

# Kersten Computational Vision Lab

The Computational Vision Lab combines computational theory with behavioral and brain image experiments to understand how we see the world around us. Read more about our [research](#) and [publications](#).

## Recent Publications

Vizioli, L., De Martino, F., Petro, L. S., Kersten, D., Ugurbil, K., Yacoub, E., & Muckli, L. (2019). Multivoxel pattern of blood oxygen level dependent activity can be sensitive to stimulus specific fine scale responses. *bioRxiv*. <https://doi.org/10.1101/798306>

Peterson, L. M., Kersten, D. J., & Mannion, D. J. (2018). Surface curvature from kinetic depth can affect lightness. *Journal of Experimental Psychology: Human Perception and Performance*, 44(12), 1856. <https://doi.org/10.1037/xhp0000575>

Morgenstern, Y., & Kersten, D. J. (2017). The perceptual dimensions of natural dynamic flow. *Journal of Vision*, 17(12), 7–7. <https://doi.org/10.1167/17.12.7>

## High-impact publications

Kersten, D., Mamassian, P., & Yuille, A. (2004). Object perception as bayesian inference. *Annu. Rev. Psychol.*, 55, 271–304. <https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev.psych.55.090902.142005>

Yuille, A., & Kersten, D. (2006). Vision as bayesian inference: Analysis by synthesis? *Trends in Cognitive Sciences*, 10(7), 301–308. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tics.2006.05.002>

Murray, S. O., Kersten, D., Olshausen, B. A., Schrater, P., & Woods, D. L. (2002). Shape perception reduces activity in human primary visual cortex.

*Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 99(23), 15164–15169.  
<https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.192579399>

Murray, S. O., Boyaci, H., & Kersten, D. (2006a). The representation of perceived angular size in human primary visual cortex. *Nature Neuroscience*, 9(3), 429–434. <https://doi.org/10.1038/nn1641>