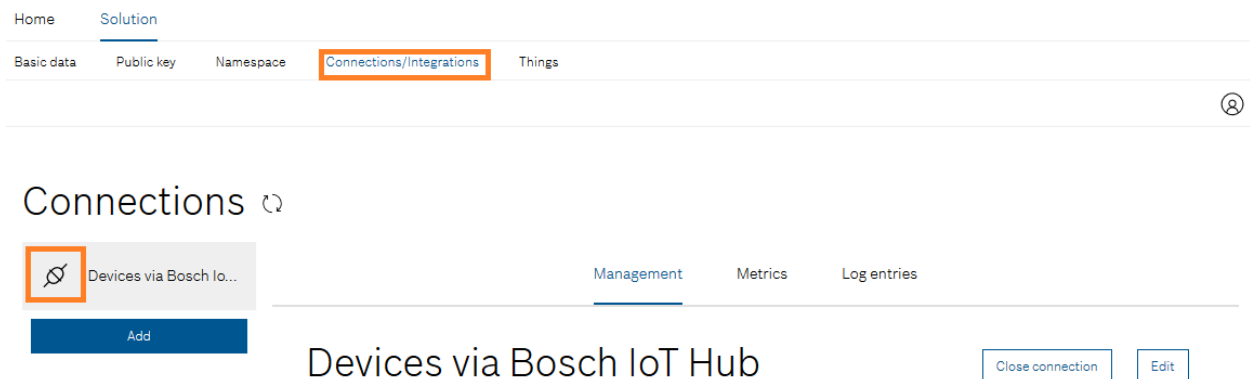


How to create a Java program that talks to the Bosch IoT Suite:

1. Book Asset Communication Package:

- a. <https://docs.bosch-iot-suite.com/asset-communication/Subscribe-a-package-instance.html>
- b. <https://docs.bosch-iot-suite.com/asset-communication/First-configuration-steps.html>
- c. <https://docs.bosch-iot-suite.com/asset-communication/Device-provisioning.html>
- d. Check the connection



2. Use Vorto to get the Bosch IoT Suite Plugin for a device. We use the Raspberry Pi one here:

- a. <https://vorto.eclipse.org/#/details/org.eclipse.vorto.tutorials:RaspberryPi:1.0.0>
- b. Download the Bosch IoT Suite Plugin
- c. Device provisioning
 - i. Download Postman (<https://www.getpostman.com/downloads/>)
 - ii. Download Source Code
 - iii. Create your Thing
 1. https://github.com/eclipse/vorto/blob/master/docs/tutorials/create_thing.md
 2. Save Device_ID, Auth_ID, password

3. Application

a. Configure App

```
private static final String HUB_ADAPTER_HOST = "ssl://mqtt.bosch-iot-hub.com:8883";  
  
private static final String TENANT_ID = "ADD TENANT ID HERE";  
  
private static final String DEVICE_ID = "ADD DEVICE ID HERE";  
  
private static final String AUTH_ID = "ADD AUTH ID HERE";  
  
private static final String DITTO_TOPIC = "ADD DITTO TOPIC HERE, e.g. com.mycompany/1234";  
  
private static final String DEVICE_PASSWORD = "ADD DEVICE PASSWORD HERE";  
  
private static final long SEND_INTERVAL_IN_SECONDS = 2;
```

- i. Device_ID, Auth_ID, password from Device provisioning
- ii. Tentant_ID: from Asset Communication package

AWS AssetComm

Suite for Asset Communication

Free

AWS Frankfurt (EU-1)

Active

Go to Dashboard

Show Credentials

Access Credentials

Gateway Runtimes

Show Details

[? Get Started](#) [Documentation](#)

- iii. Ditto_Topic = namespace/device_ID

b. Download <https://docs.bosch-iot-hub.com/cert/iothub.crt>

- i. Java: <project>/src/main/resources/iothub.crt

c. Change the code (example Code)

```
/**
 * Reads the location from the device
 */
private static Location readLocation() {
    Location location = new Location();
    //Status properties
    location.setLatitude(Math.round(new java.util.Random().nextFloat()*(float)100));
    location.setLongitude(Math.round(new java.util.Random().nextFloat()*(float)100));
    return location;
}
/**
 * Reads the battery from the device
 */
//dummy Value
public static float batteryValue = 100;

private static Battery readBattery() {
    Battery battery = new Battery();
    //Status properties
    Percentage percentage = new Percentage();
    batteryValue = (batteryValue -1);
    if(batteryValue<0) batteryValue = 100;

    percentage.setValue(batteryValue);
    battery.setRemainingCapacity(percentage);

    SensorValue sensorValue = new SensorValue();
    sensorValue.setCurrentMeasured(batteryValue);
    battery.setValue(sensorValue);
    //Configuration properties
    battery.setRemainingCapacityAmpHour(Math.round(new java.util.Random().nextFloat()*(float)100));
    return battery;
}
/**
 * Reads the cpuTemperature from the device
 */
private static Temperature readCpuTemperature() {
    Temperature cpuTemperature = new Temperature();
    //Status properties
    device.raspberrypi.model.datatypes.SensorValue sensorValue = new SensorValue();
    sensorValue.setCurrentMeasured(Math.round(new java.util.Random().nextFloat()*(float)100));
    sensorValue.setMaxMeasured(100);
    sensorValue.setMinMeasured(0);

    cpuTemperature.setValue(sensorValue);
    return cpuTemperature;
}
```

d. Run Maven Clean + Maven Install

4. Run your Code

5. Monitor your Thing

- a. <https://apidocs.bosch-iot-suite.com/?urls.primaryName=Bosch%20IoT%20Things%20-%20API%20v2>
- b. Authorize with your OAuth 2.0 Token

Available authorizations



bearerAuth (http, Bearer)

A JSON Web Token issued by a supported OAuth 2.0 Identity Provider.

Value:

Authorize

Close

c. Search your thing

1 Things Manage every Thing



A Thing is a generic entity and is mostly used to cluster multiple Features and manage the access to the data and functionality the Thing represents. A Thing may have additional meta data (Attributes) that describes the Thing in more detail. A Thing is restricted to a maximum size of 100 kB.

2 GET /things List all available Things

Returns all Things passed in by the required parameter ids. Optionally you can use field selectors (see parameter fields) to only get the specified fields.

Parameters 3 Try it out

Parameters		Cancel
Name	Description	
ids * required string (query)	Contains a comma separated list of thingIds to retrieve in one single request.	
ids - Contains a comma separated list of `thir		

Code Details

200

Response body

```
{
  "attributes": {
    "thingName": "RaspberryPi",
    "definition": "org.eclipse.vorto.tutorials:RaspberryPi:1.0.0"
  },
  "features": {
    "cpuTemperature": {
      "definition": [
        "org.eclipse.vorto:Temperature:1.0.0"
      ],
      "properties": {
        "configuration": {},
        "status": {
          "value": {
            "currentMeasured": 10,
            "minMeasured": -10,
            "maxMeasured": 100
          }
        }
      }
    },
    "location": {
      "definition": [
        "org.eclipse.vorto:Location:1.0.0"
      ],
      "properties": {
        "configuration": {},
        "status": {
          "latitude": 86,
          "longitude": 56
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Response headers

content-type: application/json

Download

6. Optional

- a. Transfer application to your Raspberry Pi
- b. Build a runnable jar file
- c. Add this code to your pom.xml

```
<project ...>

...
  <build>
    <plugins>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
        <artifactId>maven-jar-plugin</artifactId>
        <version>2.2</version>
        <!-- nothing here -->
      </plugin>
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
        <artifactId>maven-assembly-plugin</artifactId>
        <version>2.2-beta-4</version>
        <configuration>
          <descriptorRefs>
            <descriptorRef>jar-with-dependencies</descriptorRef>
          </descriptorRefs>
          <archive>
            <manifest>

<mainClass>device.raspberrypi.RaspberryPiApp</mainClass>
          </manifest>
          </archive>
        </configuration>
        <executions>
          <execution>
            <phase>package</phase>
            <goals>
              <goal>single</goal>
            </goals>
          </execution>
        </executions>
      </plugin>
    </plugins>
  </build>
</project>
```

- d. Test your jar file
 - i. `java -jar raspberrypi-app-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT-jar-with-dependencies.jar`
- e. Transfer your jar file to your raspberry pi

- i. E.g with puTTY
 - f. Run your application
- 7. Use the demo Dashboard to monitor
https://github.com/eclipse/vorto/blob/master/docs/tutorials/create_webapp_dashboard.md

Finish line. Create your own application

- 1) Create your own Vorto Model
 - a) https://github.com/eclipse/vorto/blob/master/docs/tutorials/describe_device-in-5min.md
- 2) Build your application