# Fundamentals of C Programming Notes with LATEX2e and KOMA-Script

#### A. Data Types

```
→ (signed) char: 1 byte min: -128, max: 127 stores numbers in 2's
   complement notation
```

→ int: 2/4 bytes, min (2 byte): -32768, max (2 byte): 32767, min (4 byte): -2147483648, max (4 byte): 2147483647

→ float: 4 bytes, min: -1.2e-38 (+-), max: 3.4e+38 (+-)

→ double 8 bytes, min: 2.3e-308 (+-), max: 1.7+308 (+-) float/double use IEEE floating point notation (sign/exponent/mantissa).

#### B. Operators

```
→ - subtraction (addition of 2's complement)
 → % remainder/modulus
   Order of precedence: execute left to right Process only two values at
   a time. The tree structure is called the evaluation tree.
() - Paranthesis
+ - () (unary je sign of number 1, -1)
* /+ - (binary ie in equation)
Low
```

### C. Type Casting

```
int a = 3, int b = 2; double c;
for integer division of c = a/b c = 3/2 = 1;
for double division: c = 3.0/2.0 = 1.5;
if integer division is not the preferred operation use type cast
c = (double) a / b; OR c = a / (double) b; OR
c = (double) a / (double) b;
```

#### D. Operators

```
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Hiah
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Low
```

## E. Proceudral Programming

```
Every C program has at least one function - main().
Functions allow us to logically group statements that
performs a specific task.
Breaking down a program to sensible number of functions is important.
> Human readability of the code
> Code reuse
> Exhaustive testing
Local variables of a function are created in the beginning of function
execution and destroyed after. Function has multiple inputs (copies of
local variables) but either has 1 value to output or none.
```

C is a procedure (function) oriented programming language.

block it was defined in

```
F. Control Structures
A Control structure is an element that influence the current point of
execution
> Sequence
> Selection (sometimes called 'alternation')
> Repetition (sometimes called 'iteration')
Control structures execute compound statements - Blocks.
C variables have block scope - a variable can only be accessed inside the
```

#### G. Conditional Operators

```
Conditional operators are involved in the comparison of two values
(evaluation tree).
```

The only issue is, be careful when comparing float (or double) types with int types

2.3 is stored as 2.2999999523162841796875 in float, so there is a loss of accuracy in conversion or comparison. In C logical TRUE is represented with 1, logical FALSE with 0

### H. For loop

initialisation, condition and variation Step 1: initialisation Step 2: condition Step 3: Body of loop Step 4: variation Step 2,3,4 are then repeated.

# I. Order of Logical Operations

```
Function calls
! + - (unary)
* / %
< <= >= >
== !=
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Short circuit evaluation when the condition can be evaluated before
reaching the end of the expression ie if(costlyfunction1() ||
costlyfunction2() || costlyfunction3())
where costlyfunction1() is evaluated as true so the rest are ignored.
```

# J. Arrays and strings

```
Arrays - allocate block of contiguous memory to store a fixed number of
data elements of the same type
Array size is always passed as an int
```

A Function has no direct way to find out the size of the array.

- > A local copy is not made, changes to the array in the function are reflected in the original Array
- > If an array element is passed to a function, a local copy is made.
- > const keyword when passing an array to a function that should remain unchanged
- > Strings can be defined in two ways:
- char str[ /\*size\*/ ]; allows changing the string. char\* str; cannot change the string after it has been assigned once.

# K. Structs

```
Structs save a local copy when passed.
struct patient{
char first name[MAX NAME LENGTH+1];
char second_name[MAX NAME LENGTH+1];
int date of birth:
int phone number;
typedef struct patient patient node t;
struct patient list{
struct patient list t *next;
patient node t patient;
typedef struct patient] list patient list t;
```

#### L. Abstraction

Procedural abstraction: separation of what a function does from the details of how the function accomplishes its purpose.

eg. (String str="Hello world" String s1=str.substring(0,6)) I know what substring does, it returns a substring of the characters from 0-6 but I don't know how it does it.

Data Abstraction: separation of the logical view of a data object (what is stored) from the physical view (how the information is stored). (e.g. use struct to store custom defined data types). People don't know what

**Information Hiding:** protecting the implementation details of a lower-level module from direct access by a higher-level module, basically a combination of the benefits of procedural and data abstraction.