

The derivatives of $y = \tan u$, $y = \cot u$, $y = \sec u$, $y = \csc u$:

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan u) = \sec^2 u \frac{du}{dx}, \quad \frac{d}{dx} \cot u = -\csc^2 u \frac{du}{dx}.$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec u) = \sec u \tan u \frac{du}{dx}, \quad \frac{d}{dx} \csc u = -\csc u \cot u \frac{du}{dx}.$$

Example 1. Find the derivative of $y = \sqrt{\tan x}$.

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\sqrt{\tan x} \right) \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\sqrt{z} \right) = \frac{d}{dz} \left(\sqrt{z} \right) \frac{dz}{dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{z}} \frac{dz}{dx} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\tan x}} \frac{d}{dx} (\tan x) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\tan x}} \sec^2 x \\ &= \frac{\sec^2 x}{2\sqrt{\tan x}} \end{aligned}$$

Example 2. Find the derivative of $y = \underbrace{x}_u \underbrace{\sec x^2}_v$. (use Product rule)

$$y' = u'v + uv'$$

$$u = x \Rightarrow u' = 1$$

$$v = \sec x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow v' &= \frac{d}{dx}(\sec x^2) = \sec x^2 \tan x^2 \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) \\ &= 2x \cdot \sec(x^2) \cdot \tan(x^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y' &= \sec(x^2) + x [2x \sec(x^2) \cdot \tan(x^2)] \\ &= \sec(x^2) + 2x^2 \cdot \sec(x^2) \cdot \tan(x^2) \end{aligned}$$

Example 3. Differentiate $y = \underbrace{\sin 2x}_u \underbrace{\cot x^2}_v$. (use Product rule)

$$y' = u'v + uv'$$

$$\begin{aligned} u = \sin 2x &\Rightarrow u' = \cos(2x) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(2x) \\ &= 2 \cos(2x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v = \cot x^2 &\Rightarrow v' = -\csc^2(x^2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) \\ &= -2x \csc^2(x^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 2 \cos(2x) \cdot \cot(x^2) + \sin(2x) \cdot [-2x \csc^2(x^2)] \\ &= 2 \cos(2x) \cdot \cot(x^2) - 2x \sin(2x) \csc^2(x^2) \end{aligned}$$

Example 4. Find the derivative of $z = \sqrt{w + \csc w^3}$.

$$\frac{dz}{dw}$$

Let $u = w + \csc w^3$. Then use chain rule.

$$\frac{dz}{dw} = \frac{d}{dw} (\sqrt{u}) = \frac{d}{du} (\sqrt{u}) \frac{du}{dw} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}} \frac{du}{dw}$$

Power rule

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dw} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{w + \csc w^3}} \cdot \frac{du}{dw}$$

Substitute u back.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now find } \frac{du}{dw} &= \frac{d}{dw} (w + \csc w^3) \\ &= 1 + \frac{d}{dw} (\csc w^3) \\ &= 1 + (-\csc w^3 \cot w^3 \cdot \frac{d}{dw} (w^3)) \\ &= 1 - \csc w^3 \cot w^3 \cdot (3w^2) \\ &= 1 - 3w^2 \csc w^3 \cot w^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{dz}{dw} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{w + \csc w^3}} \cdot (1 - 3w^2 \csc(w^3) \cdot \cot(w^3)) \\ &= \frac{1 - 3w^2 \csc(w^3) \cdot \cot(w^3)}{2\sqrt{w + \csc w^3}} \end{aligned}$$

Example 5. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation: $y^2 = \tan y + x$.

$$\Rightarrow (y^2)' = (\tan y)' + (x)'$$

$$(y^2)' = \frac{d}{dx}(y^2) = 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$(\tan y)' = \frac{d}{dx}(\tan y) = \sec^2 y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$(x)' = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = \sec^2 y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (2y - \sec^2 y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2y - \sec^2 y}$$