

- Q: If  $P(A) = 0.4$ ,  $P(B) = 0.8$  and  $P(B|A) = 0.6$ , then  $P(A \cup B)$  is equal to
- (A) 0.24
  - (B) 0.3
  - (C) 0.48
  - (D) 0.96

**Solution:** : Given,

$$\Pr(A) = 0.4 \quad (1)$$

$$\Pr(B) = 0.8 \quad (2)$$

$$\Pr(B|A) = 0.6 \quad (3)$$

We know that,

$$\Pr(B|A) = \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(A)} \quad (4)$$

Therefore,

$$\Pr(AB) = \Pr(B|A) \Pr(A) \quad (5)$$

$$= (0.6)(0.4) \quad (6)$$

$$= 0.24 \quad (7)$$

$$\Pr(A + B) = \Pr(A) + \Pr(B) - \Pr(AB) \quad (8)$$

$$= 0.4 + 0.8 - 0.24 \quad (9)$$

$$= 0.96 \quad (10)$$

Hence, option (D) 0.96 is the correct option.