

Note: Correct responses are based on Java, J2sdk v 6.0, from Sun Microsystems, Inc. All provided code segments are intended to be syntactically correct, unless otherwise stated (i. e. `error` is an answer choice) and any necessary Java 2 Standard Packages have been imported. Ignore any typographical errors and assume any undefined variables are defined as used.

**QUESTION 1**

What is  $100101_2 + 110111_2$  ?

- A.  $92_{10}$                       B.  $11100_2$                       C.  $1001010_2$                       D.  $88_{10}$                       E.  $82_{10}$

**QUESTION 2**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 34              B. 117              C. 78              D. 43              E. 3274

```
int a = 3;
int b = 9;
int c = 4;
System.out.println(a + a * b + c);
```

**QUESTION 3**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 5 2                      B. i+" "+j  
C. 18 3                      D. 7                      E. 52

```
int i = 5, j = 2;
j += j;
i++;
i *= --j;
System.out.println(i+" "+j);
```

**QUESTION 4**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 0              B. 13              C. 50              D. 51              E. 53

```
int sum = 0;
for(int i = 1; i*i <= 100; i++){
    sum += i;
    if(sum % 2 == 0){
        sum--;
    }
}
System.out.println(sum);
```

**QUESTION 5**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 00000    B. 0              C. 5              D. 000000000  
E. There is no output due to a run-time error.

```
String s = "00000";
while(s.charAt(s.length()-1) == '0'){
    s=s.substring(0, s.length()-1);
}
System.out.println(s);
```

**QUESTION 6**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 0              B. 100              C. 101              D. 10              E. 99

```
int[] f = {1,1};
int c = 0;
while(f[1] < 100){
    int tmp = f[0]+f[1];
    f[0] = f[1];
    f[1] = tmp;
    c++;
}
System.out.println(c);
```

**QUESTION 7**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. true false              B. false true  
C. true true              D. false false  
E. There is no output due to a syntax error.

```
boolean t = true, f = false;
boolean dumb = t | t & f;
boolean dumber = (t ^ f | f) & f;
System.out.println(dumb+" "+dumber);
```

**QUESTION 8**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 3      B. 0      C. 2      D. 5  
E. There is no output due to a syntax error.

```
int magic = 64;
int count = 0;
if(magic % 2 == 0 && magic < 30){
    count += 5;
}else if(magic < 100){
    count += 3;
}else{
    count += 2;
}
System.out.println(count);
```

**QUESTION 9**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 22.50    B. 22.5    C. 22.500    D. 22  
E. There is no output due to a syntax error.

```
System.out.printf("%03.2f", 22.5);
```

**QUESTION 10**

Which of these is not a Java keyword?

- A. final      B. define      C. protected      D. abstract      E. enum

**QUESTION 11**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 200 0                      B. 0 1000  
C. 0 200                      D. 1000 0  
E. 200

```
int x = 200;
int y = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < 1000; i++){
    x = Math.max(x-1, 0);
    y = Math.min(y+1, 200);
}

System.out.println(x+" "+y);
```

**QUESTION 12**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 2yx                      B. 252  
C. 2.07                      D. 2.552  
E. 9

```
int x = 2;
int y = 5;
double z = y/x;
String s = y+x+"";

System.out.println(z+s);
```

**QUESTION 13**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. Pingxy                      B. Ping42  
C. 42                          D. 4 2  
E. Ping6

```
int x = 4;
int y = (int)Math.sqrt(x);

if( Math.sqrt(x) == y )
    System.out.print("Ping");
System.out.println(x+""+y);
```

**QUESTION 14**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 0  
B. 1  
C. 2  
D. 3  
E. 4

```
int[][] m = {{3,2,1},
             {4,1,2},
             {3,4,5}};

int sum = 0;
for(int i = 0; i < m.length; i++){
    for(int k = 0; k < m.length; k++){
        sum += m[i][k];
        sum -= m[k][2-i];
    }
}
System.out.println(sum);
```

**QUESTION 15**

How many lines of output is printed by the code to the right?

- A. 6      B. 7      C. 8      D. 5      E. 9

```
System.out.print("jedimind\ntricks");
System.out.println("\n\n");
System.out.print("aesop\n");
System.out.println("rock");
```

**QUESTION 16**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 28 28    B. 0 0      C. 20 0      D. 28 24    E. 24 28

```
int b = 28, x, y;
x = (b >> 2) << 2;
y = (b >> 3) << 3;
System.out.println(x+" "+y);
```

**QUESTION 17**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 6 4      B. 7 3      C. 3 7      D. 4 8      E. 6 2

```
ArrayList<Integer> list;
list = new ArrayList<Integer>();

for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
    list.add(i);
}
for(int i = 10; i >= 0; i--){
    list.add(10-i, i);
}

System.out.print(list.get(3) + " ");
System.out.println(list.get(7));
```

**QUESTION 18**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 533021      B. 120335  
C. 533021      D. 12035  
E. 201335

```
int[] a = {1, 2, 0, 3, 3, 5};
String s = "";
for(int i : a){
    s += a[i];
}
System.out.println(s);
```

**QUESTION 19**

What is output by the following client code?

B child = new B(5);

- A. 656      B. 5  
C. 6      D. 56  
E. 65

```
class A{
    public A(int chop){
        chop++;
        System.out.print(chop);
    }
}

class B extends A{
    public B(int chop){
        super(chop);
        System.out.println(chop);
    }
}
```

**QUESTION 20**

What is output by the code to the right?

- A. 1
- B. 126
- C. 523
- D. 28
- E. 94

```
int[][] ch = new int[10][10];
ch[0][0] = 1;

for(int i = 1; i < 10; i++){
    for(int k = 0; k <= i; k++){
        ch[i][k] = ch[i-1][k];
        if( k != 0 ){
            ch[i][k] += ch[i-1][k-1];
        }
    }
}

System.out.println(ch[9][4]);
```

**QUESTION 21**

What output by the following client code?

```
int[] x = {0, 0, 2, 2};
int[] y = {0, 2, 2, 0};
System.out.println(myst(x,y));
```

- A. 5.0
- B. 3.0
- C. 2.0
- D. 4.0
- E. 1.0

```
public double myst(int[] x, int[] y)
{
    int area = 0;
    int N = x.length;
    for(int i = 1; i+1<N; i++)
    {
        double x1 = x[i] - x[0];
        double y1 = y[i] - y[0];
        double x2 = x[i+1] - x[0];
        double y2 = y[i+1] - y[0];
        double cross = x1*y2 - x2*y1;
        area += cross;
    }
    return Math.abs(area/2.0);
}
```

**QUESTION 22**

What output by the following client code?

```
int[] x2 = {5, 8, 7};
int[] y2 = {6, 12, 6};
System.out.println(myst(x2,y2));
```

- A. 10.0
- B. 8.0
- C. 6.0
- D. 4.0
- E. 1.0

**QUESTION 23**

What replaces **<\*1>** in the code to the right to return the set of keys of p?

- A. `keySet()`
- B. `keys()`
- C. `getKeys()`
- D. `listKeys()`
- E. None of the above

**QUESTION 24**

Assuming that **<\*1>** has been filled correctly, what is output by the following client code?

```
int[] v = {1,5,3,10,2};
int[] c = {2,2,1,2,1};
System.out.println(find(v,c));
```

- A. 1            B. 22            C. 15
- D. 17           E. 19

**QUESTION 25**

Assuming value and cost both has n elements, what is the worst case runtime of the code to the right ?

- A.  $O(N)$
- B.  $O(N\log N)$
- C.  $O(N^2)$
- D.  $O(2^N)$
- E.  $O(N!)$

**QUESTION 26**

What is returned by the method call `knuth("ABAB")` ?

- A. 2            B. 3            C. 4
- D. 5            E. 0

**QUESTION 27**

What is returned by the method call `knuth("BCABCAB")` ?

- A. 2            B. 3            C. 4
- D. 5            E. 1

**QUESTION 28**

What is returned by the method call `knuth("ABCDAB")` ?

- A. 2            B. 3            C. 4
- D. 5            E. -1

```
public int find(int[] value, int[] cost)
{
    TreeMap<Integer, Integer> p;
    p = new TreeMap<Integer,Integer>();
    int n = value.length;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        Integer x = p.get(cost[i]);
        if(x == null)
            p.put(cost[i], value[i]);
        else
            p.put(cost[i], value[i] + x);
    }
    int[] keys = new int[p.size()];
    int u=0;
    for(int key:p.<*1>)
        keys[u++] = key;

    int[] cu = new int[keys.length];
    cu[0] = p.get(keys[0]);
    for(int i = 1; i < cu.length; i++){
        cu[i] = p.get(keys[i]);
        cu[i] += cu[i-1];
    }
    int ans = 0;
    for(int j = 0; j < cu.length; j++){
        int curr = cu[j] - keys[j];
        ans = Math.max(ans, curr);
    }
    return ans;
}
```

```
public static int knuth(String str)
{
    int N = str.length();
    int[] F = new int[N+1];
    char[] S = str.toCharArray();
    int at = 0;
    for(int i = 2; i < N; i++){
        while(at > 0 && S[i-1] != S[at])
            at = F[at];
        if(S[i-1] == S[at])
            F[i] = ++at;
    }
    at = 0;
    for(int i = 1; i < N; i++){
        while(at > 0 && S[at] != S[i])
            at = F[at];
        if(S[at] == S[i])
            at++;
    }
    return N-at;
}
```

**QUESTION 29**

What is output by the following client code?

```
int[][] can = {{0,1,0,0,0},
               {0,0,1,0,0},
               {0,0,0,1,0},
               {0,0,0,0,1},
               {0,0,0,0,0}};

new Dag(can);
```

A. 13240   B. 23450   C. 12340   D. 01234   E. 43210

**QUESTION 30**

What is output by the following client code?

```
int[][] can = {{0,1,1,0,0},
               {0,0,0,0,1},
               {0,0,0,1,1},
               {0,0,0,0,0},
               {0,0,0,0,0}};

new Dag(can);
```

A. 21200   B. 41320   C. 43210   D. 12340   E. 41302

**QUESTION 31**

What is the average case runtime of the code to the right assuming can is an n by n matrix ?

A.  $O(N)$                       B.  $O(N^2)$   
 C.  $O(N^3)$                     D.  $O(2^N)$   
 E.  $O(N!)$

**QUESTION 32**

Suppose that the function angry was instead implemented using the following psuedo-code.

```
public void angry(){
    while(true){
        let S =
            set of all values i such that !vis[i];
        if S is empty
            break;
        randomly pick a single j from S
        happy(j);
    }
}
```

What characteristic of can must be true such that new Dag(can) is deterministic and will return the same output everytime?

A. For every distinct pair i,j if can[i][j] is true, then can[j][i] is false.  
 B. can contains no more than n-1 1's  
 C. Each row of can contains at most one 1.  
 D. Each column of can contains at most one 1.  
 E. can contains at most n-1 1's and each row has at most one 1 and each column has at most one 1.

```
public class Dag{
    int c = 0, n = 0;
    int[][] can;
    boolean[] vis;
    int[] order;

    public Dag(int[][] can){
        this.can = can;
        n = can.length;
        vis = new boolean[n];
        order = new int[n];
        angry();
        String face = "";
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
            face += order[i];
        }
        System.out.println(face);
    }

    public void angry(){
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
            if(!vis[i])
                happy(i);
        }
    }

    public void happy(int i){
        vis[i] = true;
        for(int j = 0; j < n; j++){
            if(!vis[j] && can[i][j]==1)
                happy(j);
        }
        order[c++] = i;
    }
}
```

**QUESTION 33**

What replaces **<\*1>** in the code to the right so that the class Point uses the Comparable interface?

- A. uses
- B. implements
- C. tries
- D. extends
- E. is

```
class Point <*1> Comparable<Point>
{
    private int x, y;
    private static int id=0;

    public Point(int x, int y){
        this.x=x;
        this.y=y;
    }

    public int compareTo(Point p){
        if(y != p.y) return y - p.y;
        return x - p.x;
    }

    public String toString(){
        return "" + (id++);
    }
}
```

**QUESTION 34**

What sorting algorithm does the line marked line 1 implement?

- A. Merge Sort
- B. Bubble Sort
- C. Quick Sort
- D. Heap Sort
- E. Bogo Sort

**QUESTION 35**

Consider the code to the right. What is the output by the line marked line 2?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4

```
////////////////////////////////////
//client code
Point p1 = new Point(3,3);
Point p2 = new Point(2,3);
Point p3 = new Point(5,2);

ArrayList<Point> p;
p = new ArrayList<Point>();
p.add(p1);
p.add(p2);
p.add(p3);
```

**QUESTION 36**

Consider the code to the right. What is the output by the line marked line 3?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 0

```
HashSet<Point> s;
s = new HashSet<Point>(p);

Collections.sort(p);           //line 1
Iterator u = p.iterator();

System.out.println(u.next()); //line 2
Iterator v = s.iterator();

System.out.println(v.next()); //line 3
```

## QUESTION 37

What is returned by the method call `block(x)`?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4

```
public int block(int[] a)
{
    int left = -1;
    int max = 0;
    int len = a.length;

    for(int i=0;i<len;i++){
        if(a[i] == 1){
            if(left == -1){
                left = i;
            }
        }else{
            if(left != -1){
                int right = i-1;
                int curr = right-left+1;
                max = Math.max(max, curr);
            }
            left = -1;
        }
    }
    return max;
}
```

## QUESTION 38

What is returned by the method call `block(y)`?

- A. 5
- B. 4
- C. 3
- D. 2
- E. 1

## QUESTION 39

What is returned by the method call `block(z)`?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 0

```
////////////////////////////////////
//client code
int[] x = {1, 1, 0, 1, 0};
int[] y = {1, 1, 0};
int[] z = {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1};
```

## QUESTION 40

What is returned by the method call `fix("BBBUGUG")`?

- A. B
- B. U
- C. BBUG
- D. BBBUGUG
- E. BUG

```
public String fix(String s)
{
    while(s.indexOf("BUG") != -1)
    {
        int i = s.indexOf("BUG");
        String a = s.substring(0, i);
        String b = s.substring(i+3);
        s = a + b;
    }
    return s;
}
```