

Bayesian ML Project

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1 State space formulation

Equations from the paper

$$y_t = \mu_t + \gamma_t + z_t^a o_t + (1 - z_t^a) \varepsilon_t$$

$$\mu_t = \mu_{t-1} + \delta_{t-1} + z_t^c r_t + (1 - z_t^c) u_t$$

$$\delta_t = \delta_{t-1} + v_t$$

$$\gamma_t = - \sum_{s=1}^S \gamma_{t-s} + w_t$$

State space equations

$$y_t = Z_t \alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t$$

$$\alpha_{t+1} = T_t \alpha_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t (1 - C_t) \xi_t$$

$$o_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, H_t^o)$$

$$\varepsilon_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, H_t^\varepsilon)$$

$$\eta_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, Q_t^\eta)$$

$$\xi_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, Q_t^\xi)$$

Where

$$\alpha_t = (\mu_t, \delta_t, \gamma_t, \gamma_{t-1}, \dots, \gamma_{t-S+2})^T$$

$$A_t = z_t^a \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p_a)$$

$$C_t = z_t^c \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p_c)$$

$$\eta_t = (r_t, v_t, w_t)$$

$$\xi_t = (u_t, v_t, w_t)$$

$$Z_t = (1, 0, 1, 0, \dots, 0)$$

$$T_t = \text{diag}(T_\mu, T_\gamma)$$

$$T_\mu = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_\gamma = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & \dots & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R = \text{diag}(R_\mu, R_\gamma)$$

$$R_\mu = I_2$$

$$R_\gamma = (1, 0, \dots, 0)^T$$

$$H_t^o = \sigma_o^2$$

$$H^\varepsilon = \sigma_\varepsilon^2$$

$$Q^\eta = \text{diag}(\sigma_r^2, \sigma_v^2, \sigma_w^2)$$

$$Q^\xi = \text{diag}(\sigma_u^2, \sigma_v^2, \sigma_w^2)$$

2 Kalman Filter

$$a_{t|t} = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_t)$$

$$a_{t+1} = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_{t+1} | Y_t)$$

$$P_{t|t} = \text{Var}(\alpha_t | Y_t)$$

$$P_{t+1} = \text{Var}(\alpha_{t+1} | Y_t)$$

$$v_t = y_t - \mathbb{E}(y_t | Y_{t-1}) = y_t - \mathbb{E}(Z_t \alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t | Y_{t-1}) = y_t - Z_t a_t$$

$$a_{t|t} = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_t) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_{t-1}, v_t)$$

$$a_{t+1} = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_{t+1} | Y_t) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_{t+1} | Y_{t-1}, v_t)$$

Lemma 1

$$\text{If } (x, y) = \mathcal{N}((\mu_x, \mu_y), \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma_{xx} & \Sigma_{xy} \\ \Sigma_{xy}^T & \Sigma_{yy} \end{pmatrix})$$

$$\text{Then } p(x|y) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbb{E}(x|y), \text{Var}(x|y)),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(x|y) = \mu_x + \Sigma_{xy} \Sigma_{yy}^{-1} (y - \mu_y)$$

$$\text{Var}(x|y) = \Sigma_{xx} - \Sigma_{xy} \Sigma_{yy}^{-1} \Sigma_{xy}^T$$

Apply Lemma 1 for $x = \alpha_t | Y_{t-1}$ and $y = v_t | Y_{t-1}$

$$\text{Then } a_{t|t} = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_{t-1}) + \text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_t) [\text{Var}(v_t)]^{-1} v_t = a_t + P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} v$$

$$\text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_t) = \mathbb{E}[\alpha_t (Z_t \alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t - Z_t a_t)^T | Y_{t-1}] = \mathbb{E}[\alpha_t (\alpha_t - a_t)^T Z_t^T | Y_{t-1}] = P_t Z_t^T$$

$$P_t = \mathbb{E}[\alpha_t (\alpha_t - a_t)^T | Y_{t-1}] = \mathbb{E}[(\alpha_t - a_t)(\alpha_t - a_t)^T | Y_{t-1}] + a_t \mathbb{E}[(\alpha_t - a_t)^T] = \text{Var}(\alpha_t | Y_{t-1})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
F_t &= \text{Var}(v_t|Y_{t-1}) = \text{Var}(Z_t\alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t)\varepsilon_t - Z_t a_t|Y_{t-1}) \\
F_t &= \mathbb{E}(Z_t(\alpha_t - a_t)(\alpha_t - a_t)^T Z_t^T | Y_{t-1}) + \mathbb{E}[(A_t o_t + (1 - A_t)\varepsilon_t)(A_t o_t + (1 - A_t)\varepsilon_t)^T] = Z_t P_t Z_t^T + p_t^a H_t^o + [1 - p_t^a] H_t^\varepsilon \\
a_{t|t} &= a_t + P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} v_t \\
P_{t|t} &= \text{Var}(\alpha_t|Y_t) = \text{Var}(\alpha_t|Y_{t-1}, v_t) = \text{Var}(\alpha_t|Y_{t-1}) - \text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_t)[\text{Var}(v_t)]^{-1} \text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_t)^T = \\
&P_t - P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} Z_t P_t \\
a_{t+1} &= \mathbb{E}(T_t \alpha_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t(1 - C_t)\xi_t | Y_t) = T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_t) = T_t a_{t|t} = T_t a_t + K_t v_t \\
K_t &= T_t P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} \\
P_{t+1} &= \text{Var}(T_t \alpha_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t(1 - C_t)\xi_t | Y_t) = T_t \text{Var}(\alpha_t | Y_t) T_t^T + R_t [p_t^c Q_t^\eta + (1 - p_t^c) Q_t^\xi] R_t^T = T_t P_t [T_t^T - Z_t^T F_t^{-1} Z_t P_t T_t^T] + \\
&R_t [p_t^c Q_t^\eta + (1 - p_t^c) Q_t^\xi] R_t^T \\
K_t Z_t &= T_t P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} Z_t \\
(K_t Z_t)^T &= Z_t^T (F_t^{-1})^T Z_t P_t^T T_t^T \\
\text{KALMAN FILTER RECURSION} \\
v_t &= y_t - Z_t a_t \\
a_{t|t} &= a_t + P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} v_t \\
a_{t+1} &= T_t a_t + K_t v_t \\
F_t &= Z_t P_t Z_t^T + p_t^a H_t^o + [1 - p_t^a] H_t^\varepsilon \\
P_{t|t} &= P_t - P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} Z_t P_t \\
P_{t+1} &= T_t P_t (T_t^T - K_t Z_t) + R_t [p_t^c Q_t^\eta + (1 - p_t^c) Q_t^\xi] R_t^T
\end{aligned}$$

3 State estimation

$$\begin{aligned}
y_t &= Z_t \alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t \\
x_t &= \alpha_t - a_t \\
P_t &= \text{Var}(v_t) \\
v_t &= y_t - \mathbb{E}(y_t | Y_{t-1}) = y_t - Z_t a_t \\
v_t \text{'s are innovations (cannot be predicted from the past)} \\
v_t &= y_t - Z_t a_t = Z_t \alpha_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t - Z_t a_t = Z_t x_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t \\
a_{t+1} &= T_t a_t + K_t v_t - \text{from Kalman filter equations} \\
x_{t+1} &= \alpha_{t+1} - a_{t+1} = T_t \alpha_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t(1 - C_t) \xi_t - T_t a_t - K_t v_t = \\
&= T_t(\alpha_t - a_t) + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t(1 - C_t) \xi_t - K_t(Z_t x_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t) = \\
&= T_t x_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t(1 - C_t) \xi_t - K_t Z_t x_t - K_t(A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t) =
\end{aligned}$$

$$= L_t x_t + R_t C_t \eta_t + R_t (1 - C_t) \xi_t - K_t [A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t]$$

$$K_t = T_t P_t Z_t^T F_t^{-1} - \text{from Kalman filter}$$

$$L_t = T_t - K_t Z_t$$

Innovation analigue:

$$v_t = Z_t x_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t$$

$$x_{t+1} = L_t x_t + R_t \eta_t - K_t [A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t]$$

Recursion for P_{t+1} :

$$x_t = \alpha_t - a_t$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{t+1} &= \text{Var}(x_{t+1}) = \mathbb{E}[(\alpha_{t+1} - a_{t+1})x_{t+1}^T] = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_{t+1}x_{t+1}^T) = \\ &= \mathbb{E}[(T_t \alpha_t + R_t p_t^c \eta_t + R_t (1 - p_t^c) \xi_t)(L_t x_t + R_t p_t^c \eta_t + R_t (1 - p_t^c) \xi_t - K_t \varepsilon_t)^T] = \\ &= T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t x_t^T) L_t^T + p_t^c R_t \mathbb{E}(\eta_t x_t^T) L_t^T + (1 - p_t^c) R_t \mathbb{E}(\xi_t x_t^T) L_t^T + p_t^c T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t \eta_t^T) R_t^T + \\ &+ (1 - p_t^c) T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t \xi_t^T) R_t^T + p_t^c R_t Q_t^\eta R_t^T + (1 - p_t^c) R_t Q_t^\xi R_t^T - T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t \varepsilon_t) K_t^T = \\ &= T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t x_t^T) L_t^T + p_t^c R_t Q_t^\eta R_t^T + (1 - p_t^c) R_t Q_t^\xi R_t^T - T_t \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t \varepsilon_t) K_t^T = \\ &= T_t P_t L_t^T + p_t^c R_t Q_t^\eta R_t^T + (1 - p_t^c) R_t Q_t^\xi R_t^T \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Cov}(\eta_t, x_t) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(\xi_t, x_t) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(\eta_t, \alpha_t) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(\xi_t, \alpha_t) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(\varepsilon_t, \alpha_t) = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\alpha_t x_t^T) = \mathbb{E}[(\alpha_t - a_t)(\alpha_t - a_t)^T] + a_t \mathbb{E}[\alpha_t - a_t] = \text{Var}(\alpha_t) = P_t$$

So:

$$v_t = Z_t x_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t$$

$$x_{t+1} = L_t x_t + R_t \eta_t - K_t [A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t]$$

$$P_{t+1} = T_t P_t L_t^T + p_t^c R_t Q_t^\eta R_t^T + (1 - p_t^c) R_t Q_t^\xi R_t^T$$

4 Kalman Smoothing

$$\hat{\alpha}_t = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t | Y_n)$$

$$V_t = \text{Var}(\alpha_t | Y_n)$$

$$\alpha_1 = \mathcal{N}(a_1, P_1) - \text{our assumption}$$

$$v_t = y_t - Z_t a_t$$

$$v_{t:n} = (v_t^T, \dots, v_n^T)^T$$

If Y_{t-1} and $v_{t:n}$ are fixed, then Y_n is fixed

Apply Lemma 1 to $x = \alpha_t|Y_{t-1}$ and $y = v_{t:n}|Y_{t-1}$

v_t, \dots, v_n are independent of Y_{t-1} and of each other with zero means

$$x_t = \alpha_t - a_t$$

$$\hat{\alpha}_t = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t|Y_n) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t|Y_{t-1}, v_{t:n}) = a_t + \sum_{j=t}^n \text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_j) F_j^{-1} v_j$$

$$F_j = \text{Var}(v_j|Y_{t-1})$$

$$v_t = Z_t x_t + A_t o_t + (1 - A_t) \varepsilon_t$$

$$\text{Cov}(\alpha_t, v_j) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t v_j^T | Y_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_t (Z_j x_j + A_j o_j + (1 - A_j) \varepsilon_j)^T | Y_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\alpha_j x_j^T | T_{t-1}) Z_j^T$$

5 Kalman Smoothing Recurrent Equations

$$r_n = 0$$

$$N_n = 0$$

$$r_{t-1} = Z_t^T F_t^{-1} v_t + L_t^T r_t$$

$$\hat{\alpha}_t = a_t + P_t r_{t-1}$$

$$N_{t-1} = Z_t^T F_t^{-1} Z_t + L_t^T N_t L_t$$

$$V_t = P_t - P_t N_{t-1} P_t$$

where

v_t, F_t, K_t, a_t, P_t - from Kalman filter

$v_t = y_t - Z_t a_t$ - from Kalman filter

$$L_t = T_t - K_t Z_t$$