## **GEOMETRIC DISTRIBUTION**

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CODE FOR VARYING p
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import pyplot
x = \prod
for i in range(1,15):
  x.append(i)
y=[]*10
p = 0.2
for i in range(5):
  y=[]
  for j in range(len(x)):
     num= (p)*((1-p)**(x[j]-1))
     y.append(num)
  plt.bar(x,y,label='p={}'.format(p))
  p=p+0.2
plt.legend()
CODE FOR MEAN AND VARIANCE for p=0.2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
p=np.arange(0.2,1,0.1)
mean=(1)/(p)
var=(1-p)/(p*p)
plt.plot(p,mean,label='mean p=0.2')
plt.plot(p,var,label='varinace p=0.2')
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plt.legend()
CENTRAL LIMIT THEOREM VERIFICATION
p = 0.2
ns=10
for i in range(4):
  samplemean=[]
  for j in range(ns):
    sum=0
    x = np.random.geometric(0.2,n)
    for k in x:
       sum=sum+k
    samplemean.append(sum/n)
  fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize =(10, 7))
  ax.hist(samplemean, bins ='auto')
  plt.title("NUMBER OF SAMPLES ={}".format(ns))
  plt.show()
  ns=ns*10
```