Each of the exercises below involves a choice among the master theorem templates discussed in lecture. For each, indicate which case applies and specify the asymptotic growth class of the function. If no case applies, simply state that fact; you are not required to attempt a solution when no master theorm case applies.

1. $T(n) = 2T(\lfloor n/4 \rfloor) + n^{1/2}$.
2. $T(n) = 3T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + n \lg n$.
3. $T(n) = 5T(\lfloor n/5 \rfloor) + \frac{n}{\lg n}$.
4. $T(n) = 4T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + n^2 \sqrt{n}$.
5. $T(n) = 2T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + n \lg n$.

Solutions.

$a = 3$, $b = 2$ implies a reference function $g(n) = n^{\log_2 3}$. Converting as follows,

$$\begin{aligned} y &= \log_2 3 \\ 2^y &= 3 \\ y \ln 2 &= \ln 3 \\ y &= \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2} = 1.585 \end{aligned}$$

we have $g(n) = n^{1.585}$. The "glue" function is $f(n) = n \lg n$. Let $g_\epsilon(n) = n^{1.585-\epsilon}$, for $0 < \epsilon < 0.5$. Since

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{f(n)}{g_\epsilon(n)} &= \frac{n \lg n}{n^{1.585-\epsilon}} = \frac{\lg n}{n^{0.585-\epsilon}} \\ &\leq \frac{\lg n}{n^{0.085}} \to 0 \end{aligned}$$

as $n \to \infty$, we have $f(n) = o(g_\epsilon(n))$, which impiles $f(n) = O(g_\epsilon(n))$ and allow case (1) of the master template. Therefore $T(n) = \Theta(g(n)) = \Theta(n^{1.585})$.