

## **Bellman Ford Algorithm:**

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

struct Edge {
    int u;
    int v;
    int w;
};

struct Graph {
    int V;
    int E;
    struct Edge* edge;
};

struct Graph* createGraph(int V, int E) {
    struct Graph* graph = new Graph;
    graph->V = V;
    graph->E = E;
    graph->edge = new Edge[E];
    return graph;
}

void printArr(int arr[], int size) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void BellmanFord(struct Graph* graph, int u) {
    int V = graph->V;
    int E = graph->E;
```

```

int dist[V];
for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
    dist[i] = INT_MAX;
dist[u] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= V - 1; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < E; j++) {
        int u = graph->edge[j].u;
        int v = graph->edge[j].v;
        int w = graph->edge[j].w;
        if (dist[u] != INT_MAX && dist[u] + w < dist[v])
            dist[v] = dist[u] + w;
    }
}
for (int i = 0; i < E; i++) {
    int u = graph->edge[i].u;
    int v = graph->edge[i].v;
    int w = graph->edge[i].w;
    if (dist[u] != INT_MAX && dist[u] + w < dist[v]) {
        printf("Graph contains negative w cycle");
        return;
    }
}
printArr(dist, V);
return;
}

int main() {
    int V = 5;
    int E = 8;
    struct Graph* graph = createGraph(V, E);
    graph->edge[0].u = 0;

```

```
graph->edge[0].v = 1;
graph->edge[0].w = 5;
graph->edge[1].u = 0;
graph->edge[1].v = 2;
graph->edge[1].w = 4;
graph->edge[2].u = 1;
graph->edge[2].v = 3;
graph->edge[2].w = 3;
graph->edge[3].u = 2;
graph->edge[3].v = 1;
graph->edge[3].w = 6;
graph->edge[4].u = 3;
graph->edge[4].v = 2;
graph->edge[4].w = 2;
BellmanFord(graph, 0);
return 0;
}
```

## OUTPUT:

```
0 5 4 8 2147483647
```

```
-----
```

```
Process exited after 0.06109 seconds with return value 0
```

```
Press any key to continue . . . ■
```

### Activity Selection:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

struct Activity {
    int start, end;
};

bool compare(Activity a, Activity b) {
    return (a.end < b.end);
}

void printMaxActivities(Activity arr[], int n) {
    sort(arr, arr + n, compare);
    cout << "Following activities are selected: \n";
    int i = 0;
    cout << "(" << arr[i].start << ", " << arr[i].end << ")", ";
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
        if (arr[j].start >= arr[i].end) {
            cout << "(" << arr[j].start << ", " << arr[j].end << ")", ";
            i = j;
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    Activity arr[] = {{5, 9}, {1, 2}, {3, 4}, {0, 6}, {5, 7}, {8, 9}};
    int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    printMaxActivities(arr, n);
    return 0;
}
```

## OUTPUT:

```
Following activities are selected:  
(1, 2), (3, 4), (5, 7), (8, 9),  
-----  
Process exited after 0.05817 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

## Huffman Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include<malloc.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAX_TREE_HT 50
struct MinHNode {
    unsigned freq;
    char item;
    struct MinHNode *left, *right;
};
struct MinH {
    unsigned size;
    unsigned capacity;
    struct MinHNode **array;
};
struct MinHNode *newNode(char item, unsigned freq) {
    struct MinHNode *temp = (struct MinHNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct MinHNode));
    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
    temp->item = item;
    temp->freq = freq;
    return temp;
}
struct MinH *createMinH(unsigned capacity) {
    struct MinH*minHeap = (struct MinH*)malloc(sizeof(struct MinH));
    minHeap->size = 0;
    minHeap->capacity = capacity;
    minHeap->array = (struct MinHNode **)malloc(minHeap->capacity * sizeof(struct MinHNode *));
    return minHeap;
}
```

```

void printArray(int arr[], int n)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        cout << arr[i];
    cout << "\n";
}

void swapMinHNode(struct MinHNode **a, struct MinHNode **b) {
    struct MinHNode *t = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = t;
}

void minHeapify(struct MinH *minHeap, int idx) {
    int smallest = idx;
    int left = 2 * idx + 1;
    int right = 2 * idx + 2;
    if (left < minHeap->size && minHeap->array[left]->freq < minHeap->array[smallest]->freq)
        smallest = left;
    if (right < minHeap->size && minHeap->array[right]->freq < minHeap->array[smallest]->freq)
        smallest = right;
    if (smallest != idx) {
        swapMinHNode(&minHeap->array[smallest], &minHeap->array[idx]);
        minHeapify(minHeap, smallest);
    }
}

int checkSizeOne(struct MinH *minHeap) {
    return (minHeap->size == 1);
}

struct MinHNode *extractMin(struct MinH *minHeap) {
    struct MinHNode *temp = minHeap->array[0];

```



```

minHeap->array[0] = minHeap->array[minHeap->size - 1];
--minHeap->size;
minHeapify(minHeap, 0);
return temp;
}

void insertMinHeap(struct MinH *minHeap, struct MinHNode *minHeapNode) {
++minHeap->size;
int i = minHeap->size - 1;
while (i && minHeapNode->freq < minHeap->array[(i - 1) / 2]->freq) {
minHeap->array[i] = minHeap->array[(i - 1) / 2];
i = (i - 1) / 2;
}
minHeap->array[i] = minHeapNode;
}

void buildMinHeap(struct MinH *minHeap) {
int n = minHeap->size - 1;
int i;
for (i = (n - 1) / 2; i >= 0; --i)
minHeapify(minHeap, i);
}

int isLeaf(struct MinHNode *root) {
return !(root->left) && !(root->right);
}

struct MinH *createAndBuildMinHeap(char item[], int freq[], int size) {
struct MinH *minHeap = createMinH(size);
for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i)
minHeap->array[i] = newNode(item[i], freq[i]);
minHeap->size = size;
buildMinHeap(minHeap);
return minHeap;
}

```

```

}

struct MinHNode *buildHfTree(char item[], int freq[], int size) {
    struct MinHNode *left, *right, *top;
    struct MinH *minHeap = createAndBuildMinHeap(item, freq, size);
    while (!checkSizeOne(minHeap)) {
        left = extractMin(minHeap);
        right = extractMin(minHeap);
        top = newNode('$', left->freq + right->freq);
        top->left = left;
        top->right = right;
        insertMinHeap(minHeap, top);
    }
    return extractMin(minHeap);
}

void printHCodes(struct MinHNode *root, int arr[], int top) {
    if (root->left) {
        arr[top] = 0;
        printHCodes(root->left, arr, top + 1);
    }
    if (root->right) {
        arr[top] = 1;
        printHCodes(root->right, arr, top + 1);
    }
    if (isLeaf(root)) {
        cout << root->item << " | ";
        printArray(arr, top);
    }
}

```

```

void HuffmanCodes(char item[], int freq[], int size) {
    struct MinHNode *root = buildHfTree(item, freq, size);
    int arr[MAX_TREE_HT], top = 0;
    printHCodes(root, arr, top);
}

int main() {
    char arr[] = {'A', 'B', 'C', 'D'};
    int freq[] = {5, 1, 6, 3};
    int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    cout << "Char | Huffman code ";
    cout << "\n-----\n";
    HuffmanCodes(arr, freq, size);
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
Char | Huffman code
-----
C | 0
B | 100
D | 101
A | 11
-----
Process exited after 0.07452 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . ■
```

## Matrix Chain Multiplication:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

int MatrixChainOrder(int p[], int i, int j)
{
    if (i == j)
        return 0;

    int k;

    int mini = INT_MAX;

    int count;

    for (k = i; k < j; k++)
    {
        count = MatrixChainOrder(p, i, k) + MatrixChainOrder(p, k + 1, j) + p[i - 1] * p[k] * p[j];
        mini = min(count, mini);
    }

    return mini;
}

int main()
{
    int arr[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 3 };

    int N = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

    cout << "Minimum number of multiplications is "<<MatrixChainOrder(arr,1,N-1);

    return 0;
}
```

## OUTPUT:

```
Minimum number of multiplications is 30
-----
Process exited after 0.07208 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```