PARAJUMBLE=2

1. The anatomy of their wings suggests that they did not evolve into the class of birds.
2. In pterosaurs a greatly elongated fourth finger of each forelimb supported a wing like membrane.
3. The least controversial assertion about the pterosaurs is that they were reptiles.
4. Their skulls, pelvises, and hind feet are reptilian.
5. The other fingers were short and reptilian, with sharp claws.
6. When pterosaurs walked or remained stationary, could only urn upward in an extended inverted V- shape along each side of the animal's body.
7. If the pterosaurs walked on all fours, the three short fingers may have been employed for grasping.
8. In resemblance they were extremely similar to both birds and bats, with regard to their overall body structure and proportion.
9. In birds the second finger is the principal strut of the wing, which consists primarily of feathers.
10. He had to look at the street signs on the corner to make sure he was in the right spot.
11. It had been replaced by a two-story parking garage for a nearby college.
12. There were trees growing where the store door had been.
13. He looked for the apartment house where his family had lived, which also housed their grocery store.
14. After his father's death, writer Laurence Yep returned to San Francisco.
15. The upper story of the garage was open to the air but through the grates I could look into the lower level.
16. Stretching to either side were concrete walls with metal grates bolted over the openings in the sides.
17. The gray, oil-stained concrete spread onward endlessly, having replaced the red cement floor of our store.
18. Behind the trees was a door of solid metal painted a battleship gray.
19. Next to it my father had fashioned shelves from old hundred-pound rice cans and planks.
20. On these makeshift shelves he had his miniature flower patches growing in old soda pop crates from which he had removed the wooden dividers.
21. There was only a brief time during the day when the sun could reach the tiny courtyard.
22. But fuchsia bushes, which loved the shade, grew as tall as trees from the dirt plot there.
23. The droplets crowd together and form a cloud which is blown by wind towards the land.
24. The tiny droplets join together and fall as precipitation to the ground.
25. The water vapor condenses into tiny droplets of water.
26. The sun evaporates water from lakes and oceans.
27. The water soaks into the ground and collects in rivers and lakes.
28. In recent years in the United States, there have been numerous cases of active euthanasia in the news.
29. The American Heritage Dictionary defines it as “the act of killing a person painlessly for reasons of mercy.”
30. Such killing can be done through active means, such as administering a lethal injection.
31. The word *euthanasia* is of Greek origin and literally means “a good death.”
32. These deaths are caused by caregivers withholding life-sustaining care, from vulnerable patients who cannot speak for themselves.
33. Every year, in hospitals and nursing homes around the country, there are growing numbers of documented deaths.
34. The seeming acceptance of active forms of euthanasia is alarming.
35. But we face a bigger, more insidious threat from passive forms of euthanasia.
36. The three phases that water can be found in are solids, liquids, and gas.
37. During evaporation, water turns from a liquid to a gas as it rises up in the form of steam.
38. During precipitation, water turns from gas to liquid as it rains down on the ground.
39. Transpiration is another form of evaporation in which the water is evaporating from plants.
40. The water cycle is the movement of water through different phases.
41. In recent years the problem of pollution has become very acute.
42. In India, sufficient attention has not been paid to it so far.
43. If we do not tackle this problem now, future generations will suffer from the harmful effects of pollution
44. It is the industrialized west which takes it seriously, because it is suffering from its injurious effects.
45. The cutting of the forests causes what is called "The Green House Effects"
46. It results in the heating of the earth's surface which has serious consequences for life on this planet.
47. So, water is polluted and the waste on the earth produces different poisonous gases which pollute the air.
48. The owners of industries dump waste material on the surface of the earth or in rivers.
49. On the other hand, forests where purity air have been cut down and new cities and industries have been established in their place.
50. Corruption is wide-spread in every walk of life.
51. Character-assassination is another form of this moral pollution.
52. This kind of pollution is closely related to moral pollution, the results of our materialistic greed.
53. Bribes are fearlessly given and accepted and laws of the land are evaded in very clever ways.
54. Paper pollution of public life and morality through Newspapers, Magazines, Journals etc.
55. The rich soil is either washed away by water or blown away by the wind.
56. So artificial fertilizers are used to maintain its productivity.
57. Polluted water is used for watering the plants and vegetables.
58. Deforestation also causes soil erosion.
59. Trees and plants turn carbon-dioxide into oxygen but when they are cut down, the air is not purified.
60. The smoke which is discharged from industries, automobiles and kitchens is the mixture of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, methane etc.
61. On the other hand impure air causes diseases and impairs our health and causes our death. Smoke pollutes the air.
62. It is the root of air pollution.
63. Pure air is always needed for inhaling.
64. If we take pure air, our health improves.
65. Realizing the danger, we must plant trees in large number to absorb impure air.
66. Impure water from industries can be sent back for purification and then it can be used for irrigation purpose.
67. We have also I minister to look after the environment.
68. Environment pollution is a serious menace to our existence.
69. Our government is well aware of the fact and is taking steps to save environment from pollution.
70. The evils of sound pollution can be imagined from this example.
71. There are two villages near Dum Dum airport in Calcutta where a large number of people have lost their power of hearing.
72. The harsh sounds of buses, its, mopeds etc. affect our power of hearing.
73. This is because of the frequent sounds of planes coming in and going out of Dum Dum Airport.
74. The major threat to humanity comes from the development of nuclear sciences.
75. Furthermore, there is an ever increasing demand of petrol and diesel for running various means of transport.
76. As a result, a heavy amount of carbon monoxide, hydrocarbon, sulphur-dioxide and many more gases are polluting the air.
77. Many industries have come up owing to rapid urbanization.
78. The saddest situation is to realize that the main causes of deterioration of our lives are caused by us.
79. In order to improve the quality of the air, we have to be more conscious about what causes this kind of pollution and the effects of it.
80. The air pollution causes harm and discomfort to humans or other living organisms and also damages our natural environment
81. People can help to improve the air we breathe.
82. One of the most serious problems that we have is the air pollution we breathe.
83. Nitrogen oxides are not a real problem, but on contact with sunlight, they produce toxic compounds that will kill us.
84. The main pollutants given off by motor vehicles which affect our health are: carbon monoxide, which is generated by vehicles that use gasoline.
85. Excessive car use and their poor condition contribute to this pollution.
86. The industry and transportation are the two main sources of air pollution.
87. Although car free day programs often execute but in fact the air pollution was not getting better, instead more increase than before.
88. The public transportation also makes the problem of pollution getting worse.
89. It proves that car free day program is not effective.
90. It is because there is so many motor vehicles plied the city road.