

- Fluxtools: Reproducible QA/QC for Eddy Covariance
- 2 Data Aligned with AmeriFlux Submission Standards
- **3 Kesondra Key □** ¹
- 1 Paul H. O'Neill School of Public and Environmental Affairs, Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana,
- 5 United States ROR

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Software

- Review 🗗
- Repository 🗗
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Summary

Eddy covariance data processing requires extensive quality control (QA/QC) to identify and remove implausible or erroneous half-hourly flux data before submission to public data repositories such as AmeriFlux (AmeriFlux Management Project, 2025). Fluxtools (Key, 2025) is an R (\geq 4.5.0; (2025)) Shiny (Chang et al., 2024) application built with Plotly (Sievert et al., 2024) and dplyr (Wickham et al., 2023) packages designed to streamline this workflow by providing interactive visualization, year-based filtering, and on-the-fly R code generation for specified data removal. Users can visually flag anomalous data points (i.e., periods of sensor failure, physically implausible data), accumulate multiple cleaning steps, inspect R² values before and after data cleaning via base R's lm() function, and export a zipped folder containing a cleaned .csv file and a full R script that records every decision. Fluxtools significantly accelerates the QA/QC workflow, ensuring transparent, reproducible, and shareable data cleaning suitable for final dataset preparation and repository submission.



Figure 1: Fluxtools hex logo

Key features:

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- Interactive Plotly Scatterplots: Plot any numeric or time variable; hover mouse over data points to see timestamps and values; export plots as .png directly from the app
- Flexible point selection: Box-select, lasso, or apply standard-deviation (σ) cutoffs to mark selected points. Fluxtools automatically generates removal ready-to-copy R snippets (dplyr::case_when(... ~ NA)) in the Current code pane. See Fig 2 for interface and data selection example
- On-the-fly R code generation: After point selection, clicking Flag Data automatically
 highlights chosen points in yellow and appends the corresponding removal code into the
 Accumulated code panel for easy and continuous data selection



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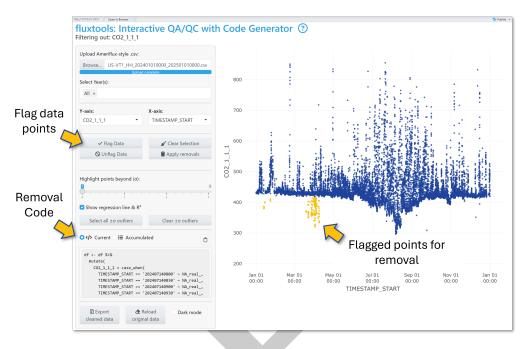


Figure 2: Example of the Fluxtools interface and data selection

■ Before/after R^2 diagnostics: For any numeric variable comparison, Fluxtools fits a linear regression model and reports its R^2 value. Selecting points re-computes R^2 as if those points were removed, allowing for easy comparison. Fig 3 shows this process in Fluxtools using the $\pm \sigma$ outliers selection tool: The top (red) R^2 uses all data, while the bottom R^2 (orange) omits selected points from the linear regression.



Figure 3: Example of R^2 diagnostics using the $\pm\sigma$ outliers cutoffs and selection

Export cleaned .csv file and R script: Apply removals in-app (converting data points into NAs for selected timestamps) then Export cleaned data to download a cleaned .csv file and a comprehensive R script documenting each data removal step



Statement of need

High-frequency (10 Hz; data recorded 10 times per second) eddy covariance measurements generate large datasets that must be aggregated into half-hourly fluxes, using careful quality assurance and quality control (Burba, 2021). At this high frequency, intermittent periods of sensor drift or failure are common, making manual data cleaning an integral part of the workflow. Tools like *EddyPro* (LI-COR Biosciences, 2021) convert raw 10Hz data into half-hourly fluxes, while R packages like *REddyProc* (Wutzler et al., 2024), and Python tools like PyFluxPro (Isaac, 2021), automate u*-threshold filtering, gap-filling, and flux partitioning. These tools excel at bulk data processing but offer no interactive means to inspect or carefully remove outliers that require a human eye.

In practice, data managers resort to custom scripts, extensive manual visualization, and fragmented documentation to detect and remove erroneous data points caused by sensor drift, malfunction, or calibration issues. These procedures are labor-intensive, prone to errors, challenging to reproduce, and lack transparency. *Fluxtools* addresses this challenge by pairing an interactive scatterplot-based interface with on-the-fly R code generation. Users can visually flag implausible half-hourly data points, automatically generate the exact *case_when(... ~ NA) dplyr* code snippets (or apply removals automatically in the app) and export a .zip file containing a cleaned .csv file plus a comprehensive R script documenting each data removal step that captures every user-made QA/QC decision.

Fluxtools streamlines and clarifies this QA/QC workflow by combining interactivity with codebased reproducibility. It promotes transparent documentation of decisions, reduces manual effort, and accelerates the preparation of flux data for repository uploads such as individual site submissions to AmeriFlux. Ultimately, Fluxtools lowers the barriers to robust and reproducible QA/QC workflows, enabling researchers to devote less time to manual anomaly detection and more time to scientific analysis.

62 Code Example

63 Fluxtools can be installed from Github.

library(fluxtools)
#Set your site's UTC offset (e.g., -5 for Eastern Standard Time)
fluxtools::run_flux_qaqc(-5)

4 Acknowledgments

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- 82 All final code and revisions were authored and approved by the human author.

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