Rendszevelmelet 2H

HOMOGENITAS 1, Pelda U1 -> (Q(U1)= 12e - E(t) 3U1 -> (Bu1)=? ((3U1)=3.4(U1)=3. - P(42) # U2 -> P(U2) = 4,5 · e € ε(t) 1/b-1 Uz 242 -> 4(242)=? 4(242)=24(42)=2.45e51. &(341+242)? P(341+242) = P(341) + P(24 Q(341+242) =36e-t. E(t) + 9e-5t E(t) 1/0, 341+242 2, Pelda Dist alt ala vos als delevas a: (Nem los sairon X = Ax + By 7 $\dot{X}_1 = 5X_1 + 2X_3 + 34$ y = Cx + Du 5 $\dot{\chi}_{1} = -3\lambda_{2} + 2.3 \times_{3}$ 2/a, Marnes megadisa: $\dot{X}_{2} = -5\dot{X}_{1} - 2\dot{X}_{3} + 4$ $B = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & x_1 \\ 0 & x_2 \end{pmatrix}$ D=[-4/9] $y = 2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 - 44$ LD a equit lite y capalet lan Hangsier Spreyel 4 as Tout as X1 5x somerel X, corenteteben. experleté len. 2/6: Van - e ssakodas a sendser ugrasvaloraban? LD Van, were D = O. Alt.: Ha D= O => Ø Szobodás, Rul önben var (9 = Cx + ba) En or ilt. oles => D=0, wer ven seemel or expelly len ! (Dor a en.-ja) 3/a, Mis a rendsen sagnitarté lei? det (SI-A)=0 (Ez estribales a vateralisaban homalitors det (A-1 meg oldersal)

3/C, Benever 4* => X1, X2, y*? X1 = -1×1 + 5×2 + OU Za est natricollère o limento à 8: $\hat{X}_2 = 0 \times 1 - 3 \times 2 + 2 \text{ M}$ y = X1 +2 X2+QX Contraction obsolute & Megaldos Esset (X1, X2) teggis 0- val eggelőve, X1, X2, 4-t sailjis X1 belte-20 ma. $0 = -1 \times_{1}^{*} + 5 \times_{2}^{*} + 5 \times_{2}^{*}$ $0 = -3 \times_{2}^{*} + 2 \times_{1}^{*}$ $0 = -3 \times_{2}^{*} + 2 \times_{1}^{*}$ $0 = -3 \times_{2}^{*} + 2 \times_{1}^{*}$ $0 = -3 \times_{2}^{*} + 2 \times_{1}^{*}$ $y^* = x_1^* + 2x_2^* + b$ $y^* = x_1^* + 2x_2^* = 5 \cdot \frac{2}{3} y^* + 2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} y^* = \frac{14}{3}$ $5x_{2}$ 2. $\frac{2}{3}$ 4* Tehat 4 Levert selen 3/d, Van-e szakodás oz legrós valesban?

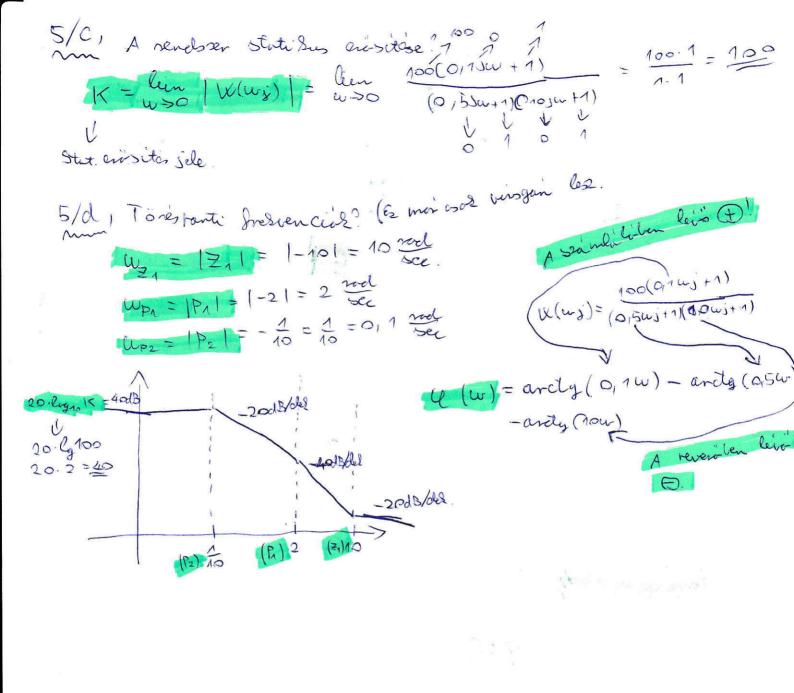
LS Ninos, mert D=0 (y egyenletében dott oz a) rineret 144 x 4. Pelda 1. Pendrer Sajuterelei (-10) - 9,0309; -1) 2. Peneborer sognitarté lei : (-0,1,-0,0667,-0,05) 4/a, Stilled? Lo I gen, ment a sajatanté bel @ volis al 4/b. Melyik sends sen a oyonsall? 1, (-10, -9,0909, -1)

Idviollando 3: +105 - 1 = 15 = 1 = 15 K A Eylas rubb Sell (abs. extellen a legnaggold), er adja a rendsen Schesseget (Srik beestvelset). (-1 recens) + Megreggies Kompler sam esten vak a volis rest virs galjis!! 2. leubrer (-0,1,-0,0667,-0,05) 20>1=> Az első serdoen ggorsall, 20x.

4. Pelda: + Peldir gyasonlin seyn a) 1, (-10-5) }, -10+5); -15) => Stobie, minden volos ses 0! 2, (-0,1, +0,2, -15) => [Instable; next & valis van benne.] 1: Gyorsasog: Valis rest nord osci!

-10 -> -1 = 1 = 0,066

-15 => -1 = 15 10 = 100 => 100 + Gyorsall an Egy ostastie sampen vegaandlate. Nengivel regodt or cops a sistrict. $0_{12} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{0_{12}} = -\frac{1}{0_{12}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{10}} = 5$ 5. Pelda (1. lebetőseg) Rendsser atutele W(su) = 10 5/a) Messora a rendser statishes crasitése? lun | W(sw) = lin 200 - 10 = 10 = SA rendrer ensitée 10x - es LD, Statish => alul w = 0, Ebbil adidoan telat: 5/b, Mellera a finistolisa? ?: [LDO, hert @ valos. Ha @ leune, obser - 180° = - 71. (100 => Korera sites rue beseliere 0 => 11-5/a/Keegesits. Ha a w-so ((ws)) = (Kies when: State has enistes. 5/a: Polisos? Derusos? 5 Pelda (2. lelető seg) $W = \frac{100(0113w+1)}{(0.53w+1)(03w+1)}$ LA Zémos: 0,150+1=10=> X=-10=Ska LA (015/10+1)=0=> 015/10=-1 => 310=-1 Polisol: 5/b-, Pohos/Zerasal idoallandor LD (10)w+1)=0 100w=-1=>jw=-10=P2 7= 1 -10 0 1 Sec Meyjegyzes Tores porti helveria = or adott sens vogs volos
abs. estesevel. $\frac{1}{T_1 - P_1} = -\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{10} = 1080c.$



Hel James