

Analytics Circle

Python Basics

- 1) Introduction to Python**
- 2) Features and Applications of Python**
- 3) Introduction to Anaconda/Jupyter**
- 4) Basics of Jupyter**
- 5) Defining variables and rules for naming a variable**
- 6) Data types in Python**
- 7) Types of Operators in Python**
- 8) print() method and its arguments**
- 9) input() method**
- 10) Strings**

- a) String indexing
- b) String slicing
- c) String methods I - upper, lower, title, capitalize
- d) String methods II - startswith, ends with, find, index, count
- e) String methods III - isupper, islower, isalpha, isdigit, isalnum,
- f) String methods IV - join, split, replace
- g) String immutability

11) Conditional Statements

- a) Understanding indentation
- b) **if**
- c) If-else
- d) If-elif
- e) If-elif-else
- f) Nested if

12) Loops

- a) What are Iterators/iterables?
- b) for loops
- c) range function
- d) while loops
- e) break, continue and pass statements
- f) for-else
- g) while-else

13) Pattern based problems

- a) Number patterns
- b) Alphabet patterns
- c) Shapes patterns
- d) Mixed patterns

14) User Defined function

- a) def keyword
- b) creating a function
- c) return keyword
- d) Function inside a function
- e) Recursion
- f) *args
- g) ** kwargs
- h) Practice problems on Functions

15) List in Python

- a) What is List - Definition and usage
- b) List indexing and slicing
- c) Mutable Lists
- d) Finding min, max and sum for a given list
- e) Iteration in Lists using for and while loops
- f) List methods I - append, extend, pop, insert
- g) List methods II - sort, reverse, clear, remove,
- h) List methods III - index, count
- i) List comprehension

16) Tuple in Python

- a) What is Tuple? - Definition and usage
- b) Tuple indexing and slicing
- c) Immutable Tuple
- d) Iteration in Tuple using for and while I
- e) Tuple methods - index and count

Python Basics

17) Set in Python

- a) What is Set? - Definition and usage
- b) Set methods I - union, difference, difference_update
- c) Set methods II - intersection, intersection_update
- d) Set methods III - discard, remove, pop, add, clear, update
- e) Set methods IV - symmetric_difference, symmetric_difference_update
- f) Set comprehension

18) Dictionary in Python

- a) What is Dictionary? - Definition and usage
- b) Iteration is dictionary using for and while loops
- c) Dictionary methods I - keys, values, items
- d) Dictionary methods II - get, pop,
- e) Dictionary methods III - update, popitem
- f) Dictionary comprehension
- g) Practice problems on list, tuple, set and dictionary

19) Inbuilt functions in Python

- a) Enumerate
- b) zip
- c) map
- d) reduce
- e) filter
- f) lambda function
- g) eval

20) Using fundamental modules in Python

- a) Math module
- b) Random module

Python Advance

1) Exception handling

- a) Difference between Errors and Exception
- b) What is an Exception?
- c) Understanding try-except-else blocks of code
- d) finally keyword
- e) Different types of exceptions
- f) Generating and handling exceptions

2) File Handling

- a) Opening and closing a file
- b) Reading .txt files in python
- c) Modes of opening a file - read, write, append
- d) Writing to a file
- e) Understanding file operations - read, readlines, seek, tell
- f) Reading .csv file in Python
- g) Data Analysis using File handling

3) Database connectivity with Sql Server or MongoDB

- a) Installing Sql Server or Mongo DB
- b) Select statements in SqlServer
- c) Understanding Fundamental Sql operations
- d) Creating and deleting a database
- e) Creating a table
- f) Insert, update and Delete operations in Sql
- g) Connecting Python with Sql Server / MongoDB
- h) Creating connection with Sql server/ Mongo Server using Python
- i) Creating cursors in Sql Server
- j) Executing CRUD operations using Python for data stored in table/collection

4) Advanced Modules

- a) Itertools module
 - i. Permutations
 - ii. Combinations
- b) Collections Module - Counter

5) DateTime Module in Python

- a) Working with date and time
- b) Year, Month, Date, day, time functions
- c) Hour, minutes, seconds functions
- d) Converting strings to date
- e) Converting date to strings
- f) Calculating difference between two dates

Python Advance

6) Object Oriented Programming

- a) Class and Objects
- b) Constructor `__init__`
- c) self keyword
- d) Variables inside class - Instance and static
- e) Types of Methods
 - i. Instance Methods
 - ii. Class methods
 - iii. Static methods
- f) Getter and setter methods
- g) Understanding Inheritance
- h) Types of Inheritance
 - i. Single Level
 - ii. Multi Level
 - iii. Hierarchical
 - iv. Multiple
- i) super method
- j) Method Overriding
- k) Method Overloading

7) Generators and Decorators

- a) yield keyword
- b) next keyword
- c) Understanding Generators
- d) Creating decorators with `@decorator_name`
- e) Using `*args` and `**kwargs` with decorators.

8) GUI in Python - Tkinter

- a) Importing Tkinter
- b) Understanding Tkinter Geometry
 - i. Grid
 - ii. Place
- c) Tkinter Widgets I - Labels, Button
- d) Event Binding with buttons
- e) Tkinter Widgets II - Radiobutton, Checkbox
- f) Event Binding with Radiobutton and Checkbox
- g) Tkinter Widgets III - Scale, Dropdown
- h) Event Binding with Scale and Dropdown

9) Common Python based Interview questions

Data Science

1) Statistics

- a) What is Statistics?
- b) What is Data?
- c) Types of data
 - i. Qualitative Data
 - ii. Nominal and ordinal Data
 - iii. Quantitative Data
 - iv. Discrete and Continuous
- d) Population and Sample
- e) Measures of Central Tendency
 - i. Mean
 - ii. Median
 - iii. Mode
- f) Measure of Dispersion
 - i. Variance
 - ii. Standard Deviation
 - iii. Range
 - iv. IQR
- g) Uni-variate Data Analysis
- h) Bi-variate Data Analysis
 - i. Covariance
 - ii. Correlation
 - iii. Difference between Covariance and Correlation

2) Numpy

Numpy Array and fundamental concepts

- a) Numpy Array
- b) Array of zeros
- c) Array of ones

- d) Identity matrix
- e) Shape of an array/matrix
- f) Changing data type of an array
- g) Linear Space and Log Space
- h) Methods of Creating Numpy Array
 - i. np.array()
 - ii. Converting lists to array
 - iii. Creating array using arrange() function
- i) Reshape function of numpy array
- j) Random module in numpy
 - i. np.random.randint()
 - ii. np.random.random()
 - iii. np.random.rand()
 - iv. np.random.choice()

Numpy Indexing and Slicing

- a) Numpy indexing
 - i. Indexing on 1D array
 - ii. Indexing on 2D array
 - iii. Indexing on 3D

array b) Numpy slicing

- i. Slicing on 1D array
- ii. Slicing on 2D array
- iii. Slicing on 3D array

Numpy Array operations

- a) Operations on Numpy array
 - i. Adding scalar value to each and every array value
 - ii. Adding scalar value row wise
 - iii. Adding scalar value column wise
 - iv. Adding array of same dimension
- b) Numpy array functions
 - i. np.sum() - with different axis value
 - ii. np.max()
 - iii. np.min()
 - iv. np.argmin()
 - v. np.argmax()
 - vi. np.sort()

- vii. np.where()
- viii. np.extract()
- ix. np.append()
- x. np.insert()
- xi. np.delete()

- c) Adding a new row/column to an array
- d) Deleting a row/column from an array
- e) Iterating over numpy array using np.nditer
- f) Array Flatten
- g) Matrix Multiplication
- h) Matrix Transpose

Linear Algebra in Numpy

- a) Finding Determinant, and Trace of a Matrix
- b) Finding Inverse of a matrix
- c) Solving Linear Equations

3) Pandas

Series in pandas

- a) Importing pandas
- b) What is Series?
- c) Creating a Pandas series using
 - i. Numpy array
 - ii. List
 - iii. Tuple
 - iv. From a column of .csv/.xlsx file table.
- d) Series functions
 - i. Mean and Median
 - ii. Sum
 - iii. Count
 - iv. Cumsum
- e) Hoc and loc functions on Series

Data Science

DataFrame in Pandas

- a) What is DataFrame?
- b) Creating DataFrame using
 - i. Series
 - ii. Dictionary
 - iii. Using lists of lists
- c) head, tail, sample functions of dataframe
- d) Hoc, loc functions on dataframe
- e) Difference between Hoc() and loc()
- f) Accessing a particular column/ series inside dataframe
- g) Adding a new column/ series to a dataframe
- h) Setting index and columns for a dataframe
- i) Assigning a column as index
- j) Queries in DataFrame
- k) Filters in DataFrame
- l) Sort index and sort values
- m) Finding unique values for a column
- n) Pandas describe and info
- o) Groupby
- p) Data Wrangling
 - i. Merge
 - ii. Merge with different joins
 - iii. Append
 - iv. Concat
 - v. Apply
 - vi. Applymap
 - vii. Map
- q) Data Cleansing
 - i. Removing Nan values
 - ii. Fill Nan values
 - iii. Renaming columns
 - iv. Rearrange all columns
 - v. Drop Rows
 - vi. Drop Columns
- r) Handling DateTime In Pandas

Pivot table in Pandas

- a) Creating pivot table in pandas
- b) Stack operations on pivot table

- c) Unstack operations on pivot table
- d) Levels in stack and unstack

4) Matplotlib

- a) Importing matplotlib
- b) Creating Charts In matplotlib
 - i. Bar Chart
 - ii. Line Chart
 - iii. Pie Chart
 - iv. Histogram
 - v. Box Plot
 - vi. Scatter Chart
 - vii. Subplots
- c) Understanding intricacies of the above charts

5) Seaborn

- a) Importing seaborn
- b) Creating Charts in seaborn
 - i. Count Plot
 - ii. Violin Plot and Box plot
 - iii. Pair Plot
 - iv. Strip Plot and Swarm plot
 - v. HeatMap
 - vi. Joint Plot and Scatterplot

6) EDA

- a) Exploratory Data Analysis
- b) 2-3 Projects on Data Analysis

Machine Learning

1) Introduction

- a) What is Machine Learning?
- b) Types of Learning
 - i. Supervised Learning
 - ii. Unsupervised Learning
- c) Difference between Supervised and Unsupervised Learning

Machine Learning

2) Data Preprocessing/Feature Engineering

- a) Feature Selection method
 - i. Correlation
 - ii. Heatmap
- b) Removing/Replacing Nan values
 - i. `dropna()`
 - ii. `fillna()`
 - iii. `replace()`
- c) Encoding categorical values
 - i. Label Encoding
 - ii. `get_dummies()`
 - iii. Find and replace
- d) Data Scaling
 - i. What is scaling?
 - ii. Implementing data scaling
- e) Splitting dataset into Training and Test sets

3) Supervised Learning - Regression

- a) What is Supervised Learning?
- b) Algorithms in Supervised Learning
- c) What is Regression?
- d) Regression Metrics
 - i. MSE
 - ii. MAE
 - iii. RMSE
- e) Linear Regression
 - i. Simple Linear Regression and its implementation
 - ii. Multiple Linear Regression and its implementation
 - iii. Creating regression models in sklearn
 - iv. Making predictions with Regression
 - v. SSE, SSR and SST
 - vi. R-square coefficient
- f) Polynomial Regression and its implementation

4) Supervised Learning - Classification

- a) What is Classification?
- b) Bias and Variance
 - i. What is Bias?
 - ii. What is Variance?
 - iii. Overfitting
 - iv. Underfitting
- c) Confusion Matrix and its related concepts
 - i. What is Confusion Matrix?
 - ii. Precision
 - iii. Recall
 - iv. Accuracy
 - v. F-score
 - vi. Sensitivity
- d) Different Classification algorithms of Supervised Learning
- e) Logistic Regression
 - i. What is Logistic Regression?
 - ii. Working of Logistic Regression
 - iii. Sigmoid Function
 - iv. Implementation of Logistic Regression
 - v. Pros and Cons of Logistic Regression
- f) Decision Tree
 - i. What is Decision Tree?
 - ii. Criteria in Decision Tree
 - iii. Implementation of Decision Tree
 - iv. Pros and Cons of Decision Tree
- g) Random Forest
 - i. What is Random Forest?
 - ii. Attributes/Parameters of Random Forest
 - iii. Difference between Decision Tree and Random Forest
 - iv. Concept of Bootstrapping a dataset
 - v. Implementation of Random Forest
 - vi. Pros and Cons of Random Forest
- h) K-NN
 - i. What is K-NN?
 - ii. K-NN algorithm working
 - iii. Method of determining nearest neighbors

Machine Learning

- iv. Implementation of KNN
- v. Pros and Cons of K-NN
- i) Naïve Bayes
 - i. What is Naïve Bayes?
 - ii. Naïve Bayes algorithm working
 - iii. Implementation of Naïve Bayes
 - iv. Pros and Cons of Naïve Bayes

5) Unsupervised Learning - Clustering

- a) What is Unsupervised learning?
- b) What is Clustering?
- c) Clustering Algorithms
- d) K-Means Clustering
 - i. What is K-means Clustering?
 - ii. Method to determine optimal number of Clusters - Elbow method
 - iii. Implementation of K-Means clustering
- e) Agglomerative Clustering
 - i. What is Agglomerative Clustering?
 - ii. Dendograms
 - iii. Implementation of Agglomerative

6) Unsupervised Learning - Dimensionality Reduction

- a) What is dimensionality Reduction
- b) Dimensionality Reduction - PCA
 - i. Working of PCA
 - ii. Covariance matrix
 - iii. Eigen value and Eigen vectors
 - iv. Implementation of PCA

7) Projects on ML

- a) Projects on Regression, Classification and Clustering

AI (Deep Learning)

1) Difference between ML and AI

2) Introduction to Neural Networks

- a) What is a Neuron?
- b) Working of a Neuron.
- c) Perceptron Model
- d) Concept of Neuron, Synapse, Weights
- e) Concept of Activation Function, Optimizers, Loss Function
- f) Equation of a Neural Network

3) Introduction to Google Colab

- a) Setting up Google colab
- b) Uploading files to Google Colab
- c) Using Google colab as an alternative to Jupyter Notebook

4) Introduction to Tensorflow/Keras

- a) Installing Tensorflow
- b) Using Tensorflow on Google Colab
- c) What is Tensor?
- d) Types of Tensors
 - i. Constants
 - ii. Variables
- e) Indexing and Slicing
- f) Tensorflow Operations

5) Understanding different Activation Functions

- a) Linear
- b) Sigmoid
- c) Tanh
- d) ELU
- e) ReLU
- f) Leaky Relu

6) Understanding different Optimizers

- a) Gradient Descent
- b) Stochastic Gradient Descent

AI (Deep Learning)

- c) Momentum
- d) Adagrad
- e) Adam

7) Understanding different Loss Functions

- a) MSE
- b) MAE
- c) Binary CrossEntropy

8) Tensorflow models

- a) Sequential
- b) Functional API

9) ANN (Artificial Neural Network)

- a) ANN for Regression
- b) ANN for Classification

10) CNN (Convolutional Neural Network)

- a) Working of CNN
- b) Convolution layer
- c) Kernel/filter and strides
- d) Pooling Layer
- e) Flatten layer
- f) Fully Connected Layer
- g) Image Classification using CNN
 - i. MNIST Image dataset classification
 - ii. Fashion MNIST Image dataset classification