

HMM

`HMM(self, num_states, data_dim)`

A Hidden Markov Models class with Gaussians emission distributions.

fit

`HMM.fit(self, data, max_steps=100, batch_size=None, TOL=0.01, min_var=0.1, num_runs=1)`

Implements the Baum-Welch algorithm.

Args:

- data: A numpy array with rank two or three.
- max\_steps: The maximum number of steps.
- batch\_size: None or the number of batch size.
- TOL: The tolerance for stoping training process.

Returns:

- True if converged, False otherwise.

posterior

`HMM.posterior(self, data)`

Runs the forward-backward algorithm in order to calculate the log-scale posterior probabilities.

Args:

- data: A numpy array with rank two or three.

Returns:

- A numpy array that contains the log-scale posterior probabilities of each time serie in data.

run\_viterbi

`HMM.run_viterbi(self, data)`

Implements the viterbi algorithm. (I am not sure that it works properly)

Args:

- data: A numpy array with rank two or three.

Returns:

- The most probable state path.

generate

`HMM.generate(self, num_samples)`

Generate simulated data from the model.

Args:

- num\_samples: The number of samples of the generated data.

Returns:

The generated data.

### installation using pip:

```
pip install git+https://github.com/kesmarag/ml-utils.git
```

```
pip install git+https://github.com/kesmarag/ml-hmm.git
```

### usage

```
import numpy as np
from kesmarag.ml.hmm import HMM

# create a random data set with 3 time series.
data = np.random.randn(3, 100, 2)

# create a model with 10 hidden states.
model = HMM(10, 2)

# fit the model
model.fit(data)

# print the trained model
print(model)

# Good luck
```