Problem 1. Find the most general antiderivative of the following functions.

1. *
$$f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} - 6x^2 + 3$$
.

2.
$$f(x) = \cos x + 2 \sec^2 x$$
.

3.
$$g(t) = \frac{1 + t + t^2}{\sqrt{t}}$$
.

4.
$$f(x) = \frac{5 - 4x^3 + 2x^6}{x^6}$$
.

Problem 2. Find f satisfying the following conditions.

1. *
$$f'(x) = (x + 1) / \sqrt{x}$$
, $f(1) = 5$.

2.
$$f''(\theta) = \sin \theta + \cos \theta$$
, $f(0) = 3$, $f'(0) = 4$.

3.
$$f'''(x) = \cos x$$
, $f(0) = 1$, $f'(0) = 2$, $f''(0) = 3$.

4.
$$f'(t) = 2t - 3\sin t$$
, $f(0) = 5$.

Problem 3. Give an expression of the area under the graph of f as a limit of a sum. Do not evaluate the limit.

1. *
$$f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}$$
, $1 \le x \le 3$.

2.
$$f(x) = x^2 + \sqrt{1 + 2x}, 4 \le x \le 7$$
.

3.
$$f(x) = \sqrt{\sin x}, 0 \le x \le \pi$$
.

* **Problem 4**. Evaluate the area under the graph of the function y = x, $0 \le x \le 1$ by expressing it as a limit of a sum and then evaluating the limit you obtain.