

# ΜΕΜ-205 Περιγραφική Στατιστική

Τμήμα Μαθηματικών και Εφ. Μαθηματικών, Πανεπιστήμιο Κρήτης

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ightharpoonup Έστω  $S_t$  είναι p-periodic

$$S_t = S_{t+p}, \quad t = 1, \dots, N-p$$

Εάν εφαρμόσουμε τον απλό κινητό μέσο p τάξης

$$Y_{t} = T_{t} + S + S_{t} - S + R_{t} = T_{t}' + S_{t}' + R_{t}$$

ightharpoonup Υποθέτουμε ότι  $S_t^* = 0$ , ενσωματόνοντας το S στη μακροχρόνια τάση

$$T_t' = T_t + S$$

lacktriangle Για ευκολία από εδώ και πέρα θα ενοούμε ως  $T_t$  το  $T_t'$ 

$$Y_{t} = T_{t} + S_{t} + R_{t} , S_{t} p \text{-periodic kay } S_{t}^{*} = 0$$

$$T_{t}^{*} \approx \overline{I_{t}} \qquad T_{t}^{*} \approx \overline{I_{t}}$$

$$T_{t}^{*} \approx \overline{I_{t}} \qquad T_{t}^{*} \approx 0$$

▶ Ορίζουμε τη χρονολογική σειρά με τις διαφορές
 ¥←→ Ῡˆˆ, ←= s+ι,...., η - s

$$D_{t} = Y_{t} - Y_{t}^{*} \sim S_{t} + R_{t}$$

$$Y_{t}^{*} \sim T_{t}$$

$$Y_{t} = T_{t} + S_{t} + R_{t} \Rightarrow D_{t} \sim S_{t} + R_{t}$$

$$1 = S_{t} + S_{t} + R_{t}$$

ightharpoonup Ορίζουμε τα  $ar{\mathrm{D}}_{\mathrm{t}}$ 

$$\bar{D}_{t} = \frac{1}{n_{t}} \sum_{i=0}^{n_{t}-1} D_{t}, \quad t = 1, \dots, p$$

 $\blacktriangleright$  Προσεγγίζουμε τα  $S_t$  με τα  $\hat{S}_t$ 

$$\hat{S}_t = \bar{D}_t - \frac{1}{p} \sum_{i=1}^p \bar{D}_j \sim S_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, p$$

Επεκτήνουμε σε όλο το μήκος της χρονολογικής σειράς

$$\hat{S}_{t+ip} = \hat{S}_t, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, J_t, \ t = 1, \dots, p$$

₹ D3 = 13 [D3 + D6 + D9]

**中= 28+1** 

Le -> De, E=S+1,0 M-5

= 
$$T_e + S_e + R_e$$

1°  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\hat{S}_{1} + \hat{S}_{2} + \hat{S}_{3} = 0$$

$$\hat{S}_{1} = [\hat{S}_{1}, \hat{S}_{2}, \hat{S}_{3}, \hat{S}_{4}, \hat{S}_{5}, \hat{S}_{5}, \dots] \quad \forall t = 1, \dots, n$$

 $\hat{S}_{i} = \overline{D}_{i} - \overline{D}_{i} + \overline{D}_{2} + \overline{D}_{3} \approx S_{t-1} + \epsilon_{1}, ..., p$ 

#### Απαλοιφή της εποχικής συνιστώσας

$$Y_t - \hat{S}_t \sim Y_t - S_t = T_t + R_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, N$$

$$T_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} 10, 15, 22, 24, 33, 36, 40, 50, 55, 55, 58, 60 \end{bmatrix}^{T}$$

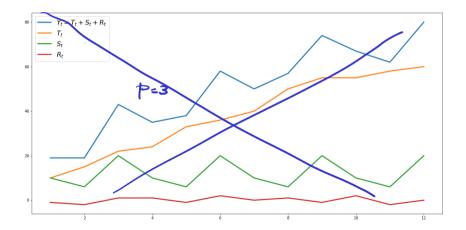
$$S_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} 36/3 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

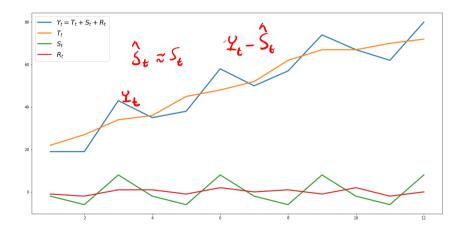
$$S_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} 10, 6, 20 \end{bmatrix} 10, 6, 20, 10, 6, 20, 10, 6, 20 \end{bmatrix}^{T}$$

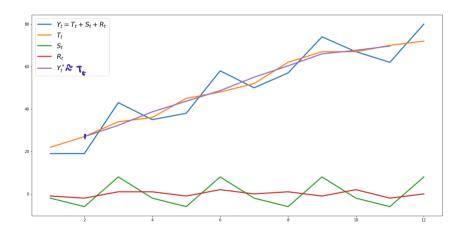
$$R_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} -1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0 \end{bmatrix}^{T}$$

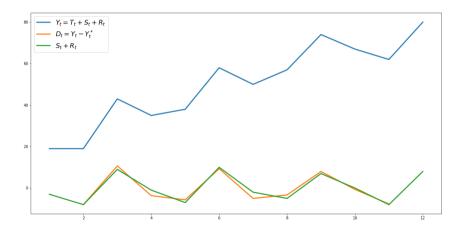
$$Y_{t} = \begin{bmatrix} 19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80 \end{bmatrix}^{T}$$

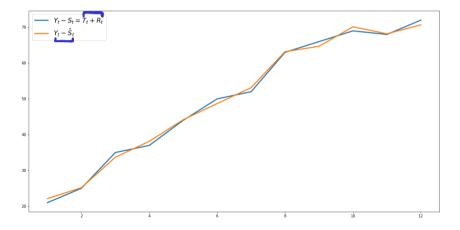
$$\begin{array}{c} \checkmark \left( T_t = [22,\ 27,\ 34,\ 36,\ 45,\ 48,\ 52,\ 62,\ 67,\ 67,\ 70,\ 72]^T \right) \\ \checkmark \left( S_t = [-2,\ -6,\ 8,\ -2,\ -6,\ 8,\ -2,\ -6,\ 8,\ -2,\ -6,\ 8]^T \right) \\ \checkmark \left( R_t = [-1,\ -2,\ 1,\ 1,\ -1,\ 2,\ 0,\ 1,\ -1,\ 2,\ -2,\ 0]^T \right) \\ \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \quad Y_t = [19,\ 19,\ 43,\ 35,\ 38,\ 58,\ 50,\ 57,\ 74,\ 67,\ 62,\ 80]^T \\ \boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \quad \boldsymbol{\triangleright} \textbf{=3} \end{array}$$











$$T_{t} = [17, 22, 29, 31, 40, 43, 47, 57, 62, 62, 65, 67]^{T}$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} - 3\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{1}{6} = 0$$

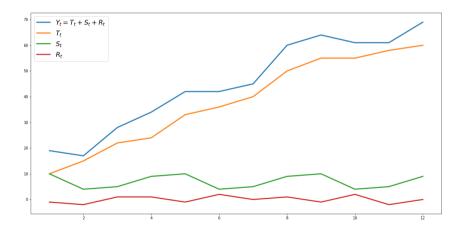
$$S_{t} = [3, -3, -2, 2, 3, -3, -2, 2, 3, -3, -2, 2]^{T}$$

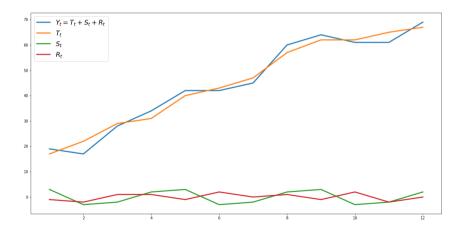
$$R_{t} = [-1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0]^{T}$$

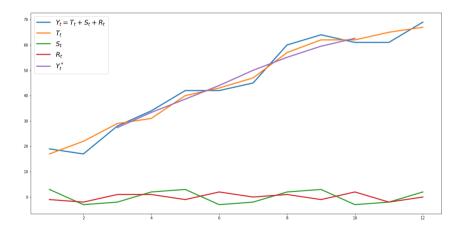
$$Y_{t} = [19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^{T}$$

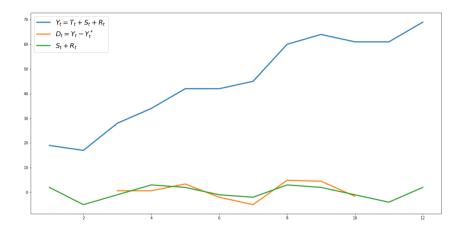
$$Y_{t} = [19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^{T}$$

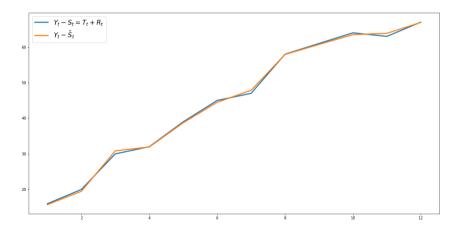
$$Y_{t} = [19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^{T}$$











25 + 1 Tagy 
$$x_{ij} = \frac{1}{2s+1}$$
25 Tagy.  $x_{ij} = \frac{1}{2s}$   $x_{ij} = \frac{1}{4s}$ 

[4.5. d-2 ) d-1, do, d1, d2, d2

[4,42,43,44,45,...]

LUUUZ

S = 3

from posprios

[1/2 1/2]

P%2

 $S_4 + \frac{R_4 + R_{11}}{2} \approx D_4 + D_{11}$ 

mm = Y = S = & T + R.