML business object model



## Iteration 1 database E/R diagram

The diagram was created with another tool, before I found how to use MySQL workbench for creating the E/R.



## **APPENDIX E**

### **RUNNING DEMONSTRATION**

The CD contains a demonstration for Windows XP, this explains how to run it.

- Insert the CD.
- Copy the folder “demo” to somewhere on a write-able disk (hard-drive).
- Open the copy of “demo”.
- Double-click on the RunDemo.bat file.
- Two windows should open up:
  - DOS-window: Here the server is running.
  - Browser window: Read the instructions there. Click on the links to the demo server.

Note: The demo server uses 127.0.0.1 port 8000. Please make sure that this port is not already in use on your PC.

Note 2: The database in use is SQLite, not MySQL (which is production). All should work, but some queries can maybe work little different. This has not been tested.

## APPENDIX F

### REFERENCES TO EXTERNAL LIBRARIES

In my project I used a set of libraries and tools provided by others. The help of these were great, I did not have to invent everything from the bottom. Below is a list of the libraries and tools that I used, the links where more can be found, and a short description.

Name / link	Description
MySQL (5.1) <a href="http://dev.mysql.com/">http://dev.mysql.com/</a>	A full database system. I used it for the database system in my project to store all data.
MySQL Workbench (5.0) <a href="http://dev.mysql.com/workbench/">http://dev.mysql.com/workbench/</a>	A database design tool, which can also reverse-engineer database layout into E/R – which is what I used it for in this project.
Python (2.5) <a href="http://www.python.org/">http://www.python.org/</a>	A programming language. I used it in my project for all implementation.
Django (1.0) <a href="http://www.djangoproject.com/">http://www.djangoproject.com/</a>	A web application framework for Python. I used it in my project for all the parts related to the web-application, and ORM for the database.
Lxml (2.1) <a href="http://codespeak.net/lxml/">http://codespeak.net/lxml/</a>	A XML library for working with XML in Python. I used it for XPath expressions, and parsing XML from Freyr webservice.
Prototype.js (1.6) <a href="http://prototypejs.org/">http://prototypejs.org/</a>	A Javascript library for AJAX web-applications. I used it for creating dynamic web-page.
BeautifulSoup (3.0) <a href="http://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/">http://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/</a>	A library for working with HTML in Python. I used it for extracting information from web pages.
Google Chart API (1.0) <a href="http://code.google.com/apis/chart/">http://code.google.com/apis/chart/</a>	An online-library for creating charts. I used it for the distribution graph rendering.
COCOMO II Cost estimator <a href="http://sunset.usc.edu/csse/research/COCOMOII/cocomo_main.html">http://sunset.usc.edu/csse/research/COCOMOII/cocomo_main.html</a>	COCOMO II is a online tool to calculate cost. I used it for cost estimation. (Note: Does only work with Internet Explorer)

## **APPENDIX G**

### **XP WORKING PAPERS**

I tried to use XP as much as possible in the process. In this appendix all my working papers can be found. These includes the User stories, and the Task Cards. While in the report I only present the final outcome of the design process, it is possible to see the intermediate steps by these working papers.

## APPENDIX H

### COST ESTIMATION OUTPUT

Here we can see the output of working with the COCOMO II cost estimation tool.

Project Analogy Parameter: Total Effort in Person-Months  
Project Baseline Value: 3 (Person-Months)  
Current Project Labor Rate: 20000 (Dollars / Person-Months)  
Project Calibration Source: COCOMO Default Values

#	Basis Type	Estimation Basis	Old Rating Level	New Rating Level	Estimated Cost	Estimated Effort (In PM)
0		(starting)			\$60000.00	3
1	Cost Driver	Product- Required Software Reliability	VH (1.26)	N (1.00)	\$47619.05	2.38
2	Cost Driver	Product- Database Size	N (1.00)	H (1.14)	\$54285.71	2.71
3	Cost Driver	Product- Product Complexity	L (0.87)	H (1.17)	\$73004.93	3.65
4	Cost Driver	Product- Developed for Reusability	L (0.95)	N (1.00)	\$76847.29	3.84
5	Cost Driver	Platform- Execution Time Constraint	XH (1.63)	H (1.11)	\$52331.59	2.62
6	Cost Driver	Personnel- Analyst Capability	N (1.00)	H (0.85)	\$44481.85	2.22
7	Cost Driver	Personnel- Programmer Capability	H (0.88)	N (1.00)	\$50547.56	2.53
8	Cost Driver	Personnel- Application Experience	L (1.10)	VL (1.22)	\$56061.84	2.8
9	Cost Driver	Personnel- Platform Experience	N (1.00)	H (0.91)	\$51016.27	2.55
10	Cost Driver	Personnel- Language and Tool Experience	L (1.09)	VL (1.20)	\$56164.70	2.81
11	Cost Driver	Project- Schedule	N (1.00)	H (1.00)	\$56164.70	2.81
Total					\$56164.70	2.81

VH = Very High, H = High, XH = Extra High, N= Nominal, L = Low, VL = Very Low