

Math -I 110 3.2 Notes

Solving Systems of Equations by Substitution

1. Solve one equation for a variable
 2. Substitute expression into the other equation
 3. Solve equation
 4. Use the variable you know to find the other variable.
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Solve the systems by substitution

$\begin{cases} x = 3y \\ 4x + 2y = 70 \end{cases}$ <p><u>Step 1</u> $x = 3y$ ✓</p> <p><u>Step 2</u> $4x + 2y = 70$ $\Rightarrow 4(3y) + 2y = 70$ ✓</p> <p><u>Step 3</u> $12y + 2y = 70$ $\Rightarrow 14y = 70 \Rightarrow y = \frac{70}{14} = 5$ ✓</p> <p><u>Step 4</u> $x = 3(5) \Rightarrow x = 15$ ✓</p> <p>$(x, y) = (15, 5)$</p>	$\begin{cases} y = -5 \\ 7x - y = 12 \end{cases}$ <p>$(19, -5)$</p>
$\begin{cases} x = -4y + 6 \\ 6x - 5y = 7 \end{cases}$ <p><u>HW</u></p> <p>$(x, y) = (2, 1)$</p>	$\begin{cases} y = -2x - 3 \\ -4x - 6y = -6 \end{cases}$ <p><u>Step 1</u> $y = -2x - 3$</p> <p><u>Step 2</u> $-4x - 6(-2x - 3) = -6$</p> <p><u>Step 3</u> $-4x + 12x + 18 = -6$ $\Rightarrow 8x = -6 - 18 = -24$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-24}{8} = -3$</p> <p><u>Step 4</u> $y = -2(-3) - 3 = 6 - 3 = 3$</p> <p>$(x, y) = (-3, 3)$</p>

$\begin{cases} -18x + 3y = 7 \\ y = 6x - 4 \end{cases}$ $y = 6x - 4$ $\Rightarrow -18x + 3(6x - 4) = 7$ $\Rightarrow \cancel{-18x} + \cancel{18x} - 12 = 7$ $\Rightarrow -12 = 7 \text{ Contradiction}$ <p><u>No solution</u></p> <p>*so these lines are <u>inconsistent</u></p>	$\begin{cases} x = 3y + 16 \\ 2x - 6y = 32 \end{cases}$ $x = 3y + 16$ $\Rightarrow 2(3y + 16) - 6y = 32$ $\Rightarrow \cancel{6y} + 32 - \cancel{6y} = 32$ $\Rightarrow 32 = 32$ <p><u>(identity)</u></p> <p>*so these lines are <u>Consistent dependent</u> infinite solutions</p>
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What if both equations have a variable isolated?

$$\begin{cases} y = -2x \\ y = -8x - 36 \end{cases}$$

$$y = -2x$$

$$y = -8x - 36$$

$$-2x = -8x - 36$$

$$-8x - 36 = -2x$$

same

$$x = -6 \Rightarrow y = -2(-6) = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow (x, y) = (-6, 12)$$

The next two systems address a common mistake.

$\begin{cases} -7x - y = -24 \\ y = 3x - 16 \end{cases}$ $y = 3x - 16$ $-7x - (3x - 16) = -24$ $-7x - 3x + 16 = -24$ $-10x = -24 - 16$ $-10x = -40 \Rightarrow x = 4$ $\Rightarrow y = 3(4) - 16 = -4 \Rightarrow (4, -4)$	$\begin{cases} y = 7x - 21 \\ -3x - y = -19 \end{cases}$ <p><u>HW:</u></p> <p>$(4, 7)$</p>
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The systems below do not have an isolated variable. So decide which variable will be the easiest to isolate

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 7y = 14 \\ x - 5y = 12 \end{cases}$$

Step 1 $x - 5y = 12$
 $\Rightarrow x = 5y + 12$

Step 2 $3(5y + 12) + 7y = 14$

Step 3 $15y + 36 + 7y = 14$
 $\Rightarrow 22y = 14 - 36 = -22$

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{-22}{22} = -1$

Step 4 $\Rightarrow x = 5(-1) + 12 = -5 + 12 = 7$
 $\Rightarrow (7, -1)$

$$\begin{cases} -4x + y = 1 \\ -3x + 5y = 5 \end{cases}$$

Step 1 $-4x + y = 1 \Rightarrow y = 4x + 1$

Step 2 $-3x + 5(4x + 1) = 5$

Step 3 $\Rightarrow -3x + 20x + 5 = 5$

$\Rightarrow 17x = 5 - 5 = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 0$

Step 4 $\Rightarrow y = 4(0) + 1 = 1$
 $(0, 1)$

Solving Systems of Equations by Elimination

1. Create opposite like terms
2. Add the equations together thus eliminating one of the variable terms
3. Solve the one step equation
4. Solve for the other variable

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x + y = 7 \\ 2x + y = 1 \\ \hline 2y = 8 \Rightarrow y = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} -2x + y = 14 \\ 2x + 8y = 22 \end{cases} \text{ add}$$

$$y + 8y = 14 + 22$$

$$9y = 36 \Rightarrow y = 4$$

$$-2x + 4 = 14 \Rightarrow -2x = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -5$$

$(-5, 4)$

$$\begin{cases} -x + 2y = -13 \\ -x - 2y = 11 \end{cases}$$

HW.

$(1, -6)$

$$\begin{cases} 6x - 6y = 24 \\ 6x - 7y = 18 \end{cases} \text{ } x-1$$

$$-1 \times (6x - 6y) = 24 \text{ } x-1 \Rightarrow -6x + 6y = -24$$

$$\text{add } \begin{array}{r} -6x + 6y = -24 \\ 6x - 7y = 18 \\ \hline -y = -6 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 6$$

$\Rightarrow 6x - 6(6) = 24 \Rightarrow 6x = 60 \Rightarrow x = 10$
 $(10, 6)$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 8y = 8 \\ -3x - 8y = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow -1(2x - 8y) = -1 \cdot 8$$

$$\Rightarrow -2x + 8y = -8$$

$$\rightarrow -3x - 8y = 8$$

$$-5x = -8 + 8 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$$2(0) - 8y = 8 \Rightarrow -8y = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 3y = 6 \\ -4x + 3y = -6 \end{cases}$$

$$0 = 0$$

identity

infinite
solution

consistent
dependent

*these lines are

$$\begin{cases} 6x + 7y = 18 \\ 6x - 7y = 23 \end{cases}$$

$$0 = 18 + 23$$

$$0 = 41$$

Contradiction

no solution

*these lines are

Inconsistent

$$\begin{cases} -3x + 8y = -13 \\ 12x + 6y = -24 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3x + 8y = -13 \\ \times 4 \quad \times 4 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow -12x + 32y = -52$$

$$12x + 6y = -24$$

$$\hline 32y + 6y = -52 - 24$$

$$\Rightarrow 38y = -76$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{-76}{38} = -2$$

First eqn

$$-3x + 8(-2) = -13$$

$$\Rightarrow -3x - 16 = -13 \Rightarrow -3x = 16 - 13$$

$$\begin{cases} 5x - 7y = 5 \\ 8x - 14y = -6 \end{cases} \times -2$$

$$-10x + 14y = -10$$

$$8x - 14y = -6$$

$$\hline -10x + 8x = -10 - 6$$

$$\Rightarrow -2x = -16$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-16}{-2} \Rightarrow x = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x - 7y = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 5(8) - 7y = 5 \Rightarrow -7y = 5 - 40$$

$$\Rightarrow -7y = -35 \Rightarrow y = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow -3x = 3 \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$(-1, -2)$$

$$(8, 5)$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = -6 \\ -3x + 4y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$(2x - 3y = -6) \times 3 \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{(-ve of the} \\ \text{coeff.} \\ \text{of } x \\ \text{in 2nd} \\ \text{eqn)} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x - 9y = -18$$

$$(-3x + 4y = 11) \times 2 \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{(coeff. of } x \\ \text{in 1st} \\ \text{eqn)} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\cancel{6}x + 8y = 22$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{6}x - 9y = -18 \\ \hline -y = 4 \Rightarrow y = -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 9y = 5 \rightarrow \cancel{3} \\ 3x - 2y = -1 \rightarrow 4 \end{cases}$$

$$-12x + 27y = -15$$

$$-12x - 8y = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow 19y = -19$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -1$$

$$3x - 2(-1) = -1$$

$$3x + 2 = -1$$

$$3x = -3 \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$2x - 3(-4) = -6$$

$$2x + 12 = -6$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = -18 \Rightarrow x = -9$$

$$(-9, -4)$$

In-Class Quiz - 3

- ① Find whether the given lines are parallel, perpendicular or neither.

$$2x + y = 1 \rightarrow y = -2x + 1 \Rightarrow m_1 = -2$$

$$2x - y = 4 \rightarrow -y = -2x + 4 \quad m_1 m_2 = -1$$
$$y = 2x - 4 \Rightarrow m_2 = 2$$

- ② Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line $2x + y = 1$ and passing through the origin.

$$(0,0) \rightarrow m_1 = -2$$
$$m_1 m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow -2m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow m_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

- ③ Let $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 2$, $g(x) = x^2 + 1$. Find $f(1) + g(1)$ and $g(x) - f(x)$.

$$y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 0)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$x^2 + 1 - (x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

$$\cancel{x^2} + 1 - \cancel{x^2} + 2x - 2 = 2x - 1$$