

Game programming with Godot

foss-gbg 2019-10 // Johan Thelin

What we will look at today

- Intro to the editor
- 2D and 3D games
- Intro to VR using Godot
- Intro to deployment using Godot

Intro

- I encourage you to code along!
 - All examples can be found at <https://github.com/e8johan/godot-tutorial> .
-
- Assets the raw assets
 - 01_flippable 2D intro example
 - 02_platformer 2D platformer
 - 02b_platformer_animated 2D platformer with animated hero
 - 03_on_a_roll 3D example
 - 04_on_a_roll_vr 3D VR example

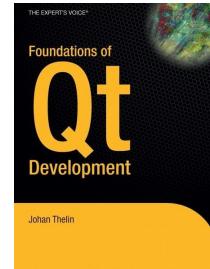
Bio

Johan Thelin - co-founder of Kuro Studio

Autoliv → XDIN → Bitsim → Trolltech → Pelagicore → Kuro

I've done lots and lots of embedded devices with Qt, Linux, etc

Absolutely zero game programming experience :-)



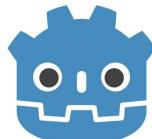
What is Godot

Modern game engine

Visual editor

Open source

www.godotengine.org

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the Godot Engine website at https://godotengine.org. The page features a top navigation bar with links for GODOT, FEATURES, NEWS, COMMUNITY, MORE, DOWNLOAD, and LEARN. Below the navigation is a large, colorful 3D rendering of a game environment showing a character on a path with stone walls, green grass, and various objects. The main text on the page reads "THE GAME ENGINE YOU WAITED FOR." It includes a subtext about the engine's tools and its free, open-source nature under the MIT license.

**THE GAME ENGINE YOU
WAITED FOR.**

Godot provides a huge set of common tools, so you can just focus on making your game without reinventing the wheel.

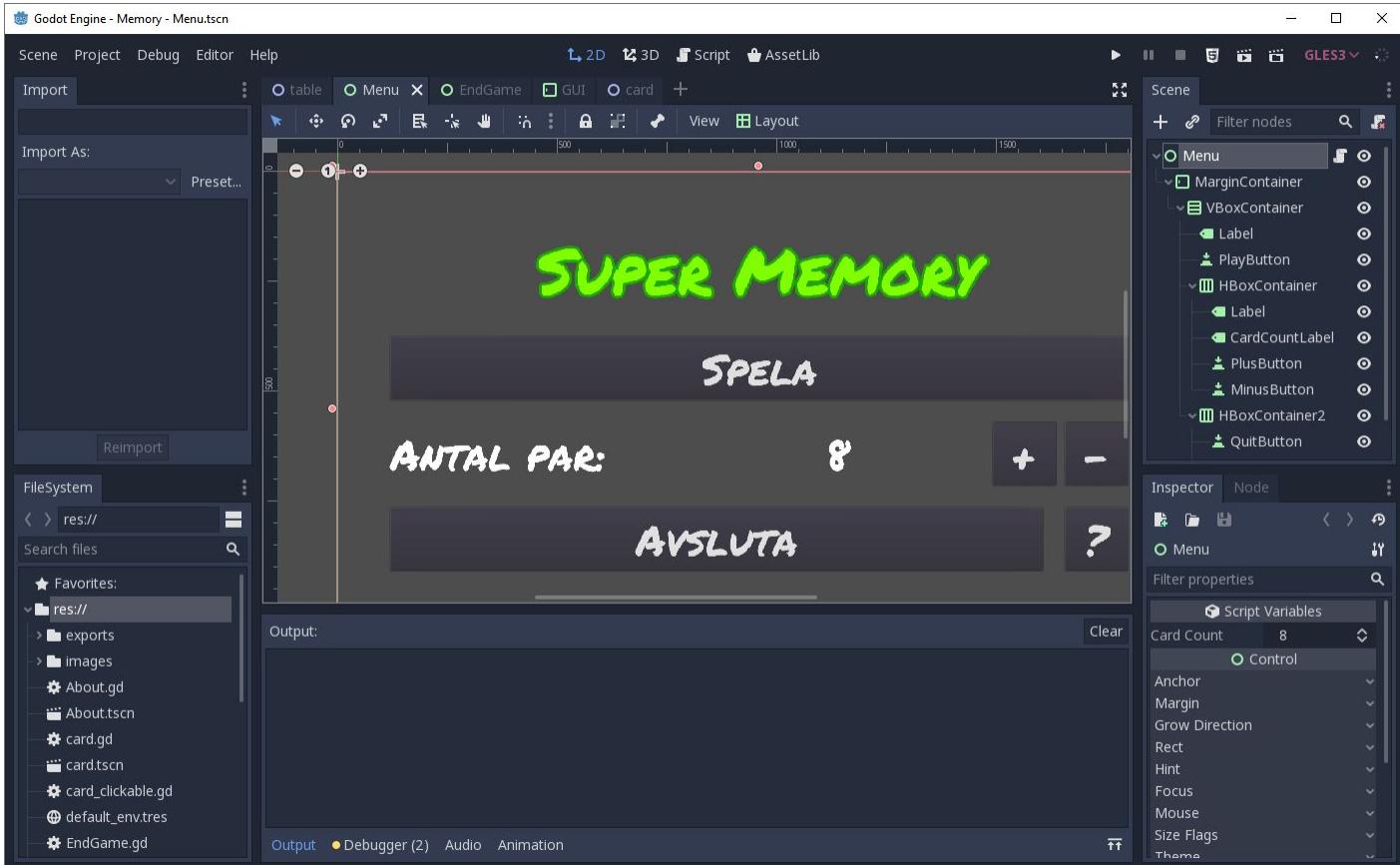
Godot is completely free and open-source under the very permissive MIT license. No strings attached, no royalties, nothing. Your game is yours.

Getting Godot

- A ~25MB download from <https://godotengine.org/download>
- Available for Linux, Windows, MacOS and Server
- The download contains the executable - just download and run
- ... or use your distro's package manager
- Today, we will focus on the standard version - no C# or other external deps
- I'm using version 3.1

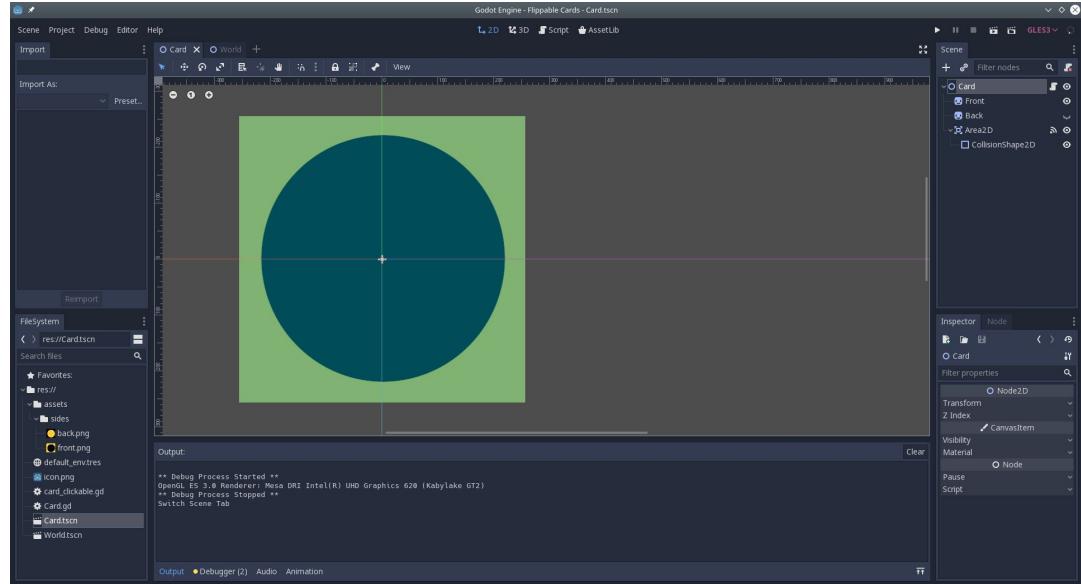
The Editor

- Main view
 - 2D
 - 3D
 - Script
- File system
 - res://
- Scene
- Inspector



Let's create!

- You will learn about
 - Nodes
 - Scenes
 - Scripts
- Create nodes
 - Node2D
 - Sprite x2
 - Area2D
 - CollisionShape2D



The flipper script

extends Node2D

```
onready var front = $Front  
onready var back = $Back
```

```
func _on_Area2D_input_event(viewport, event, shape_idx):  
    if event is InputEventMouseButton:  
        if event.is_pressed() and event.button_index == BUTTON_LEFT:  
            front.visible = !front.visible  
            back.visible = !front.visible
```

GDScript

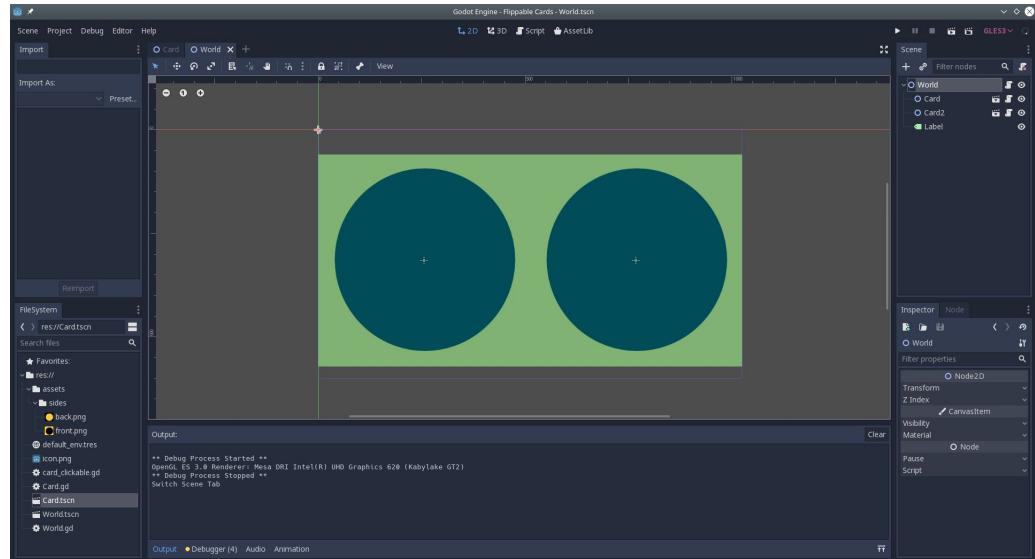
- Very pythonesque - but not Python
- Can do typing - will improve performance
 - `var x : int = 10`
 - `var y := calculate_something()`
 - `func double_it(value : int) -> int:`
 - Enums are problematic
- Resources I go to for help
 - https://docs.godotengine.org/en/3.1/getting_started/scripting/gdscript/gdscript_basics.html
 - <https://www.gdquest.com/open-source/guidelines/godot-gdscript/>
- There is more - my code is far from stylistically correct or efficient



DuckDuckGo

Creating a world

- Create a world with two cards, and a UI
- Update UI based on state



Signal and setter for the Card

extends Node2D

```
signal flipped_changed
```

```
var flipped : bool = false setget set_flipped
```

```
onready var front = $Front
```

```
onready var back = $Back
```

```
func _on_Area2D_input_event(viewport, event, shape_idx):
```

```
    if event is InputEventMouseButton:
```

```
        if event.is_pressed() and event.button_index == BUTTON_LEFT:
```

```
            set_flipped(front.visible)
```

```
func set_flipped(f : bool) -> void:
```

```
    front.visible = !f
```

```
    back.visible = f
```

```
    flipped = f
```

```
    emit_signal("flipped_changed")
```

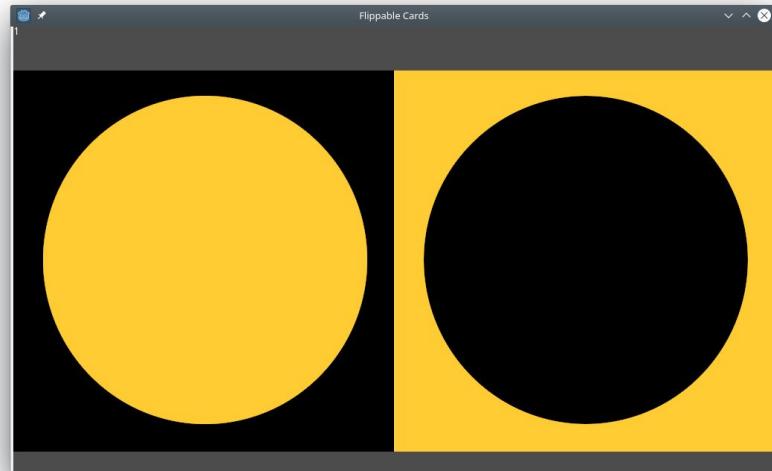
The World script

```
extends Node2D
```

```
func _ready():
    $Label.text = str(no_of_flipped_cards())
    $Card.connect("flipped_changed", self, "_on_flipped_changed")
    $Card2.connect("flipped_changed", self, "_on_flipped_changed")

func _on_flipped_changed():
    $Label.text = str(no_of_flipped_cards())

func no_of_flipped_cards() -> int:
    var res : int = 0
    if $Card.flipped:
        res += 1
    if $Card2.flipped:
        res += 1
    return res
```



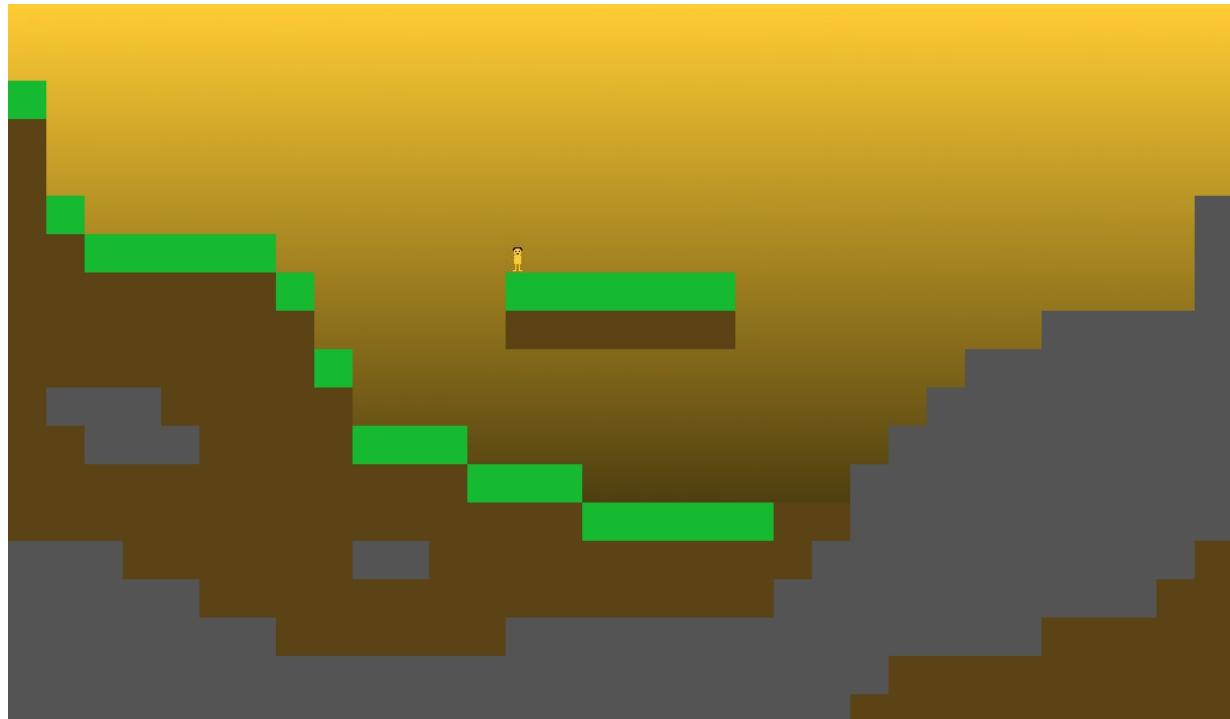
Finding children - the smarter way

```
func _find_all_cards() -> Array:  
    var res : Array = []  
    var children : = self.get_children()  
    for child in children:  
        if child.is_in_group("cards"):  
            res.append(child)  
    return res
```

From <https://github.com/e8johan/supermemory/blob/master/table.qd#L210>

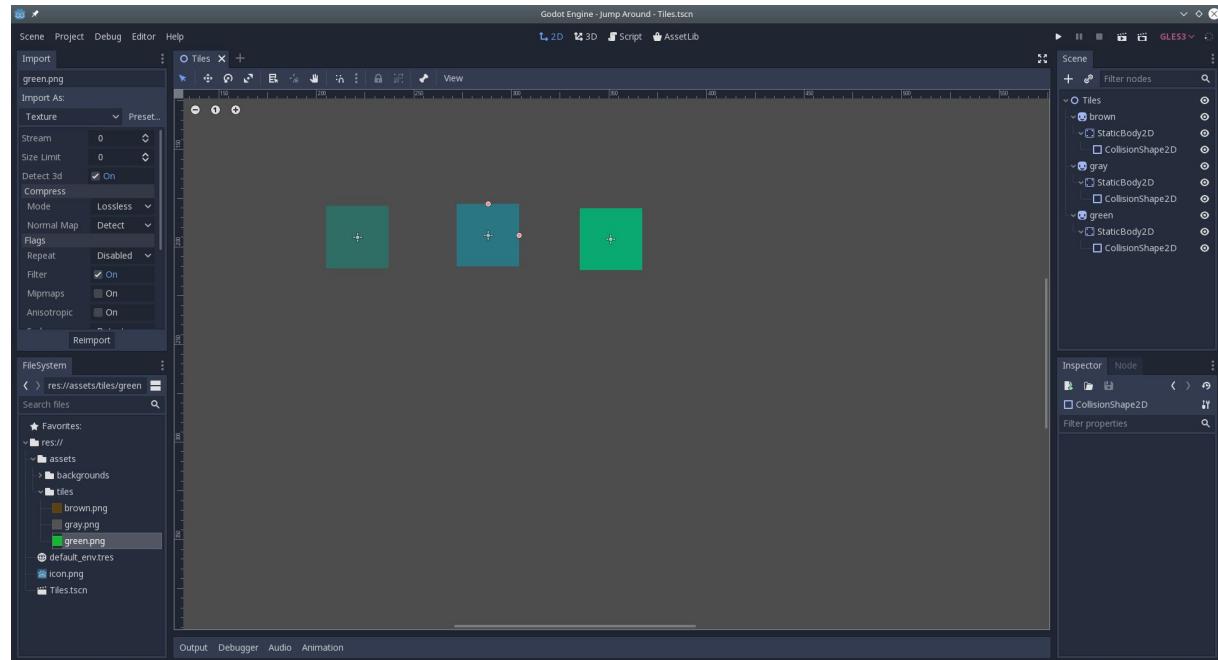
Platformer time!

- The game plan:
 - Create tile set
 - Create tile map
 - Create character
 - Jump around
- You will learn about
 - Tiled 2D worlds
 - 2D movement
 - Animations
 - Input events



The tile set

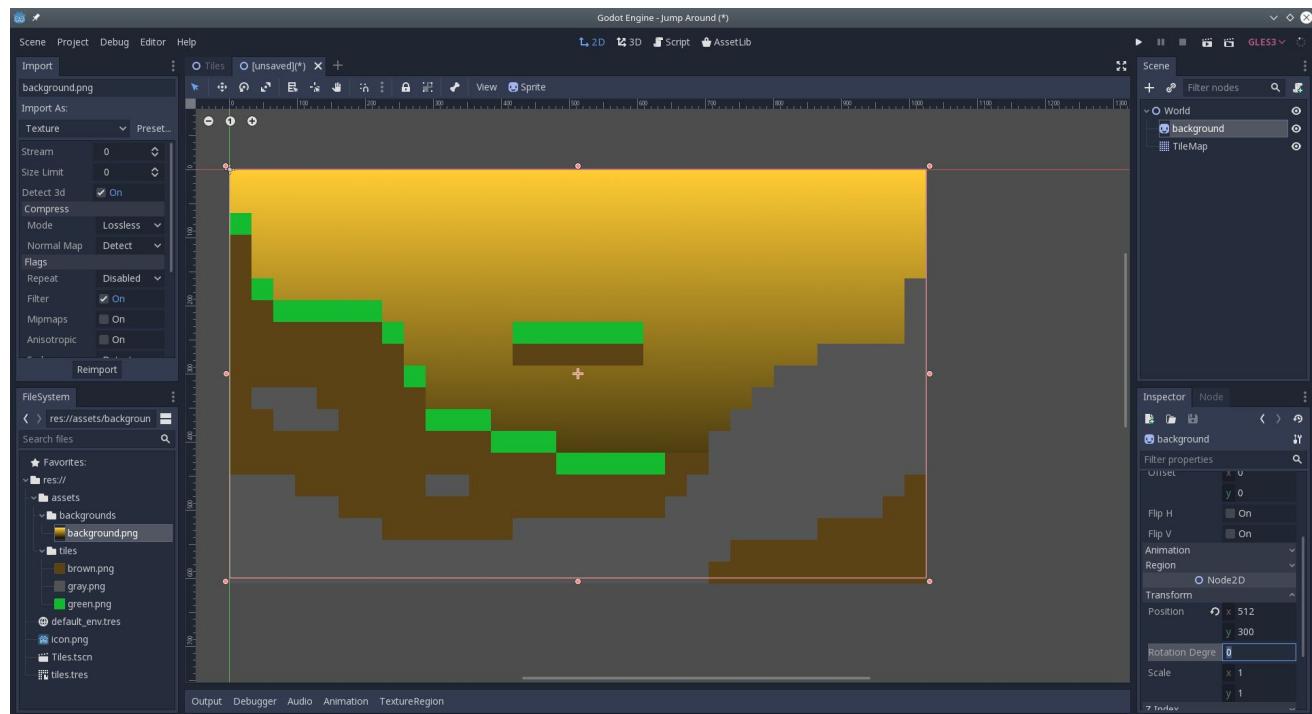
- 2D Scene - “Tiles”
 - Sprite
 - StaticBody2D
 - CollisionShape2D
 - RectangleShape2D
 - Extent



- Scene → Convert to... → TileSet...

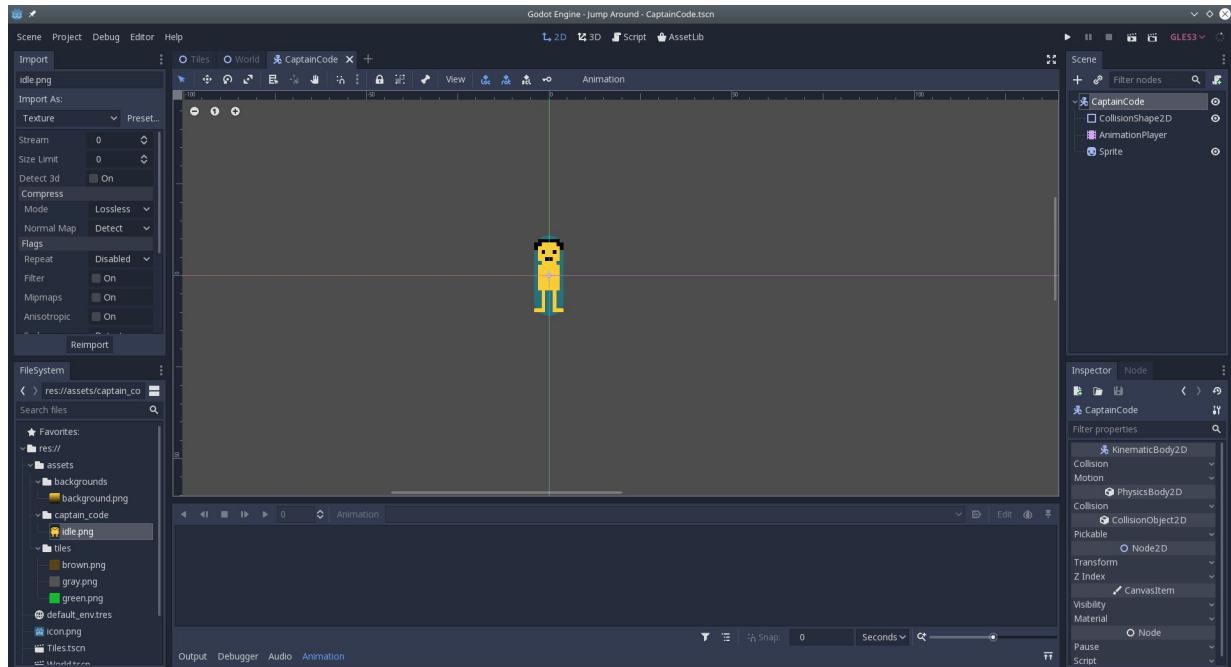
The tile map

- 2D Scene - World
- TileMap
 - Cell size
- Sprite - for bg

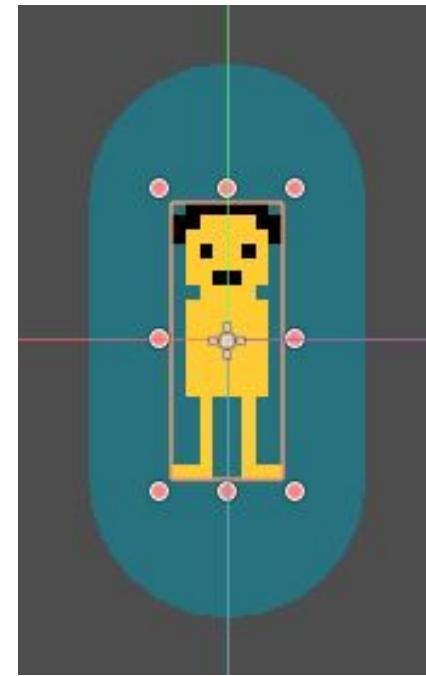
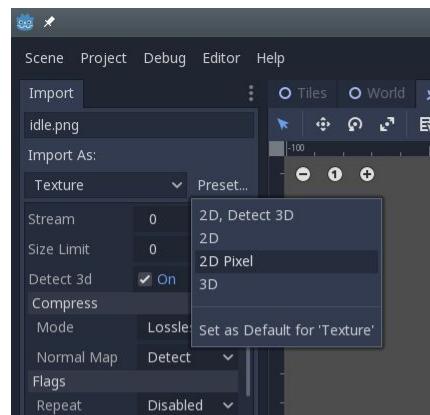
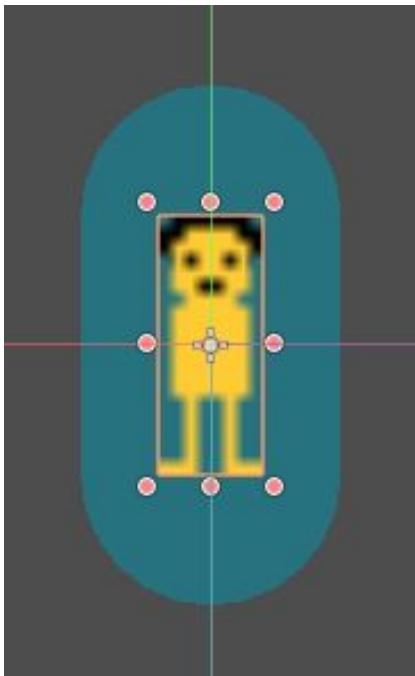


Enter: the hero!

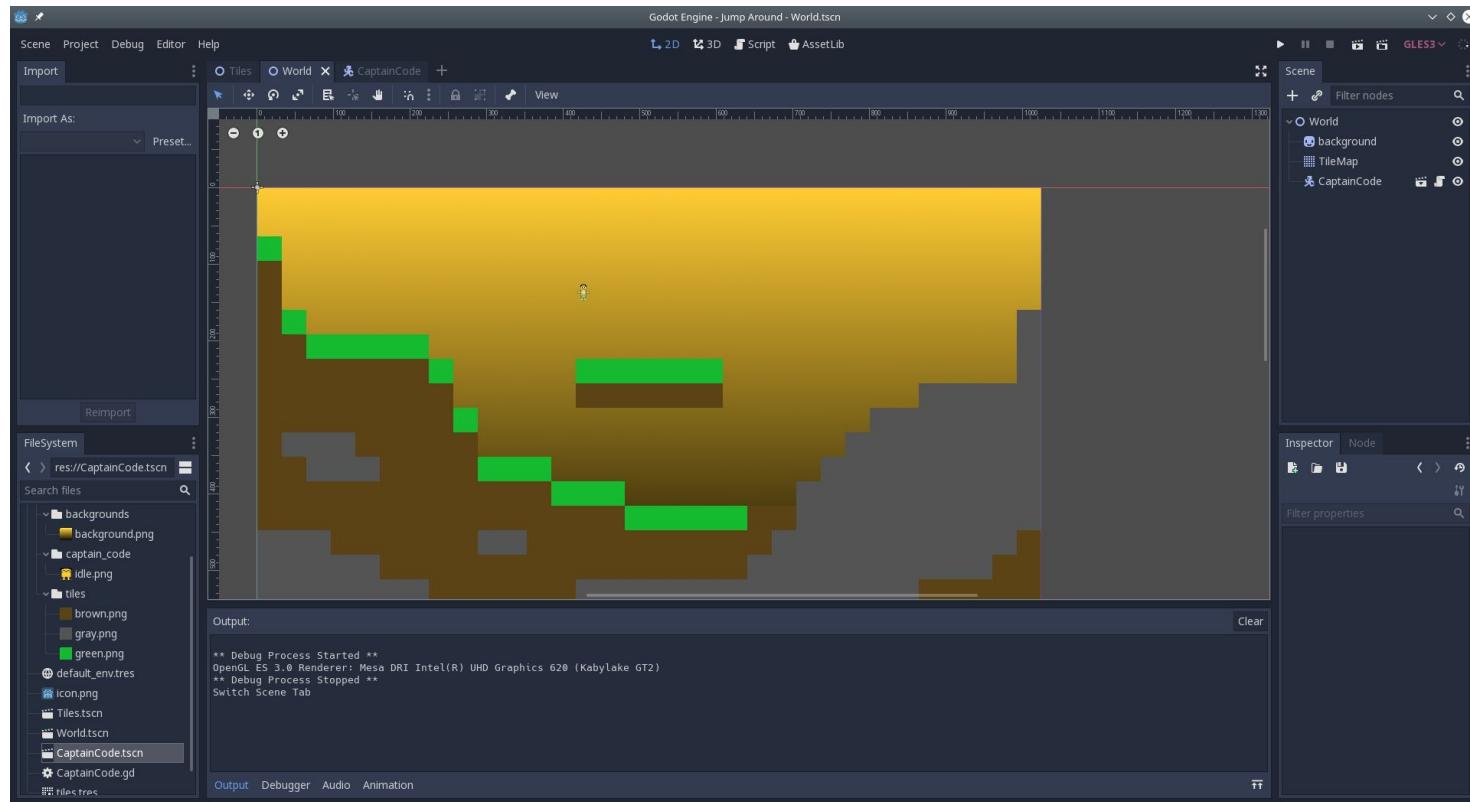
- KinematicBody2D
 - CollisionShape2D
 - CapsuleShape
 - Sprite
- CaptainCode!



Importing



Enter into the World



Jump around!

```
extends KinematicBody2D
```

```
export (int) var speed = 240
```

```
export (int) var jump_speed = -320
```

```
export (int) var gravity = 600
```

```
var velocity = Vector2.ZERO
```

```
func get_input():
```

```
    velocity.x = 0
```

```
    if Input.is_action_pressed("ui_right"):
```

```
        velocity.x += speed
```

```
    if Input.is_action_pressed("ui_left"):
```

```
        velocity.x -= speed
```

```
func _physics_process(delta):  
    get_input()  
    velocity.y += gravity * delta  
    velocity = move_and_slide(velocity, Vector2.UP)  
    if Input.is_action_just_pressed("jump"):  
        if is_on_floor():  
            velocity.y = jump_speed
```

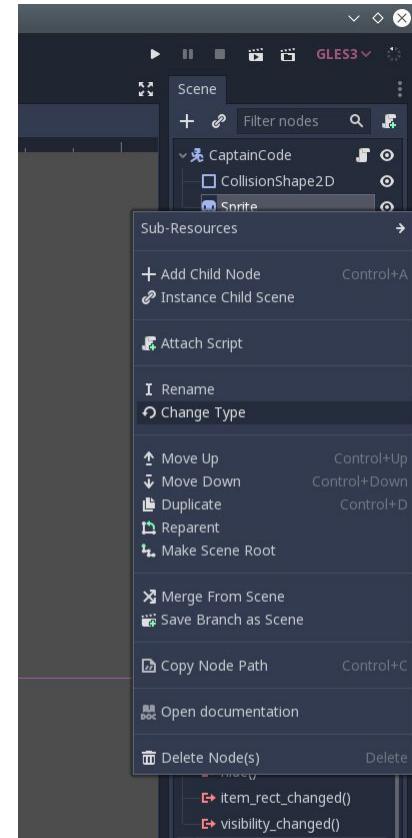
http://kidscancode.org/godot_recipes/2d/platform_character/

What is an input?



Animations!

- Change Captain Code from Sprite to AnimatedSprite
- New SpriteFrames in Frames
- Add the following:
 - Idle
 - Run
 - Jump



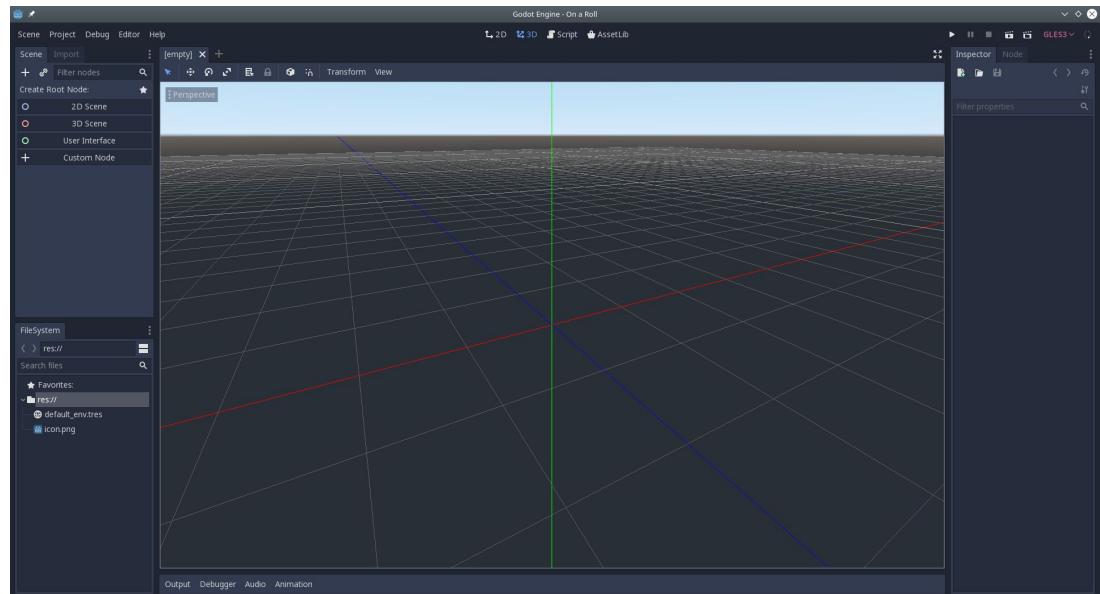
Play the right animation

```
func get_input() -> int:  
    var res : int = 0  
    velocity.x = 0  
    if Input.is_action_pressed("ui_right"):  
        velocity.x += speed  
        res = 1  
    if Input.is_action_pressed("ui_left"):  
        velocity.x -= speed  
        res = -1  
    return res
```

```
func _physics_process(delta):  
    var dir := get_input()  
    if dir > 0:  
        $Sprite.flip_h = false  
        $Sprite.play("walk")  
    elif dir < 0:  
        $Sprite.play("walk")  
        $Sprite.flip_h = true  
    else:  
        $Sprite.play("idle")  
  
    ...  
    if is_on_floor():  
        ...  
    else:  
        $Sprite.play("jump")
```

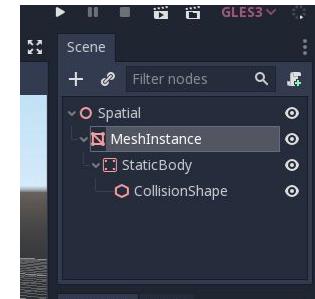
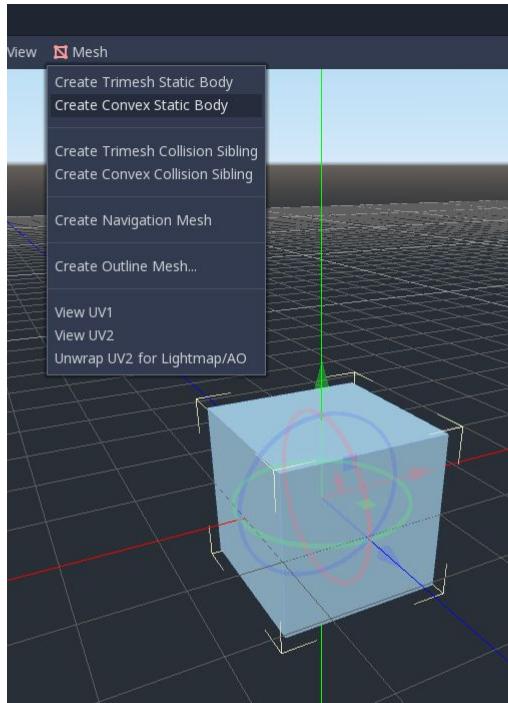
What about 3D?

- You will learn about:
 - GridMaps and Mesh libraries
 - Basic lights and shadows
 - 3D collisions



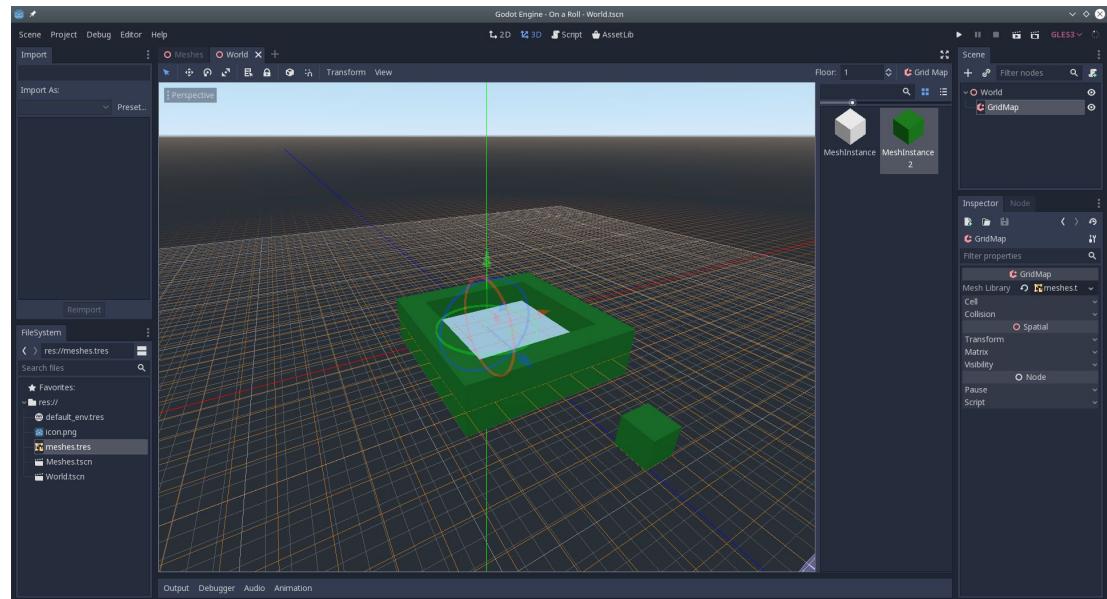
Meshes and Maps

- MeshInstance
 - Mesh: CubeMesh
 - Create Convex Static Body
- Material
- SpatialMaterial
- Albedo



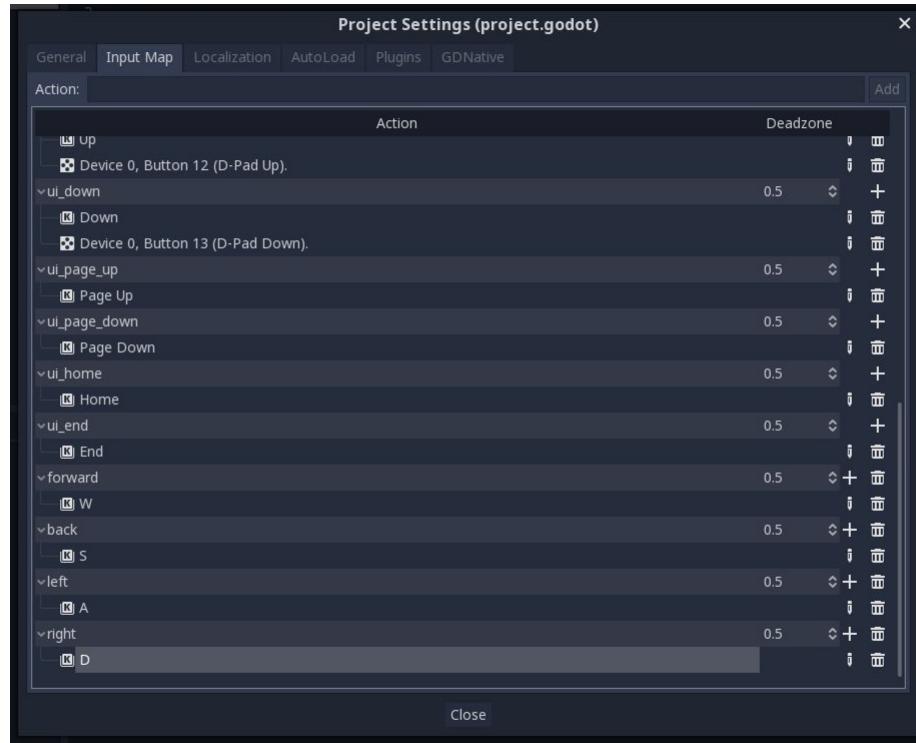
A World

- New 3D Scene - World
 - GridMap
 - Mesh Library = meshes.tres
- Don't forget the Camera!



A movable sphere

- KinematicBody - Player
 - MeshInstance
 - CollisionShape
- Setup inputs
- Add to world



Movement script

```
extends KinematicBody

var velocity : Vector3 = Vector3.ZERO

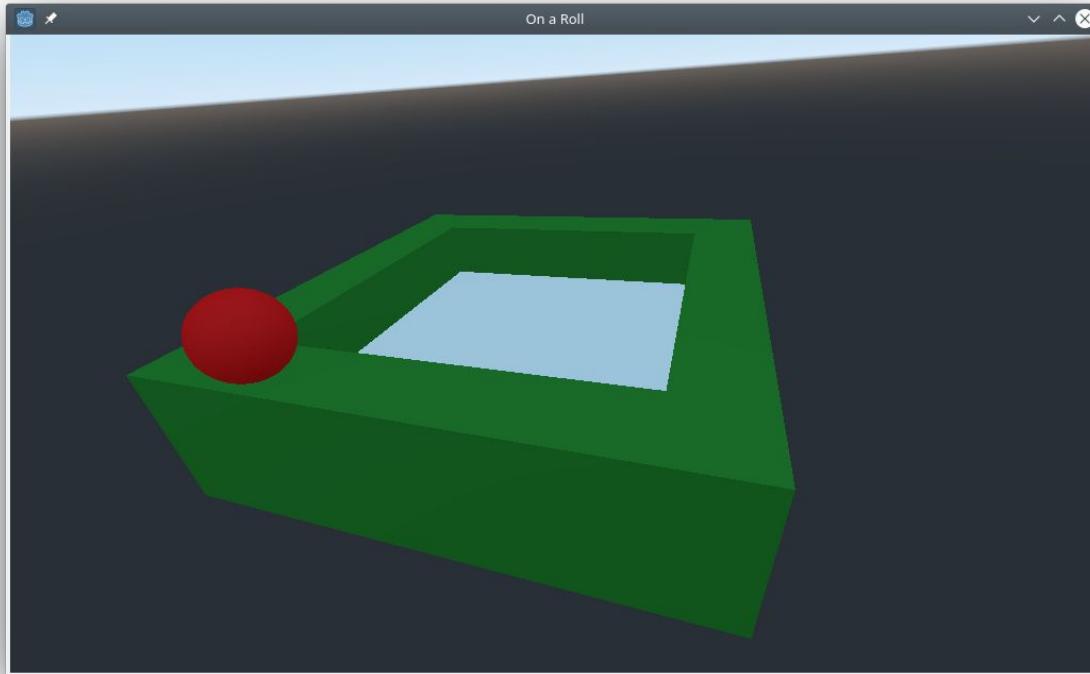
const SPEED = 10
const GRAVITY = 10

func _physics_process(delta):
    velocity.y -= GRAVITY * delta
    if Input.is_action_pressed("forward"):
        velocity.z = -SPEED
    elif Input.is_action_pressed("back"):
        velocity.z = SPEED
    else:
        velocity.z = 0

    if Input.is_action_pressed("left"):
        velocity.x = -SPEED
    elif Input.is_action_pressed("right"):
        velocity.x = SPEED
    else:
        velocity.x = 0

    velocity = move_and_slide(velocity, Vector3.UP)
```

On a roll!

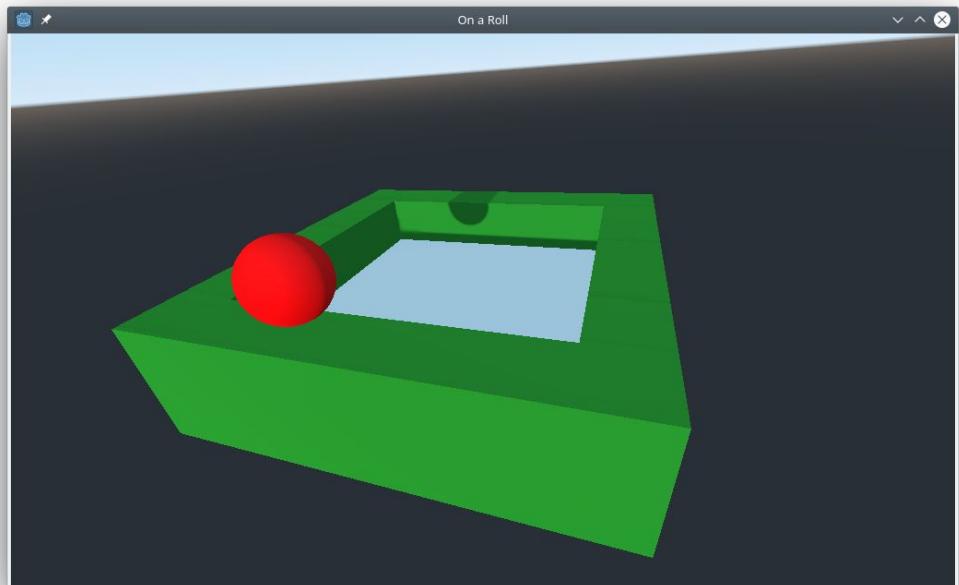


Various Bodies

- **StaticBody**
 - Static, does not move
 - Perfect for walls and such
- **KinematicBody**
 - Can be moved about
 - Commonly used for characters
- **RigidBody**
 - Simulates newtonian physics

Let's add some light

- DirectionalLight
- Enable shadows



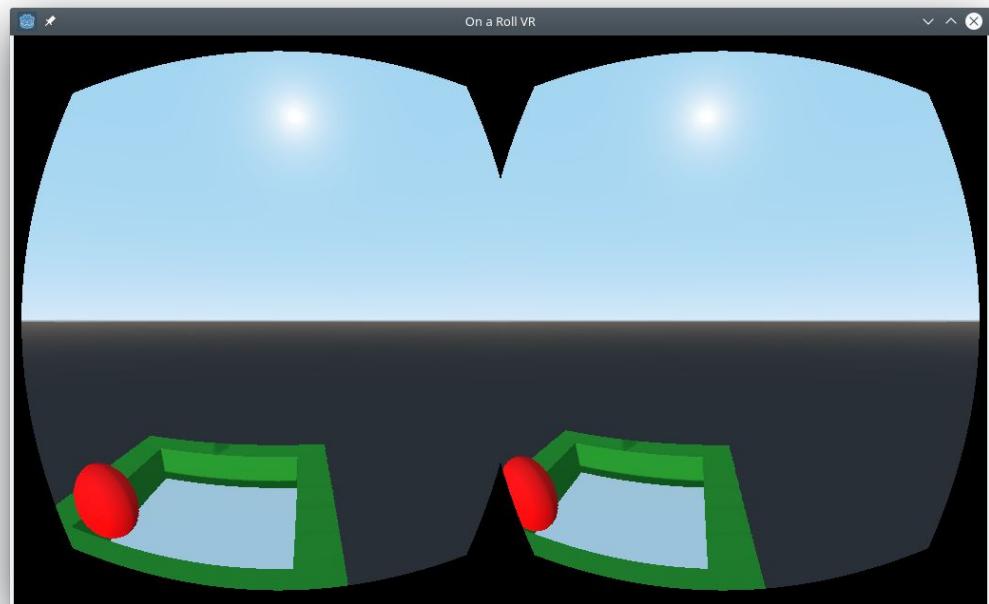
Let's make the ball jump

- Add input “jump”
- Add to _physics_process:

```
if is_on_floor():
    if Input.is_action_just_pressed("jump"):
        velocity.y = JUMP
```

Going VR

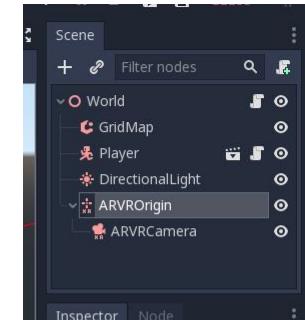
- Godot comes with AR and VR support
- I've played around with SteamVR (Oculus DK2) and Google Cardboard
- Supports cameras and wands



Setting up VR

- Replace Camera node with ARVROrigin and ARVRCamera
- Initialize sub-system:

```
func _ready():
    var interface = ARVRServer.find_interface("Native mobile")
    if interface and interface.initialize():
        get_viewport().arvr = true
```



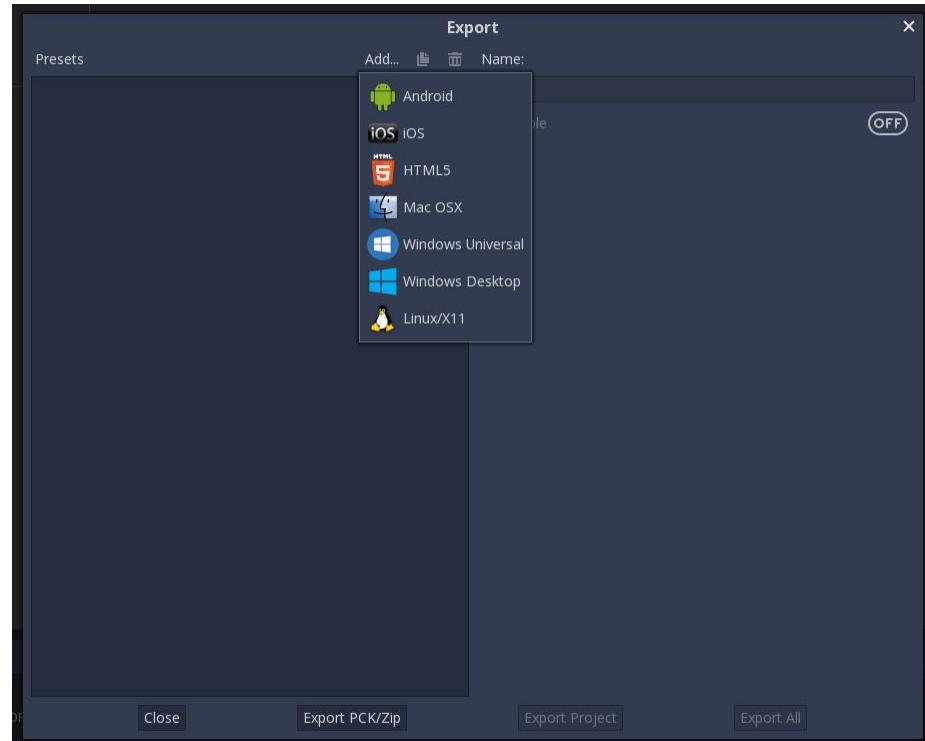
- Preferably do some error handling :-)

Try it!

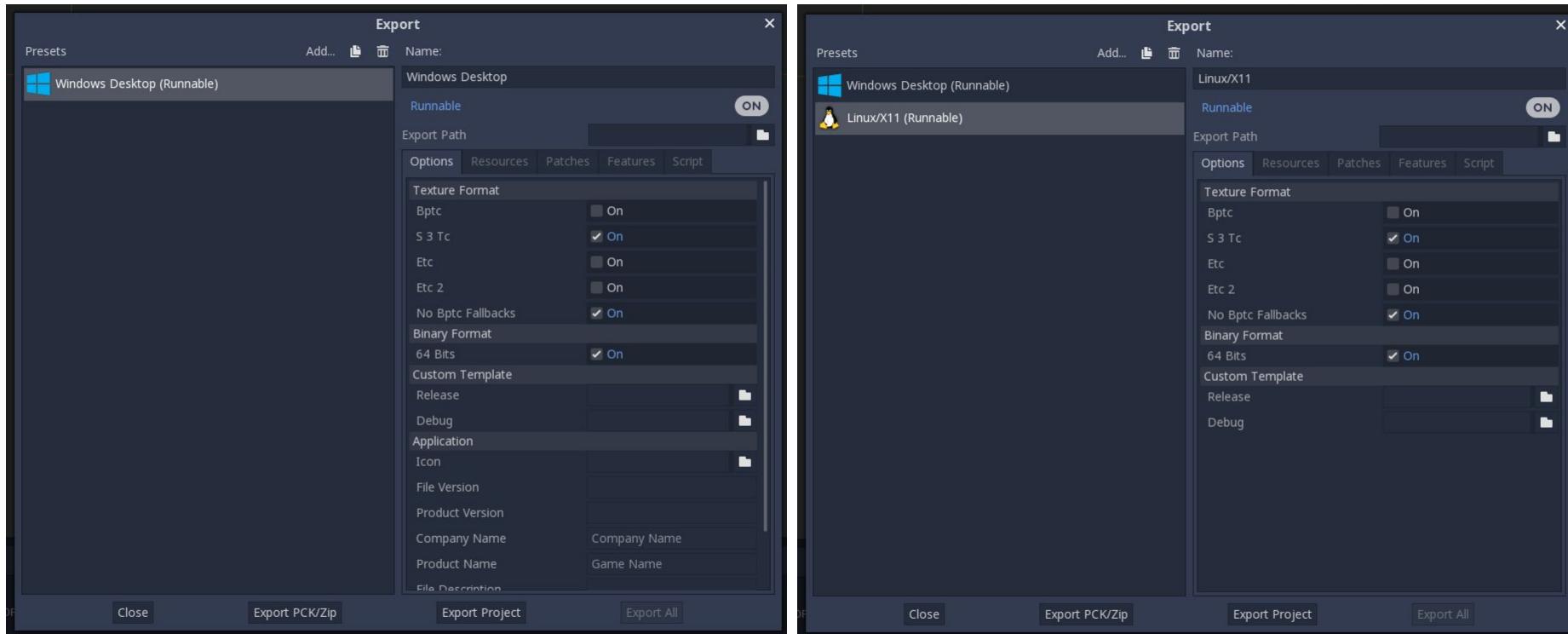


Deploying Godot projects

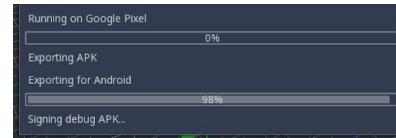
- Editor
 - Manage Export Templates
- Project
 - Export
- Requires some setup
 - Android
 - iOS
 - Windows Universal
- And you can build your own!



Deploying Godot projects



Android development



Things we didn't learn

- Sound
- Dynamic instantiation
- 3D assets from Blender
- Skeleton animations
- Shaders
- Path finding
- C# bindings
- GDNative, i.e. rust, C++, and beyond
- Setting up an Android target
- Setting up an iOS target
- And much, much more...

