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In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
In [2]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
         from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
In [3]: dataset = pd.read_csv("Salary_Data.csv")
In [4]: head = dataset.head() # First 5 line
         print(head, "\n")
         tail = dataset.tail() # Last 5 line
         print(tail,"\n")
         describe = dataset.describe() #summary statistics for numerical columns
         print(describe,"\n")
         info = dataset.info() #index, datatype and memory information
         print(info,"\n")
         min = dataset.min() # Returns the lowest value in each column
         print(min,"\n")
         median = dataset.median() # Returns the median value in each column
         print(median,"\n")
         max = dataset.max() # Returns the highest value in each column
         print(max,"\n")
            YearsExperience Salary
             1.1 39343.0
                      1.3 46205.0
                   1.5 37731.0
2.0 43525.0
2.2 39891.0
         2
         3
           YearsExperience Salary
         25 9.0 105582.0
                      9.5 116969.0
                      9.6 112635.0
                     10.3 122391.0
                    10.5 121872.0
               YearsExperience
                                      Salary
         count 30.000000
                                  30.000000
                     5.313333 76003.000000
         mean
                     2.837888 27414.429785
                     1.100000 37731.000000
         min
         25%
                    3.200000 56720.750000
               4.700000 65237.000000
7.700000 100544.750000
10.500000 122391.000000
         50%
         75%
         max
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 30 entries, 0 to 29
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
         YearsExperience 30 non-null float64
                            30 non-null float64
         Salary
         dtypes: float64(2)
         memory usage: 560.0 bytes
         None
         YearsExperience
                                1.1
         Salary
                            37731.0
         dtype: float64
         YearsExperience
                                4.7
         Salary
                            65237.0
         dtype: float64
         YearsExperience
                            122391.0
         Salary
         dtype: float64
In [5]: X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
         y = dataset.iloc[:, 1].values
In [6]: from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size = 1/3, random_state = 0)
In [7]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
In [8]: regressor = LinearRegression()
         regressor.fit(X_train,y_train)
         accuracies = cross_val_score(regressor, X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 10)
         print("Mean: %", accuracies.mean()*100)
         print("std: %", accuracies.std()*100)
         Mean: % -259.74571918775956
         std: % 646.7539113998671
In [9]: y_predict = regressor.predict(X_test)
In [10]: from sklearn import metrics
In [11]: | #mean absolute error
         mae = metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,y_predict)
         print("mae: ", mae)
         #mean squared error
         mse = metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_predict)
         print("mse: ", mse)
         #root mean square error
         rmse = np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_predict))
         print("rmse: ",rmse)
         mae: 3426.4269374307123
         mse: 21026037.329511296
         rmse: 4585.4157204675885
In [12]: print("coef: ", regressor.coef_)
         coef: [9345.94244312]
In [13]: sns.pairplot(dataset)
Out[13]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1fe8ed17da0>
            120000
            100000
             80000
             60000
             40000
                                       50000 75000100000125000
                               10
                     YearsExperience
In [14]: sns.lmplot(x='YearsExperience', y='Salary', data=dataset)
Out[14]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1fe8f11f2e8>
            140000
            120000
            100000
            80000
             60000
             40000
                              YearsExperience
In [15]: sns.heatmap(dataset.corr(),cmap = 'Blues', annot=True)
Out[15]: <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1fe8f2816a0>
                                                  -0.996
                                    0.98
                                                  -0.992
                                                  - 0.988
                                                  -0.984
                   0.98
                                                  -0.980
               YearsExperience
                                    Salary
In [16]: # Visualising the Training set results
         plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color = 'red')
         plt.plot(X train, regressor.predict(X train), color = 'blue')
         plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
         plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
         plt.ylabel('Salary')
         plt.show()
                         Salary vs Experience (Training set)
            120000
            100000
            80000
             60000
             40000
                                 Years of Experience
In [17]: # Visualising the Test set results
         plt.scatter(X test, y test, color = 'red')
         plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color = 'blue')
         plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Test set)')
         plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
         plt.ylabel('Salary')
```

Salary vs Experience (Test set)

120000

100000

80000

40000

Years of Experience

100000